

Declassified and Approved for Release by the Central Intelligence Agency Date: シャロき

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- 28. Memorandum to Chief, CI/R&A, dated 19 June 1964; Subject: Lee Harvey OSWALD [XAAZ-27166 - FOIA No. 739-319]
- 29. Memorandum for Deputy Director for Plans, dated 11 May 1964; Subject: AMMUG/1 Information on Lee Harvey OSWALD. [XAAZ-27213 FOIA Np. 687-295]
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- 31. Chronology of RGR Meetings with Members of the Warren Commission [XAAZ-27161]
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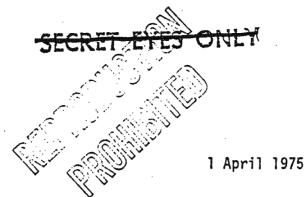
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MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Conversation with David W. BELIN, 1 April 1975

- Q: What was the line of reporting in 61A during the period I served as working level point-of-contact with the Warren Commission Staff?
- A: It was a multiple leveled thing: (a) from the Commission and AWD personally via McCone to Dick Helms: (b) from Helms to the two or three components primarily concerned (SE, then SB, Dave Murphy; LA, then WH; and CD). In practice the substantive SB input worked up by one of its research components headed by Lee Wigren--Minsk photo for example, et all passed via CI. CI had own defector input. In addition, on sensitive matters of concern to the investigation, Dick Helms and Murphy also dealt directly with the Commission.

what were

Did you hear: ? ? [two crypts, one sounded by "Jackenet" ?].

I had not. Belin recalled that Castro had made a speech in which he had charged assassination intent by emigres and had promised retribution in kind if there was official support.

- Q: Had any thought been given to the assumption that an anti-Castro assassination plot might have been underway, and fact it was known to Helms and to Castro? [Mr. Belin said he now knew that Helms was, in fact, aware of something underway regarding Castro. He had no evidence to show that I (RGR) had been informed about it.] Would that change any of the thinking re Oswald's Mexican trip and contacts?
- A: Yes, I said, though I intended to give more potential importance to Oswald's KGB contacts and related that I and others—though recognizing the wisdom of the Warren Commission's handling—had felt there had been note to the Soviet aspect that should have been pursued:
 - a. Fact that his two Soviet consular contacts in Mexico City had been identified as KGB and at least one (both 7) had been traced organizationally to the 13th Department (assassinations).

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SUBJECT: Conversation with David W. BELIN, 1 April 1975

b. Our defector information strongly insists that all Western military defectors—like Oswald—were screened by the 13th Department.

c. Thinness of fire turned over by Soviets in view of b.

I acknowledged in retrospect that Cuban hypothesis was worth reconsidering, though it would appear that period of solid inter-service (KGB-DGI) relations began later (i.e. after 1967-68, Venceremos, etc.).

Q: Why did Oswald's lies include a denial to Dallas police that he had made the Mexican trip unless there was something important to hide about it? All his other lies concerned key factual elements of his cover story. Why also did Marina deny she knew anything about the Mexican trip in her first story to the FBI-which she later rectified before the Warren Commission? When Belin noted that he had left the hypothesis of Castro/Cuban involvement open in his book. He added that it would have been important to have known the facts about the anti-Castro plot at the time of the Warren Commission investigation. He felt the least he would have done would have been to have insisted on the polygraphing of Marina Oswald regarding her knowledge of Oswald's Mexican trip.

Raymond G. Rocca
Counter Intelligence Operations

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14 January 1964

12 March 1964

RANKIN

27 March 1964

26 May 1964

28 August 1964*

"Commission" (S

12 October 1964

"Commission" (S

*Believe Mr. Rocca was at the Commission at least one other day (probably Saturday, the 29th) reviewing proofs.

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5 HAY 1964

Subject- General: Specific: Cobrieling of Alfalia-1

To an Kennedy assessmenter

THE SCURCE DOES NOT HAVE DIRECT RECOVERED OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD OR HIS ACTIVITIES BUT WAS ABLE TO PROVIDE ITEMS OF RECEIVED BASED ON COMMENTS OF CUBAN INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS ASSIGNED TO THE DIRECTION CENERAL DE INTELLOSECIA, OF WHICH THE SOURCE HIMSELF WAS A STAFF OFFICER. THE INFORMATION APPEARING BELOW WAS FURNISHED BY THE SOURCE AND IS KEYED TO QUESTIONS SUBMITTED BY KUDESK.

