

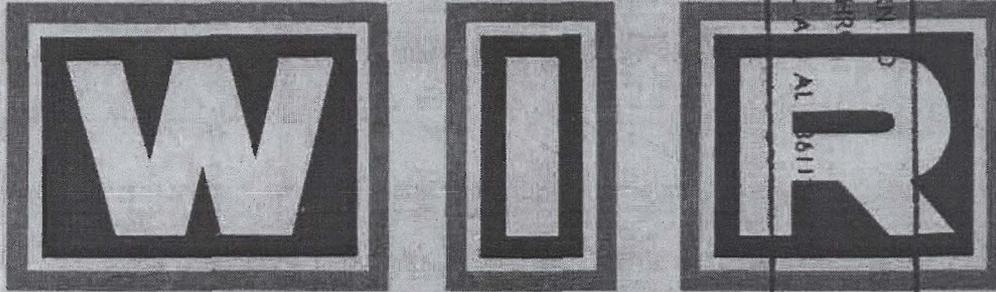
~~SECRET~~



DECLASSIFIED UNDER AUTHORITY OF THE  
INTERAGENCY SECURITY CLASSIFICATION APPEALS PANEL,  
E.O. 13526, SECTION 5.3(b)(3)

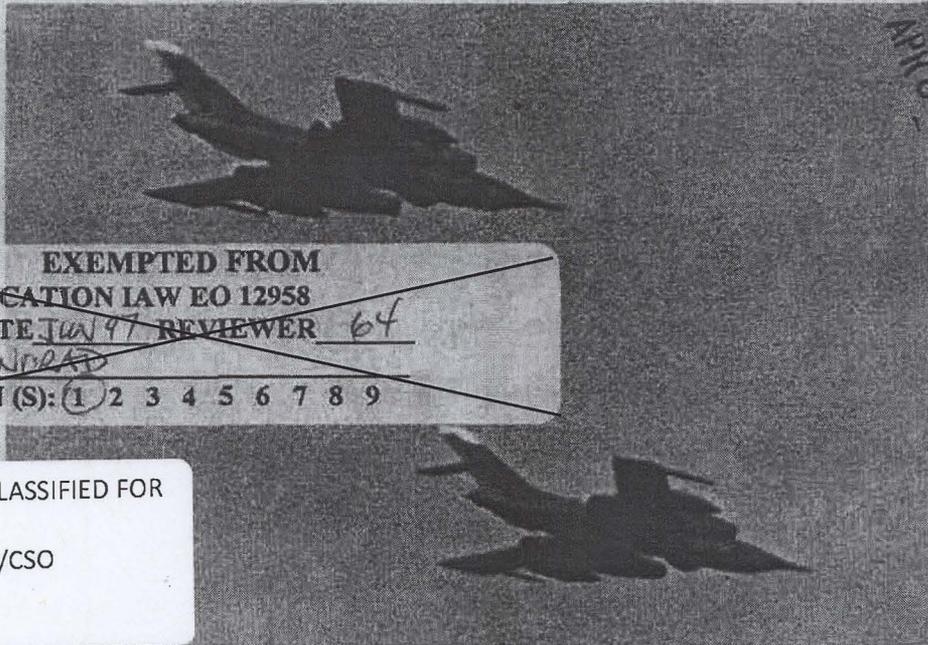
ISCAP APPEAL NO. 2009-068, document no. 213  
DECLASSIFICATION DATE: May 14, 2015

NORTH AMERICAN AIR DEFENSE COMMAND



WEEKLY INTELLIGENCE REVIEW (U)

15410.607-231



REC'D. APR 8 1968  
LIBRARY  
SCANNED BY ACD  
2008

00880696

~~EXEMPTED FROM  
DECLASSIFICATION IAW EO 12958  
REVIEW DATE JUN 97 REVIEWER 64  
REFER TO NORAD  
EXEMPTION (S): (1) 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9~~

DOWNGRADED TO UNCLASSIFIED FOR  
PUBLIC RELEASE  
BY NORAD/NORTHCOM/CSO  
SEPTEMBER 2009

MICROFILMED BY ADW

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

~~SECRET~~

SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED  
This document is releasable only  
to U.S. and Canadian Nationals

~~EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC  
REGRADING, DOD DIRECTIVE 5200.10  
DOES NOT APPLY~~ Group 1

