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# **About the National Archives**



**The National Archives and Records** Administration (NARA) is the nation's record keeper. Of all the documents and materials created in the course of business conducted by the United States Federal government, only 1%–3% are determined permanently valuable. Those valuable records are preserved and are available to you, whether you want to see if they contain clues about your family's history, need to prove a veteran's military service, or are researching an historical topic that interests you.







THE KNOW YOUR RECORDS PROGRAM consists of free events with up-to-date information about our holdings. Events offer opportunities for you to learn about the National Archives' records through ongoing lectures, monthly genealogy programs, and the annual genealogy fair. Additional resources include an online genealogy tutorial, reference reports for genealogical research, and the newsletter *Researcher News*.

www.archives.gov/calendar/know-your-records



February 25, 2016



# Genealogy Research Using the U.S. Congressional Serial Set Jeffery Hartley

Chief Librarian Jeffery Hartley will discuss the history and contents of the U.S. Congressional Serial Set for family history research. The presentation will include African American genealogy and a demonstration of the digital version of the serial set.



# **Presenter's Biography**



Jeffery Hartley Chief Librarian of the National Archives Library Information Center National Archives at College Park, MD Mr. Hartley is the Chief Librarian of the National Archives Library Information Center (ALIC). He earned a B.A. in history from Dickinson College and an M.A. and M.L.S. from the University of Maryland, College Park. He has worked in ALIC for 25 years, and has been Chief Librarian since 2004.

# www.archives.gov/calendar/know-your-records

# Using the Congressional Serial Set for Genealogical Research

Jeffery T. Hartley Chief Librarian Archives Library Information Center alic@nara.gov

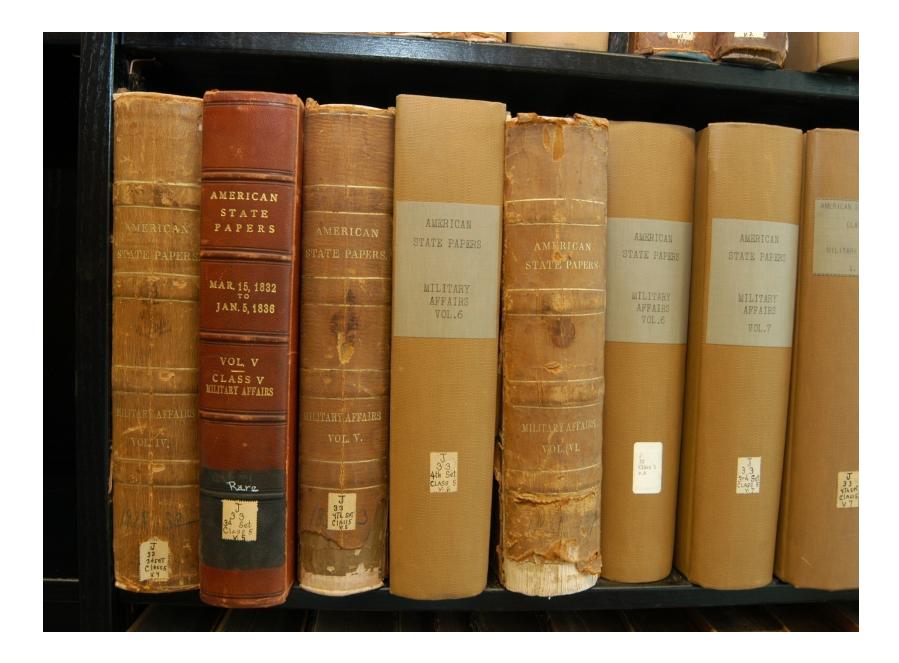
# Background

- Congressional Set, Congressional Series, "sheep set"
- Established in 1817 (15<sup>th</sup> Congress)
  - Originally, official publication of the activities of the U.S. government
- American State Papers (1<sup>st</sup>-14<sup>th</sup> Congresses)
- Citing the Serial Set:
  - S. Doc. No. 512, 23<sup>rd</sup> Congress, 1<sup>st</sup> Session (1833).
  - H.R. Doc. No. 736, 56<sup>th</sup> Congress, 1<sup>st</sup> Session (1899).

# **American State Papers**

- Reports and documents of the 1<sup>st</sup> 14 Congresses (1789-1838)
- 38 volumes arranged by subject:
  - Foreign Relations, Indian Affairs, Finance, Commerce & Navigation, Military Affairs, Naval Affairs, Post Office, Public Lands, Claims, Miscellaneous





# What's included in the Serial Set

- House and Senate journals (until 1953)
- House and Senate reports
- House and Senate documents
- Senate treaty documents
- Senate executive reports
- Miscellaneous reports

# What's included, cont'd.

- 19<sup>th</sup> century: all activities of the *entire* government
- Changes in U.S. are reflected in reports:
  - 1817: 19 states, all but one east of Mississippi River
    - Reports deal primarily with Congressional concerns
  - By 1900: expansion to West Coast, Industrial Revolution
    - Reports include exploration, industry, even fine arts

# But what's included for **GENEALOGISTS**?

- Private claims for military service
- Relief petitions
- Patent lists
- Land grants
- War of the Rebellion records
- Official Register (Federal employees)
- Maps of exploration and state boundaries
- Native American data

# Of Genealogical Interest, cont'd

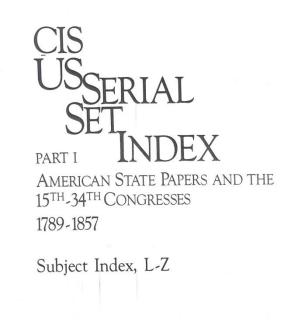
- Lands surveys, post road routes
- Military registers
- Census statistics
- Lighthouse reports
- DAR grave registers
- Petitions and Memorials

# Indexes for the Serial Set

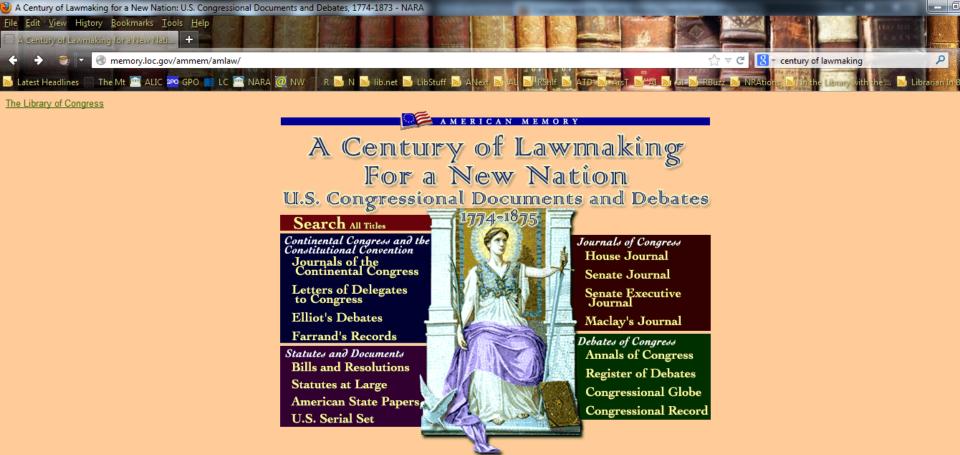
Most useful indexes:

- CIS Index
- Checklist of U.S. Public Documents, 1789-1909
- Grassroots of America
- Digital versions

# Paper Index



Congressional Information Service, Inc. Washington, D.C.



### Search: All Titles | Browse Titles by Category: Continental Congress and the Constitutional Convention | Journals of Congress | Debates of Congress | Statutes and Document

Beginning with the Continental Congress in 1774, America's national legislative bodies have kept records of their proceedings. The records of the Continental Congress, the Constitutional Convention, and the United States Congress make up a rich documentary history of the construction of the nation and the development of the federal government and its role in the national life. These documents record American history in the words of those v built our government.

Books on the law formed a major part of the holdings of the Library of Congress from its beginning. In 1832, Congress established the Law Library of Congress as a separate department of the Library. It houses one of the complete collections of U.S. Congressional documents in their original format. In order to make these records more easily accessible to students, scholars, and interested citizens, *A Century of Lawmaking for a New Native* brings together online the records and acts of Congress from the Continental Congress and Constitutional Convention through the 43rd Congress, including the first three volumes of the *Congressional Record*, 1873-75.

The mission of the Library of Congress is to make its resources available and useful to Congress and the American people and to sustain and preserve a universal collection of knowledge and creativity for future generations. The goal of the Library's National Digital Library program is to offer broad public access to a wide range of historical and cultural documents as a contribution to education and lifelong learning.

The Library of Congress presents these documents as part of the record of the past. These primary historical documents reflect the attitudes, perspectives, and beliefs of different times. The Library of Congress does not endorse the views expressed in collections, which may contain materials offensive to some readers.

### **Special Presentations:**

# **Digital Serial Set**

http://congressional.proquest.com

# **Non-military Information**

- Census Data
- Land Claims
- Memorials
- Registers of employees
- Annual Reports
- Patents

### ERRONEOUS RETURN OF SLAVES-FIFTH CENSUS-MASSA-CHUSETTS, MAINE, OHIO.

### LETTER

FROM

## THE SECRETARY OF STATE,

#### TRANSMITTING .

The information required by a resolution of the House of Representatives, of the 28th of January, instant, in relation to slaves returned in the 5th Census, in Maine, Massachusetts, and Ohio.

JANURAY 31, 1832.

Read, and laid upon the table.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

### January 28th, 1832.

The Secretary of State, in obedience to the resolution of the House of Representatives, of the 26th January, 1832, respectfully submits the following statement, viz:

That, of the four slaves returned as being in the State of Massachusetts. One is returned by George Wardwell, assistant to the marshal of Massachusetts, as being in the family of Joseph Cummings, of the town of Andover, in Essex county, a female of the age of 100 years and upwards;

One returned by Tyler Goddard, assistant, as being in the family of Prince Walker, of the town of Barre, in Worcester county, a female of the age of 100 years and upwards;

One returned in the abstract, as being in Hampshire county, town of Westhampton, and one as being in the town of Worthington, should have been returned as free persons of color; but by the examiner in this department, were set down in the recapitulation as slaves, by placing them, through inadvertence, in the column of "slaves," instead of that of free persons of color. This error not affecting the total population, more easily escaped detection.

That, of the six persons returned as slaves in Maine,

One is returned by Truman Shaw, assistant to the marshal, as being in the family of Abraham Talbot, of the town of Albion, in Kennebec county, a female over 55 and under 100 years of age; and one in the family of Jesse Dover, of the same town, of 24 and under 36 years of age; and four returned in the abstract, as slaves in the town of Weld, Oxford county, should have been returned as free persons of color, but by the examiner in this department, were set down in the recapitulation as slaves, by placing them, through inadvertency, in the column of "slaves," instead of that of free persons of color.

Of the six slaves returned as being in the State of Ohio,

One is returned by David S. Davis, assistant to the marshal, as being in the family of Joseph Vandever, in Montgomery county, a female over 24 and under 36 years of age;

One returned by Nathan Bond, assistant to the marshal, as being in the family of John Moore, a male over 10 and under 24 years of age;

One returned by E. Vance, assistant to the marshal, as being in the family of William R. Hynes, of Butler county, a female over 10 and under 24 years of age;

One returned by John A. Alexander, assistant to the marshal, as being in the family of James Farr, of Clark county, a female over 24 and under 36 years of age;

One returned by Thomas Heckewelder, assistant to the marshal, as being in the family of Abraham Cust, of Hamilton county, a female, over 10 and under 24 years of age; and one in the family of Andrew Vandyke, of said county, a female over 24 and under 36 years of age.

-Respectfully submitted.

EDW. LIVINGSTON.

ANDBEW STEVENSON, Esq., Speaker of the House of Representatives.

### SLAVES IN CONNECTICUT-SIXTH CENSUS.

## LETTER

#### FROM

# THE SECRETARY OF STATE,

TRANSMITTING

An abstract of the returns of the marshal of Connecticut, showing the number of slaves in said district, &c. &c.

JANUARY 30, 1841. Read, and laid upon the table.

> DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, January 29, 1841.

I have the honor to transmit the accompanying communication and abstract, in compliance with the resolution of the House of Representatives of the 27th instant, relative to the census returns from the marshal of the district of Connecticut;

And have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN FORSYTH.

To the SPEAKER of the House of Representatives.

# DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

Washington, January 29, 1841.

SIR: In answer to the resolution of the House of Representatives of the 27th instant, referred to me, I have the honor to enclose the abstract required from the returns of the marshal of Connecticut, showing the number of slaves within that district.

I have to state, in reply to the second clause of said resolution, that the marshal of Connecticut has informed me, personally, that, under the head of the number of "slaves" returned from his district, thirty-seven were negroes of the Amistad. The note on the abstract to that effect was made upon the returns under his dictation.

I remain, very respectfully, sir, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM A. WEAVER.

To the SECRETARY OF STATE.

SLA	VES.
-----	------

		МА	LES.				FEMA	LES.			
Under 10.	10 and un- der 24.	24 and un- der 36.	36 and un- der 55.	55 and un- der 100.	100 and up- wards.	Under 10.	10 and un- der 24.	24 and un- der 36.	36 and un- der 55.	55 and un- der 100.	100 & up wards
	7*	22+	9* 1	2 1			3*		1	1 1 4 1	
	7	22	10	3			3		1	8	

• Thirty-seven of the above are represented by the marshal as the negroes taken in the Amistad.

I certify the numbers on this page to be a faithful abstract from the aggregate return of the marshal of the district of Connecticut. WILLIAM A. WEAVER.  

 Ślat Coneress, 2d Nession.
 [Rep. No. 78. ]
 Ho. or Reps.

 ARCHIBALD JACKSON.

 FEBRUARY 12, 1831.

 Mr. Sterigere, from the Committee on Private Land Claims, made the following

 REPORT:

The Committee on Private Land Claims, to which was referred the resolution of the House of the 31st December, 1830, directing the committee to inquire into the expediency of allowing Archibald Jackson the bounty land due to James Gammons for services in the late war, report:

That they have had the subject under consideration. It appears that the said James Gammons enlisted as a private soldier in the 11th regiment of infantry of the United States, on the 18th of June, 1812, for the period of five years, and continued in the service for the time of his enlistment till the 19th of February, 1813, when "he died in the service of the United States." The act of Congress under which Gammons was enlisted allows to "the heirs and representatives of non-commissioned officers or soldiers who enlisted for five years, and who died in the service of the United States. three

months' extra pay and 160 acres of land." At the time of his enlistment and service, Gammons was the slave of the said Archibald Jackson, who never consented to the enlistment, but permitted him to remain in the service. Jackson, as the owner of Gammons, after his death claimed the extra and back pay, amounting to \$37 42, and the bounty land. The pay was allowed by the War Department, and paid to Jackson; but the committee are in-

> as if rendered by another. And the only question is, who are legally entitled to the pay and bounty land due to Gammons? If Jackson had a legal right to the back and extra pay due to Gammons, (and the committee think he had,) the committee cannot conceive any reason why the bounty land should not, also, be allowed to Jackson. The right to both accrued under

the same law, both were due for the same services, and the claim to both rests on the same principles. The owner of the slave is entitled to all his property, and, so far as property is concerned, is the legal representative of the slave. Hence, Archibald Jackson, as the legal representative of Gammons, by the words of the law, is entitled to the bounty land due to Gammons, as well as the pay due him. The committee, therefore, report a bill directing the Secretary of War to issue a warrant to said Archibald Jackson for said hounty land.

### LAND CLAIMS BETWEEN PERDIDO AND MISSISSIPPI. [To accompany Senate bill No. 89.]

### APRIL 20, 1838.

# Mr. HARLAN, from the Committee on Private Land Claims, made the following

### **REPORT**:

The Committee on Private Land Claims, to whom was referred the bill from the Senate (No. 89) "for giving effect to the eighth article of the treaty of eighteen hundred and nineteen with Spain," report:

That the bill authorizes all bona-fide claimants to lands under sales, grants, and confirmations made by the Spanish Government prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and ten, west of the Perdido, east of the Mississippi, and south of the 31st degree of latitude, to present the same to the district judge of the eastern district of Louisiana for adjudication, under certain restrictions therein mentioned.

The article of the treaty with Spain referred to, and to which the bill proposes to give effect, is contained in the treaty concluded in this city the 22d of February, 1819, by which Spain ceded the provinces of East and West Florida to the United States.

It seems to the committee that claims to land lying between the rivers Mississippi and Perdido were not intended to be provided for by that treaty. The claim set up by Spain to the country between those rivers was never recognised in any form by this Government.

The construction which this Government gave to the treaty of 1803 with France, by which Louisiana was ceded to the United States, was, that the limits of Louisiana extended to the Perdido river. That ground was assumed by this Government immediately after the ratification of the treaty with France, and ever has been since maintained by every department thereof, legislative, executive, and judicial.

The subject-matter of this bill is not for the first time brought to the consideration of this House. During the 22d Congress, at the instance of the then delegate from Florida, (Mr. Joseph M. White,) the Committee on Private Land Claims was instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law "for the final adjustment of all the claims to land derived from the former Government of Spain, and its local authorities, in that part of West Florida between the Mississippi and Perdido rivers, from the date of the Louisiana treaty, in 1803, to the proclamation of President Madison, in 1810."

The propositionmet with no favor with that committee ; it was dis-Thomas Atlen, print. charged from the further consideration thereof, and the subject referred to the Committee on the Public Lands, where it met a similar fate. On the motion of the same gentleman, the subject was referred to the then Secretary of State, (Mr. Edward Livingston,) with instructions to give his *opinion* of the validity of the claims to which the resolution had reference. A report from that gentleman was promptly communicated, in which he expressed an opinion favorable to the claims, and recommended the passage of a law (a draught of which he submitted) confirming them absolutely and unconditionally.

The report of Mr. Livingston was afterwards, and during the same session, referred to the Committee on the Public Lands, who reported thereon the 11th July, 1832.

This committee concur in the views of the Committee on the Public Lands, in their report, and adopt it as a part hereof.

There is one remarkable feature in the bill to which the committee cannot forbear to call the attention of the House. It is this: it confers on the judge of the eastern district of Louisiana, not only the power of deciding on claims within the limits of his own district, but gives him jurisdiction to hear and decide on claims to lands lying within the States of Alabama and Mississippi.

The passage of this bill would be a repeal of the act of 1804, declaring these and similar claims null and void : it would be a virtual admission that the act of the 24th February, 1804, establishing the bay and river of Mobile into a collection district, was an act to collect duties and imposts in a territory rightfully belonging to Spain; that all the legislation of Congress and the acts of the executive department of this Government, from 1804 to 1810, which were intended to operate, and did operate, in that part of Louisiana between the Mississippi and Perdido rivers, were in fraud of the just rights of Spain, and a usurpation of her rightful authority : it would be an abandonment of the stand early taken and always maintained by us; it would reverse the solemn adjudications of the Supreme Court of the nation, given in some of the cases provided for by the bill; and it would annihilate the original legality of thousands of claims in the States of Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana.

