

National Personnel Records Center

BRIDG Meeting

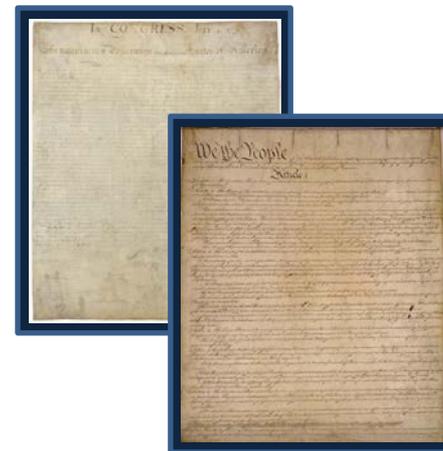
April 17, 2012



National Archives and Records Administration

-Serve American democracy by safeguarding and preserving the records of our Government, ensuring that the people can discover, use, and learn from this documentary heritage.

-Ensure continuing access to the essential documentation of the rights of American citizens and the actions of their government.



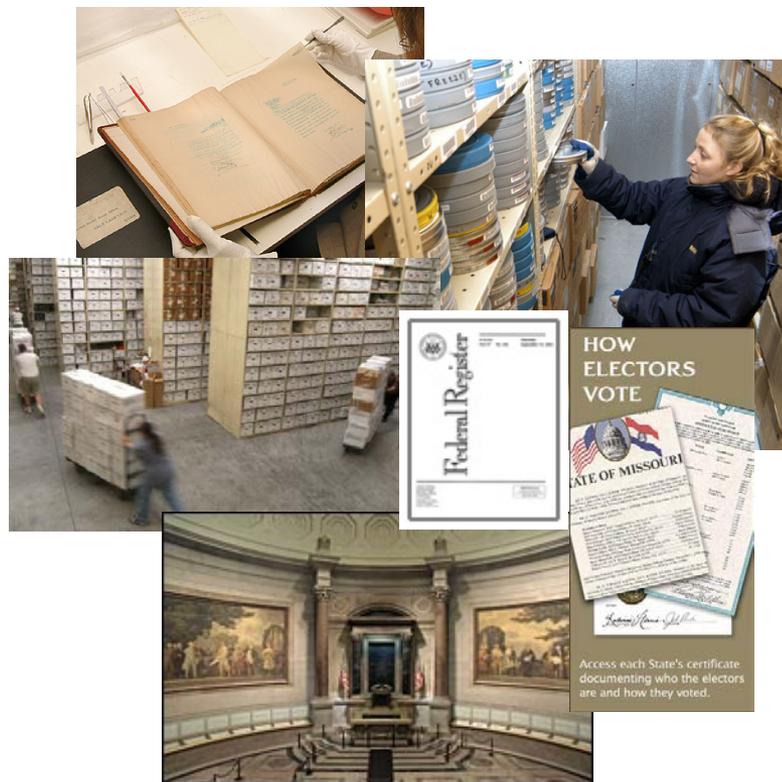
-Support democracy, promote civic education, and facilitate historical understanding of our national experience.





NARA Programs

- Archival and Preservation Programs
- Records Management
- Legislative Archives, Presidential Libraries, and Museum Services
- Federal Register
- NHPRC
- Federal Records Center Program





Federal Records Center Program

- Low cost storage and reference services
- Expert records disposition services
- Safeguarding protected data
- Electronic records services
- RM Consulting Services
- Operates under a revolving fund



Military Personnel Records Center

1950 – 1960

- DoD awards a design contract for centralized facility to store military records (1951)
- Contractor issues building requirements study (1952)
 - Navy facility in Garden City, NY
 - DoD facility in Alexandria, VA
- Occupancy of Defense Military Personnel Records Center (1956)

Military Personnel Records Center





National Personnel Records Center

1960 – 1970

- General Services Administration completes construction of general purpose records storage facility in south St. Louis (1960)
- DoD program is transferred to General Services Administration (1960)
- The two facilities are merged to create the National Personnel Records Center (1966)
- Computerized registry system deployed; populated on point-forward basis

Civilian Personnel Records Facility



National Personnel Records Center

1973 Fire

- Fire destroys the top floor of the military records facility. Records loss is estimated at:
 - 80% of Army personnel discharged November 1, 1912 – January 1, 1960
 - 75% of Air Force personnel discharged September 25, 1947 – January 1, 1964 (Hubbard – Z)













National Personnel Records Center 1973 – 1980

- Fire recovery efforts continue
- Auxiliary collections relocated to NPRC to aid in records reconstruction
- Records Reconstruction Branch stands up