WI  
5A

K. 237  
# 14/68  
5 Apr 1968

NORAD-AE  
547

APR 8 - 1968

Postal Registry No. 250544

~~SECRET~~



~~SECRET~~

Weekly  
Intelligence  
Review

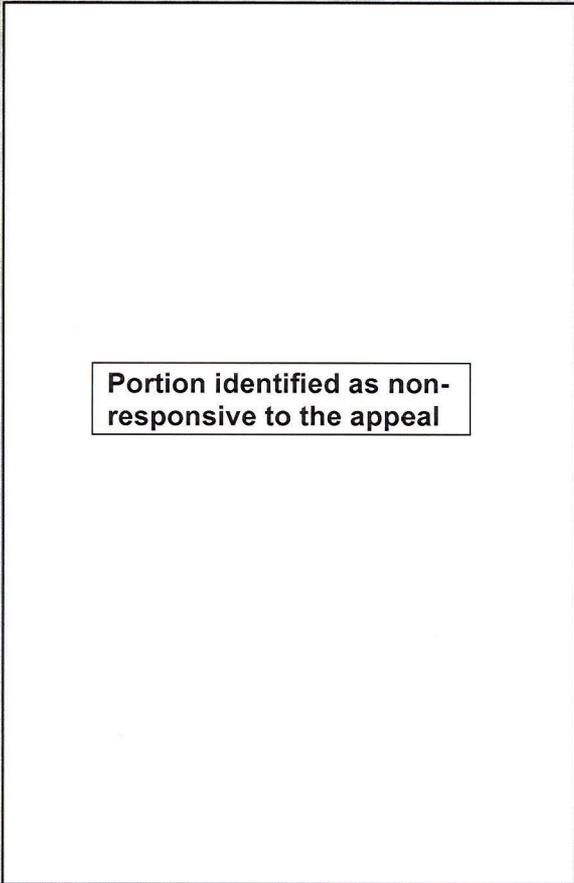
HQ USAF  
MAWEL/AFR  
3-11-68

K410.607-231

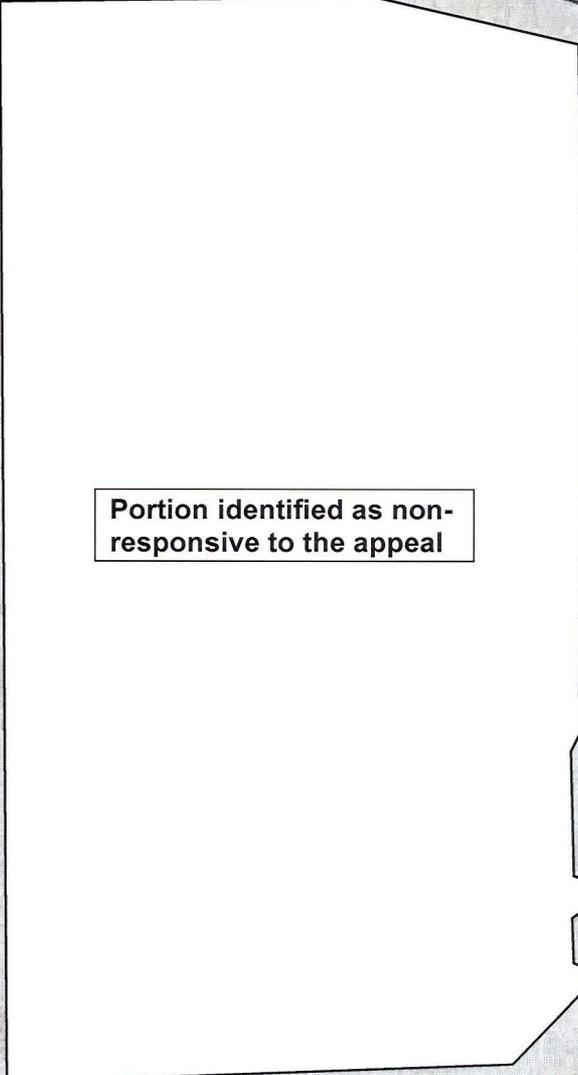
# NORAD

Issue No. 14/68, 5 April 1968

## The WIR in Brief



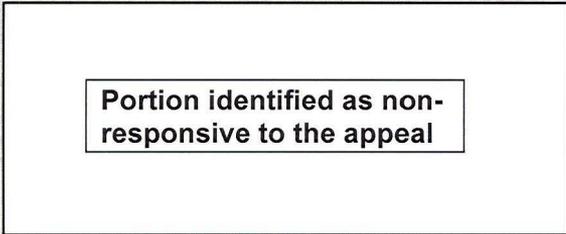
Portion identified as non-responsive to the appeal



Portion identified as non-responsive to the appeal

### Space

PROBE LAUNCHED VERTICALLY ABOUT 2400 n.m.,  
SIMILAR TO ONE LAUNCHED 12 OCT 67  
May have made synoptic measurement of atmosphere,  
ionosphere, inner Van Allen belt,  
COSMOS 208 FLIES 12-DAY MISSION, LONGEST YET  
FOR SOVIET RECCE SATELLITE  
May be first step in cutting costs of program.