The committee cannot therefore recommend the passage of this bill; and submit the following resolutions, and recommend their adoption by the House:

1. Resolved, That the United States are not bound by the treaty with Spain to confirm the titles to any lands between the Perdido and the Mississippi rivers, other than such claims as are or may be excepted from the operation of the 14th section of the act of Congress entitled "An act erecting Louisiana into two territories, and providing for the temporary government thereof," approved 26th March, 1804.

2. Resolved, That the 8th article of the treaty with Spain of the 22d February, 1819, has no reference or binding effect upon grants of land made by the Spanish authorities after 20th December, 1803, lying between the "lississippi and the Perdido rivers; and that these claims must depend upon the provisions of the treaty of the 30th of April, 1803, between the United States and France, and the legislation of Congress, for their confirmation or rejection.

3. Resolved, That Senate bill (No. S9) entitled "An act for giving effect to the eighth article of the treaty of eighteen hundred and nineteen with Spain," ought not to pass.

26

### C.

Extract from Register C, "of claims to land in the district west of Pearl river, in Louisiana, founded on grants said to be derived from either the French, British, or Spanish Governments, which, in the opinion of the undersigned commissioner, [James O. Cosby,] are not valid, agreeably to the laws, usages, or customs of such Government."

	Present claimant. Ori	ginal claimant. Nature of claim.	Date of claim. Quantity claimed		
	William Plunket et al Marga	retta Plunkett - Spanish patent.	Dec. 5, 1803 Arpens. 550		
		m Corner - Do	Dec. 12, 1803 400		
		opher Miller - Do Wecks - Do	May 17, 1804 600 Dec. 24, 1803 313		
		McLeroy - Do Garcia - Do	June, 25, 1804 800 Sept. 1, 1806 15,000		
		m Gardner - Do	Sept. 1, 1806 15,000 June 25, 1804 200		
	William Vardeman - Willia John Rhea James	n Vardeman - Do Foster - Do	May 22, 1810 1,200 July 4, 1804 1,200		
	David Lejeune David	Lejeune - Do	July 4, 1804 1,200 Oct. 8, 1806 149		
	John Rhea James Ditto Antoni	Brennan - Do o Son - Do	July 9, 1804 1,000 July 3, 1804 784		
	Ditto James		July 21, 1804 200		
	Ditto - John H Chew and Relf, executors of Gilbert	liggins - Do Audry - Do	June 4, 1804 400 Feb. 29, 1804 30,000		
	D. Clark	_			
_		s Ramos - Do d Villars - Do	March 5, 1804 20,000		
Anthony Grass -	- A. Grass	- ]		20, 1804 3,00	0
Ditto -	- Ditto	- 1	Do Oct.		10
John Martin -	- James Jacks	on -		11, 1805 25	
James Martin -	- John McGoy	van -		15, 1805 40	
V. S. Pintada -	- V. S. Pintad			23, 1804 1,25	
Ditto -	- Ditto	-		22, 1810 28	
Ditto -	- Ditto	-		20, 1810 20	0
Ditto -	- Ditto	- ] /		22, 1810 10	18
Ditto -	- Ditto	- 1			
F. Guedray -	- F. Guedray	-		14, 1806 4a 6t !	
C. & M. de Armas	- ] C. & M. de	Arinas -	Do Oct.	23, 1806 20,00	
Eulogio de Cassas	- J. Rufinaca	-	Do April		
Joseph Reynes -	- Joseph Reyn	ies - l	Do Jan.	2, 1804 40,00	
Alexander Bookter	- Alexander B		Do Feb.	7, 1804 1,00	
secondariate provident	-   ruoxanuor b	-volution -	DO LECO	1, 100±1 1,00	v
	Eulogio de Cassas - J. Ruf Joseph Reynes Joseph	M. de Arinas - Do inaca - Do Reynes - Do ider Bookter - Do	Oct.         23, 1806         20,000           April         1, 1607         14a         18t           Jan.         2, 1804         40,000         1665         1,000           Feb.         7, 1804         1,000         1,000         1,000	6 <b>f</b> )	

23d CONGRESS, 1st Session.	[ Doc.	No. 80. ]		or Rrps.
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	5 × 5			
CLI	ERKS-TREASUR	Y DEPARTME	ENT, 1833.	
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	LE'	TTER	N 8 - C.	
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THE SI	ECRETARY	OF THE	TREASU	RY,
<u></u>	TRAD	SWITTING		ų į
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-	the last year, and the	he compensation of	f each.	
			1	
		RY 5, 1834.	the proofs	
	Read, and la	id upon the table.		
	A . 4			· · · · · ·
	A	TREASURY DEPAR	RTMENT, January	<b>31, 1834.</b>
names of the cler gether with the te sums paid to each	e the honor to be,	Freasury Departm ctually employed	pent in the year	r 1833; to-
·	Very respect	fully, ur obedient servan		
4		a obechent servan	R. B. T.	
The Her the	SPEAKER of the Hou	too of Representat	Sec. of the	Treasury.
I he rion. the	SPEAKER Of the HOU	se of Acepresentat		
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Treasury De	T of the names of the partment, during the ually employed during	e year 1833, tog	ether with th	e time each
	Names of the clerks, &	i <b>c.</b>	Salary per	Am't paid to each clerk.
	SECRETARY'S OFFIC	CE.		
		C	- \$2,000	\$1,297 31
McClintock You	chief clerk, from Jan ing, chief clerk, from S			539.04
McClintock You James L. Anthon	ng, chief clerk, from S ny, clerk,	Sept. 23 to Dec. '31	, 2,000 1,600	1,600 00
McClintock You James L. Anthor Samuel M. McK Thomas Dungan	ing, chief clerk, from S ny, clerk, Cean, clerk,	Sept. 23 to Dec. 31	, 2,000	

STATEMENT-Continued.

Contraction of the second s				1	
Names of the	clerks, 8			Salary per annum.	Am't paid to each clerk.
Benjamin M. Miller, clerk,	_	-		\$1.000	\$1,000 00
Cary A. Harris, clerk, from J	an. 1 to	March 31.	-	1,000	250 00
Cary A. Harris, clerk, from J J. B. Kirkpatrick, clerk, from	April 1	to Dec. 31.		1,000	750 00
John Harry, clerk, from Dec.	I to D	ec. 31,		1,000	83 33
Total to Third Au	ditor's o	ffice, -	-	-	\$20,900 00
FOURTH AUDIT	or's or	FICE.			
Thomas II. Gillis, chief clerk	· ·	-	•	1,700	\$1,700 00
Joseph Mechlin, clerk,		-		1,400	1.400 00
William Hunter, clerk,	•	-	•	1,100	1,400 00
Robert Getty, clerk, George Gillis, clerk,	•	-	-	1,150	1,150 00
Richard Bennett, clerk,	-	-	-	1,150	1,150 00
Robert Johnson, clerk	2		-	1,150	1,150 00
Robert Johnson, clerk,- Robert T. McGill, clerk,				1,150	1,150 00
Henry Forrest, clerk.				1,000	1,000 00
George M. Read, clerk,	-			1,000	1,000 00
Hampton C. Williams, clerk,		-	-	1,000	1,000 00
Joseph Perry, clerk, Alexander N. Kyle, clerk,			-	1,000	1,000 00
Alexander N. Kyle, clerk,		- 2	- 1	1,000	1,000 00
Samuel Kendall, clerk, from M	larch 25	to Dec. 31,	-	1,000	769 44
Thomas Williams, clerk, from	Feb. 13	s to May 4,	-	800	179 16
Total to Fourth Au	ditor's o	fiice,	-	-	\$16,198 60
FIFTH AUDITO	R'S OFF	ICE.			
Thomas Mustin, chief clerk,	-		-	1,700	\$1,700 00
John H. Houston, clerk,	•	-	- 1	1,400	1,400 00
Joseph Thaw, clerk, Henry W. Ball, clerk,	-		-	1,400	1,400 00
Henry W. Ball, clerk,	-	-	-	1,150	1,150 00
William Dewees, clerk,	-	•	- [	1,150	1,150 00
James D. King, clerk,	•	•	-	1,150	1,150 00
David Easton, clerk, Ebenezer J. Hume, clerk,	•	-	:	1.150	1,150 00
Junes Gooch, clerk,	•		-	1,000	1,000 00
Arthur Campbell, clerk,	2		-	1,000	1,000 00
Total to Fifth Audit	or's offic	ce, -		-	\$12,100 00
TREASURER'S	OFFICE	5.		1	
Peter G. Washington, chief cler	ŀ	1		1,700	\$1,700 00
lenry Jackson, clerk.	- 1		.	1,400	1,400 00
Henry Jackson, clerk, George W. Dashiell, clerk,	-		. 1	1,150	1,150 00
Samuel Forrest, clerk,	_	_	:	1,000	1,000 00
Andrew Smith, clerk,		•	-	500	800 00
Total to Treasurer's	office				\$6,050 00

4

# LETTER

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1077

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FROM

## THE COMMISSIONER

OF

# The General Land Office,

TRANSMITTING

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**REPORTS OF THE LAND COMMISSIONERS** 

AT JACKSON COURT HOUSE.

NOVEMBER 17, 1820. Printed by order of the Senate of the United States.

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WASHINGTON:

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FRINTED BY GALES & SEATOR.

1820.

4'

#### LAND OFFICE AT JACKSON COURT HOUSE,

August 17, 1829.

1

SIR: In conformity with requisition of the ninth section of the act of Congress, entitled "An act for adjusting the claims to Land and establishing Land Offices in the districts east of the Island of New Orleans," I have the honor to report lists or registers of all the claims to land which have been filed in this office, with the substance of the evidence in support thereof, and such remarks upon the claims as appeared to me to be proper.

peared to me to be proper. In consequence of the suggestion in your letter of the 15th November last, evidence of claims to lots in the town of Mobile has been received, which you will find in register No. 7.

Register No. 9, and the accompanying papers, contain a full report of the evidence, and the opinion of the Register and Receiver, in relation to the conflicting claims of Joseph M'Candless and Regis Bermody.

I have the honor, &c.

W. BARTON, Register.

Hon. J. MEIGS, Com. Gen. Land Office, Washington City.

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LNU.

# A LIST OF ACTUAL SETTLERS

In the District East of Pearl River, in Louisiana, prior to the 3d March, 1819, who have no claims derived from either the French, British, or Spanish, Governments.

NO.		ORIGINAL CLAIMANT.	DATE OF PRESENT SET- TLEMENT.			DATE OF ORIGINAL SET- TLEMENT.			WHERE SITUATED.	REMARKS.
		DAY.	MONTH.	YEAR.	DAY.	MONTH.	YEAR.			
1	Valentine Delmas	Valentine Delmas		June	1819		June	1811	Pascagoula Bay	
2	Rene Krebs	Rene Krebs	(1, 2)		1819		June	1801	Pascagoula Bay	
3	Renc Krebs	Pierre Krebs		June	1819		About	1789	Pascagoula Bay	
4	Antoine Krebs	Antoine Krebs			1819	1.00	Cherry C. S.	1810	Pascagoula Bay	
5	Hilaire Krebs	Hilaire Krebs		June	1819	1.1.1	June	1794	Pascagoula Bay	
6	Isabelle Glaude	Isabelle Glaude	1.1	June	1819		June	1794	Pascagoula Bay	이번 아이는 것 같은 것 같은 것이 같이 많이 많이 했다.
7	Helen Moro	Helen Moro		June	1819		June	1794	Pascagoula Bay	
8	Jacob Holland	Jacob Holland	1. 1	July	1819		Cul only	1812	Pascagoula River	
9	Thomas Bilbo	Thomas Bilbo		July	1819	1.1.1	Cul. only	1812	East side of Pascagoula River	는 도망 가지 않는 것이 같은 것을 많이 많이 같이 같이 많이
10	John Dcase	John Dcase	1.1.1	July	1819			1809	West side of Pascagoula River	
11	Charles Holland, jr.	Charles Holland, jr.	1001	July	1819	1.1.1		1812	West side of Pascagoula River	
12	Maher Lyle	Maher Lyle		July	1819		January	1812	Fork of Chickesawhay & Leaf Rivers	그는 그는 것이 같은 것이 가지 않는 것이 같이 했다.
13	Daniel McCaskill	Bryant Ferrill	12.5	July	1819		Autumn	1812	Skinner's Creek	
14	George B. Dameson	Mde. Neait Pacquet	10.1		1	1.		1779	Above White's Point, Pascag. Riv.	For about six years.
15	William Patterson	William Patterson	12.1	August	1819	1.0		1812	East of Mobile Bay	
16	John Brewer, jr.	John Brewer, jr.	1.10	July	1819	1.11	March	1815	Pascagoula River	
17	Edmund Smith	Edmund Smith	1.1	July	1819	1.2.	1	1808	East side of Pascagoula River	
18	Mose Strahan	Presley German	1.20	August	1819	12.5		1812	East of Pearl River	
19	Rep. Joseph Cooper	Joseph Cooper	1	September	1819	12.1		1810	Pearl River	
20	John Culpepper, jr.	John Culpepper, jr.	1.	October	1819	1	Spring	1812	South side of Taylor's Creek	
81	Stephen Terrell	Stephen Terrell	30	October	1819	1.	June	1811	Old River, near Pearl	
82	Sol. & Jos. Ford 7				1	1				
- T.	and Wm. Hunt	John Culpepper, sen.		November	1819	·		1810	Pearl River	이 가 있는 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것이 같은 것이 없다.
23	John Joseph Jourdan	John Joseph Jourdan	E . 1	November	1819	l		1807	Catahola River	Inhabited and cultivated for 15 years price
24	Eleazer W. Ripley	Pierre Morin			1				Jourdan River	to the taking possession of the country
25	Pierre Corca	Picrre Corca	120	November	1819	1.1		1805	Grand Bois Fort	by the United States, and from 1814 to
26	Elisha Carver	Elisha Carver	100	November	1819		March	1813	South side Bay of St. Louis	November, 1819.
27	Melite Le Sassier	Melite Le Sassier	1 1	November	1819	1.1.1		1803	Bay of St. Louis	
28	Noel Jourdan	Noel Jourdan		November	1819		prior to April		Jourdan River	이 이 아이들은 아이는 것 같은 것 같아요.
29	John Bte. Favre	John Bte. Favre		November	1819	1.12	April	1812	Hickory Camp Creek	
so	Charles Nicaisse	Charles Nicaisse	1.7	November	1819	nnia	r to 15th April			

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### PENNSYLVANIA.

### MEMORIAL

#### 0F

### CITIZENS OF BROWNVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA,

In favor of restoring the Public Deposites to the Bank of the United States.

#### MARCH 24, 1834.

Read, and laid upon the table.

### To the honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled :

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and residents of Brownville and its vicinity, in the western part of Pennsylvania, beg leave respectfully to represent that they, with other portions of the people, in other and more important sections of the country, have not been indifferent to the all absorbing topic now agitating Congress, viz. the moneyed concerns of the country, its disarrangement, &c. growing out of the removal of the deposites from the Bank of the United States, and humbly add their solemn protest against the measure, lest their silence should be taken as an acquiescence in an act which every man of sound mind and sober habits in these parts deem unlawful and impolitic, threatening the most serious evils to all classes. Already is the alarm apparent, Every man seems distrustful of his neighbor's circumstances. Credit is vanishing, property and produce falling. Secretly but vigilantly all are preparing, as it were, for some great event. The improvement of the country seems entirely at an end. Not a sign of preparation for building, or improvement of any kind, in town or country, whilst every honest debtor is trembling for his fate. That your best efforts will be exerted by a wise legislation to avert the threatening calamity, is the confident hope of your memorialists.

Names and Occupations.
Henry G. Dales, confectioner Thomas Sloan, steamboatman Jno. McNevin, teacher

[ Doc. No. 221. ]

Names and Occupations.	Names and Occupations.
Geo. Hogg, merchant	John Buffington, coal trader
John Kirkpatrick, do	Henry Cannon, tailor
Thomas Frasier, iron founder	James Thoburn, tailor
Washington Brashcar, farmer	A. Adams, tailor
G. M. Hair, merchant	Peter Drum, laborer
D. N. Robinson, druggist	Andrew Byrn, miller
G. H. Bowman, merchant	Joshua Armstrong, carpenter
G. W. Bowman, mechanic	Courtland Durnal, ship carpente
S. Edmiston, do	Charles McFall, blacksmith
Robert Clarke, mercht. & manufact.	Jacob Fisher, papermaker
Philip Shaffuer, farmer	James Lindsay, do
Henry Sweetzer & Co., glaz. &c.	James Smith, do
John Lynch, coal trader	Isaac B. Carter, chairmaker
Nathan Smith, boat builder	James Berry, papermaker
Wm. Smith, clerk	Jonathan S. Malleston, physician
Walter R. Billingsby, carpenter	John Carroll, butcher
Wilson Smith, boat builder	James A. Carroll, constable
James Martin, carpenter	Daniel McMakan, laborer
Thomas H. Patten, glasscutter	Caleb Worlay, farmer
	Daniel Croft, do
D. Clifford, glasstearer Bayd Gough, cool morphant	Wesley McCracken, do
Boyd Gough, coal merchant Wm. L. Wilkinson, mechanic	
James Miller, brewer	Samuel Vanhoek, glassblower
	James Ewing, farmer
Palmer & Miller, iron manufacturers	Israel Darlington, do William Babingan, manufacturan
John Morrow, nail cutter	William Robinson, manufacturer
Arthur Dunan,	William Graham, merchant
Thomas Palmer, engineer	Robert Tibbs, farmer
Ambrose Ambrose, bricklayer	Daniel Hall, do
William Bynon, pudler in iron	Abraham Hodge, clerk
E. Williams, do	Andrew Hopkins, house joiner
David Howell, iron roller	Wm. Bennett, steamboat master
George Duncan, laborer	Amos Townsend, farmer
James Lewis, iron hammer man	John Heenlon, do
Thomas Druit, shoemaker	William Acklin do
David Beynan, pudler in iron .	Samuel Clarke, steamboat trader
Henry M. Pennell, laborer	Morgan Morgan, farmer
Phomos Dauby, iron monger	William Morgan, do
Wm. Snowden, blacksmith	Thomas Beunctt, do
John Thomas, coal digger	Jason Griffith, carpenter
Joseph Johnston, farmer	Isaac Woodward, do
Alexander Whannel, do	William Irvine, physician
Joel Oxley, carpenter	William Jobes, cooper
J. H. N. Thornton, farmer	James Madison Lynn, miller
John Lämny, cabinetmaker	Ralph Drake, woollen manufact
J. P. Ball, saddler	Moses Mevany, blacksmith
Wm. O. Kennedy, tailor	John Hurbert, hatter
James Ball, farmer	Charles S. Hedge, farmer
Joseph T. Rogers, merchant	Daniel Collins, laborer

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### FAILURE OF THE SCHEME FOR THE COLONIZATION OF NEGROES IN MEXICO.