National Personnel Records Center 1980 – 2000

- Return to normalcy
- During this time over 5 million records are reconstructed for basic service

National Personnel Records Center

2000 - Present

- Business Process Re-engineering at Military facility
- Transition to reimbursable funding
- Official Military Personnel Folders (OMPFs) scheduled as permanent records
- Development of CMRS, eVetRecs, and eMilRecs
- Preservation Program stands up
- Archival Program stands up

National Personnel Records Center

2000 - Present

- Military Departments transition to electronic personnel records and stop retiring to NPRC
- NPRC begins servicing Army e-OMPFs through DPRIS (Defense Personnel Records Image Retrieval System)
- NPRC designs, builds, and relocates temporary records into underground facility in Valmeyer, IL
- NPRC designs, builds, and relocates permanent records (including all OMPFs) into new, fully compliant archival storage facility in North St. Louis County.























NPRC Military Holdings Overview

Official Military Personnel Folder (OMPF) including the Service Treatment Record (includes outpatient, dental, and mental health treatment)

Clinical (hospital inpatient) records created for military personnel while on active duty

Medical Treatment Records for military retirees, dependents, and others created at military medical treatment facilities (includes inpatient, outpatient, dental, and mental health treatment)

Morning Reports and Unit Rosters

Auxiliary Records (Pay vouchers, Indexes, etc. used to reconstruct basic service or as a finding aid to determine service number, dates of service, etc.)

WW II Philippine Army and Guerrilla Claim Folders and Organizational Rosters

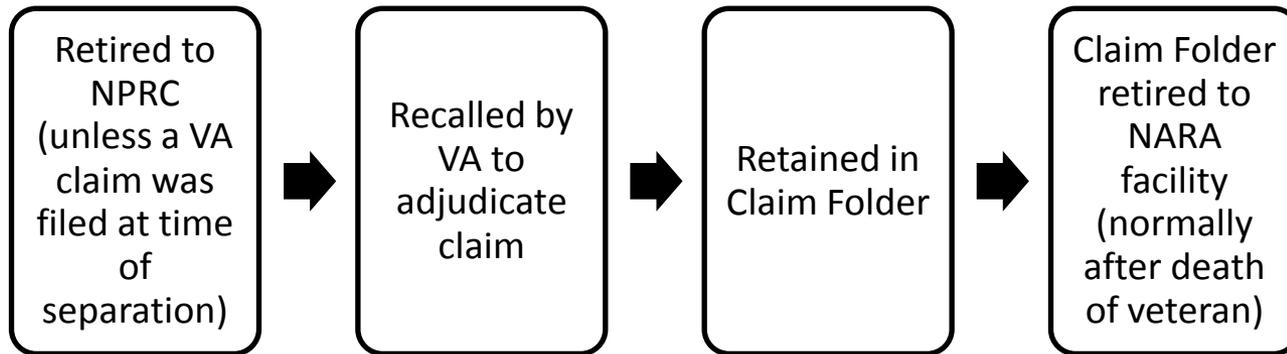
Selective Service Records (World War I – Vietnam era)

U.S. Army General Courts Martial Case Files (1917 – 1976)

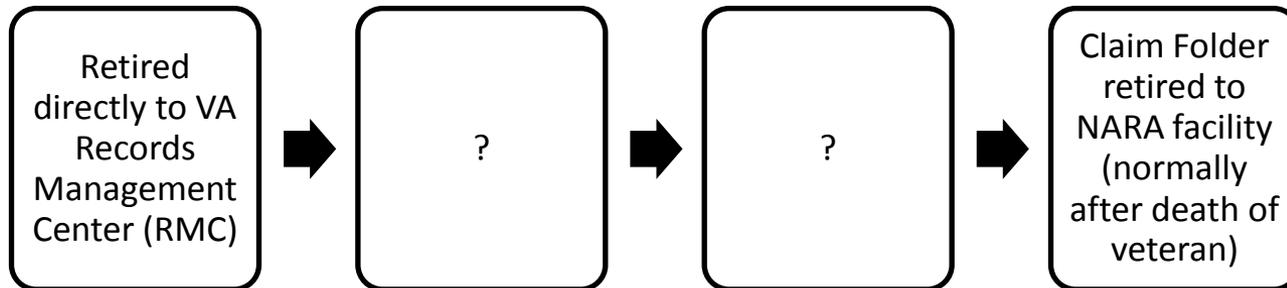
U.S. Army Special Courts Martial Case Files resulting in a Bad Conduct Discharge (1917 – 1976)

Service Treatment Records (STRs)

Prior to mid 1990s....



