

### NAVAL WVESTIGATIVE SERVICE

#### FAIRMONT BUILDING

4420 NORTH FAIRFAX DRIVE ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22203

SEGRET

IN REPLY REFER TO NIS-44/jeg 3850 Ser 001285

27 JUN 1968

OK to declarify info DNA-03614

Ne Pres Kennedy answiration DNA-03614

promited on Deliphone to
US Naval actuache Canberra

SECRET

From:

Director, Naval Investigative Servicë

To: Director, Central Intelligence Agency (DDP-CI)(Mr. LUDLUM)

Subj: Declassification of information concerning President KENNEDY

assassination (U)

Ref: (a) CIA Memorandum of 22 May 1964 for Mr. J. Lee RANKIN; Subj: Anonymous Telephone Calls to U.S. Embassy in Canberra, Australia, relative to planned assassination of President KENNEDY (S)

1. (U) In response to your verbal inquiry, it has been ascertained that appropriate Naval Intelligence components have no objection to declassification of the information concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY which was provided on the telephone to the U. S. Naval Attache CANBERRA, and discussed in reference (a).

T. L. STEVENS

Copy to: NAVINTCOM-321

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RECORD COPY

SECRET CONTESTION

XAAZ- 36317

2 APR 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

Executive Registry

SUBJECT

: Australian Press Request Regarding: Anonymous Telephone Calls to United States Embassy in Canberra, Australia, Relative to Planned Assassination of President Kennedy (Warren Commission Document 971)

### Background

Mr. Peter Michelmore, an Australian newspaper representative, has requested that we declassify CD971. This consists of a memorandum from you to Mr. Rankin dated 22 May 1964 and an attachment dated 29 November 1963. Both relate to "crank" calls received by the U.S. Naval Attache in Canberra on 15 October 1962 and 23 November 1963. CIA first was told about these calls on 24 November 1963 by the Department of the Navy - after the assassination of President Kennedy. A copy of CD971 is attached for your information.

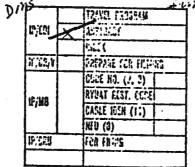
### Recommendation

- 1. CD971 should not be released at this time. Mr. Goodwin says he can handle the reply by phone.
- 2. We will initiate preparatory steps toward releasing CD971. This entails clearance with U.S. naval intelligence and the Australian security service (the latter as a matter of courtesy).

3. Upon completion of step 2, we will submit an appropriate rec-

ommendation. ide Red: XAAZ-17

Attachments



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201-289248

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EDITORIAL: LONGACRA 3:055 ADVERTISING: BRYANT: 1921 STONEY (AUSTRALL) OFFICE: BROADWAY
LONDON OFFICE: 83 JUNET STREET, E.C.4
WASHINGTON OFFICE: 1137 NATIONAL PRESS BLDG.

### The Sydney Morning Herald Limited

229 WEST 43rd STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y. 10036

Executive Registry

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD
THE SYDNEY SUN • THE SUN-HERALD
THE AUSTRALIAN FINANCIAL REVIEW
WOMAN'S DAY • PEOPLE • PIX
RADIO TELEVISION AND HOBBIES

March 26, 1968

Mr. Richard M. Helms, Director, Central Intelligence Agency, WASHINGTON, D. C. 20505

Dear Mr. Helms:

This letter is to request the declassification of Warren Commission Document 971, which apparently consists of a memo written by you and is now sealed in the National Archives.

According to an article by David Wise in the Saturday Evening Post of April 6, 1968, the description of CD 971 is:

"Anonymous telephone calls to U.S. Embassy in Canberra, Australia relative to planned assassination of President Kennedy."

This material would seem to be of interest to our Australian newspapers and, bearing in mind that this material will be made public at some time, I would like the opportunity to inspect it.

Yours sincerely,

PM/mh

Peter Michelmore Editor and Manager

SENS URCES A

001: 4:26:24.

12:

DURLICATE 07"

XAAZ-17367

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. J. Lee Rankin

<u></u>

SUEJECT:

Anonymous Telephone Calls to United States Embassy in Camberra, Australia, Relative to Planned Assessination of President Kennedy

- 1. I refer again to paragraph two of your memorandum, dated 12 February 1964, relative to disseminations to the fecret Service made by CIA.
- 2. On 24 November 1963, GIA received from the Department of the Navy a copy of a cable from the Naval Attache in Camberra, Australia (IN 67327, Top Secret, later downgraded to Secret), reporting a telephone conversation the previous day with an anenymous individual who had described himself as a Polish chauffeur for the Soviet Embassy in that city. This individual, while discussing several mattern of intelligence interest, touched on the possibility that the Soviet Government had financed the assassination of President Rennedy. Reference was made in this cable to the receipt of a similar anonymous telephone call on 15 October 1962.
- 3. Upon receipt of this cable from Navy CLA took the following action:
  - a. Cabled to Canberra asking full details of the telephone conversation of 23 November and the call made on 15 October 1952. It should be noted that CIA had not previously known of the 1962 telephone call.