# MESSAGE

#### OF THE

# PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

#### RELATING TO

The failure of the scheme for the colonization of negroes in Mexico and the necessity of returning them to their homes in Alabama.

JANUARY 27, 1896.-Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed.

### To the House of Representatives:

I transmit herewith a report from the Secretary of State with copies of all correspondence of record relating to the failure of the scheme for the colonization of negroes in Mexico, necessitating their return to their homes in Alabama.

I referred to this matter in my message to Congress at the beginning of the present session, and, for the reasons then given, I again urge the propriety of making an appropriation to cover the cost of transportation furnished by the railway companies.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,

Washington, January 27, 1896.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, January 25, 1896.

#### The PRESIDENT:

In your message of December 2 to Congress you adverted to the failure of a scheme for the colonization in Mexico of certain American negroes, to the destitution and suffering which overtook the emigrants in their efforts to return to this country, and to the relief furnished them in emergency by this Government. In the absence of any fund available for payment of their transportation, assurance was given through the consul at Piedras Negras to certain railway companies that Congress would be urged to make an appropriation to cover the cost of transportation of the negroes to their homes. Accounts have been submitted as follows:

The Mexican International Railway Company transported 420 adults

and 83 children from Torreon, Mexico, to Eagle Pass, Tex., a distance of 385 miles, at \$6 (Mexican) each for adults (about three-fourths of a cent per mile, United States currency), and half price for children, making the full amount due that railway \$1,474.49, United States currency.

The Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Railway (Southern Pacific) transported 334 negroes at the uniform rate of 1 cent per mile each from Engle Pass, Tex., to New Orleans, La., making the full amount due that railway \$2,471.60.

The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company transported 326 negroes at the uniform rate of 1 cent per mile each from New Orleans, La., to Birmingham, Ala., making the full amount due that railroad \$1,141.

The charges amount in all to \$5,087.09, and appear to be just and reasonable.

I append copies of the correspondence giving a history of the colony and the itemized statements of the expenses incurred.

Respectfully submitted.

RICHARD OLNEY,

# Mr. Burke to Mr. Uhl.

No. 12.]

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CONSULATE OF THE UNITED STATES, Chihuahua, May 28, 1895. (Received June 4.)

SIR: I have the honor to inclose deposition of one Sam Claber, an American negro, who, in company with about 750 other Americans, left the United States in September, 1894, and joined a colony in the State of Coahuila, Republic of Mexico.

He states that they were cruelly treated; he with his wife and children and 49 others stole away in the night and were making their way toward the United States; he was very anxious that his story of the wrongs of his people should be presented to the Department of State.

On the same day, May 21, also came to this city one Anthony Jones, an American negro, who had also been a member of the said colony, and who in company with 39 others had stolen away. Mr. Jones claimed that his entire party except himself was overtaken the day following their escape by a party of armed Mexican guards employed by those in charge of the colony, and upon the Americans refusing to return to the colony shot and killed 38; Jones being some distance in advance and by hiding escaped detection and was an eyewitness to the shooting.

When I found Mr. Jones he was very ill and suffering great pain, and it was with great effort that he managed to speak. I called a physician who, after an examination, pronounced Jones as suffering from a welldeveloped case of typhoid pneumonia. I had him removed to the city hospital and did all in my power for him; he died May 26. Not being able to secure his sworn statement, I questioned the propriety of my writing, but the number of stories which have been circulated concerning reported outrages of this colony has worked the Americans up to a high pitch of excitement.

This colony is just outside of my consular district, 30 miles east of Mapimi.

I am, etc.,

R. M. BURKE, Consul.

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#### [Inclosure.]

#### UNITED STATES CONSULATE, Chihuahua, Mexico, May 21, 1895.

Personally appeared before me, R. M. Burke, consul of the United States of America at Chihnahua, on this day, Sam Claber, who, after being duly sworn, deposes and says that his name is Sam Claber, an American citizen, born at Tuecalooza, State of Alabama, United States of America; he is 26 years of age and married, with wife and two children; he is by occupation a coal miner. In September, 1884, he was induced by false representation to leave his home in the United States with his wife and family, and in company with between 700 and 800 other citizens of the United States, and come to a colony in the State of Coahulia, Republic of Mexico. He states that after arriving at the colony he found they had been deceived; they found themselves in the worst form of bondage, with no hope of ever securing liberty; no letter wrote to friends stating the facts or conditions of their sufferings was ever permitted to reach the United States. He says they were cruelly and inhumanly treated, the food furnished being insufficient and not fit to eat. Notwithstanding that many were ill—due to change of climate, mode of living, etc.—they received no proper medical attendance.

And he further states that any attempt to escape from the colony would, in his belief, be punished with death.

He, in behalf of his remaining relatives who are held against their will, would pray the Department of State of the United States to make an investigation of this colony in the hope that the wrongs which his relatives and countrymen now suffer may be speedily righted and justice done.

SAM (his x mark) CLABER.

Test:

R. ANDERSON,

H. MCLLER,

E. A. POWERS,

Witnesses to the above.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the consulate of the United States of America, at Chihuahua, Mexico, on the day and year first above written.

[SEAL.]

R. M. BURKE, Consul.

# Mr. Ellis to Mr. Gresham.

# TLAHUALILO, May 31, 1895. (Received June 10.)

DEAR SIR: In February of present year I imported from the United States some 800 Afro-Americans (citizens) to this Republic under contract which I have inclosed and in every respect complyed with my contract, but from time to time I have noticed articles which have appeared in dierat journels of the United States in which they have survearly critezed me and have printed interviews from prisons supposed to have been here in which they have denounced the interprise as a slave Colony and that the people are held in Bondage, but to thease reports I paid no attention, untill I noticed that News had been wired from El Paso Texas under date of May 24th pretending to be an interview from one Sam Clairbone in which he says togeather with 40 others who attempted to escape and that while he ascaped 38 wer shot and gave the names of all he supposed to have remember who wer shot I hare in send you a Statement of Facts from the men who he says wer shot and denounce the report as untrew and in the name of the Compania Agricola Industrial Colonizadora Limitada del Tlahualilo and in justic to the good Colonist that are here; as well as to my name I brought them here, and feel a grate responsibility on me in sight of God and my fellow man and want the truth through your good Office to be made known.

This I ask for an Investigation and any perison you send will be cared for and given all chance and oppitunity to make a thur and compleat investigation to there perfect satisfaction.

And the wold may know the truth.

Hoping an early reply, I am very respectfully,

W. H. ELLIS.

#### Statement of Facts.

Noticing that there have been circulated In the U.S. A. reported that we were Held Slaves and that on May 9th, 1895, 40 of us were shot we the ander Signes are the ones who the report says were killed begin Justice to our Selves Race the feature o the Colony and the Reputation of Mr. W. H. Ellis who has did more for our Race than eny other living Man. Since the days Lm. Lincon on or about the first of April Mr. Ellis left for N.Y. and we herd that he would never return, as he was the only man in this Country we knew and we come Perless Looking to him for our sursport untill our first crops was greater according to Contrack and fearing he was not going to Return We come to a conclusions to go to the U.S. A. and Started across the Mountain not knowing the Road about 3 o'clock in the day the Mexicans employer told us we would Perish for watter and if we attempted to cross the mountain and allso told us Mr. Ellis was on his way to N. Y. to Mexico we got in the wagon and return no one killed are hurt on Mr. Ellis account our agreement was Straten and Now. we are thinging out Cotton

CAL (his x mark) CARDWELL POMPEY (his x mark) STAKES JOHN (his x mark) HOLITMAN JOHN (his x mark) CARDWELL AME (his x mark) CARDWELL HOUSTON (his x mark) CARDWELL MAGGIE (x) THORSEAR WILLIE (x) PARCER LILLE (x) HATCLMAN BILL (x) JUGG JACK (x) PROGRES SID (x) HAMLEN

#### [No. of tickets, ----- pieces of baggage.]

THE STATE OF ------ , County of ------

This memorandum of an agreement made and entered into by and between W. H. Ellis, of Tlahnalila, Mexico, party of the first part, and \_\_\_\_\_, parties of the second part, witnesseth:

1. The said W. H. Ellis, party of the first part, agrees to furnish said parties of the second part 60 acres of land, or more, according to size of family and working force, situated in the State of Durango, Republic of Mexico, 40 acres of which land is to be planted in cotton and 15 acres to be planted in corn, all of which is to be worked in a skilful and workmanlike manner and under the direction and supervision of the party of the first part, or his representative, said party of the first part reserving the right to hire labor and have said land properly worked. If said parties of the second part should fail to properly work said land, the expense of such labor to be charged to the parties of the second part.

2. The party of the first part agrees to donate or give to the parties of the second part, free of rent, 5 acres of arable land, to be used for the sole purpose of cultivating such vegetables as may be necessary for the sustenance of the family. Under no circumstances are said 5 acres of land to be used for any other purpose than the cultivation of vegetables.

3. The 60 acres of land, or more, rented to the parties of the second part by the parties of the first part shall be free of grubs and all obstacles in the way of farming.

4. The party of the first part obligates himself to furnish the parties of the second part water, free of charge, for irrigation purposes, but in such quantity only as is proportionate to the amount received through the canal for the Tlahualilo Company.

5. All farming implements, such as are used in the United States, and mules and teams for farming purposes and for harvesting purposes, to be furnished free to the parties of the second part by the party of the first part, and food for said teams as well, the parties of the second part obligating themselves to return all of said implements and teams at the end of the year, in as good condition as received, the natural wear and tear excepted, but holding themselves liable for all negligence in breaking said implements or injuring said animals. Said party of the first part agrees to furmoney or merchandise are furnished to each colonist, according to this clause, will be paid to the company by the colonists from their 50 per cent of the crop of the year in which the company makes the advance.

18. The product of the crops of cciton, corn, and cotton seed will be divided as follows: 50 per cent for the colonists, 40 per cent for the company, and 10 per cent for only five years for Mr. Ellis as a remuneration for his labor, which as colonization agent he gives to the company. The company as a remuneration also shall give to Mr. Ellis 50 per cent of the passage money of the colonists, which, as previously expressed, is to be collected from the colonist from their part of the second crop of the land which they cultivate, with the understanding that the price of the passage of each colonist shall not exceed, as already expressed, the sum of \$20 American money for each colonist.

19. The company shall enjoy the preference to acquire all the cotton, cotton seed, corn, and every other seed belonging to the colonists in each crop.

20. Mr. Ellis shall organize the colony, determining their appurtenances, and shall indicate to the company the persons who represent them, and arrange all the matters which concern them.

21. The implements of agriculture necessary for the colonists shall be determined by Mr. Ellis in agreement with the colonists; and the company, as expressed in a previous clause, is to furnish them.

<sup>22.</sup> Mr. Ellis may establish on the company's land one or more stores, as may be necessary for the colonists, being subject to the regulations of the company on this point.

<sup>4</sup> 23. The company shall give preference to Mr. Ellis for every contract for colonization which it may make in future, and in case that other colonists come to Thahualilo, on account of or by relation with the colonists which Mr. Ellis obligates himself to establish, and if the company agrees to receive them, then Mr. Ellis shall receive 10 per cent of the crops of cotton, cotton seed, and corn produced by these colonists for five years, counting from the time that the company admits them installed.

24. The colonist can not dispose of his part of the crop of each year without a previous liquidation with the company and payment of his debts to it.

<sup>25</sup> Mr. Ellis will arrange his contract with the colonists in such terms that they shall be obligated to fulfill the requirements of this contract and accept the stipulation referring to them.

26. Besides the recompense assigned to Mr. Ellis for his work and expenses he can claim nor require nothing else.

27. Mr. Ellis obligates himself that at the latest the 100 familes which he is to bring from the United States shall be at Tlabualilo by February 15, 1885, and in condition expressed. If by said date he has not fulfilled his obligation the company shall not be compelled to receive the colonists nor to pay their passage nor to fulfill any of the obligations imposed; but on the contrary shall have the right to require a reimbursement for the sums furnished Mr. Ellis, taking the guaranty furnished to the company by Mr. Ellis.

28. Every difference which may arise on account of this contract shall be settled by the Mexican courts, to whose jurisdiction the contracting particle expressley subject themselves, and in conformity with existing laws, renouncing in effect expressly the foreign feature of their dominiles, whatever that may in future be.

#### Legal forms.

Further agreement, that annually shall be liquidated the accounts by paying the quantities which each colonist may owe the company on account of ready money, provisions, and medicine advanced, and this value shall be received by the company from colonists, 50 per cent of the crop of that year, and that in a year of short crop the company, acting with prudence, shall collect only a part of the debts, and the rest from the crop of the following year. It is agreed that the colonists shall pay to the company the value of the animals which die in their possession, also the value of the value of the tools which they break, injure, or destroy.

Recorded by the notary public in Mexico December 11, 1894. [See form of contract in Ellis's letter of May 31, 1895, above.]

#### Arrivals at Tlahualilo, Mexico, February 6, 1895.

No.	Name.	From-	Age.	Male.	Female.
1	1. Joe Cardwell 2. Mary Cardwell	Tuscaloosa, Ala	50 49	1	
	3. Adiss Cardwell	do	23 20	·····i	ĩ
<u>_</u> 1	5. Hocastor Cardwell	do	18	1	

# COLONIZATION OF NEGROES IN MEXICO.

. Ni	imø.	From-	Age.	Male.	Female
<ol> <li>Joe Cardwell</li> <li>Mathi Cardwell</li> <li>Vesta Cardwell</li> <li>Stiarlin Cardwell</li> <li>Joseph Cardwell</li> <li>Joseph Cardwell</li> <li>Eddie Hicks</li> <li>Eddie Hicks</li> <li>John Breally</li> <li>Peter Liest</li></ol>	55. Mandiliane 56. John Doaly	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15     13     11     7     5     3     2     1     10     37     45     45     1		

# Arrivals at Tlahualilo, Mexico, February 6, 1895-Continued.

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COLONIZATION OF NEGROES IN MEXICO.

Arrivals at Tlahualilo, Mexico, February 6, 1895-Continued.

No.	Name.	From-	Age.	Male.	Female
110	10. Buben Richardson	Gadsden, Ala	50		
- CT	11. Harred Richardson		40		
	12. Mary Harden				
1 d	13. Bytsy Harden				
. 1	14. Eddy Harden		14		
	15. Eddy Herden.		12		
. 1	16. Garfield Harden		10		
			10		
- 1			1		
· .	10. Cercinl Harden		37		
	17. Luzinda Harden. 18. Lavinia Harden. 10. Cercinl Harden.	do	5 1 37		

Record of deaths occurring at Camp Jenner, Texas, while under charge of Marine Hospital Service.

Record of deaths occurring at Camp Jenner, Texas, while under charge of Marine Hospital Service.

Date.		Namē.		Age.	Diagnosis.
1895. ng. 13	Sid Hamler			18	Confluent variola.
18 13	Arthur Wilson Bessie Rosebarn			18	Do. Do. Do.
14	Clark Hillmen Ollie Johnston			-28	Discrete variola. Confluent variola.
15	Webb Carpenter .			8 8	Do. Do. Diarrhea.
	1895. ng. 13 13 14 14 14 15 15	1895. ng. 13 Sid Hamler 13 Arthur Wilson 13 Bessie Rosebarn 14 Bessie Wilson 14 Clark Hillmen 14 Ollie Johnston 15 Allen Roseman 15 Webb Carpenter .	1895. ng. 13 Sid Hamler 13 Arthur Wilson 13 Beasie Rosebarn 14 Beasie Wilson 14 Clark Hillmen 14 Ollie Johnston 15 Allen Roseman 15 Webb Carpenter	1895. ng. 13 Sid Hamler 13 Arthur Wilson 13 Bessie Rosebarn 14 Bessie Wilson 14 Clark Hillmen 14 Ollie Johnston 15 Allen Roseman	1895.       13       Sid Hamler       18         13       Arthur Wilson       18         13       Bessie Rosebarn       17         14       Bessie Wilson       38         14       Clark Hillmen       48         14       Ollie Johnston       28         15       Allen Roseman       66         15       Webb Carpenter       8

Harry Mason, Hicks Burnett, Henry Thompson, Frank Martin (arrived dead), L. Franklin, Willie Franklin, Lulu May Franklin, Annie Russell, Celia Means, Daisy Waker, John Moore, E. McCluster, Luther Glover, Vina Watkius, Adeline Parker, Gilbert Gaines, W. Hampton, W. M. Merritt, Annelia Lindsay, Mitchell Lewis, Ridley Bonnett, J. Dowy, Frank Martin, William Ellis, Emma Allen, Annie Hamler.

Arrivals at Tlahualilo, February 25, 189
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No.	Name.	From	Age.	Male.	Female
1	1. Henry Moore 2. Nancy Moore	Tuscaloosa, Ala	28 21	1	
	R Sarah Moore	do			
•	4. Mary Moore. 1. L. Cachron	do	23	1	

Mexico!

MEXICAN COLONIZATION COMPANY.

Get ready at once!-Mexico!

Mexico!

Wanted, 500 colored country farm hands, in families, to go to Mapimi, Mexico, to farm on the one-half shares, to start not later than the 25th January; wanted to arrive on the twenty-ninth. Railroad fare will be advanced, together with clothing, provisions, medicines, and all necessaries, until after the cropping year; the greatest opportunity ever offered to the colored people of the United States to go to Mexico, which is better known as the country of "God and Liberty," and which offers unequaled inducements for agricultural laborers in the growth of cotton and corn.

The lands are beautifully situated in the State of Durango, in the northeasterly portion of the Republic of Mexico; lands are cleared and ready for farming purposes, situated on the railroad.

The soil being rich and fertile, cotton has only to be replanted every four or seven years, and can easily raise a bale to the acre, and corn 50 to 75 bushels to the acre, while cotton is worth 174 cents per pound and corn selling at one dollar per bushel. The lands are irrigated by a canal that traverses over twenty-five miles around the plantation, and furnishes water when it is needed. Thus you are independent of rains or seasons and no chance of a poor crop or failure. We will furnish mules that are quite gentle and ready for work; also plows, hoes, harrows, planters, and all agricultural implements that are used in the United States for farming purposes. We also agree to furnish comfortable houses to live in, and give every family during the time they remain on the plantation five acres of land free for gardening for the maintenance of their families.

In consideration of the above facts, we give to the colonists one-half of the cotton, corn, etc., that they may raise on the said lands, they, of course, to repay their indebtedness to the company.

Do you want to join this colony ?

If you do, state the number in your family between the ages of 12 and 50 years, and what will be your nearest railroad station to start from, and if you can be ready by the 25th of January.