Post mid 1990s....



Response Time Goals

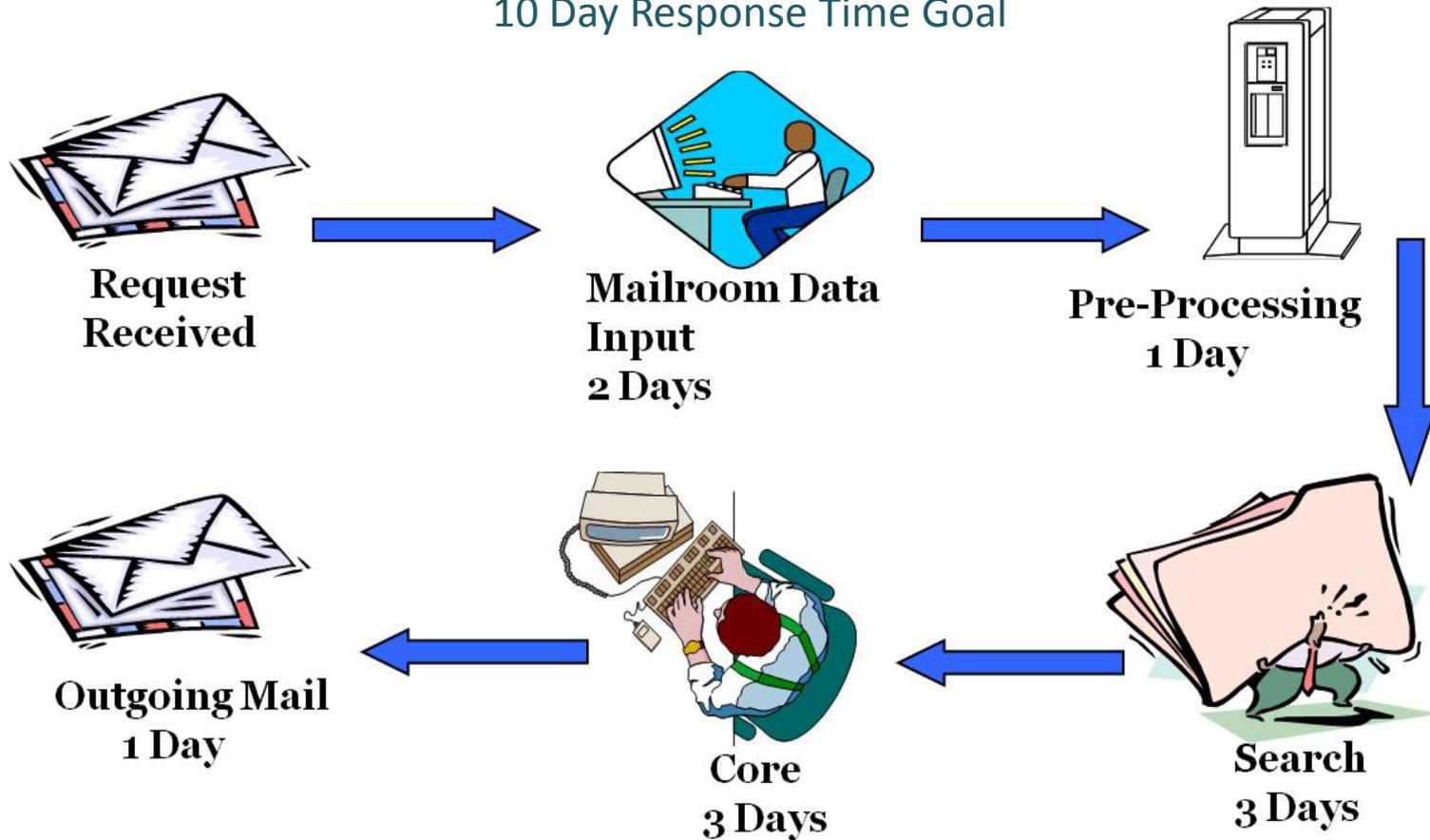
Correspondence - ≤ 10 days



Loans and Transfers - ≤ 5 days

Military Correspondence Process Overview

10 Day Response Time Goal



How are we doing?

Measure	Performance (as of Feb, 2013)
Loan and Transfers (mostly to VA)	98.3% in \leq five work days
Requests for DDs 214	94% in \leq ten work days; average = 5.7 work days
Other correspondence requests	42% in \leq ten work days; average = 23.4 workdays
Daily receipts	4-5,000 new requests received each day
Correspondence pending	\sim 84,000 requests (approx 35,000 work in progress)