Portion identified as non-responsive to the appeal

COVER: BREWER jet light bombers (from  
Aviation Week & Space Technology)  
(OFFICIAL USE ONLY)

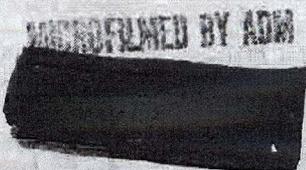
NOTE: Pages 30, 32, 33, and 36 of this issue  
are blank.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

00880696



~~SECRET~~



~~SECRET~~



significant  
intelligence  
on space  
developments  
and trends

### Probe Launched Vertically About 2400 n. m., Similar to One Launched 12 Oct 67

The Soviets launched a probe vertically to about 2400 n. m. from Tyuratam at about 1130Z, 28 March. It was launched by the SL-8 propulsion system, which consists of the SS-5 IRBM plus restartable upper stage. It is the second known probe of this type; the first was launched at about 1212Z, 12 Oct 67 -- also from Tyuratam, using the SL-8, to about the same altitude.

Both vehicles probably had the same mission, possibly to get a synoptic or vertical-continuum measurement of the atmosphere, ionosphere, and the inner Van Allen radiation belt. Such data cannot be obtained by an orbiting spacecraft. These measurements may be related to electron-drift or cosmic-ray research.

It has also been speculated that this flight profile is being used to test components of planetary systems.

(DIA)

~~(SECRET)~~

### Cosmos 208 Flies 12-Day Mission, Longest Yet for Soviet Recce Satellite

Cosmos 208, a military reconnaissance satellite which the Soviets launched from Tyuratam at about 0951Z, 21 March, was de-orbited during the early part of Revolution 191 on 2 April, after a flight of nearly 12 days. It impacted in the USSR at about 0617Z.

This is the longest mission yet for a Soviet reconnaissance satellite. The usual mission lasts 8 days, although two have flown slightly longer missions -- Cosmos flew about 9.5 days in 1963, Cosmos 126 about 9 days in 1966.

Cosmos 208 probably represents a first step in the expected Soviet attempt to extend the mission duration of their recce satellites (p. 10, WIR 11/68). Such an extension could result in substantial savings. The Soviets have launched an average of 24 recce satellites each year during the past two years, at an estimated cost of \$20 million per launch. The Soviets presumably could get as much recce coverage from 16 satellites flying 12-

-11-

WIR 14/68 5 Apr 1968

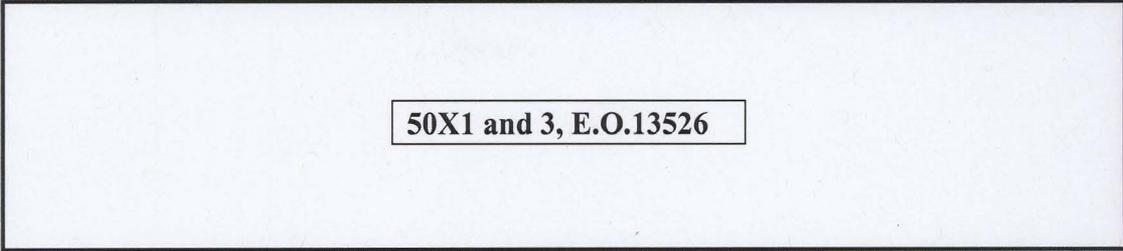
~~SECRET~~



day missions as they have in the past from 24 satellites flying 8-day missions.

Indications, other than extended flight time, that Cosmos 208 was a test of a new or modified payload, [redacted]

50X1 and 3, E.O.13526



50X1 and 3, E.O.13526

It has also been noted that Cosmos 209, a maneuverable satellite launched almost 24 hours after Cosmos 208, was injected into an orbit almost coplanar with Cosmos 208's,

(NORAD; FTD)

~~(SECRET)~~