We wish to impress on your minds that the great Republic of Mexico extends to all of its citizens the same treatment-equal rights to all, special privileges to none. Send in your lists of families and names at once, or you will get left.

100 able-bodied families wanted for first shipment. After that shipments will be made every 30 days in large numbers.

All kinds fine game, such as deer, bear, duck, wild geese, and all manner of small game, as well as opossum. Provisions worth half what they are in the United States.

There will be one church and one schoolhouse to each one hundred families; you select your own preacher from among yourselves.

You will pay back one-half of your transportation the first year, and four years to pay balance, without interest. No interest charged on any advancements of money or provisions.

You will only be charged up with one-half the railroad fare; the other half will be made a present to you by the company. This is one of the inducements they offer you to come and help settle up this glorious country and better your condition. They need labor badly, and prefer the colored people to the Chinese and Italians. An average good family, who will work and live economically and take care of what they make, can clear from a thousand to twelve hundred dollars per year.

Lands can be bought up in the State of Durango cheaper than you can fertilize an acre in the State of Georgia or Alabama to raise a bale of cotton.

Will take people at Mobile, Montgomery, Birmingham, Tuscaloosa, and Selma, Alabama; also, Meridian, Miss. Write or telegraph me at any of the above addresses, in care of general delivery, or to

> PEG WILLIAMS. Representative Ellis' Mexican Colonization Co., P. O. Box \$45, 42 Wall st., Atlanta, Ga.

Write at once F. T. Williams, Greensboro, Ga.

## Mr. Sparks to Mr. Uhl.

No. 97.] CONSULATE OF THE UNITED STATES, Piedras Negras, October 26, 1895. (Received November 4.) SIR: I have the honor to inclose herewith copies of letters and telegrams, which form the contracts I had with the Mexican International

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# **Columbia Institution**

 Annual Reports for the school, which became Gallaudet

Provides information about the school's activities

• Roster of students and their home states

# TENTH ANNUAL REPORT

# OF THE

# COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB

#### FOR THE

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1867.

# OFFICERS OF THE INSTITUTION.

Patron-ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States. President-EDWARD MINER GALLAUDET, M. A. Secretary-WILLIAM STICKNEY, Esq. Treasurer-GEORGE W. RIGOS, Jr., Esq. Directors-Hon. Amos KENDALL, Hon. BENJAMIN B. FRENCH, Rev. BYRON SUNDERLAND, D. D., DAVID A. HALL, Esq., JAMES C. MCGUIRE, Esq.

# COLLEGE FACULTY.

EDWARD M. GALLAUDET, M. A., President, Professor of Moral and Political Science. SAMUEL PORTER, M. A., Professor of Mental Science and English Philology. Rev. LEWELLYN PRATT, M. A., Professor of Natural Science. EDWARD A. FAY, M. A., Professor of History and Ancient Languages. JAMES M. SPENCER, B. A., Professor of Mathematics. Rev. WILLIAM W. TURNER, M. A., Lecturer on Natural History. Hon. JAMES W. PATTERSON, M. A., Lecturer on Astronomy. PETER BAUMORAS, Instructor in Art.

# FACULTY OF THE PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

President-Edward M. Gallaudet, M. A. Instructors-James Denison, M. A., Melville Ballard, B. S., Mary T. G. Gordon, Elizabeth L. Denison.

# DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

Attending Physician—NATHAN S. LINCOLN, M. D. Matron—Miss SABAH A. BLISS. Assistant Matron—Miss ANNA A. PRATT.

# REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR. 429

# COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF THE DEAF AND DUME,

### Washington, October 28, 1867.

SIR: In compliance with the acts of Congress making provision for the support of this institution, we have the honor to report its progress during the year ending June 30, 1867:

## NUMBER OF PUPILS.

The pupils remaining in the institution on the first day of July, 1866, numbered.		. 96
Admitted during the year	8	
	- 2	2
Dismissed since July 1, 1866 Died	11 3 1	4
	-	- `8
Number now in the institution	•••••	104
Under instruction since July 1, 1866, males, 84; females; 34; tot	al	118

A catalogue of the names and residences of the pupils will be found appended to this report.

#### THE HEALTH OF THE INSTITUTION.

The completion of the eastern section of the primary department building in December last, in which greatly improved accommodations are afforded for the male pupils, has sorved to diminish the amount of sickness in our household usually incident to the inclement season of winter, and we are able to report a year of unusual exemption from disease.

One case of typhoid fever appeared in May, of a serious character, but by the blessing of a kind Providence, seconded by skilful medical treatment and faithful nursing, the patient recovered.

During the vacation one of our pupils, named John A. Unglebower, of Frederick county, Maryland, was seized with gastric fover, and after a short illness dicd. He was a boy of exemplary character and good promise, whose early death is mourned by all who knew him.

On the first day of June last two members of our college, James Cross, of Pennsylvania, and Malachi Hollowell, of Illinois, were removed by death under circumstances of a peculiarly distressing nature.

A large party of the students were bathing in the Eastern branch, when suddenly Mr. Cross was seized with cramp or convulsions, and though he had prompt assistance from his companions, some undergoing great personal danger in their efforts to save their friend, he died before he could be brought to the shore; not drowned, apparently, but yielding to some violent congestion, the action or cause of which can never be definitely understood.

Shortly after the death of Mr. Oross it was observed that Mr. Hollowell was nowhere to be seen, and the sad conviction was forced upon the minds of his friends that he had been seized as was his companion, or that he had lost his presence of mind in the excitement of seeing his fellow-student in mortal danger. His remains were recovered on the day following the accident, and, with those of Mr. Oross, interred in the lot of the institution in Glenwood cemetery.

The loss to the college of these two promising young men is felt most keenly by officers and students; consolation, however, being allowed us in the hope that they were not unprepared to meet the sudden and unexpected summons,

# 430 REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

and in the conviction that the voice of God, as uttered in this afflictive dispensation, has been heard and heeded among our surviving students.

The esteem in which these young men were held by the officers of the college is attested by the following extracts from the records of the faculty :

" Mr. Cross, a member of the sophomore class at the time of his death, was a young man of singularly blameless life and character. He was simple-minided, genuinely honest, and unaffectedly modest. A leading characteristic of his mind was a sincere love of truth, and a desire for an absolutely thorough understanding of whatever he made a subject of study. Without the stimulus of selfish rivalry, he aimed at intellectual acquisition for its own sake and as a preparation for usefulness in life. His all-absorbing desire was to make himself master of the English language, and in this he had succeeded to a remarkable degree. The critical and analytical faculties predominated in his mind, and in his inquiries into the structure of language, as well as on other subjects, he showed a persevering thoroughness and a penetrating acuteness which gave promise that he would be an honor to the college, and encouraged the hope that he might eventually accomplish something of especial value in some line of study.

<sup>10</sup> Mr. Hollowell, of the preparatory class, was a young man of high moral and intellectual aspirations, meditative habits, an impressible and somewhat romantic temperament, and was gifted with imagination and poetic sensibility in no common degree. His temper and disposition were most anniable and lovely. Ho was reverent and conscientious, and had a heart overflowing with love to his fellow-men and to all the creatures of God. He evinced capacities which it was not unreasonable to hope might be so developed and trained as at length to gain for him an honorable name in the world of letters, and to fulfil his desires of thus doing something to benefit mankind.

"Both of these young men were dear to our hearts and full of promise to our hopes. We feel their deaths as a personal grief and disappointment and as a real loss to the college. But God's ways are not as our ways. We bow with submission to His chastening hand, and would give heed to the admonition which calls upon us for earnestness, fidelity, and devotedness in the work which we have here to do,"

A testimonial of respect was likewise adopted by the students, on the evening after the accident, in the following preamble and resolutions:

"Whereas God in His infinite wisdom has removed from among us.by sudden and violeut deaths our fellow-students and classmates, James Cross and Malachi Hollowell : Therefore be it

"Resolved, That our great respect for the characters of the deceased will not permit the occasion to pass without some expression of our sorrow and regret for the sad calamity which not only deprives us of esteemed friends and companions, but also entails upon the college the loss of two of its most promising young men.

"Resolved, That we tender our sympathy to the parents who are by this sorrowful event stricken with grief at the death of fuithful and loving sons, and that we grieve with them and with all the friends of the deceased.

"*Resolved*, That we wear a badge of mourning for a period of thirty days as an appropriate token of respect to the memory of our dead comrades.

"*Resolved*, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to their respective parents, and that a copy be also furnished to the National Deaf-Mute Gazette for publication."

## CHANGES IN CORPS OF OFFICERS.

The vacancy in the primary department alluded to in our last report as having been occasioned by the retirement of Mr. Ijams, has been filled by the appointment of Mrs. Elizabeth L. Denison, a deaf-mute lady, who has for several years

# CATALOGUE OF STUDENTS AND PUPILS.

# In the college.

# RESIDENT GRADUATE,

Melville Ballard, B. S. ..... Maine.

# JUNIORS.

*James Cross, ir.	Pennsylvania.	ī	James H. Logan	Pennsylvania.
*James Cross, jr John B. Hotchkiss	Connecticut.		Joseph G. Parkinson	Vermont.

## SOPHOMORES.

William L. Bird		Robert Patterson	
Samuel T. Greene		Louis C. Tuck	Massachusetts.
Louis A. Houghton	New York.		

### PRESHMEN.

### PREPARATORY CLASS.

	rt W. Branch		Jacob Knoedler	
Cyru	s Chambers	Jowa.	John N. Lowry	Michigan.
John	Donnell	Wisconsin.	Robert McGregor	Ohio.
Rans	om A. Goodell	Michigan.	William J. Nelson	New York.
John	Hummer	Iowa.	John Quinn	
Thon	as Jones	Wisconsin.	Frederick L. d'B. Reid	England.
Isaac	Kaufman	Dist. Columbia.	John W. Scott	
Lydi	A. Kennedy	Pennsylvania.	William E. Taylor	Georgia.
	us H. Kerr		John H. Tims	

# In the primary department.

# FEMALES.

Justina Bevan	nd. Mary E. McDonsid Dist. Columbia. nd. Jane Fines U. S. army. Jane Pines Maryland. fonroe. Hester M. Porter Maryland. nd. Georgiana Pritchard Maryland. nd. Georgiana Pritchard Dist. Columbia. nd. Josephine Sardo Dist. Columbia. nd. Josephine Sardo Maryland. blumbia. Georgiana Stevenson Maryland. susannah Swope Maryland. blumbia. Grace Webster Maryland. nd. Sarah J. Wella Maryland. Sophia R. Weller Maryland. Sophia R. Weller Maryland.
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### MALES.

H. F. Achey J. O. Amoss. Joseph Barnes. James D. Bitzer. Julius W. Bissett.	Maryland. Dist. Columbia. Maryland. Maryland.	Edmund Clark John Carlisle James E. Colleberry William A. Connolly Charles Dashiell	Maryland. Maryland. Dist. Columbia. Maryland.
David Blair	Maryland.	John W. Dechard	Dist. Columbia.
Arthur D. Bryant	Dist. Columbia.	Alexander W. Dennis	Dist. Columbia.
John E. Bull		Peter Duffy	Maryland.
	*Dec	eased.	

#### MALES.-Continued.

Lewis C. Easterday Maryland. Frederick ElsenmannU. 8, army. Robert EhlertMaryland. John P. FitspatrickMaryland. Thomas Hagerty	Aaron B. Showman Maryland. Thomas J. Sprague Maryland. Charles W. Sievenson Maryland. Samuel H. Taylor Dist. Columbia. Henry Treschmann, jr Maryland. John A. Unglebower Maryland. Joha C. Wagner Dist. Columbia. Henry C. Wents Maryland. Thomas A. Williams North Carolina. Wailter Williams North Carolina. Wailter Williams North Carolina.
--	---

#### \* Decensed.

#### REGULATIONS.

I. The academic year is divided into two terms—the first beginning on the second Thursday in September, and closing on the 24th of December; the second beginning the 2d of January. and closing the last Wednesday in June.

II. The vacations are from the 24th of December to the 2d of January, and from the last Wednesday in June to the second Thursday in September.

III. There are holidays at Thanksgiving and at Easter.

IV. The pupils may visit their homes during the regular vacations and at the above-named holidays, but at no other times, unless for some special urgent reason, and then only by permission of the president.

V. The bills for the maintenance and tuition of pupils supported by their friends must be paid semi-annually in advance.

VI. The charge for pay pupils is \$150 each per annum. This sum covers all expenses except clothing.

VII. The government of the United States defrays the expenses of those who reside in the District of Columbia, or whose parents are in the army or navy, provided they are unable to pay for their education.

VIII. The State of Maryland provides for the education in this institution of deaf-mutes whose parents are in poor circumstances, when the applicants are under twenty-one years of age, have been residents of the State for two years prior to the date of application, and are of good mental capacity.

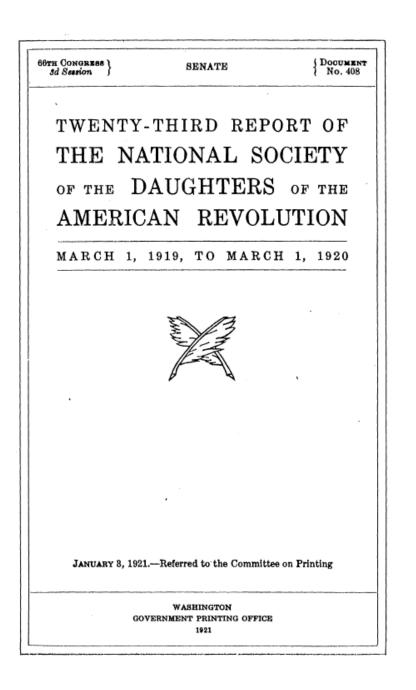
Persons in Maryland desiring to secure the benefit of the provisions above referred to are requested to address the president of the institution.

IX. It is expected that the friends of the pupils will provide them with clothing, and it is important that upon entering or returning to the institution they should be supplied with a sufficient amount for an entire year. All clothing should be plainly marked with the owner's name.

X. All letters concerning pupils or applications for admission should be addressed to the president.

# **DAR Annual Report**

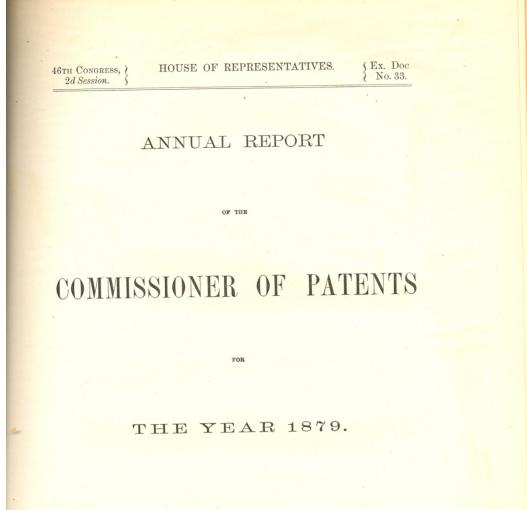
- Proceedings of the society and its patriotic work
  - List of members
  - Graves of revolutionary soldiers
  - Historic sites
  - Attention given historic buildings
  - Local historical investigation
  - Trails
  - Memorials



BRIGGS, ASA. Born June 22, 1755, in Berkely, Bristol County, Mass.; died, 1834, at Kalamazoo, Mich.; married December 22, 1777, to Elizabeth Pauli (born Taunton, Mass., and died, 1834, at Gourdneck Prairie, Kalamazoo, County); October 25, 1832, moved with son, Asa Briggs, from Plymouth, Vt., to Brady, Kalamazoo County, Mich.; Revolutionary service; enlisted May, 1775; served 11 months, orderly sergeant, with Capt. Silas Talbot; Capt. Brown, under Col. Daniel Hitchcock, Rhode Island; 1776 (summer), two months as carpenter's mate, with Capt. Chase on the Diamond: 1776. one month as private with Capt. James Briggs; 1776, four months steward, with Capt. Isaac Jones on sloop Retallation; 1777, five weeks with Capt. Moore. from Vermont: October. 1778. two months as sergeant with Capt. Sawyer; on first cruise captured five merchantmen, including the armed Jane: on second cruise, captured a cargo of provisions for the British Army: placed on pension roll October 9, 1833; buried in the Gourdneck Prairie Cemetery. Grave located by Lucinda Hinsdale Stone Chapter, Kalamazoo, Mich.

of the Revolution. In 1781 was made a colonel in the Virginia line. He was 114 years old at the time of his death. Buried in Georgetown, Ky., cemetery. Grave located by Big Spring Chapter.

- BURBRIDGE, GEORGE. Private in the Virginia Militia; buried on the old home place near Stamping Ground, Ky. Grave located by Big Spring Chapter.
- BUBGH, GEORGE. Private in Virginia Militia; buried in the Rodes and Burch burying ground on the Long Lick Pike, Ky. Grave located by Big Spring Chapter.
- BURGESS, IOHABOD. Bord April, 1752; died December 17, 1834; burled between Wayne and Stricklands Ferry, Me., beside his wife Keziah, who died September 5, 1842, aged 82 years 4 months. He served three years in Capt. Charles Church's company, and then reenlisted for period during war in Col. Vose's regiment. Grave located by Mary Kelton Dummer Chapter.
- BUTCHER, SAMUEL. Burled in Kincheloe Cemetery, Staunton Pike, near Parkersburg, W. Va. Grave located by James Wood Chapter.
- BOURNS, JOHN. Born 1747; died 1842; buried in Willow Glen Farm, near Waynesboro, Pa. Grave located by Franklin County Chapter.
- CALDWELL, AARON. Born 1749; died 1800; burled in Green Mount Cemetery, Vt. Grave located by Marguls de Lafayette Chapter.



WASHINGTON: GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE. 1880.

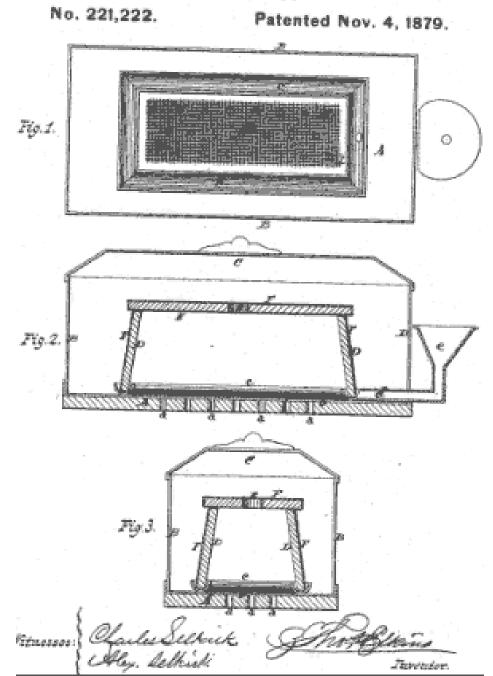
# INDEX OF PATENTS ISSUED - FROM THE

Alphabetical list of patentees for the year, 1879-Continued.