WARNING HOMES SENSITIVE SOUTHER AND METHODS IN

b. The CIA Station in Camberra, on 27 November, furnished all available information on the 1962 telephone call. It eppears that source on that occasion stated that "Iron Cartain Countries" planned to pay a hambred thousand dollars for the assessination of Provident Kennedy.

- c. Cn 27 November, the CIA Canberra fitation also furnished complete detail on the anonymous telephone call of 23 November 1964.
- d. On 19 November, ClA disseminated this information, as supplied by its Canberra Station, to the White Scare. Department of State and Federal Bureau of Investigation, with a copy to the Secret Service. A copy of this dissemination in its exact text is attached to this memorandum.
- A. The CIA Station in Camberra arranged for discussion of the calls In the opinion of the Australian authorities, the caller was a crank. In any event, they were not able to identify any Polish employee of the Seviet Embassy, the entemphile described by the caller as the one he drove, or the license plate number given by him. No further information on this call has been received. Available evidence would tend to show that the caller was some type of crank. This conclusion, however, cannot be confirmed.
- 5. Please note that the nature of the information in this memorandum and its attachment requires the use of a sensitivity indicator.

Richard Helms Deputy Director for Plans

Attachment

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WARNING NOTICE
SENSITIVE SOURCES AND
METHODS INVOLVED

CUT Teletype No. 35691, dated 29 Hovember 1963, illed at 1117 hours, to the White House, Department of State and Federal Bureau of Investigation, with a copy to the Secret Service

- 1. Your attention is called to a series of anonymous telephone calls made to the office of the U.S. Naval Attache in Canberra, australia, by a man claiming to have had knowledge about a Soviet plot to assausinate the late President Kennody. Our first record of this matter is a Naval Attache cable from Canberra sent on 24 November-1963.
- 2. It appears that the caller, who professes to be the Polish chauseur of a Soviet Embassy car in Canberra, first phoned in ever a year ago, on 15 October 1962 repeat 1962. At that time he told a story about five Soviet submarines carrying 400 to 500 Soviet soldiers on their way to Cuba. One purpose of this troop movement, he said, was to support the Governor of Mississippi. He added that there was a plot to pay one hundred thousand dollars to kill President Memedy. Echind the plot, he said, were the "Iron Curtain Countries," and "Communist men in England, Henry Kong and probably some other countries."
- 3. On 23 November 1763 repeat 1963, the day after the assausination of President Remndy and over a year after the first telephone call, a man believed to be the same person phoned the Embusty again and spoke to the assistant Neval Attache. The caller referred to his call a year back and stated he had said that the USSR had put up 100,000 deliars for the assausimation of President Kennedy.
- 4. Giving what he claimed were further details about the assassination, the caller said that about two weeks before (which would have been in early November 1963) he was present when an Australian mean. 35 to 46 years old, and tall, was dispatched by the Soviets to the United States carrying a case about 15 to 40 continuators long. 56 continuators high, and 8.5 continuators wide. The name Yasyi Two was used in some connection with this man. He was put on a plane in Sydney and while the caller drove the two Soviet escerts back to Camberra, their shortways radio in the Camberra was reing constantly. A shortways radio was going in the Embassy

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METHODS INVOLVED

also when they arrived there. Over the radios, one of these Sovieta transmitted numbers and "points." In a mained in the Embassy, and that morning (apparently 23 November 1967), a message came through and toasts were drank in Russian Found and the Russians present said. "We have achieved what we want."

- 5. The caller than gave "information" about the Soviet role in sinking a U.S. Mary nuclear submarine and on Soviet subversion in Indenssia. He would not identify himself, and when he described the car be drives (as a mary bine 1952 Duick, Honse plate New South Wales CCC 6122) he added they often change pistes, have fifty sets in reserve, and can change them in five seconds.
- 6. The caller added come vague information about a woman employee of the American Embacry he things works for the Soviets. The conversation concluded with the caller promising to write a letter to the Naval Attache at the American Embacry.
- 7. The caller spoke good English and his accent and voice did not change throughout the conversation, so it was assumed that he was not disguished his voice.
- 6. Australian authorities working on this case consider the caller to be a crank. They state that Loviet offices in Australia do not use anything but Soviet chaptieurs; they have no record of their using a Polish chaptieur. They are continuing their investigation.

