

DISPATCH

CLASSIFICATION

~~SECRET~~

PROCESSING ACTION

Chief, WH Division

XX

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Chief of Station, Mexico City

MICROFILM

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PER CSX 43-43

Monthly Operational Report for Project LIENVOY

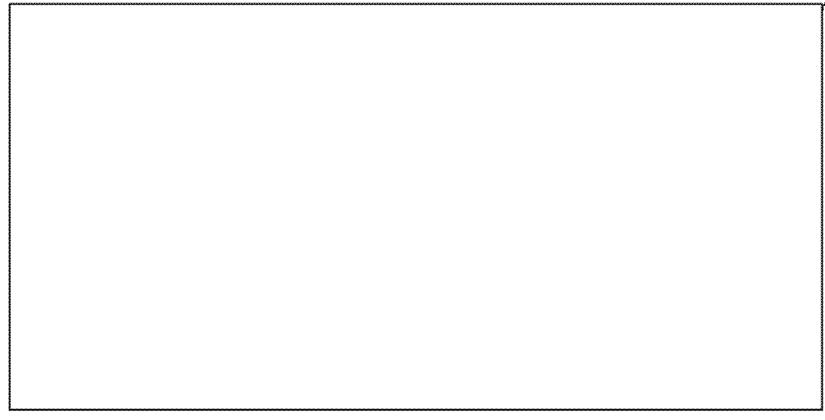
Action: None. For Headquarters information.

Reference: HMMA-22135, 13 September 1963.

1. There follows the monthly operational report for Project LIENVOY activities during September 1963.

2. Target Lines - September 1963.

The following lines were covered during the month of September:



(continued)

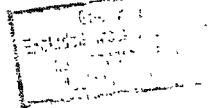
SEARCHED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SERIALIZED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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OCT 10 1963	
FBI - WASH DC	

QJB

Enclosure:
Production Report

Removed from Project
CS Classification: 50-6-75/3
JOB # 73-175/74
Box: 29 Fold: 6
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3 - WH, w/encl



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DISPATCH SYMBOL AND NUMBER	DATE
HMMA- 22267	✓ 8 October 1963
CLASSIFICATION	HQS FILE NUMBER
SECRET / SECRET	✓ 50-6-75/3

02823

10-29-69	- Movimiento de Liberacion Nacional
46-12-70	- C. T. A. L.
<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 15px; width: 100%;"></div>	
35-36-52	- Politica (Revista- Manuel Marcue Pardinias)
46-60-15	- Prensa Latina
46-60-16	Prensa Latina
14-42-37	Cuban Embassy
14-92-14	Cuban Embassy (disconnected 23 September 1963)
25-07-95	Cuban Embassy (apartment of Ramon Sinobas disconnected on 23 September 1963 when apartment became vacant)
14-13-26	Cuban Embassy
15-60-55	Soviet Embassy (Chancery)
15-61-55	Soviet Embassy (Chancery)
15-69-87	Soviet Embassy (Military Attache)
15-61-07	Soviet Embassy (Commercial Office)
15-12-64	Soviet Embassy (Film Representative)
45-61-80	Czech Embassy
45-61-81	Czech Embassy
20-38-98	Yugoslav Embassy (connected 18 September 1963)
20-68-69	Yugoslav Embassy (connected 23 September 1963)
20-68-23	Yugoslav Embassy (connected 23 September 1963)

Headquarters will note from the above that three lines were disconnected in order to cover three Yugoslav lines. Two of the lines which were disconnected were Cuban Embassy lines, both were not in use by the Cubans. One was in the apartment which had been vacated by Ramon Sinobas and not occupied by other Cubans. The other was a telephone in the Cuban Embassy which was never answered. The Cubans are trying to get Sinobas' line moved to the Embassy. They have also asked for the telephone company to repair 14-92-14. As soon as these lines are working again, coverage of two of the Yugoslav Embassy lines will be dropped in order to pick up all the Cuban lines which are presumed to have a much higher priority.

3. Processing of LIENVOY Information

The Station continues to receive full transcripts in Spanish on the Cuban lines (three), the Soviet Embassy lines (five), and as of 18 and 23 September the Yugoslav lines (three). These transcripts are received each morning for the day before. During September, the LIENVOY monitors transcribed 1396 pages in addition to the daily resumen.

The outside translators now working on LIENVOY transcripts are Orville HORSEFALL, staff agent, who is used for almost any backlog which begins to occur.

David B. SCHLAGETER, field contract agent, who transcribes the Czech take.

Victor W. OBOLD, career agent, who transcribes the Yugoslav portion of the Yugoslav take.

Douglas J. FEINGLASS, staff agent, who continues to transcribe the Russian language portion of the Soviet take.