1. Prior to October 1963, OSWALD visited the Cuban Embassy in Mexico City on two or three occasions.) Before, during and after these visits, OSWALD was in contact with the DIRECCION CEMERAL DECEMENIAL (EGI), specifically with Inisa CALDERON, Manuel VERA Perez and Rogelto RODRIGUEZ Lopez.

VECA whose Cuban intelligence pseudonym is MINCOS is the current Cuban IS chief in Mexico. He recently has had a tour of duty in Habana, prior to which he held the same post as fixed as Cuban IS chief in Mexico.

RODRIGUEZ is a Cuban IS staff officer in Mexico. He has three Cuban intelligence pseudonyms, Exhands, Castairs and Jose Antonio.

The precise relationship of Luisa CALDERON to the DGI is not clear. She spent about six months in Mexico from which she returned to Cuba early in 1964.

COMMENT: WH/SA/CI has the following references concerning Inisa CALDERON Carralero: She was assigned to the commercial office of the Cuban Embassy in Mexico City, and she had arrived in Mexico on 16 January 1963 and on 11 December 1963 made a reservation to return to Cuba on Cubana Airlines "MEXI 7371, 13 December 1963 IN-80351, HEM-8153." She left Mexico City for Havana on 15 December 1963 using passport E/63/7 "MEXI 7423, 17 December 1963, IN-82692. Another references "MMMA-20971, 25 March 1963," said that her date of arrival in Mexico was 19 January 1963 and that she had replaced Reserio VAZQUEZ, a Mexican secretary in the commercial office. Other references apparently concerning the subject are HMM-6913 and MEXI 3205 IN-56591 dated 26 January 1963 which do not appear to add anything of interest to that given above.

- 2. The source does not know whether or not the Cuban Services used OSWALD in any agent capacity or other manner.
- 3. A. When news of the assassination of President Kennedy reached the DOI, it caused much comment concerning the fact OSWALD had been in the Cuban



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Estimacy in Newico. In addition, orders were issued for all headquarters and field officers of the Dil to sort and package all documents according to whether they were "hay secreto" (very secret), "secreto" (secret), and "importante" (important). The material once packaged was to be held pending further instructions. In addition, all travel by Dil officers and all Dil pouches were suspended temporarily.

- B. When the news that CWALD was the assassin reached the INI, there was no immediate comment but, when Fidel CASTRO spoke on television to damy Cuban involvement, there was considerable comment concerning CSWALD's visit to the Cuban Embassy in Mexico. At this time VANA, who has been mentioned previously, was in Cuba and commented to a group of DGI staff officers that CSWALD had come to the Cuban Embassy in Mexico to request a visa but had been refused. VANA did not give any details and the subject was not pursued.
- 4. It is not known whether information on OSWAID's visit to the Cuban Consulate in Mexico in September 1963 was relayed to any Cuban service,
- 5. It is not known if the Cuban intelligence services had contact with the New Orlnans' Fair Play for Cuba Committee.
- 6. The only Molina who is recalled is "The Hook", the Cuban who was convicted in New York City for the murder of a young girl during a clash between two Cuban groups. The DOI staff officer who had been in the United Nations in New York, SANTIESTABAN traveled to Cuba with "The Hook" and with another Cuban named CRIHUELA and upon arrival in Cuba tried to obtain employment for both individuals. The names Pedro Charles and Peter have no known significance.
- 7. The reaction of Soviet officials in contact with the Cuban intelligence services is not known.
- 8. Nothing is known about Soviet proposals following the news of President Kennedy's assassination.
- 7 > 9. The only fabrication known is the special matter by Fidel CASTRO previously mentioned.
 - 10. Nothing is known about Jack RURENSTKIN aka Jack RUMY.
 - il. The name Gilberto LOPEZ is not familiar but, if he visited DGI head-quarters, a photograph of him possibly could be identified.
 - 12. OSWALD's photo was seen in the newspapers but nothing is known about him other than what appeared in the press.

