

2014 VIRTUAL GENEALOGY FAIR

Preserving Your Family Records Mary Lynn Ritzenthaler

Mary Lynn Ritzenthaler will explain how to preserve family papers and photographs, how to safely mount them, and how to frame and display them. She will discuss the factors that cause damage to paper and photographs and how to store them in an environment that ensures their preservation.



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Mary Lynn Ritzenthaler
Chief of the

Conservation Laboratory National Archives at College Park, MD Mary Lynn Ritzenthaler is Chief of the Conservation Laboratory at the National Archives and Records Administration, where she has worked since 1985. She worked previously for the Society of American Archivists and the University of Illinois-Chicago, and has an undergraduate degree in English and a MSLS with a concentration in archives administration from Wayne State University. She studied bookbinding will Bill Anthony, and has published and lectured extensively in the area of archives preservation. She is the author of *Preserving Archives and Manuscripts* and co-author of *Photographs: Archival Care and Management*, both published by the Society of American Archivists, Chicago. She served as the lead of the conservation team treating and reencasing the Charters of Freedom, 1999–2003.

Preserving Your Family Records



Mary Lynn Ritzenthaler
Chief, Conservation Laboratory
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Basic Preservation Steps

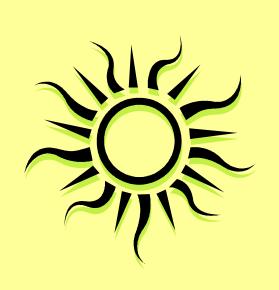
- Good environment
- Non-damaging storage materials
- Careful handling
- Limited display
- Use your nose...it will tell you if something is happening!

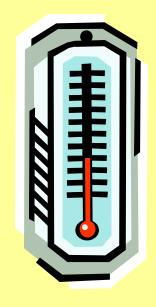
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Environment

Critical Factors

- Temperature
- Relative Humidity





- Light Source and Levels
- Pollutants

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Avoid Storing Papers and Photographs...

- Near sources of heat or moisture
- In attics, basements, garages
- Moderate conditions that are comfortable for people are suitable for storing most papers, books, and photographs

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Preservation Problems Affecting Paper

- Some papers are of inherent poor quality, such as newsprint
- Poor quality papers...and those exposed to poor environmental conditions...can become weak, brittle, yellowed

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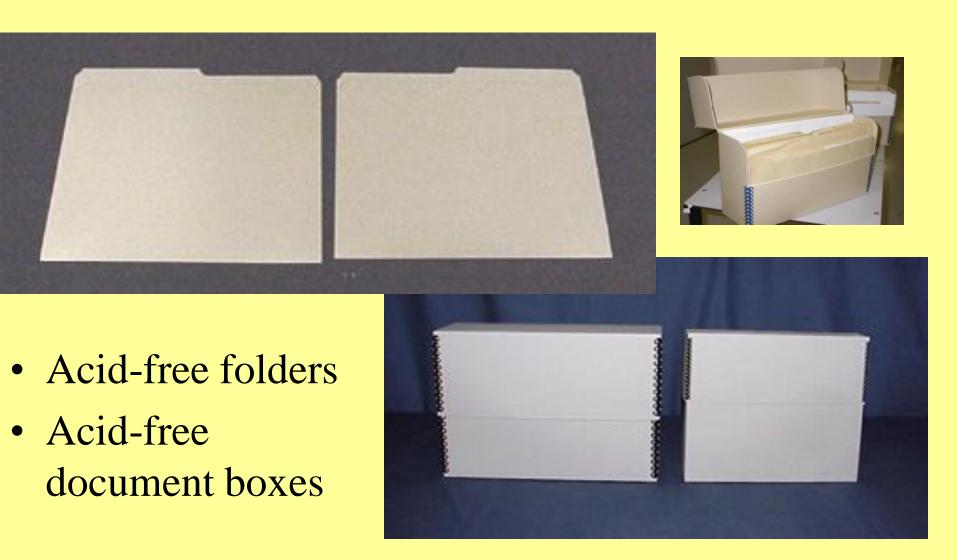
Mold and Insects



- Moisture intrusion causing mold growth
- Pests using the paper for food or nesting material

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Storing Loose Papers or Documents



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Preservation Problems Affecting Photographs

- Poor original processing can result in yellowing and staining
- Metallic sheen known as "silvering" on black and white photos
- Color photographs are often unstable; dyes will shift and fade
- Poor quality paper supports and mounts can be weak and crack
- Wide variety of digital prints with different stability issues