4. Exploitation of LIENVOY Information

Two leads from LIENVOY of operational interest in September 1963 were:

14-00000

CONTINUATION OF DISPATCH	CLASSIFICATION S E C R E T / CONFIDENTIAL	DISPATCH SYMBOL AND NO. HMMA-22267
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a. On 2 September 1963 a Russian speaking female contacted the Soviet Embassy and asked for Svyatoslav Fedorovich KUZNETSOV, KGB. She identified herself by name and as a professor from New Orleans. She gave the address of her apartment and asked for a meeting. This lead was promptly followed up by station investigative assets who identified the woman and learned that she was attending a philosophers' conference at the University of Mexico. She returned to the United States on 17 September. All available information was forwarded to Headquarters for passing to ODENVY.

b. MEXI-6135 reported the contact between an unidentified Czech woman and the Czech Embassy.

5. Liaison

On 18 September 1963 Oliver G. GALBOND and Willard C. CURTIS met with LIELEGANT and LIERGO. They also saw LIELEGANT on 20 September.

6. Security

There were no security problems during this month.

7. Technical

There were no technical problems which AREHART could not handle.

8. Personnel

Robert B. RIGGS continues to meet Arnold AREHART each morning before 0800 hours to receive all LIENVOY tapes and transcripts from the previous day. The daily meetings with Victor W. OBOLD and David B. SCHLAGETER, the two EE translators, ~~was~~ transferred on 18 September 1963 from the Station EE case officer to the KURIOT technician, Gregory D. PARMUTH who delivers and receives reels and transcripts from them each day. PARMUTH also acts as a cutout for Douglas J. FEINGLASS.

Paul V. LEVISTER, Headquarters KUTUBE officer, visited the Station from 22 September to 1 October to consult with LIENVOY and LIFEAT case officers in preparation for a report to be written on the two projects as examples of tap operations which produce both positive intelligence and operational leads.

9. Production

There is attached a list of reports, cables and dispatches forwarded to Headquarters during this month.

Willard C. Curtis
Willard C. CURTIS

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RM 57 53a 1	USE PREVIOUS EDITION REPLACES FORMS 51-28 51-28A AND 51-29 WHICH ARE OBSOLETE	CLASSIFICATION S E C R E T / CONFIDENTIAL	PAGE NO <input type="checkbox"/> CONTINUED 3.
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SECRET

LIENVOY PRODUCTION - SEPTEMBER 1963

MEXIs

HMMAs

HMMs

MEXI 6333 (HMM 7812)
MEXI 6332 (HMM 7810)
MEXI 6319 (HMM 7804)
MEXI 6302 (HMM 7801)
MEXI 6271 (HMM 7787)
MEXI 6215 (HMM 7761)
MEXI 6205 (HMM 7760)
MEXI 6135
MEXI 6133 (HMM 7743)
MEXI 6129 (HMM 7741)
MEXI 6107
MEXI 6104 (HMM 7736)
MEXI 6097 (HMM 7728)
MEXI 6042 (HMM 7711)
MEXI 6038 (HMM 7708)
MEXI 6034
MEXI 6030 (HMM 7706)
MEXI 6029 (HMM 7707)

HMMa 22194
HMMa 22193
HMMa 22159
HMMa 22149
HMMa 22135
HMMa 22116
HMMa 22115
HMMa 22066
HMMa 22052

HMM 7793
HMM 7783
HMM 7770
HMM 7767
HMM 7742
HMM 7725
HMM 7724
HMM 7723

18

+

9

+

8

= 35

SECRET

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

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PERSONALITY BRIEF

1. General Lazaro CARDENAS del Rio

As a pro-Communist, anti-United States former (1934-1940) President of Mexico, CARDENAS plays an important role in the political activities of Mexico by virtue of his being the spiritual leader of a great part of the Mexican left. His leftist sympathies appear to fall primarily with the current regime in Cuba (He allegedly is a close personal friend of Fidel CASTRO), secondarily with Communist China, and lastly with the USSR.

2. Braulio MALDONADO Sandez

MALDONADO is a politically unscrupulous pro-Communist former Governor of Baja California. He is a national leader of at least three Mexican leftist organizations: (1) FEP (People's Electoral Front), united single front of Mexican Communists and Leftists; (2) MLN (National Liberation Movement), rabidly anti-U.S., pro-Cuba Communist Front; and (3) CCI (Independent Peasants' Center), radical, anti-Mexican Government organization. Having been banished from Mexico until after the 1964 elections for anti-government activities, MALDONADO is currently in Europe and seeking admittance to the USSR, ostensibly to visit his daughter who is a student at the Friendship University in Moscow.