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Proposed Questions on Osyald Case

- 1. Was Lee Harvey OSWALD known to the Cuben intelligence services before 23 November 1965 If so which service?
- 2. Were the Cuben services using (SWALD in any agent capacity, or in any other manner, before 23 vovember 1963?
- 3. What was the reaction of the Cuban intelligence services to news of President Kennedy's assassination? To the news that OSWALD was the assassin?
- 4. Was information on OSWALD's visit to the Cuben Consulate in Mexico City in September 1963, relayed to any Cuban service? If so, what action was taken?
- 5. Was there any contact between the Cuben intelligence services and the New Orleans' Fair Play For Cuba Committee?
- 6. Has subject ever heard of Mario del ROSARIO Molina, or Pedro Charles known also as "Peter"?
- 7. How did the Soviet officials in contact with the Cuben intelligence services react to news of the assassination?
- 8. Did the Soviets propose any type of action or investigation to the Cuban intelligence services following the news of President Kennedy's assassination?
- 9. Was any provocative material deliberately fabricated by the Cuban services or others and sent to the United States to confuse the investigation of the OSWALD case?
- 10. Was Jack RUBENSTEIN aka Jack RUBY known to the Cuban intelligence services? If so, in what way?
- ll. Does subject know a Gilberto LOPEZ who entered Mexico on November 23, 1963 at Neuvo Laredo, Texas and four days later proceded to Havana by special plane. He was 23 years old and carried a U.S. passport. He also had a Mexican tourist permit. Develop all information you can on this individual.
- 12. Attached is a photograph of OSWAID, and a letter from Havena which is self-explanatory for guidance of the case officer. Under no circumstances should the contents of the letter be made known to the subject. This information came from the Secret Service and FBI.

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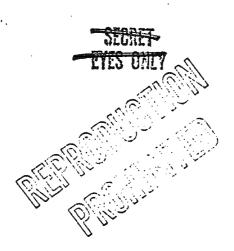
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郊XAAZ-27213 11 May 1964

MEMORANDUM FOR: Deputy Director for Plans

SUBJECT:

AMMUG/1 Information on Lee Harvey OSWALD

1. This memorandum is for information and for action. The proposed lines of action are indicated in paragraph 4.

- 2. AMMUG/Ly the Suban Intelligence Service defector, has produced information of interest to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy. CI Staff learned of AMMUGA on 30 April. A questionnaire was submitted by the Staff on l'May (Attachment A). Mr. Swenson, who is handling the AMMUG/1 debriefing, provided a reply on 5 May (Attachment B). It was clear from Mr. Swenson's summary that AMMUG/l had information bearing on the OSWALD relationship with the Cuban Embassy and Cuban intelligence personnel in Mexico City, albiet his knowledge was not that of a direct participant in matters affecting OSWALD. A follow-up questionnaire was submitted to AMMUG/1 on 6 May (Attachment C). Mr. Swenson's reply was dated 8 May (Attachment D). Attention is directed particularly to the content of paragraph two of Attachment D.
- 3. We have the problem of reconciling the operational exploitation of AMMUG/l and satisfying the responsibilities we have undertaken with Mr. Rankin. AMMUG/1 is such an operational gold mine that Mr. Swenson wants, at a maximum, two months to work fully. It is palpable, however, that we must furnish to the Commission the substance of AMMUG/1's

for FOIA Review on JUN 1976

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information on OSWALD before that. On the previous record of our association with the Commission, particularly with Mr. Rankin, it seems possible for the Agency to work out an arrangement with Mr. Rankin personally that would take care of their needs and ours after a frank discussion of the equities.

4. It is recommended that the DDP in person or via a designee, preferably the former, discuss the AMMUG/l situation on a very restricted basis with Mr. Rankin at his earliest convenience either at the Agency or at the Commission headquarters. Until this takes place, it is not desirable to put anything in writing.

Raymond G. Rocca Chief, CI Research and Analysis

Attachments

cc: G/CI

C/WH/6 (without att)

C/WH/SA/CI (without att)

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Proposed Crestians on Camala Com

BEFRUE Debriefing of Altico-1, dated 5 May 1254

- In Source says that prior to October 1940. Countil virtual the Gradua Exchange in Mexico City on two or three occasions. It is public impulsing he was in Mexico during the period 9-25-40 to 18-2-43.
 - A) When did source learn of these visits before or after the assessination? Pianes describe in detail the circumstances under which source learned this information and Limities of the precises involved.
 - poriod or is the source referring to provious visits. If the latter, try to get more specific details regarding those trips and the crigin of the source's information.
- Le The source states that before, during, and after these visits

 Countil was in contact with the DGL specifically Luisa

 GALDERGM, Manuel VEGA Peres and Rogello RCDRIGUEZ Lepez.

