

Senior Agency Official for Records Management 2022 Annual Report

The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) requires Senior Agency Officials for Records Management (SAORM) to provide an annual report demonstrating how agencies are handling important records management initiatives as identified by NARA.

NARA uses the reports to determine the overall progress of the federal government in managing its records and the transition away from paper to digital formats, and to identify best practices and model solutions within federal agencies.

On June 28, 2019, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and NARA issued a memorandum, *Transition to Electronic Records* (M-19-21), to ensure that all federal records are created, retained, and managed in electronic formats. M-19-21 gave agencies until the end of December 2022 to comply with several specific deadlines.

On December 23, 2022, OMB and NARA issued a new memorandum, *Update to Transition to Electronic Records* (M-23-07) reinforcing the goals in M-19-21 and extending the 2022 deadlines to June 30, 2024.

Additionally, on January 1, 2021, Congress enacted the Preservation of Electronic Messages and Other Records Act, amending 44 U.S.C. Chapter 29, that requires the electronic capture, management, and preservation of such electronic records in accordance with the records disposition requirements of 44 U.S.C. Chapter 33.

This year's SAORM report provides an opportunity for agencies to report on plans and progress towards electronic recordkeeping and preservation under these requirements, as well as other important records management initiatives.

The reporting period begins on January 9, 2023, and reports are due back to NARA no later than March 10, 2023.

NARA plans to post your 2022 SAORM report on the NARA website upon receipt. Please ensure that your agency's report is a publicly releasable version. This action is in the interest of transparency in government and to promote collaboration and communication among agencies. NARA intends to list any non-responding agencies in a summary report on our website. Instructions for Reporting:

- This template covers records management program developments, including those related to the transition to electronic recordkeeping as required by M-19-21 and M-23-07.
- Please be brief and precise in your answers. Limit answers to each question to no more than 500 words.
- Please complete the questions/items below and send the report to rmselfassessment@nara.gov. Include the words "SAORM 2022 Annual Report [Agency Name]" in the subject line of the email.
- If you are responsible for records management in multiple agencies, components, or bureaus, please determine how you will submit reports to NARA. While NARA prefers a comprehensive report, you may submit separate reports for each component.

NARA may follow up with agencies to obtain additional information and/or documentation related to responses provided in the template.

As in previous years, we will be validating selected questions and responses from agencies. Your agency may be selected at random to provide additional documentation and/or take part in interviews to discuss your records management program activities.

Provide the following information (required):

- Name of SAORM: Shawne McGibbon
- Position title: General Counsel/SAORM
- Address: 1120 20th St., SW, Suite 706 South, Washington, DC 20036

1. What agencies, bureaus, components, or offices are covered by this report and your position as SAORM and which will be reporting separately?

Please provide a list and indicate any that are new or have been changed due to reorganization or other circumstances.

--Administrative Conference of the U.S. (ACUS) [There are no bureaus or components].

2. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, have any of the temporary adaptations to agency business processes become permanent improvements to the management and preservation of electronic records?

Yes
No
x Not applicable, no adaptations were needed
Do not know

Please explain your response. (If Yes, include details of the changes and why they became permanent. If No, or Do not know, please explain your answer.)

--The vast majority of ACUS's records were in electronic format and accessible to authorized staff for all business needs via Office 365 and shared drives prior to the pandemic.

3. Has your agency taken action to meet the goal to manage, preserve and transfer all permanent records in an electronic format with appropriate metadata by June 30, 2024? (M-19-21, 1.2 and M-23-07, 1.1 and 1.2)

x Yes □ No □ Do not know

Please explain your response with specific actions taken, challenges and results.

--The agency's permanent records have been managed and preserved electronically. Since ACUS is still a relatively new agency--having opened in 2010--the time to transfer permanent records to NARA has not yet tolled. There will no doubt be a learning curve when the first set of documents need to be transferred.

4. Has your agency taken action to meet the goal to manage and preserve all <u>temporary</u> records in an electronic format by June 30, 2024? (M-19-21, 1.3 and M-23-07, 1.3)

x Yes □ No □ Do not know

Please explain your response with specific actions taken, challenges and results.

--Agency temporary records are already maintained electronically on shared drives including scans or pdfs of relevant emails, signed research contracts, RFPs, public comments, Congressional communications, and myriad other categories of temporary records.