3. Alonso AGUILAR Monteverde

AGUILAR is a prominent pro-Communist Mexican intellectual who is the titular head of the MLN (National Liberation Movement), rabidly anti-U.S., pro-Communist front. He is a full-time professor at the National Autonomous University of Mexico and maintains active contact with several international leftist and Communist figures. He has recently travelled to Cuba and Warsaw.

4. Jorge Leonidas TAMAYO Castillejos

TAMAYO is a Communist professor at the National Autonomous University of Mexico. He is a leading member of many Communist front activities in Mexico including the CMP (Mexican Peace

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Committee), the MLN (National Liberation Movement), and the CEM (Circle of Mexican Studies). He has been in contact with several leftist figures of various echelon, including Gen. Lazaro CARDENAS, the Cuban Ambassador to Mexico, and Polish, Soviet, and Chinese Communist officials. TAMAYO's son has studied in Warsaw and travelled to the USSR and Communist China.

5. Jose David ALFARO Siqueiros

ALFARO, one of Mexico's most prominent artists, has been imprisoned for eight (8) years as a consequence of the role he played in the Communist-inspired railroad strike of 1959. He is a leader of the PCM (Mexican Communist Party) and has visited the Soviet Union. He fought for the Loyalist Army in the Spanish Civil War and was later arrested in Mexico for complicity in the murder of Leon TROTSKY's secretary. ALFARO has a long history of pro-Communist, anti-U.S. leanings.

6. Roberto ROMERO Adams

ROMERO is an informant for the Cuban Intelligence Service in Mexico.

7. Enrique GONZALEZ Pedrero

Pro-Communist professor at the National Autonomous University of Mexico, GONZALEZ Pedrero has contributed to the writing or editing of at least five (5) leftist publications in Mexico. He is a member of the National Committee of the MLN, has allegedly received training in the Soviet Union, and has travelled to Cuba twice in recent times.

8. Ignacio ACOSTA Lagunes

Pro-Communist ACOSTA, a lawyer, is an aide of General CARDENAS and a leading member of the MLN. He frequently has contact with high-level personnel of both the Cuban and Soviet Embassies in Mexico City. His political activities include travel to Cuba and the Soviet Union, aid in the management of the Communist Trade Fair in Mexico, and a great deal of participation in promoting sympathy for the Cuban Revolution in Mexico.

9. Direccion Federal de Seguridad - Federal Security Police

The principal functions of this security unit are to:

(1) Provide a plain-clothed security detail for the President,
(2) maintain an extensive telephone tap activity on both the Rightist and Leftist political opposition forces, and
(3) perform investigations and arrests of primarily political offenses. The unit's agents are largely poorly trained, insecure, and unreliable. Their professional characteristics are best described as being dishonest, cruel, and abusive. The position, at this moment, of Manuel RANGEL Escamilla as Director General of DFS is precarious.

10. Politica

A Marxist anti-U.S. semi-monthly magazine published in Mexico, Politica is printed by Talleres Graficos de Mexico, the same shop which prints La Voz de Mexico. In addition to the modest revenues derived from a circulation of 15,000 to 25,000, Politica is financed by the Soviet Embassy, the MLN, the PPS, and possibly, the Cuban Embassy. As an indication of the Mexican government's assessment of the capability of this magazine to influence public opinion, it is worthwhile noting that Politica frequently experiences a great degree of difficulty in printing and circulating itself due to the government's repressive efforts.

11. Movimiento de Liberacion Nacional (MLN)

Organized under the influence of the PCM in August 1961, the MLN today is dedicated to the furtherance of the mutual interests of its adherents who are found primarily in the ranks of the PRI, the PPS, the PCM, the CNC and the UGOCM. The MLN's objective is to gain leftist political representation in the government by inciting PRI to accept leftists into its camp. As a consequence of this objective, the mission of MLN is to generate evidence of popular leftist sympathy by means of fomenting agitation among the popular, labor, and peasant masses.

12. Confederacion de Trabajadores de la America Latina (CTAL)

The CTAL has recently been replaced by the CUTAL (Single Confederation of Latin American Workers). Until recently, the

pro-Communist, CTAL, which is described as being the liaison bureau of the WFTU (World Federation of Trade Unions) whose headquarters are in Prague, was headed by Vicente LOMBARDO Toledano.

13. Prensa Latina

Operating directly under the Cuban Communist regime, Prensa Latina is ostensibly a press service. In reality, however, it is the official propaganda organ of the Cuban Government. Prensa Latina works closely with Tass, the Soviet Agency; with Hsinhua, the Chinese Agency; and with Cetepka, the Czechoslovakian Agency.