



## 12 CRITICAL EPISODES IN THE VIETNAM WAR

1. Truman Sides with France, 1946–53
2. Eisenhower Backs Diem, 1953–61
3. Kennedy Doubles Down, 1961–63
4. Johnson Sets the Stage, 1964
5. America Goes to War, 1965
6. Fighting on Three Fronts, 1966–67
7. Tet Offensive, 1968
8. Nixon’s Campaign Promise, 1968–69
9. Crossing into Cambodia, 1970–71
10. Fighting While Talking, 1972
11. Paris Peace Accords, 1973
12. Fall of Saigon, 1975

## Remembering Vietnam: 12 Critical Episodes in the Vietnam War

Why did the United States become involved in Vietnam?  
Why was the war so long?  
Why was it so controversial?

It is important to answer these questions. The sacrifices made by veterans and their families, the magnitude of death and destruction, and the war’s lasting effects require no less. “Remembering Vietnam” is a resource for refreshing our collective memory. Iconic and recently discovered National Archives records trace the policies and decisions made by the architects of the conflict. Its collection of evidence provides an opportunity for new insight and greater understanding of one of the most consequential wars in American history.

Visit “Remembering Vietnam” online for more information and to see related programs and events:  
[www.archives.gov/vietnam](http://www.archives.gov/vietnam)

Teach with these primary source documents on DocsTeach:  
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**January 6, 2019**  
in the  
Lawrence F. O’Brien Gallery

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# REMEMBERING VIETNAM QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

The conflict in Vietnam involves a mind-boggling mass of acronyms, a lengthy cast of characters, and a multiplicity of terms. Use this guide to help you keep track of the architects, fighting forces, and battle sites of the Vietnam War.

## COMBATANTS

Official Name | American Name

People's Army of Vietnam (PAVN)

North Vietnamese Army (NVA)

Army of the Republic of Vietnam (ARVN)

South Vietnamese Army (SVA)

U.S. Armed Forces

U.S. Armed Forces

People's Liberation Armed Forces (PLAF)

Viet Cong



★ Capital  
● Key Sites  
→ Ho Chi Minh Trail

## LEADERS Democratic Republic of Vietnam



**Ho Chi Minh**  
President (1945-69)



**Vo Nguyen Giap**  
Principal Commander First Indochina War (1946-54) and Vietnam War (1960-75)



**Le Duan**  
General Secretary Communist Party Vietnam (1960-86)

## LEADERS Republic of Vietnam



**Ngo Dinh Diem**  
President (1955-63)



**Ngo Dinh Nhu**  
Brother and chief Political Adviser to President Diem



**Nguyen Van Thieu**  
Head of State (1965-67) and President (1967-75)

## United States



**Harry Truman**  
President (1945-53)



**Lyndon Johnson**  
President (1963-69)



**Dwight Eisenhower**  
President (1953-61)



**Richard Nixon**  
President (1969-74)



**John F. Kennedy**  
President (1961-63)



**Gerald Ford**  
President (1974-77)

## ABOUT THE TERM "VIET CONG"

Americans and their South Vietnamese allies referred to the South Vietnamese insurgents as "Viet Cong," a derogatory term that roughly translates to "Vietnamese traitor" or "Vietnamese communist." The insurgents called themselves liberators. Officially, the "Viet Cong" were known as the National Liberation Front of South Vietnam and the People's Liberation Armed Forces.



**Robert McNamara**  
U.S. Secretary of Defense (1961-68)



**McGeorge Bundy**  
National Security Adviser (1961-66)



**Henry Kissinger**  
National Security Adviser (1969-75)



**William Westmoreland**  
Commander U.S. Military Assistance Command Vietnam (MACV) (1964-68)