GROUP 1 Explicit top extensile 2/44/06/20 ext WALLING TO SERVICE OND SERVICE OND SERVICE OND SERVICE OND SERVICE ON SERVICE

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# TOP SEGRET

## NON-CIA TELETYPED MESSAGE

ESSAGE /

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24 Nov 63 IN 67327

////TOPESECRET FOLLOWS////

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PP ESC"

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BT.

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FM ALUSNA CANBERRA

TO RUZEW/DNI

TOP SECRET

PASS ALSO-TO CIA-

POSSIBLE SOVIET INFORMER

1. ASST ALUSNA RECEIVED TELEPHONE CALL 23 NOV FROM PERSON CLAIMING TO BE POLISH DRIVER OF RUSSIAN VEHICLE. MOST OF CONVERSATION RECORDED BY ALUSNA. INFO TOUCHED ON SEVERAL AREAS INCLUDING: POSSIBLE CONNECTION SOVIET GOVT SUPPLYING MONEY TO INDIVIDUAL IN U.S. TO ASSASSINATE PRESIDENT; POSSIBLE SOVIET IMPLICATION IN U.S.S. THRESHER INCIDENT; SYSTEM OF USSR EMBASSY PERSONNEL MEETING MIGRANTS TO PAGE 2 RUECCR OO2A TO P S E C R E T

AUSTRALIA, PROVIDING TA SE PASSPORTS AND SENDING THEM TO
OTHER COUNTRIES; RUSSIAN MILITARY ASSISTANCE TO CUBA AND
INDONESIA; RUSSIAN CONTACT WITH COOPERATIVE IN INDO EMBASSY,
ZANBERRA; EMPLOYEE IN AMEMB CANBERRA (WOMAN) WHO IS GIVING

TAO REPRET

201.289248

CLASSIFIED MESSAGE TOP SECRET IN STEEL PAGE 20F3
INFO TO SOVIET EMB; SENDING OF AGENTS FROM AUST TO U.S.
PERSON' GAVE CONSIDERABLE DETAIL ON MODUS OPERANDI OF TWO
SOVIET AGENTS IN SYDNEY.
2. PERSON HAS AGREED TO MEETING WITH ASST ALUSNA IN SYDNEY
IN NEAR FUTURE. HAS ASKED FOR ASSURANCE HE WILL BE PROTECTED
IF HE COOPERATES. TOLD THAT THIS COULD BE DISCUSSED AT FIRST
MEETING.
3. AMBASSADOR. INFORMED. CONDUCTING
SURVEILLANCE FOR WELL DESCRIBED CAR AND DRIVER WHO CLAIMS
TO BE IN CANBERRA NOW; KEEPING SOVIET EMBASSY UNDER SURVEILLANCE;
HAS ARRANGED TO MAKE IMMEDIATE SURVEILLANCE
OF ORIGINATOR AND/OR PLACE FROM WHICH CALL MADE. PLAN TO
COVER MEETING OF ASST ALUSNA IN SYDNEY IF IT-EVENTUATES.
4.
5. ON 15 OCTOBER 1962 A SIMILAR CALL WAS RECEIVED AT EMB
PAGE 3 RUECCR T O P S E C R E T
POSSIBLY FROM SAME PERSON. IN THAT CALL REFERENCE MADE TO
PLOT WITH REWARD 100,000 DOLLARS TO KILL PRESIDENT KENNEDY.
CALLER ALSO STATED USSR SUBS ON WAY TO CUBA WITH TROOPS
WHOSE SECOND OBJECTIVE TO GUARANTEE SUPPORT TO GOVERNOR
OF MISSISSIPPI. SUBSTANCE OF CALL PASSED TO AT THAT
TIME BUT NO FURTHER INFO DEVELOPED.
6. WHILE SOME ASPECTS INDICATE INDIVIDUAL A CRANK OTHERS
SEEM MORE AUTHENTIC: ALL PARTIES, INCLUDING AMBASSADOR,
FEEL MATTER SHOULD BE INVESTIGATED UNTIL ADDITIONAL FACTS
TOP SECRET

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