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Preservation Tools

 Cool storage for color photographs

 Copying or scanning to protect originals



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Image Permanence Institute

Visit the IPI site for information on storing photographs and the stability of digital prints.

http://www.imagepermanenceinstitute.org/

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Storing Photographs

- Paper enclosures: non-acidic envelopes, sleeves, folders
- Plastic enclosures: meet preservation requirements
- Safe plastics: polyester, polyethylene, polypropylene
- Avoid polyvinylchloride (PVC) [new car smell!]
- Photographic Activity Test
- Purchase from suppliers of preservation materials

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Acid-free Envelopes



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Polyester L-Sleeves



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Photo Albums

- Historic albums, often with black mounting paper
- Potential problems with adhesive staining and weak paper that is broken at edges

Respect and preserve historical structures

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Problems with Some Modern Photo Albums

- "Magnetic" albums
- Poor quality papers
- Adhesives cause staining and can lose adhesive properties
- Unknown plastics can be unstable, cause yellowing, and adhere to photos

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Preservation Quality Albums

• Polyester or polyethylene plastic sleeves available in different sizes

No adhesives needed



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Displaying your Family Treasures

- LIMIT light exposure
 - No sunlight
 - No fluorescent
 - Limited incandescent lighting
- Signs of Damage
 - Documents that are weak, brittle, or yellow to dark brown in color
 - Faded ink
 - Photos with a metallic sheen, that are darkened, cracked, or that have undergone changes in color

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Display Copies Instead of Originals

- Color photocopy
- Scan and print
- Retain originals safely in dark storage

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When Matting and Framing Original Documents

- Use window mat to keep document from direct contact with glass
- Use acid-free rag board mats and backing boards
- Avoid adhesives by using photo corners

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Plastic or Paper Corners

- Use polyester or acid fee paper
- Adhesives do not contact document









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Avoid...

- Pressure-sensitive tapes
 - "Scotch" brand tapes
 - Masking tape
- White glues, such as Elmer's
- Rubber cement
- Adhesives used with hot glue guns

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Preserving Books

- Keep in original format
- Box for protection





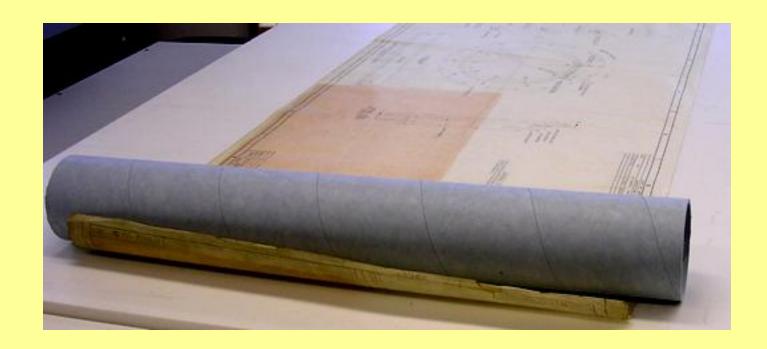
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Shelving Books

- Shelve books according to size so they can support one another
- Do not intersperse tall and short books
- Store large volumes flat
- Avoid unsealed wooden shelves
- Protect books from light to keep spines and covers from fading

Oversized Items (Maps and Posters)

 Oversized records can be rolled onto acid- free tubes



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Protect Rolled Items

- Protect rolled items from light exposure by using am outer wrap of acid-free paper
- Provide even greater protection with a final wrap of plastic (polyester or polyethylene) around the entire package. Tie the roll with cotton twill tape



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Magnetic Media Storage



- Audio Tapes, Video Tapes
- Polypropylene storage containers
- Machine Obsolescence

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Electronic Media



- Ideally files are saved to a server or hard drive and backed up on CD or DVD.
- Archival Gold CD-R and DVD-R
- Must be periodically copied

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Labeling CD's and DVD's

- Not Recommended
- But, if you must!...use a solvent-free marker on the upper side (the one not being read)

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CD/DVD Storage

Polypropylene Cases



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American Institute for Conservation

• Referral service for conservators in your geographic area

The American Institute for Conservation of Historic & Artistic Works 1156 15th Street NW, Ste. 320 Washington, DC 20005 http://www.conservation-us.org/

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National Archives and Records Administration

• For more information about the National Archives and Records Administration look online at: http://www.archives.gov/

• For more information about preservation practices at NARA look on-line at: http://www.archives.gov/preservation/

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Presenter didn't get to your question?

You may email us at inquire@nara.gov