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No.		Name, residence, and invention.	Date.			Spec.	Dr'g.	Vol.	Page.	
×	anatanganganging topt 5								Cherry Pre-	
221, 222	Elkins, Thomas, A	lbany, N. Y. Refrigerating apparatus.	····· N	lov.	4, 18		91	24	16	824
	213, 881	Elliott, Benton, Ellsworth, Wis. Shoe-holder	Apr. 1, 1879	165	84 48	$10 \\ 15$	272 494			
	214,378 216,030	Elliott, Charles J., and H. B. McCool, Pottsville, Pa. Hydrant-valve SameOscillating valve	Apr. 15, 1879	782 27	220	15     15	589- 888			
	221, 292	Elliott, Charley R., Golden, Colo. Bag and sack fastener	Nov. 4, 1879	167	7,8 45	15	835			
	217,080 213,882	Elliott, James F., Princeton, Ill. Water-trough for hogs. Elliott, James R., assignor of one-half interest to F. P. Laws, Beebe Station, Ark.	July 1, 1879	176	51	16	24			
		Fence		166	49	15	494			
	211, 138 213, 982	Elliott, Josiah S., Chelsea, Mass. Harvester-grinder Elliott, Reginald H., Kirkwood, Mo. Water-heater and steam-generator	Jan. 7, 1879		21 82	15     15	9			
		Elliott Theodore F (See Hulbert & Elliott)	-	200	04	15	518			
	218, 247 220, 816	Elliott, Thomas J., New York, N. Y. Folding chair. Elliott, William T., assignor to Gold Medal Sewing Machine Company, Orange, Mass.	Aug. 5, 1879	161	43	16	242			
		Sewing-machine shuttle	Oct. 21, 1879	710	188	16	745 -			
	212,912 211,323	Elliott, William W., Denver, Colo. Swing. Ellis, Darwin, Waterbury, and F. L. Ellis, Milldale, Conn. Manufacture of wateh-	Mar. 4, 1879	171	47	15	318			
		kevs	Jan. 14, 1879	299	89	15	39		4	-
	214, 638	Ellis, David L., Homer City, Pa. Machine for dressing millstones Ellis, Frederick L. (See Ellis, Darwin and F. L.)	Apr. 22, 1879	1083	304	15	635			
	220, 817	Ellis, George H., London, England. Stud for boots and shoes	Oct. 21, 1879	711	189	16	745			
	222, 579	Ellis, George L. (See McKinley & Ellis.) Ellis, George W., Philadelphia, Pa. Truss	Dec. 16 1970	547	155	16	1103			
	216, 560	Ellis, Isaac N., and R. W. Rule, Aylmer, Ontario, Canada. Mechanism for convert- ?	June 17, 1879	632	\$ 178	315	982			
	211.390	ing reciprocating into rotary motion	Jan. 14, 1879	374	{ 179	5 15	48			
	219, 851	Ellis, Seth C., Jersey City, N. J. Journal-box	Sept. 23, 1879	917	253	16	557			
	221,674	Ellis, Stephen K. (See Ellis, John H., assignor.) Ellis, Thomas H., Saint Louis, Mo. Car-coupling	Nov 18 1870	621	174	16	916			
	218, 508	Ellis William H., Brooklyn N. V. Umbrella drip-cup	Aug. 12, 1879	467	130	16	294			
	213, 639 222, 477	Ellis, William J., Oaklard, Ga. Seed-planter	Mar. 25, 1879	994	283	15	450			
	, 111	pile-fabrics	Dec 9, 1879	419	119	16	1075			
	222, 882	Ellison, William P., et al., trustees. (See Crémérieux, Balthazard, assignor.) Ellithorp, Solomon B., Rochester, N. Y. Waxing mechanism for sewing-machines	Dec 92 1970	899	259	16	1164			
	218, 119	Ellithorpe, Albert C., Chicago, Ill. Elevator	Aug. 5, 1879	14	5	16	223			
	219, 927	Ellrich, Robert C., assignor to Peck, Stow & Wilcox Company, Southington, Conn. Cupboard-latch	Sept. 23, 1879	1001	278	16	569			3.
	217,352	Ells, Charles S., Moline, Ill. Clevis	July 8, 1879	477	139	16	73			
	211,502 217,733	Ells, Josiah W., Pittsburg, Pa. Hoe. Ellsworth, Henry W., Madison, N. J. Copy-book	Jan. 21, 1879	496 928	$     \begin{array}{c}       141 \\       266     \end{array} $	15     16	67 $152$			
	214, 497	Ellwood, Reuben, Sycamore, Ill. Horse hay-rake		919	\$ 259	}15	615			
	211, 895	Elmenhorst, Walter R., Jersey City, N. J. Centrifugal machine for liquoring hard	Apr. 22, 1079	515	260	515	010			
		sugar	Feb. 4, 1879	83	24	15	136			
	217,004 217,684	Elmer, Elisha S., Hartford, Conn. Hitching-post Elmer, William W., Bay City, Mich. Process and apparatus for the manufacture of	July 1,1879	81	24	16	13			
		salt	July 22, 1879	875	249	16	145			
		Elson & Lauferty. (See Kleinberger, Oscar, assignor.) Elson, W. K., et al. (See Hawley, Samuel F., assignor.)								
		Elster, Justus V., et al. (See Nelson, James S., assignor.)								
	221,044	Eltonhead, Edward Y. (See Wahl & Eltonhead.) Elvin, Andrew, Paterson, N. J. Steam-boiler	Oct. 28 1870	990	262	16	791			
	215,444	Elward, John H., Stillwater, Minn. Horse-power	May 20, 1879	552	162	15	786			

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39TH CONGRESS, ) 1st Session.	HOUSE OF REF	PRESENTATIVES.	Ex. Doc. No. 62.
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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS

FOR

# THE YEAR 1865.

VOLUME I.

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# XLVIII

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	Lock, Hoop, for balling cotton	F. Quant	

**Claim.**—The described arrangement, by which the strip placed on the slide G is advanced to the knife for the severance of the blank, the latter being clamped in position for the second operation of shaping, substantially as described and represented.

No. 51,588.--MARTIN HESTER, New York, N. Y.--Piano-forte Action.--December 19, 1865.--This invention consists of a spring applied to the hinge butts of piano-forte actions at the end of the slit, for the purpose of contracting or widening the same in a regular manner, and enabling the functions of the hinge to be perfectly discharged.

*Claim.*—The application of the metallic spring *a* in plane-forte actions, for the purpose substantially described and set forth,

No. 51,589.—J. M. HUBBARD, West Haven, Conn.—Machine for Husking Corn.—December 19, 1865.—This invention consists in the use of a series of knives arranged with rollers in such a manuer as to cut the ears from the stalks and separate the latter from the former; and also in the use of a wheel and one or more rollers, arranged in connection with the above in such a manuer as to strip the husks from the ears.

Claim.—The cutter D attached to blocks E, in combination with the bars F fitted on the rod H, the arms h of blocks E and the fixed bar i in the box A, all arranged substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

Also, in combination with the parts above specified, the conical rollers L and wheel K, all arranged substantially as and for the purpose specified.

No. 51,590.—MICHAEL HUET, Miamisburg, Ohio.—Washing Machine.—December 19, 1865.—This invention consists of two slotted beaters so journalled as to beat and compress the clothing on each side against a fixed and central slotted beater.

Claim.—The tub A A' B B' C, having at its mid length the vertical slotted partition D D' d, in the described combination with the oscillating two-winged slotted beater E F' f G g II H', constructed and operating substantially as set forth.

No. 51,593.—GEORGE B. JEWETT, Salem, Mass.—Artificial Leg.—December 19, 1865.— The nature and object of this invention are explained by the claim and engraving.

Claim.—In artificial legs, designed for the treatment of the kind of cases hereinbefore mentioned, the above-explained arrangement of the knee joints with respect to the knee rest G, such joints under such arrangement being brought above the bearing of the natural knee on the rest, and so as to be in or about in the prolongation of the axis of motion of the knee.

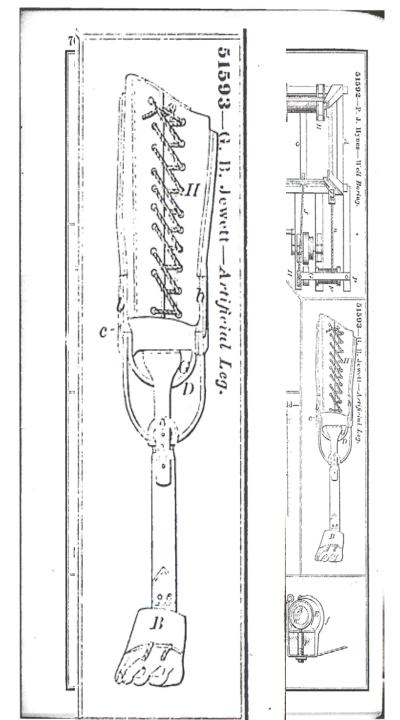
Also, the improved knee-joint, constructed substantially as described, viz., with the joint pin screwed into the external parts of the joint and with one of such parts connected to the other by screws or their equivalents.

Also, the combination of the knee rest, stirrup, or supporter D and its thigh belt, sustaining branches b b with the tibia post branches c  $\epsilon$ , arranged as specified.

Also, the combination of the knee rest G, its supporter D, the thigh belt branches b b, and the tibia post branches c c, arranged as specified.

Also, the combination of the thigh belt or flexible lacing socket II, the knee rest G, the supporter D, and the branches b b and c c hinged together and connected with the tibia post, the whole being substantially as hereinbefore explained.

Also, the arrangement of the retractile strap with, or its application directly to, the knee rest as described.



{ DOCUMENT No. 1348

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS

FOR THE YEAR

# 1910

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· FEBRUARY 2, 1911.-Referred to the Committee on Patents and ordered to be printed

WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE Automatic and Independent brake, Combined. C. P. Cass. No. 079,029; Dec. 27; Sp. p. 6434; Gaz. vol. 181; p. 930, Automatic alarm. E. G. Inlavorsen. No. 973,426; Oct. 18; Sp. p. 4217; Gaz. vol. 159; p. 718. Automatic alarm and gas-pressure cut-off device. O. C. Moon, No. 980,669; June 7; Sp. p. 677; Gaz. vol. 165;

666

p. 111.

Automatic alarm and gas-pressure cut-off device. O. C. Moon. No. 900,600; June 7; Sp. p. 677; Gaz. vol. 165; p. 111, Automatic brake. C. L. Tnylor. No. 071,037; Oct. 4; Sp. p. 031; Gaz. vol. 169; p. 168. No. 077,020; Dec. 6; Sp. no. 101; Gaz. vol. 169; p. 175. Automatic cleaner and polisher. F. H. Farrington. No. 940,727; Feb, 15; Sp. p. 4048; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 703. Automatic cleaner and polisher. F. H. Farrington. No. 940,727; Feb, 15; Sp. p. 4048; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 703. Automatic cleaner and polisher. F. H. Farrington. No. 940,727; Feb, 15; Sp. p. 4048; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 703. Automatic cleaner and polisher. F. S. Sidney. No. 975,644; Nov. 16; Sp. p. 3458; Gaz. vol. 100; p. 601, Automatic cleavator. A. L. Gardner. No. 904,600; July 12; Sp. p. 2364; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 388. M. Nomatic cleavator. A. L. Gardner. No. 904,600; July 12; Sp. p. 2364; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 188. Automatic leavator. A. L. Gardner. No. 904,600; July 12; Sp. p. 2364; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 103. Automatic leavator. A. Hahn. No. 908,646; Aug. 30; Sp. p. 6420; Gaz. vol. 167; p. 1116, No. 956,604; May 3; Sp. p. 6420; Gaz. vol. 167; p. 1180. Automatic lubricator. F. F. Ellis. No. 960,686; June 7; Sp. p. 933; Gaz. vol. 165; p. 155. Automatic lubricator. W. Heilfer. No. 960,686; June 7; Sp. p. 933; Gaz. vol. 155; p. 156. Automatic lubricator. F. Miller. No. 903,457; July 6; Sp. p. 002; Gaz. vol. 155; p. 140. Automatic subricator. W. Heilfer. No. 961,339; Mar. 8; Sp. p. 1781; Gaz. vol. 155; p. 135. Automatic switch. C. D. Rolley. No. 903,457; July 6; Sp. p. 002; Gaz. vol. 155; p. 136. Automatic switch. C. D. Rolley. No. 903,457; July 6; Sp. p. 002; Gaz. vol. 155; p. 136. Automatic switch. C. D. Rolley. No. 903,457; July 6; Sp. p. 002; Gaz. vol. 155; p. 136. Automatic switch. C. W. Kautoman. No. 961,339; Mar. 8; Sp. p. 1781; Gaz. vol. 155; p. 135. Automatic switch. C. W. Kautoman. No. 961,413; June 14; Sp. p. 1780; Gaz. vol. 155; p. 175. Automatic switch. J. M. Rulett. No. 006,836; July 19; Sp. p. 1993; Gaz. vol. 155; p. 175. Automatic switch. C. W. Kautoman

No. 947,806; Feb. 1; Sp. p.

# W.D. P11, BUD; PER. 1; BP. P. N.A. A. 1999 - Feb. 15; R.R. R. A. Modminenzy-occurrent lock for dother mathematical statematical statematistand statematical statematical statematical statematical state

Automobile driving and supporting wheel. P. H. Breed. No. 980,055; Dec. 27; Bp. p. 5705; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 982; Automobile driving gear. 1: J. Rivers. No. 967,626; May 10; Sp. p. 2303; Gaz. vol. 164; p. 414; Automobile driving gear. C. C. Betronhausen, No. 974.773; Nov. 8; Sp. p. 576; Gaz.vol. 100, p. 205, No. 8; Sp. p. 729; Gaz. vol. 160; p. 442; No. 975,200; No. 8; Sp. p. 729; Gaz. vol. 160; p. 444; No. 975,200; No. 9; Sp. p. 729; Gaz. vol. 160; p. 444; No. 975,200; No. 9; Sp. p. 729; Gaz. vol. 160; p. 160; nobile driving hafts, Shock absorber for. C. A. Be-noist. No. 940,953; Jan. 18; Sp. p. 4362; Gaz. vol. 160; p. 717; Automobile dust-pan. W. H. Mullins. No. 971,550; Oct. 4; Sp. p. 85; Gaz. vol. 150; p. 16; Automobile emergency-brake. M. A. Wagner. No. 952,851; Mar. 22; Sp. p. 4808; Gaz. vol. 102; p. 832; Automobile emergency-brake. M. Husten and H. B. Anderson. No. 909,192; May 31; Sp. p. 6563; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 642; Automobile emergency-brake. Automatic. E. Elselt. No. 979,038; Dec. 27; Sp. p. 6563; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 764; Automobile emergency-brake. No. 101; p. 376; Automobile englenc-starting device. E. F. Kussell and E. E. Lavole. No. 075,030; Dec. 20; Sp. p. 3261; Gaz. vol. 101; p. 678; Automobile fender. J. R. Hickey. No. 943,6787; Jan. 18; Sp. p. 2282; Gaz. vol. 162; p. 396; Automobile fender. J. E. Bennett. No. 955,638; Mar. 8; Sp. p. 2282; Gaz. vol. 162; p. 306; Automobile fender. J. P. Randerson. No. 903,300; July 5; Sp. p. 8070; Gaz. vol. 165; p. 620; Automobile fender. J. P. Randerson. No. 903,300; July 5; Sp. p. 8070; Gaz. vol. 163; p. 643. Automobile fender. J. P. Randerson. No. 903,300; July 5; Sp. p. 3076; Gaz. vol. 165; p. 420; Automobile fender. J. P. Randerson. No. 903,800; Aug. 30; Sp. p. 330; Gaz. vol. 165; p. 420; Automobile fender. J. P. Randerson. No. 903,200; July 5; Sp. p. 3076; Gaz. vol. 165; p. 420; Au No. 971.169: Sept. Automobile-horn. L. H. Huchanan. No. 27; Sp. p. 4327; Gaz. vol. 164; p. 631. Automobile headight controller. E. A. Adams. No. 900,763; June 7; Sp. p. 1030; Gaz. vol. 165; p. 178. Automobile heading appliance. C. A. Prezeott. No. 907,263; May 10; Sp. p. 1030; Gaz. vol. 164; p. 288. Automobile-hood. J. Gordon. No. 973,128; Nov. 8; Sp. p. 2387; Gaz. vol. 169; p. 759. Automobile-hoot. A. V. Fiskorski. No. 971,169; Sept. 27; Sp. 4327; Gaz. vol. 169; p. 779. Automobile-hoot. J. V. Gordon. No. 973,635; Oct. 4; Sp. p. 206; Gaz. vol. 169; p. 779. Automobile-hoot. J. J. Spencer. No. 953,157; Mar. 29; Sp. D. 6540; Gaz. vol. 169; p. 1012. Automobile-lock. E. I. Spencer. No. 953,157; Mar. 29; Sp. p. 5640; Gaz. vol. 168; p. 1012. Automobile lamp-operating mechanism, Automatic. J. II. Butterfield. No. 800,062; Dec. 27; Sp. 5718; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 984. Automobile lamp-operating mechanism, Support for, H. J. 071 ADE - A

Altioning in Kroppen and Rubberghave, Jackson, Jackso

Automobile, T. A. Edison. 53; Gaz. vol. 151; p. 11. Antomobile J R Cable

# Alphabetical list of patentees-Continued.

Buch, Royer S., Elizabethtown, Pa. Molding-machine, No. 803,894; App. 51 Sp. p. 415; Gaz, vol. 155; p. 76 Buchalka, Anton, Braddock, Pa. Collapsible 1842 944,207; July 12; Sp. p. 2807; Gaz, vol. 166; p. 822 Buchan, Bug G., Woodbridge township. Middlesev county, N.J. Left-binder. No. 989,9385; Sept. 13; Sp. p. 1708; Gaz, vol. 158; p. 294,9385; Sept. 13; Sp. p. 1708; Gaz, vol. 158; p. 294,9385; Sept. 13; Sp. p. 1708; Gaz, vol. 158; p. 294,9385; Sept. 13; Sp. p. 1708; Saz, vol. 158; p. 294,9385; Sept. 13; Sp. p. 1708; Saz, vol. 158; p. 294,9385; Sept. 13; Sp. p. 1708; Saz, vol. 158; p. 294,9385; Sept. 13; Sp. p. 1708; Saz, vol. 158; p. 294,9385; Sept. 13; Sp. p. 1708; Saz, vol. 158; p. 294, Saz, Vol. 1855; p. 294, Saz, Vol. 1855; p. 294, Saz, Vol. 1955; p. 294, Sa

Buchanan Foundry Company, The. (See Brown, Thomas

Buchanan roundry Company, Tne. (See Brown, Inomas H. sasignor.) Buchanan, Frank L., St. Louis, Mo. Jig. No. 962,618; June 28; Bop. 50365 (Gas. vol. 155: p. 880. Buchanan, James B., Chicago, Ill. Dentist's finak. No. 963,418; July 5; Sp. D. 917; Gas. vol. 156; p. 1580. Buchanar, James L., es ed. (See Wood, Sidney J., as-simun.)