5. Will your agency meet the requirements of M-19-21, 1.3 and M-23-07, 1.3 to close agency-operated records storage facilities and transfer inactive, temporary records to Federal Records Centers or commercial records storage facilities by June 30, 2024?

□ Yes
□ No
x Not applicable, all records are in electronic format
□ Do not know

Please explain your response with specific actions taken, challenges and results.

--ACUS does not utilize storage facilities. ACUS has very few paper records.

6. Does your agency have policies and procedures that incorporate records management into the information governance (IG) framework for information, data, and other agency information management? (This includes a relationship between CIO, CDO, SAORM, DRO/ARO, Records Management (RM) Staff, Security, Privacy Officers, and FOIA)

Note: The incorporation of records management into information governance is part of the framework covered by <u>OMB Federal Data Strategy - A Framework for Consistency (M-19-18)</u> as it provides a vision for managing and using federal data, along with recordkeeping requirements included in <u>OMB Circular A-130</u>, <u>Managing Information as a Strategic Resource</u>.

x Yes □ No □ Do not know

Please explain your response and provide details about how your agency's policies enhance IG and RM's role or relationship to it.

--ACUS does not have a CIO—its IT services are contracted out under the oversight of the Chief Financial and Operations Officer. The General Counsel serves as the SAORM, Privacy/FOIA Officer, and Records Officer. The Research Director serves as the CDO. All of these individuals are senior agency leaders (three of whom report directly to the agency head) which ensures proper integration and compliance at the highest level.

7. Has your agency developed policies and procedures to ensure the capture and preservation of electronic messages, including when hardware or software is upgraded?

Note: Electronic messages means electronic mail and other electronic messaging systems that are used for purposes of communicating between individuals. Electronic messages that satisfy the definition of a federal record under the Federal Records Act are electronic records. This includes email, text messages, chat messages, voicemail, social media posts, and other similar applications. (See: <u>Email Management</u> and <u>CFR 1236</u>: <u>Electronic Records Management</u>)

x Yes □ No □ Do not know

Please explain your response and include details of your agency's methods to capture and preserve electronic messaging records or challenges preventing you from doing so.

--Agency emails are indefinitely stored on offsite servers to ensure security and resiliency. If an employee leaves the agency, authorized individuals can access their emails for FOIA or

other business purposes. Even accidentally (or purposefully) deleted emails can be retrieved by the agency. Permanent electronic records are manually saved and stored and organized on shared internal drives, and are easily searchable by authorized individuals.

The agency has a light social media presence. Historical data can be captured if it is needed. Importantly, substantive comments from the public regarding various agency proposals, are captured, saved, and made available on the agency's website and on internal shared drives.

The agency's public meetings are conducted in hybrid and all-virtual formats using Zoom for Government. Those meetings are recorded and stored indefinitely on the agency's website for ease of access to the agency and the public. Participants are instructed not to use chat features to discuss substantive matters because the chat is not recorded or saved.

8. Is your agency using or exploring cognitive technologies to identify records and distinguish between temporary and permanent retention?

Note: Cognitive technologies generally describe automated technologies that can be applied to recordkeeping practices and procedures. These include Artificial Intelligence, Robotic Process Automation, Software Robot or Bot, and other machine learning technologies.

□ Yes x No □ Do not know

Please explain your response. (If Yes, include details on both methods and tools being explored, the level of accuracy and how that level is determined.)

--The agency does not currently use automated technologies for the described purposes. With an average of 12 or fewer FTEs at any given time, such technologies are not necessary.

9. Do you as SAORM regularly oversee and evaluate the effectiveness of your records management program and its compliance with statutes and regulations?

x Yes □ No □ Do not know

Please explain your response including what specific measures you have incorporated into the SAORM role.

--Since the SAORM is also the Records Officer, the SAORM successfully obtained the Agency Records Officer Credential (AROC) in 2022 in order to correct an identified deficiency in the agency's records management program.

10. Is there specific policy or guidance you need from NARA to support the strategic direction of your records management program?

□ Yes x No □ Do not know

Please explain your response and include any comments on existing, pending, and future topics.

--No guidance is needed at present. If anything, there is an abundance of guidance which, at times, presents a challenge to finding the correct guidance. It is sometimes easier to Google topics than it is to find on NARA's website.

11. Do you have any suggestions for how NARA can better engage with you and your program in your role as SAORM?

□ Yes x No □ Do not know

Please explain your response and include any comments on previous NARA SAORM engagements, topics for future engagements, or other suggestions.