Buck, William T., Vilets, Kans. Cable-supporting pulley-bracket. No. 977,593; Dec. 6; Bp. D. 409; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 60. 977,706; Dec. 6; Bp. D. 661; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 96. 977,706; Dec. 6; Bp. D. 661; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 96. 976,736; Dec. 13; Bp. 1662; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 976, 976, 124; Dec. 13; Bp. 1662; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 663, 976, 124; Dec. 13; Bp. 1652; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 663, 976, 124; Dec. 13; Bp. 1652; Gaz. vol. 161; p. 663, 90; George J., and Gaz. Vol. 161; p. 663, Buckey, George J., and J. Buckey, Market M., and M. (1990) Buckey, George J., and J. Buckey, Science J. Buckey,

# asignor.) Buckeys, George J., and J. Buerlein, Jollet, Ill. Cement. brick machine. No. 954,418; Apr. 12; Sp. p. 1529; Buckeys Eiteel Casings Company, The. (See Bush, Samuel P. assignor.) Buckham, George T. (See Dawson and Buckham.) Buckham, George T., assignor to Vickers Sons J.

# Buchanan, James W, Asheville, N. C. Beversible plow. No. 966,761 ; Aug. 9 ; 85, p. 2080 ; Gar. vol. 187 , play. UNNITOD ! VOI Buchanan, B ignor Boston, 88 e-horn. No. Buchenzerg, Aivin E., assignor, by mask, vol. 100; p. 464. Buchenzerg, Aivin E., assignor, by mask, vol. 100; p. 464. Buchenzerg, Aivin E., assignor, by messe assign-ing the state of the TAD

Switzerland, Aztomatie wild scattering of the like, No. 952,725; Mar. 22; Bp. p. 4027; Oaz. vol. 132; p. 588.
 Bichler, Hana, aasignor to Stanwerte A. G., Zurich, Switzerland, Automatic valve or gate for weirs or the like, No. 972,902; Oct. 18; Sp. p. 3273; (Gaz. vol. 136); D. 199, No. 72,902; Oct. 18; Sp. p. 3273; (Gaz. vol. 136); D. 199, D. 200; C. 199, Sp. 2373; (Gaz. vol. 136); D. 199, P. 200; C. 199, Sp. 200; Sp. 200; C. 199, Sp. 200; Sp. 200; C. 199, Sp. 201; Sp. 200; C. 199, Sp. 201; Sp. 200; C. 199, Sp. 201; Sp. 201;

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Buckley, Arthur H., Cincinnali, Unio. Manutacture or lee. No. 681,839; June 21; Sp. p. 3318; Gaz. vol. 105; p. 560. Buckley, Jerminh C., Detroit, Mich. Tool-holding block. No. 370,177; Sept. 13; Sp. p. 2204; Gaz. vol. 105; p. 575; Buckley, John. Chienco, III. Hundtruck. No. 945,064; Peb. 8; Sp. p. 2483; Gaz. vol. 151; p. 422. Buckley, Joseph, Mathuen, Mass. Steam.generator. No. Buckley, Joseph, Mathuen, Mass. Bicsen.generator. No. Buckley, Joseph, Mathuen, Joseph, Joseph, Mathuen, Joseph, Joseph, Mathuen, Joseph, Mathuen,

Buckley, William E., Chleago, Ill. Portable photographic dark room. No. 949,071; Feb. 22; Sp. p. 4616; Gaz. vol. 151; p. 824.

151; p. 824. Buckman, Edward. (See Mnxwell and Buckman, Banc, Baltimore, Md., Ontometer, No. 947,710; Jan. 25; Sp. p. 5997; Gaz. vol. 150; p. 909. Buckman, Walter L. (See Morrison, Sylvanus S., as-terna and State State

Buckmaster, Edward J., Laurel Hill, N. Y. Boller-tube cleaner, No. 960,496; June 7; Sp. p. 516; Gaz. vol 155; p. 86.

135; p. 86. Buckminster, Ira C. Beverly, Mass. assigner to United Shoe Machinery Company, Paterson, N. J. Press. No. 968,117; Aug. 23; Sp. 4548; Gaz. vol. 157; p. 842. Buckminster, Ira C. Reverly, Mass. assigner to United Shoe Machinery Company, Paterson, N. J. Press. No. 968,118; Aug. 23; Sp. p. 4852; Gaz. vol. 157; p. 842.

# **Military Information**

- Army Registers
- Pardons
- Chaplains
- Official Records of the War of the Rebellion
- Pensions for military service

# LETTER

FROM

# THE SECRETARY OF WAR,

# TRANSMITTING

# A LIST OF THE PERSONS

who

# HAVE BEEN ADDED TO THE PENSION LIST,

SINCE

MAY 28th, 1815, &c. &c.

-

JANUARY 5, 1818.

Read, and ordered to lie upon the table.

WASHINGTON:

PRINTED BY E. DE KRAFFT.

1818.

# LIST OF HALF-PAY PENSIONS-Continued.

# PENNSYLVANIA.

No. of Certifi- cate of Pen- sion.	Names of the guardians of the heirs of deceased soldiers.	Names of the original claimants.	Rank.	Pay per Month. Dolls. Cts.	
9	Susanna Coyle	William Coyle, alias Coil	Private	4	
10	Benjamin Pearson	Joshua Ash	do.	4	
22	Mary Totterson	Henry Totterson	do.	4	
41	John McClelland	James M. Barber	do.	4	
42	Stephen Crane	Josiah Moore	do.	4	
43	John Bell	James Hall	do.	4	
• 44	Abraham Humberd	Samuel Rickey, alias Richey	do.	4	
45	Alexander Johnson	George White	do.	4	
46	John Haddeu	Freeman Wheaton	do.	4	
47	John Withrow	James Williams	do.	4	
51	Samuel Jackson	James Jones	do,	4	
81	Esther Hemphill	Samuel Hemphill	do.	4	
89	Ann Derrickson	Joseph Derrickson	Sergeant	5 50	
93	John L. Pearson	William Price	Private	• 4	
120	Elizabeth Boss	Garret Boss	do.	4	
130	Elizabeth Angel	Michael Angel	do.	4	
131	Sarah Miller	Henry Miller	do.	4	

47TH CONGRESS, 2d Session. SENATE. {Ex. Doc. 84, Part 5.

# LIST

 $\mathbf{OF}$ 

# PENSIONERS ON THE ROLL

# JANUARY 1, 1883;

GIVING

THE NAME OF EACH PENSIONER, THE CAUSE FOR WHICH PENSIONED, THE POST-OFFICE ADDRESS, THE RATE OF PENSION PER MONTH, AND THE DATE OF ORIGINAL ALLOWANCE,

AS CALLED FOR BY

SENATE RESOLUTION OF DECEMBER 8, 1882.

VOLUME V. .

WASHINGTON: GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE. 1883.

# LIST OF PENSIONERS.

4

# DELAWARE-Continued.

KENT COUNTY-Continued.

	No. of certifi- cate.	Name of pensioner.	Post-office ad- dress.	Cause for which pensioned.	Monthly Date of original allowance.		
	$\begin{array}{c} 145,012\\ 125,780\\ 25,083\\ 155,142\\ 190,082\\ 45,245\\ 25,107\end{array}$	Harrington, Alex. S Stevenson, Wm. H Scatt. Dankel	do do do	g. s. w. hand g. s. w. l. knee g. s. w. l. thigh g. s. w. l. high shell w. r. cheek, g. s. w. l. arm w. head	6 00 Nov., 1873 4 00 Mar., 1861 6 00 Sept., 1878		<b>.</b>
110, 155   Morris, Sallie 2	5	da		widow		8 00	Mar., 1868
						8 00	Apr., 1871
[149, 574] Collins, Leah A		largington					
179, 043   Richards, Wm.	J	. do		incised wd. r.	Shrasseeseese	63 6340	Nov., 1880
209, 445   Fleetwood, Cu	rtis	. do		g. s. w. l. arm .		6 00	May: 188?
				g. s. w. shr		8 00	Mar., 1875
111,017   Morris, Daniel							
175, 210 Ross, James D				g. s. w. hand		4 (8)	Oct., 1880
172.761 Hammond, Edi	mund	. do		do		2.00	Aug., 1880
	81,994	Maplone, Sarah	00	dep. mother. wd. 1. side of head	8 00 Aug. 1800 8 00 May, 1869		
	192, 861	Müller, Phillipp	do	rheumatism	8 00 July, 1881		
	184, 400 186, 873	Colline Chart	Lohanan	chr. diarr dep. mother	8 00 Feb. 1880		
	152, 150 180, 752	Miller, Levin Steel, Arthur	Leipsic	g. s. w. r. arm shell wd. l. leg	3 00 Apr., 1878 2 00 Jan, 1881		
	213, 563 87, 115	Wood, Edwin F	Little Creek Ldg.	ep, aw, r, arm shell wil. L leg chr. diarr wd. lt. thigh wd. neck	8 00 June, 1882 8 00 May, 1871		
	67, 363 158, 238	Sullivan, Chas. H Stubba, Edward	do	wd. neck	2 60 July, 1866 4 60 July, 1879		
	73, 228	Dodd, Wm. H	Magnalia	g. s. w. r. thigh loss finger r. hand guardian	4 00 Mar., 1875 16 00 May, 1882		
					S 00 Anir 1871		
	112, 429	Joseph, Thos. II	do	g. s. w. hand	3 00 July, 1+71		
	91,012 123,454	Smith, Ann R Watson, Jane	Milford	widow	8 00 Mar., 1867 8 00 Jan., 1869		
	88,052	Young, Diana	do	dep. morroe loss ring-finger g. s. w. band widow do do do widow 1812.	8 00 Dec. 1866 17 00 Mar., 1863		
	28, 123 16, 726	Wilson, Elizabeth II Darby, Nancy M	do	widow 1812			
	16 170	Dall Ann D	da	do 	8 00 Sept., 1878 8 00 Feb., 1879		
	21, 590 95, 675	Lynch, Sarah B		do	8 00 Mar., 1879 8 00 Feb., 1809		
	70, 320	Hinson, Jno. S	do	do wd. r. shr wd. of body inj. r. ankle	6 00 'Sept., 1866 4 00 Dec., 1880		
					2 00 Nov., 1880 8 00 Oct., 1967		
	100, 452 124, 165	Grant, Oscar	do	g. s. w. r. thigh	8 00 July, 1873		
	184, 581 186, 973	Davis, Caleb W Clandaniel, Sam'l T	do	widow g. s. w. r. thigh wd. rt. thish wd. head & stomach	6 00 Mar., 1881 6 00 Apr., 1881 3 00 Feb., 1880		
	165, 678	Trubbard, Joseph S	do	wd. head	4 00   Nov., 1875		
	117, 721	Havelock, Wm	do	wd. rt. leg wd. rt. arm	2 00 July, 1872 4 00 Mar., 1879		
	152, 032 140, 157	Mitchell, Andrew Wiswell, Fred'k C Cubbage, Luther F	do	wd, rt. arm wd, lt, thigh & rt. hip wd, head.	6 00 Apr., 1878 8 00 July, 1876		
	197, 602 125, 106	Cubbage, Luther F Orlean, De Witt	do	wd. lt. hip wd. hand & lt. thigh	2 00 Nov., 1881 10 00 Sept., 1873		
	125, 106	Brown, James R		chr. diarrhea	8 00 July, 1880 4 00 Mar., 1864		
	150, 870	Ridgway, Cornelius	do	wd. If. breast	4 00 LJan., 1878		
	140, 885 58, 200	Barcus, Peter L Davis, Lowellon T Gear, Wm. T		wd. rt. hand wd. rt. thigh & rt. sho	12 00   Aug., 1876 10 00   Feb., 1866 2 00   New 1862		
	11 241 1	Dill Samuel S		w. lt. chest	6 00 Nov., 1803 5 00		
	151,200	Scotten, Julia A	Smyrna	dep. mother	8 00 June, 1871 8 00 July, 1864		
					32 00 Aug., 1878		
	9,772	Jones, Ellen.	do	widow widow 1812	8 00   Mar., 1881 8 00   Oct., 1878 30 00   Feb., 1880		
	101, 039	arroroto, and flot a					

32d Congress, 2d Session.

# [HO. OF REPS.]

Ex. Doc. No. 48.

ARMY REGISTER FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1851.

# LETTER

# FROM

# THE SECRETARY OF WAR,

# TRANSMITTING

A transcript of the Official Army Register for the year ending 30th June, 1851.

FEBRUARY 12, 1853 .- Ordered to be printed.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington, February 8, 1853.

SIR: In compliance with a resolution of the House of Representatives of June 14, 1848, I have the honor to transmit herewith a transcript of the official Army Register for the year ending 30th June, 1851, showing the annual pay of each officer of the army, the amount paid him for rations, servants, and forage, and the gross amount paid or allowed him in all respects, for and on his account, for and during the preceding fiscal year.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, C. M. CONRAD, Secretary of War.

Hon. LINN BOYD, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

# ARMY LIST

Cont	tinueri		, 	•н.	Do	c. 48	<b>3.</b>			*43			Name	r, rank, and date of co	mmission.		or com- is of prior	her of months for telt pay accounts received.		<b>18</b> .	Allowance for servants.	.0
rations, forage.			a of bag	r court	topogra		servants.		Remarks.									Number which are rec	Pay.	Rations	Allow	Forage.
Am'nt of pay, servants, and	Fuel.	Querters.	ransportation gage.	Per diem for cou martial duty.	Per diem for topog	Forage in kind.	Straw for sen	Aggregate.	Actual as				Carter	RugglesJur L. StevensonJur	ne 30, 1847	Sept. 13	3, 1847.	12 12	\$600 00 600 00	\$511 00 438 00	187 00	
₹* 81,590 00	857 50	<u>a</u>	F	-	-	-	. 30 45	< 81,647 95					John A	B. RossellSej	11 1847	8, 1847.	0 1946	12	480 00	438 00 438 00	187 00	
1,178 00	209 52	§351 00						1,738 52	\$27 for quarters, 8 for fuel, belong t year ending Ju 1849.	to fiscal ine 30,			sterne	H. Fowler De Robinson Au First lieutenants.	c. 9, 1847	Bvt., Aug	. 20, 1847	12 12	600 00 480 00	438 00 414 20	187 00	\$144 00
1,105 00 1,225 00	69 98	234 00	<b>8</b> 98 54	<b>5</b> 21 25				1,105 00 1,649 77	\$18 for quarters, 3 for fuel, belong i year ending Ju 1849.					ey LugenbeelJur L. FolsomJur		13, 1847		12	480 00	365 00	187 00	96 00
1,077 20					. <b> </b>		. <b> </b>	1,077 20						S. Hamilton Jur		1847. Captain h	vt., Aug.	19	360 00	365 00	187 00	
1,144 13	69 70	168 07	10 08	60 00			·	1,451 98	836 for quarters, 3 for fuel, belong 1 year ending Ju 1849.	k §9 57 to fiscal ane 30,			Henry I Frederic	R. Selden Sep ck T. Dent Sep	ot. 8, 1847 ot. 11, 1847	Captain b	vt., Sept.	12 12	360 00 506 66	365 00 351 00	168 00 187 00	
$\substack{1,079 & 00\\1,128 & 00\\1,152 & 00\end{matrix}$	47 50 54 42 27 50	156 51 77 84	109 50 66 08	15 00 11 00 8 75			. 51	1,251 51 1,416 01 1,268 09	1849.				Patrick Frederic Clinton	A. FarrellyDec k MyersOct W. LearAn	c. 9, 1847 L. 7, 1848	8, 1847. Bvt., Aug.	20, 1847	19 12 12	360 00 650 00 480 00	292 00 219 00 292 00	187 00 187 00 187 50	
839 00 1,006 00 839 00 839 00	45 53 64 33	45 67	169 54 13 98 100 10	29 75 1 25 12 50			45	839 00 1,251 27 854 23 1,061 60	821 for quarters, 8 for fuel, belong i year ending Ju	k 81 89 Io fiscal			Wm. W	H. NeillJul J. BurnsAug ReadDec	y 31, 1850 g. 12, 1850			19 12	300 00 540 00	292 00 220 00	187 00	
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# ADDITIONAL LIST OF PARDONS.

# MESSAGE

# FROM THE

# PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

# TRANSMITTING,

In answer to a resolution of the House of Representatives of December 10, 1866, a report of the Attorney General, containing an additional list of names of persons engaged in the late rebellion who have been pardoned.

JULY 19, 1867.--Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary and ordered to be printed.

# To the House of Representatives :

I transmit herewith a report from the Attorney General, additional to the reports submitted by him December 31, 1866, and March 2, 1867, in reply to a resolution of the House of Representatives of December 10, 1866, requesting a "list of names of all persons engaged in the late rebellion against the United States government who have been pardoned by the President from April 15, 1865, to this date; that said list shall also state the rank of each person who has been so pardoned, if he has been engaged in the military service of the so-called confederate government; and the position, if he shall have held any civil office under said so-called confederate government; and shall also further state whether such person has, at any time prior to April 14, 1861, held any office under the United States government, and, if so, what office, together with the reasons for granting such pardons; and also the names of the person or persons at whose solicitation such pardon was granted."

WASHINGTON, July 8, 1867.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

# North Carolina-Continued.

Name.	Exemption under annesty proclamation of May 29, 1865.	By whom recommended.	Date of par- don.	
Hiram Graham Stephen Graham Dr. John T. Garland Zeno H. Green Lenas A. Greer John G. B. Grimes Richard J. Gregory W. W. Green, M. D. William Grimes E. R. Gibson Richard Gwyn. William D. Gregory William B. Giles. Benjamin Godwin Julius A. Gray James H. Greenlee James Gaddy W. A. Graham	<ul> <li>do.</li> <li>Worth over \$20,000</li> <li>do.</li> <li>do.<td><ul> <li></li></ul></td><td>Aug. 21, 1665, May 3, 1866, Nov. 7, 1865, Nov. 7, 1865, Oct. 6, 1865, Aug. 15, 1865, Aug. 15, 1865, Oct. 2, 1866, July 5, 1865, Aug. 21, 1865, Aug. 21, 1865, May 3, 1866, Aug. 21, 1865, May 3, 1866, Aug. 21, 1865, Dec. 4, 1865, Dec. 4, 1865,</td><td>ADDITIONAL LIST OF PARDONS.</td></li></ul>	<ul> <li></li></ul>	Aug. 21, 1665, May 3, 1866, Nov. 7, 1865, Nov. 7, 1865, Oct. 6, 1865, Aug. 15, 1865, Aug. 15, 1865, Oct. 2, 1866, July 5, 1865, Aug. 21, 1865, Aug. 21, 1865, May 3, 1866, Aug. 21, 1865, May 3, 1866, Aug. 21, 1865, Dec. 4, 1865, Dec. 4, 1865,	ADDITIONAL LIST OF PARDONS.
cy Heathcock Member o	f rebel advisory board	Governor Holden do do do		Nov. 7, 1865 Sept.29, 1865

# Surprises

• Can't know all 15,000+ volumes

 Always worth looking at, especially for 19<sup>th</sup> century items

• Several cases in point

#### ARTIFICIAL LIMBS FURNISHED TO SOLDIERS.

### LETTER

FROM

## THE SECRETARY OF WAR,

#### IN ANSWER TO

A resolution of the House of April 10, relative to artificial limbs furnished to soldiers at the expense of government.

MAY 14, 1766.-Laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington City, May 11, 1866.

Sta: In reply to the resolution of the House of Representatives dated April 10, 1866, respecting artificial limbs furnished to soldiers at the expense of the government, 1 have the honor to send herewith the Surgeon General's report on the subject.

Very respectfully, sir. your obedient servant,

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

SURGEON GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, D. C., May 11, 1866.

SIR: I have the honor to forward herewith the report called for by resolution of House of Representatives of April 10, 1866, received April 11, 1866.

This report, commenced at once, was finished May 10, 1866, and embraces a list of manufacturers who are or have been authorized to furnish artificial limbs to soldiers at the expense of the government, with the names and residence of each soldier so supplied, the character of limb, and cost, covering 110 sheets of medium paper; it embraces 6,075 cases, viz : Arms, 2,134; legs, 3,784; hands, 44 : feet, 9; apparatus, 104; total, 6,075, at a cost of \$357,728.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant.

J. K. BARNES, Surgeon General U. S. A.

Hon. E. M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

List of all persons or firms, manufacturers of artificial limbs, who have been emplayed or authorized to furnish arms, legs, hands, or feet of their invention or construction to soldiers at the expense of the government. E. D. Hudson, New York city, N. Y. B. W. Jewett, Washington, D. C. B. Frank Palmer, Philadelphia, Pa. William Selpho, New York city, N. Y. D. W. Kolbe, Philadelphia, Pa. Charles Stafford, Chicago, Ill. Douglas Bly, New York city, N. Y. George B. Jewett, Salem, Mass. II. A. Gildea, Philadelphia, Pa. Marvin Lincoln, Boston, Mass. Small & McMillen, Indianapolis, Ind. William Schiho & Sons, New York city, N. Y. Salem Leg Company, Salem, Mass. Jewett Leg Company, Washington, D. C. Richard Clement, Philadelphia, Pa. A. A. Marks, New York city, N. Y. American Arm and Leg Company, Washington, D. C. John Condell, Morristown, N. Y. National Arm and Leg Company, New York city, N. Y. J. M. Grenell & Company, New York city, N. Y. E. Spellerberg, Philadelphia, Pa. B. W. Jewett Patent Leg Company, New York city, N. Y. J. W. Weston, New York city, N. Y.

2

### United States soldiers farnished with artificial limbs.

Name.	Rank.	1'0.	Regiment and State.	Residence.	Limit.	Cost.	Date.	Manufacturer.
			and the second of the second o					-17 III - 1 -
gan. Hiram	Private	1	7th Michigan		Leg	\$50	May 15, 1863	B. W. Jewett,
rms, George W	do	E	3d Michigan		do	51	May 14, 1893	Do.
dams, A. B	do	C	6th Maine			5.9	Nov. 18, 1863	B. Frank Paimer.
dams, I. R.	do	D	11th Michigan	Three Rivers, Mich		50	May 11, 1864	Marvin Lincoln.
dams, E. H	do	C	12th Iowa	Fayette, Iowa	Leg	7.5	Sept. 20, 1864	Charles Stafford,
dams. James	do	11	27th Ohio	Sabine, Ohio		5.5	Oct. 21, 1864	Douglas Bly.
Haback, E. W		A	52d Pennsylvania	Wilkesbarre, Pa	. do	75	Nev. 25, 1844	B. Frank Paimer.
dams, Joseph		1	39th Massachusetts	Assabett, Mass		50	Jan. 19, 1865	Marvin Lincoln.
h. William	de	ï	15th Ohio	Marseilles, Obio		7.5	April 5, 1865	Douglas Bly.
brams, Joseph S		is .	10th New Jersey	Dennisville, N. J.			April 17, 1865	E. Spellerberg.
Atrwatwater. Thomas J			112th Illinois	Manson, Ill	Lour	75	May 27, 1865	Charles Stafford.
Arlt, Michael		1.	26th Missouri				April 27, 1865	Douglas Bly.
		in in	110th Ohio		. do	- 75	Aug. 17, 1865	Jewett Patent Log Co.
Adams, Samuel N				do			Sept. 6, 1865	Do.
Adams, Samuel N		D						D. W. Kolbe.
Armacost, George W		A	6th Maryland					E. D. Hudson.
Abrams, A. J		ĸ	2th N. Y. heavy artillery			. 75	Sept. 19, 1665	
Adams, Lewis	10	.1	20th New York			.50	Sept. 1, 1865	National Leg and Arm C
Allen, L. F	do	1	35th New York	************************************	, Leg	. 50	May 30, 1863	B. W. Jewett.
Anderson, M	do	ĸ	115th Illinois	Petersburg, Ill	(do	- 50	; June 22, 1863	Charles Stafford.
Allen, James	do	C	11th New Jersey			()		B W. Jewett.
Alberts, Wm. B		A	5th U. S. artillery		Arm	ii)	Dec. 4, 1863	H. A. Gildea.
Ackerman, J. H		C	31st Iowa	Davenport, Iowa	- Leg		Nov. 21, 1863	Douglas Bly.
Allen, H. C		E	1st Massachusetts cavalry				Jan. 29, 1864	Marvin Lincoln.
Anderson, John	do	1	21st Ohio				Jan. 23, 1864	B. Frank Palmer.
Allen, D	do	B	1st U. S. cavalry					H. A. Gildea.
Allen, H		G		Philadelphia, Pa				B. Frank Palmer.
Aderbold, E	Deine to	E	6th Pennsylvania reserves	t materpula, t a				
								Wm. Selpho.
Allendorf, James			28th Massachusetts					
Andrews, Joseph		ĸ	- 42d Ohio	. Hinckley, Obio		. 50		H. A. Gildea.
Auderson, James	do		lölst New York	New York city				Marvin Lincoln.
Anderson. George	do	- C	5th Connecticut	do				Do.
Averill, Charles W	do	. г	6th Main+					Do.
Anderson, John	Sergeant	. F	. 51th New York					E. D. Hudson.
Allen. Daniel	Private	. К	7th Indiana	Lawrenceburg, Ind	. Arm	. 50		Wm. Selpho & Son.
Arnell, James	do	. B	14th Iowa	Belvidere, Iowa	Leg			Douglas Bly.
Allen, John		1	22d Illinois	Sparta, Ill.		73	i Jan. 30, 1863	
Ackerlinicht, John F		. 1	99th Pennsylvania	Philadelphia, Pa	.! Arm		) Feb. 6, 1863	
Alexander, Samuel B			139th Pennevlyania			54	Jan, 12, 186	D. W. Koline.
Allen, James G			77th New York					
Applebee George B			6th Maine battery					
Ailen, F. M	do	. A	20th Maine					
Anderson, John L				Anderson's Mills, Pa	do			
Akley, Charles Ackerman, T			50th Pennsylvania 51st Pennsylvania					

#### OF THE

## ADJUTANT GENERAL OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS,

#### FOR

The period of the late rebellion, and to November 1, 1866.

#### NOTE.

In November last the following report was submitted, in manuscript, to the legislature of In reovernoer last the following roport was submitted, in manuscript, to the legislature of the State of Arkansas, as a document accompanying the governor's message. That body, however, disregarding the governor's recommendation that by their order it should be printed, and having otherwise shown their hostility to the efficient management of the adjutant gen-eral's office, my petition to Congress for the publication of this roport, in order that some record might be preserved of the loyal soldiery of a rebellious State, was, on the 25th ultimo, presented by Hon. Henry Wilson, chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs. Subsequently the following proceedings were had:

#### "IN SENATE, Friday, February 15, 1867.

#### "ARKANSAS LOYAL TROOPS.

" Mr. ANTHONY. The Committee on Printing, to whom was referred a memorial of Albert W. Bishop, adjutant general of Arkunsas, praying that an appropriation be made for the publication of his report presented to the legislature of that State, have instructed me to report a resolution in conformity with the prayer of the memorialist; and, if the Sonate will now indulge me, I will state the object of the resolution, and ask for its present consideration, if no one objects, because as the Senate nearly always indulges the Committee on Printing with the present consideration of their resolutions, I do not wish to ask for its messare for the problem service. All the level States have prayered for the proceeding the provide service of the provide service. sary for the public service. All the loyal States have prepared rosters of the men who served in the loyal army, and they have been published, with the reports of the adjutants general of the various States.

"The State of Arkansas furnished over ten thousand men to the logal army. The adjutant general presented his report, with a roster of thoso names, to the legislature of that State, that general presented his report, with a roter of those names, to the registrate of that state, which is now under disloyal control, and they have refused to publish it, so that there is no record whatever of the services of these gallant men. It seemed to the committee that it was due to them that this dereliction on the part of their own State should be made up by Con gress. They have also received a letter from General Grant, strongly urging the publicatio, of the report. Now, if no senator objects, I ask for the present consideration of the resolution.

"By unanimous consent the Senate proceeded to consider the following resolution : "*Resolved*, That the report of Albert W. Bishop, adjutant general of Arkansas, be printed for the use of the Senate, and that one thousand extra copies be printed for the use of the adjutant general of Arkansas, to be distributed among the loyal officers of that State mentioned therein.

"The resolution was agreed to."

For this recognition of their military services in sustaining the national flag and defending the honor of a common country, the Union men of Arkansus are profoundly grateful to the Senate of the United States and General Grant.

ALBERT W. BISHOP, Adjutant General of Arkancas.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 1867.

#### HEADQUARTERS STATE OF ARKANSAS, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Little Rock, November 1, 1866.

GOVERNOR: I have the honor to transmit herewith my report of the organization and operations of the loyal troops of the State during the late rebellion, and the transactions of this department since the establishment of the present State government.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ALBERT W. BISHOP,

Adjutant General.

His Excellency ISAAC MURPHY, Governor of Arkansas.

#### REPORT.

The gathering storm of 1860 was nowhere more sincerely regretted than by thousands in the south. In this State there was sincere devotion to the Union, but her power was mainly wielded by open or concealed enemies of the general government, and it was impossible to stay the tide that swept her into rebellion.

On the 6th day of May, 1861, the State assumed to secede. Union men who were members of the convention, and even signed the ordinance of secession, and those who sympathized with them throughout the State, were for many months powerless in council and the field, and some, indeed, never threw off their enforced adhesion to the southern confederacy until the war had ceased, and the confederacy itself was hopelessly shattered. For nearly a year, in fact, after this attempted secession of the State, there was a substantial want of concert of action among Union men, and they quietly submitted to what they could not prevent, or fled for security to the caves and hills. Thus wore away the first year of the war.

After the battle of Pea Ridge, in March, 1862, and while General Curtis was traversing the northern portion of the State from the Upper White river to Helena, on the Mississippi, the Union men of Arkansas began to appear within the federal lines, and efforts for their military organization were promptly made. Some of them, meantime, participated in the battle referred to, fighting with whatever regiment they fell in with; and when General Curtis arrived at Batesville, he found several hundred men ready to enter the service of the United States. For weeks they had been partly organized, and were only waiting a favorable opportunity to identify themselves more efficiently with the Union cause. Accompanying the army to Helena, they entered the service as mounted infantry. For an account of their organization and services, attention is called to Appendix A.

The successful issue of the battle of Pea Ridge was the signal for loyal citizens, especially in northwestern Arkansas, to leave their homes for the federal lines. Many came, also, from the woods where for months they had secreted themselves, and shortly there assembled at Cassville, Missouri, a number sufficient to warrant the organization of a company. M. La Rue Harrison, of the thirty-sixth Illinois infantry volunteers, then post quartermaster at the place last mentioned, conceived the idea of effecting this organization, and with great assiduity immediately set about the accomplishment of his purpose. A company was promptly organized, with himself as captain, and attached to the sixth Missouri cavalry volunteers, then commanded by Colonel Clark Wright.

Loyal Arkansians, however, continuing still to cross the border, Colonel

Harrison (as he afterwards became) now determined to raise a regiment, and one to be known distinctively as an Arkansas organization. Without delay he applied to the Secretary of War for authority to raise the first regiment of Arkansas cavalry volunteers. Hon. John S. Phelps, of Missouri, then in Washington, heartily seconded his efforts, and by dint of no little persistency succeeded in obtaining a special order to raise the regiment. At first the department was averse to granting the order, but the loyalty of these men admitted of no doubt, and on the 16th day of June, 1862, the order was issued.

As will more fully appear from Appendix A, the raising of this regiment gave great encouragement to loyal citizens of the State, especially in the northwest, and was followed, as soon as circumstances would allow, by the organization and muster in for three years or during the war of the first and second regiments of Arkansas infantry, the second Arkansas cavalry, and battery A, first Arkansas light artillery. To the commanders of these and all other organizations sent by Arkansas into the field to maintain the integrity of the Union, great credit is due for the prosecution of their labors under circumstances both extraordinary and anomalous.

A large proportion of the population of the State had in one form or another identified themselves with the rebellion. Public sentiment was disloyal, and a citizen of the State could do no act so odious to the majority as enlisting in the federal army. It was regarded as the clearest evidence of treason, and for a time there was a strong disposition not to accord to "Arkansas federals," as they were termed, the rights of prisoners of war. Happily, however, wiser counsels prevailed, and this feature in warfare, which at first seemed to be culminating in the worst form of retaliation, was no longer observable.

After the occupation of Helena by the United States forces in the summer of 1862, it was thought advisable that a military governor for the State should be created, and a commission was accordingly issued to Hon. John S. Phelps, to whom the following instructions were given :

#### WAR DEPARTMENT,

#### Washington City, July 19, 1862.

StR: The commission you have received expresses on its face the nature and extent of the duties and power devolved on you by the appointment of military governor of Arkansas.

Instructions have been given to Major General Butler to aid you in the performance of your duty and the exercise of your authority. He has also been instructed to detail an adequate military force for the special purpose of a governor's guard, and to act under your directions.

It is obvious to you that the great purpose of your appointment is to reestablish the authority of the federal government in the State of Arkansas, and to provide the means of maintaining peace and security to the loyal inhabitants of that State, until they shall be able to re-establish a civil government. Upon your wisdom and energetic action much will depend in accomplishing that result. It is not deemed necessary to give any specific instructions, but rather to confide in your sound discretion to adopt such measures as circumstances may demand. Specific instructions will be given when requested. You may rely upon the perfect confidence and full support of the department in the performance of your duties.

With respect, I am, your obedient servant,

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

Hon. JOHN S. PHELPS,

Military Governor of Arkansas.

## First regiment Arkansas cavalry volunteers. Mustered into service August 7, 1862, (three years ; ) mustered out August 23, 1865. COMPANY A .- Continued.

Names.	Rank.	Enlistment.	Muster.	Romarks.
Killed.				
Burrows, Reuben B.	Private	May 10 1862	July 3 1869	Killed in action at battle of Fayetteville, Arkansas, April 18, 1863.
aughman, Nelson	do	Oct 31 1869	Aur 14 1067	Willed in pation in Washington and the state
Loomer, Richard W		Feb. 18 1863	Ang 14 1862	Killed in action in Dustan constant taken of the states
Day, Joshua W.	do	Nov 9 1869	Nam 0 1860	Chas at Dans Carlab Anh and H
Echols, James		Nov 9 1869	Nov 4 1969	Shot at Fort Smith, Ark., while a prisoner of war, by order of Major Gen. Hindman Shot at Fort Smith, Ark., while a prisoner of war, by order of Major Gen. Hindman
Heridon, George	do	Inna 93 1860	Inl. 2 1000	Filled has an adding to Mr. At-
LIXOD Licorgy	do	Termin 18 1000	Testes > 1000	Killed by guerillas in Washington county, Arkansas, April 7, 1864.
Holmesly, Randolph L	do	June 25, 1862	July 3 1869	Killed in action in Searcy county, Arkansas, December 25, 1863.
Holmesiy, Randolph L	do	Nov. 12, 1862	Aug. 14, 1863	Killed by gnerilas in Washington county, Arkansas, August 27, 1864.
Lessee. I nomas	00	1000 5 186f	Thinks 201 1264	1711 J L. South of D. start will be the start of the star
Littreit, william I		Sent 23 1863	Nov 4 1861	Killed ha marillas at Huntarilla Ashan an A hoar
MAISBAIL WITHIN T.		Muse 15 1664	1 man 20 19:21	Killed by guerillas in Washington county, Arkansas, October 8, 1864.
Nelson, George W	do	May 14 1869	Inly 2 1660	Promoted to corporal July 3, 1862. Killed at battle of Prairie Grove, Dec. 7, 1862
Poor. William H.	de	Tana 16 1960	Testes 0 1000	Killed by guerilias in Washington county, Arkansas, April 7, 1864.
Kiddell, Jonas	do	Yor 9 1860	Nov: 0 1000	Killed at hattle of Fayetteville, Arkansas, April 18, 1863.
Shibley, James W	do	Feb 18 1863	Ang 14 1863	Killed by enveloped a system of the Arkansas, April 18, 1863,
•		1	Aug. 14, 1000	Killed by guerillas in Washington county, Arkansas, April 7, 1864.
Died.				
Asbell, Thomas	Sergeant	June 22, 1862	July 3, 1862	Appointed sergeant July 3, 1862. Died of measles at Mount Vernon, Missouri,
				Angust 31, 1862.
Brown, James W.	Private	Nov. 14, 1862	Aug. 14, 1863	Died of dropsy in regimental hospital, Fayetteville, Arkansas, July 3, 1864.
				Died at Eikhorn tavern, Arkansas, October 18, 1862.
Cardia, Robert G.	do	Inno 91 1960	Tula 2 1000 1	Died at Mount Vernon, Missouri, September 28, 1862
				Died at regimental hospital, Favetteville, Arkansas, February 21, 1863
Cor, John.	do	Nov. 12, 1862	Nov. 12, 1862	Died at regimental hospital, Fayetteville, Arkansas, January 17, 1863.
				Died at Forsyth, Missouri, June 2, 1862.
Elkins, Kelly	Corporal	May 10, 1862	July 3, 1862	Appointed corporal July 3, 1862; died at Springfield, Missouri, July 28, 1862.
autaber, Albert	Private	Ang 14 1960	Inder 2 1063	Died in regimental hospital, Favetteville, Arkansas, March 22, 1863
Flinn, Thomas	Sergeant	Nov. 12, 1862	Nov. 12, 1862	Died in regimental hospital, Fayetteville, Arkansas, February 26, 1863
Hodge, George W			-	Appointed sergeant October 1, 1862, 1st sergeant January I, 1863; died at Fay etteville, Arkansas, March 22, 1863.
Hixon, William T	do	June 15 1869	July 3 1800	Diad of Wonder sealing in action in Bentan search takangan takangan
nayes, Janes		Nov 19 1869	Nov 10 1860	Died of wounds received in action in Benton county, Arkansas, August 26, 1864.
denderson, Jonas,	do.	Nov 19 1960	Nov. 10 1960	Died in regimental hospital, Fayetteville, Arkansas, January 1, 1863.
	10	Tunno 04 1000	Tul. 10 1000	Died in regimental hospital. Fayetteville, Arkansas, February 21, 1863.
aunivica, same	00	Inna 15 1960	Tel. 2 1960	Died at Flat Creek, Missouri, August 12, 1862
Ouer Joun	do	E.b. 6 1962	Ama 14 1000	Died at Wilson's Creek, Missouri, September 19, 1862.
Mackey, Abram S	do	Nov 10 1803	Nug. 14, 1863	Died of wounds received in action in Washington county, Arkansas, April 30, 1864
Nail, Robert	do	June 10 1900	Inly, 23, 1602	Died in regimental hospital, Fayetteville, Arkansas, January 18, 1863.
Pollard, Moses G.	do	Mar 14 1862	July 3, 1602	Died at Springfield, Missouri, October 16, 1862.
		, may 14, 1602	auly 3, 1602	Died in regimental hospital, Fayetteville, Arkansas, April 19, 1863.

REPORT OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL OF ARKANSAS.

14

Deserted at Fayetteville, Arkansas, February 7, 1864. Deserted at Springfield, Missouri, October -, 1862, Deserted at Fayetteville, Arkansas, March 28, 1865. Deserted at Fayetteville, Arkansas, April 11, 1863. Deserted at Fayetteville, Arkansas, April 1, 1863. Deserted at Fayetteville, Arkansas, April 11, 1863. Todd, Elijah S ...... do ...... Sept. 10, 1862 Oct. Deserted March 10, 1864. 1, 1862 Deserted at Fayetteville, Arkansas, April 11, 1863. Deserted at Fayetteville, Arkansas, June 28, 1864. Deserted at Fort Smith, Arkansas, October 5, 1863. Deserted at Fayetteville, Arkansas, December 26, 1863. Deserted -

#### FIRST ARKANSAS CAVALRY VOLUNTEERS.-HISTORICAL MEMORANDA.

On the 29th day of March, 1862, while the "Army of the Scuthwest" was lying at Cross Timbers, Missouri, M. La Rue Harrison, of the 36th Illinois infantry volunteers, applied for and received authority from General Curtis to recruit a company for the 6th Missouri cavalry volunteers, and proposed to enlist citizens of the State of Arkansas, many of whom had escaped conscription, and were then entering various regiments in the national army.

On the 12th of May, 1862, eleven men from Washington county, Arkansas, made their appearance at the post of Cassville, Missouri, and were sworn into the service of the United States; on the 18th of the same month about twenty more were added, and on the 1st of June the organization, numbering forty-five men, moved from Cassville to join a batialion of the 6th Missouri cavalry volunteers, then stationed at Forsyth, Missouri. On the march, Caprain Harrison learned that many more than men enough to complete one squadron were on their way from Arkansas to join him, and he telegraphed to Hon. John S. Phelps, tendering through him, to the President, a regiment of loyal Arkansians for the United States volunteer army. On the following day a reply was received that the President would accept the regiment, provided it was completed within twenty days. Subsequent telegrams prolonged the time for an additional twenty days; and on the 3d day of July, 1862, the following letter was received:

#### ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, June 16, 1862.

SIR: The Secretary of War hereby authorizes you to raise a regiment of cavalry from the loyal men of Arkansas, to be completed by the 20th of July, and to be mustered into service, subsisted, clothed, mounted, and armed at Springfield, Missouri, by the United States government.

The regiment will be mustered into the service for three years or the war, and will be organized as prescribed by act of Congress, approved July 29, 1861, entitled "An act to increase the present military establishment of the United States," as follows:

[The form of organization, being substantially like that of other cavalry commands, is omitted.]

Lieutenant Colonel Mills, of the 24th Missouri volunteers, commanding at Springfield, Missouri, or other officer who may be placed in command at that place, will act as mustering officer, and will make the necessary requisitions for arms, accountements, horses, subsistence, medical stores, clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and all other supplies that may be required for the regiment, on the proper staff officers at St. Louis, Missouri, or other convenient place in the department of the Mississippi. I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant. L. THOMAS, Adjutant General.

I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant, M. LA RUE HARRISON, Esq., Springfield, Missouri.

Recruiting parties had already been sent into various parts of Arkansas, and squads of from six to thirty men were constantly arriving at Springfield and enlisting in the regiment. On the 20th of June a raid was made into Fayetteville, Arkansas, from Cassville, by a detachment of the 1st Missouri and 2d Wisconsin cavalry, under command of Major Hubbard, at which time 115 recruits were brought out, mostly from Washington county.

July 1. Captain Harrison, with about 200 recruits, left Cassville with the 37th Illinois infantry, and established his rendezvous at Springfield, Missouri. July 3, the authority for nustering having been received, four companies were mustered into the service, and on the 7th day of August a minimum regiment. On the 11th day of August Colonel Harrison was by order of Brigadier General E. B. Brown, appointed chief engineer for the district of southwest Missouri. About the 1st of September the 1st battalion, under Major Johnson, was ordered to join the command of General Brown in the field, west of Mount Vernon, Missouri. It was engaged, September 15 and October 13, in the battles near Newtonia, Missouri, and during the campaign furnished most of the scouts, guides, and messengers for the army, besides being frequently engaged in skirmishes with the enemy's scouting and recounsitring parties. On the 2d day of October, 1862, the regimental organization of twelve companies was completed.

On the 3d day of October the 2d battalion, having been mounted and armed, was sent to the southwest to join the Army of the Frontier, under General Schofield, and during that month it, with the 1st, constituted the advance of that army in its march through northwestern Arkansas. On the return of General Schofield, about the 20th of October, these battalions were stationed at Elkhorn Tavern and Cassville as ourposts, and there remained until the next forward movement of that army. November 11, three companies of the 3d battalion, under command of Lieutenat Colonel Bishop, left Springfield and joined the regiment at Elkhorn Tavern, on Pea Ridge, which place was held by him as the extreme outpost south of the 2d and 3d divisions of the Army of the Frontier, null its second advance, which resulted in the battle of Prairie Grove.

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On the 5th of December, in obedience to orders from General Herron. Colonel Harrison, who had been relieved from duty as chief engineer of the district of southwest Missouri, left Elkborn with eight companies of the regiment and a train of twenty wagons, and moved forward to join General Blunt, then at Cane Hill, Arkansas. On the night of the 6th the detachment camped at Prairie Grove, ten miles southwest of Payetteville. During the night orders were received from General Blunt for the detachment to move at daybreak and join General Solomon near Rhea's Mill. Messengers also brought information from General Blunt that the enemy were west of Cane Hill, and would probably attack him in the morning; that the road between himself and Colonel Harrison was clear.

At daylight on the morning of the 7th the detachment moved forward, but at sunrise was met by detachments of Missouri troops retreating, who had been attacked by Hindman's advance at their camp, two miles south of Illinois creek. A determined attack was made by the enemy at this point, and within half an hour a serious panic ensued, which resulted in the capture of the train of the 1st cavalry and the temporary demoralization of the regiment. Falling back to the Walnut Grove church, Colonel Harrison rallied his men upon the right of General Herron's army, which was met at that point, and advanced with it to Prairie Grove.

On the following day Colonel Harrison made a raid south to the Boston mountains, pursuing some of the routed detachments of Hindman's army, and capturing twenty-nine prisoners.

1853.—On the 8th of January a detachment, under command of Lieutenants Thompson and Vanghan, participated in the defeat of Marmaduke at Springfield, Missouri; Lieutenant Vaughan and Sergeant L. D. Jernigan were severely wounded during the engagement. About the 25th of January a detachment, commanded by Captain Galloway, participated in a raid into Van Buren, under command of Lieutenant Colonel Stuart, 10th Illinois cavalry, at which time a steamer and 315 prisoners were captured. On the 3d of February a detachment of eighty-three men, under Captain Galloway, routed 180 robels near White Oak creek, in Franklin county, and on the following morning Captain R. E. Travis was mortally wounded in an attack upon a party of guerillas who had fortified themselves in a log-house near Thurlkill's ferry, on the Arkansas river.

On the 18th of April, at sunrise, the post of Fayetteville was attacked by the rebel General W. L. Cabell with a force of 1,200 men and two pieces of artillery. After four hour's severe fighting he was routed with scrious loss. The defending force consisted of about 350 men of the 1st Arkansas cavary and a portion of four companies of the 1st Arkansas infantry. The remainder of the 1st infantry and one company of the 1st cavalry were held in reserve. Neitter artillery nor defensive works of any kind were used by the national troops. About this time, owing to the ordering of large numbers of troops from the department of Missouri to Vicksburg, most of the distant outposts were withdrawn, and, in chedence to orders from General Curtis, Fayetteville was abandoned on the 25th of April, and its garrison arrived in Springfield, Missouri, on the 4th of May. On the 9th of August Captain R. H. Wimpy, with two mountain howitzers and a detachment of the regiment, joined Colonel Catherwood, 6th cavalry, Missouri Suate militia, in a raid southwest across the Arkansas river, participating in the engagements at Pineville. Missouri, Backbone mountain, Arkansus, and in several skirmishes, marching over 500 miles.

In September Colonel Harrison attacked a detachment of rebels under Coffee, in the Seneca Nation, pursuing them down the Indian line to Round Prairie, Arkansas, and on the 22d of that month the lst cavalry re-occupied Fayetteville. On the 4th of October a detachment of the regiment, 450 strong, with two sections of battery A, 1st Arkansas light artillery, and one section of mountain howitzers, under command of Colonel Harrison, left Fayetteville in pursuit of the rebel General Shelby, who at the time was moving north from Neosho, Missouri, with 2.000 men and two pieces of artillery. Marching through Pineville. Newtonia, Granuby, Carthage, Lamar, and Greenfield towards Warsaw, countermanding orders turned the column towards Bowers's Mill, and thence by way of Mount Vernon and Cassville to Fayetteville to relieve the garrison at that place, which was being serionsly threatened by a superior force under the rebel Colonel Brooks. At sunrise on the 15th of October a part of the detachment, while in camp at Cross Timbers, and having in charge a train of 25 wagons loaded with supplies for Fayetteville, was attacked by Brooks, but through the timely return of Colonel Harrison, who, having gone forward towards Fayetteville with a portion of his at Huntsville, taking the advance in the pursuit of General Shelby across the Arkansas river.

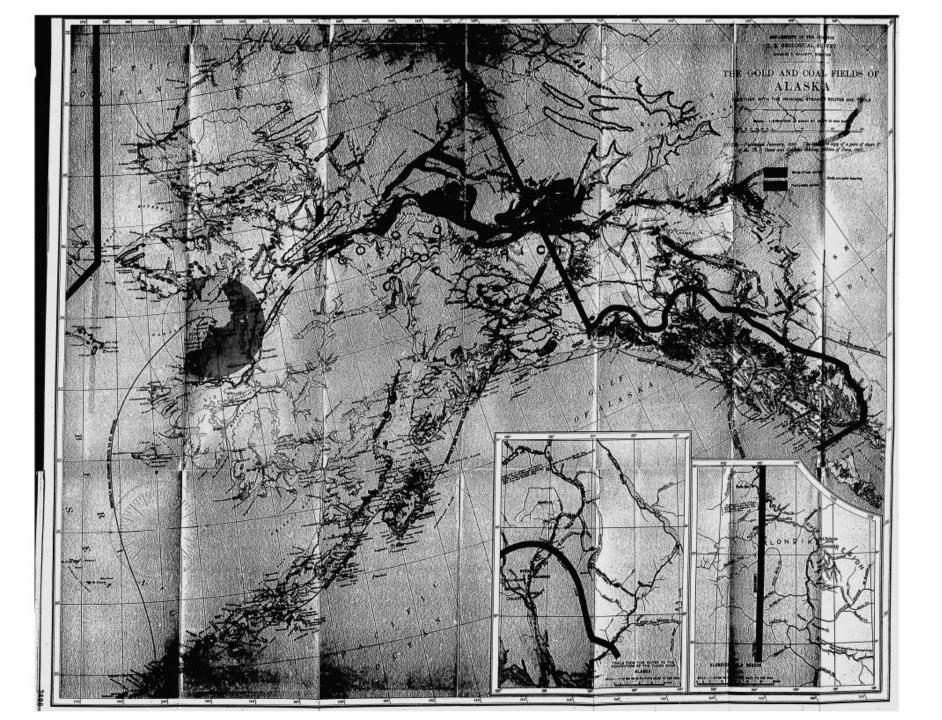
On the 7th of November an expedition, 435 strong, under Colonel Harrison, left Fayetteville, moving eastward, and on the morning of the 9th routed a force of rebels near King's river; and again on the following day, at sunrise at Kingston, at noon on the Dry fork of King's river, and in the evening near Mulberry mountain. On the 11th and 12th Captain John I. Worthington drove the same irregular forces across the Arkansas river, carrying his howitzers by hind across the Frog Bayou mountain; and on the 23d and 25th engaged and routed bands of guerillas near Sugar Loaf mountain, in Marion county, and on Richland creek, in Searcy county—the last time with considerable loss. Licutenant L. D. Jernigan was here severely wounded and taken prisoner.

1864.—During the months of January and February a detachment of the regiment. commanded by Captains Galloway and Boteführ, served in Carroll, Marion, and Searcy counties, under orders from Brigadier General C. B. Holland, from the district of southwest Missouri. They were engaged repeatedly with the enemy, and received high praise in General Holland's official report.

During this year detachments of the regiment were very frequently engaged with guerillas, who were still infesting northwestern Arkansas, and on the 28th of October a concerted attack upon Favetteville was defeated. On the 3d of October the town was again attacked by a largely superior force, detached from General Price's army, then lying at Cane Hi l, the whole under the command of Major General Fagun. The defending force consisted of about 200 of the 1st Arkansas cavalry and such home guards, citizens, and stragglers as could be brought together, the whole numbering 1,128 men. A fort and rifle-pits had been constructed, and the attack, though not pressed with all the vigor that was apprehended, was continued persistently through the day, several attempts to gain the fort and rifle-pits being gallantly repelled. On the following morning the army of General Contral Content of Price, arrived, and, re-enforced by the 1st cavalry, continued the pursuit to the Arkansas river. Here the great raid terminated, and with it active operations on this portion of the frontier.

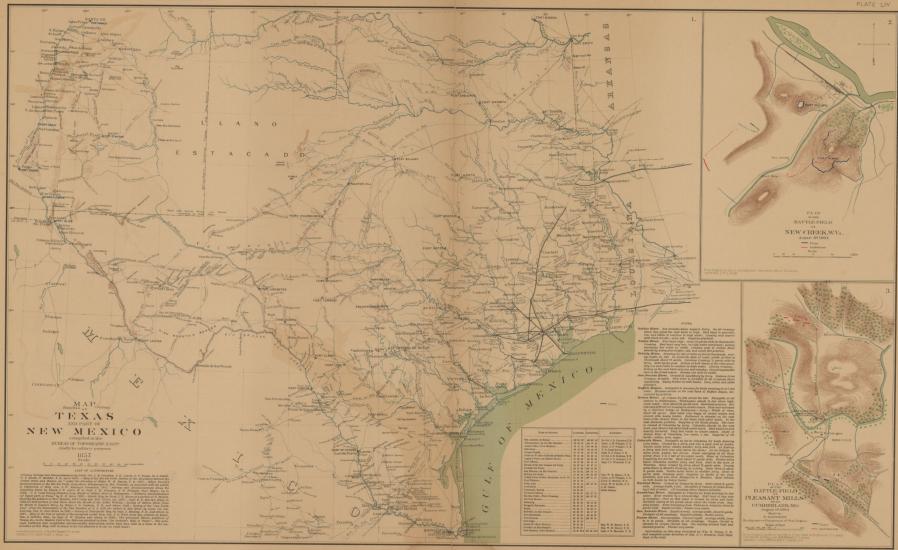
All summer long the 1st cavalry had been actively employed against the enemy, who increased in strength until in the autumn they swarmed through the country; but Price's retreat and the approach of winter secured, for a time, comparative quiet.

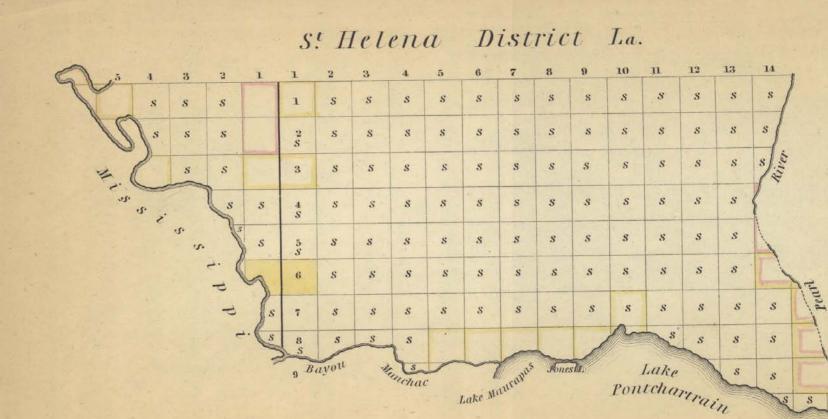
1865.—During this year a relentless warfare was carried on against the small bands of guerillas who infested northwestern Arkansas, and many were killed. The news of the surrender of General E. Kirby Smith, then commanding the Trans-Mississippi department of the Confederate States, was not received in northwestern Arkansas until about the 1st of July, after which quiet was mainly restored; and on the 23d of August the 1st Arkansas cavalry was mustered out of the service. From May, 1863, until the disbanding of the regiment a cornet band was maintained at the private expense of the officers, and at the close of the war the instruments were presented to the city of Fayetteville.











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Townships marked Shave been Surveyed and returned to this Office . Townships fully colored are now under contract Townships colored Yellow on the margin have been partly Surveyed but are incomplete . Townships shaded Ked on the margin are those proposed to be Surveyed .

25 th Congress 2nd Section Doc. II 378.

## Conclusion

- Not a starting point
- Most likely background information or brief biographical information
- Know or think that there may be a reason for inclusion
- Full-text online makes searching easier





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