 This would appear to mean that one or more contacts were

 made after Countil returned to the United States i. c., between

 19-3-43 and II-22-63.
 - A) What does source mean by cominet?
 - 2) Can be break down these contacts by the specific individual maned, place and type of contact, and date of
 - G) Did Cavalid know or have reason to suspect the latelligence connections of these persons?
 - D) What was the purpose of these contacts?

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- Deen individuals, that protects, if any, were employed in
- of these contacts, or any correspondence initiated by or
- C) Did the DCI ever employ physical surveillances, technical devices or camera optiment to cover these contacts.
- Describes used Corold in any agent capacity or otherwise.

 This obviously makes it more important to check out what the

 names meant in question one.
- Did the DGI ever initiate an investigation of Complice
- the Wast the reason for packaging flies at IIII handwarters that field offices after news of the assessination was received?
- 5. Source was asked whether may provocative material was deliberately fabricated by the Cubana (Cuestion 9) to confide the investigation of Cavalid. The roply attributed to him was, who only fabrication known is the special matter by Fidel CASTRO proviously mentioned. " Please clarity.

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07 May 1964

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, Counter Intelligence Staff
Attention: Mr. Roca

SUBJECT General Debricking of AMMUG-1 Specific: The Oswald Case

REFERENCE

Blind Memorandum dated 05 May 1964

- 1. Reference is made to a telephone conversation yesterday with Chief, CI Staff concerning this matter.
- 2. Because I am not aware of the information already available to the Commission investigating the Oswald Case or furnished by the Agency, my debriefing of the Source has been based on the questions prepared by the CI Staff and on what the Source answers have suggested. I shall be glad to pursue any other topics suggested by CI Staff.
- 3. The Following information in addition to that in the reference might be of interest:
- a. Luisa CALDERON, since she returned to Cuba, has been paid a regular salary by the DGI even though she has not performed any services. Her home is in the Vedado section where the rents are high.
- b. Source has known CALDERON for several years. Before going to Mexico, she worked in the Ministry of Exterior Commerce in the department which was known as the #Empresa Transimport". Her title was Secretary General of the Communist Youth in the department named in the previous sentence.
- c. Luisa CALDERON was transferred directly from her position in the Ministry of Exterior Commerce to a post in Mexico, a matter of surprize to the Source.

d. Rogelio RODRIGUEZ Lopez (DGI pseudo MORCOS), shortly before he left Cuba for Mexico on or about 16 April 1964, saw CALDERON.

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4. As explained to CI Staff any publicity which would reveal the identity of the Source, his defection to KUBARK, or the extent of his knowledge of DGI activities might prejudice the operational use of the Source himself and of information which he has provided. Accordingly, it might be appropriate to point out to the Commission (as agreed by DC/WH/SA) that KUBARK hopes, by using the Source, to obtain access to DGI personnel including those mentioned in paragraph 3 above.

Harold F. Swenson Chief, WH/SA/CI



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6 May 1964

Proposed Questions on Oswald Case

REFERENCE: Debriefing of AMUG-1, dated 5 May 1964

- 1. The source says that prior to October 1963, Oswald visited the Guban Embassy in Maxico City on two or three occasions. It is public knowledge he was in Maxico during the period 9-26-63 to 10-3-63.
 - A) When did source learn of these visits before or after the assassination? Please describe in detail the circumstances under which source learned this information and identities of the persons involved.
 - B) Did these visits take place during the aforementioned period or is the source referring to previous visits. If the latter, try to get more specific details regarding these trips and the origin of the source's information.
- 2. The source states that before, during, and after these visits
 Oswald was in contact with the DGL specifically Luisa
 CALDERON, Manuel VEGA Peres and Rogelio RODRIGUEZ Lopez.
 This would appear to mean that one or more contacts were
 made after Oswald returned to the United States i.e., between
 10-3-63 and 11-22-63.
 - A) What does source mean by contact?
 - B) Can be break down these contacts by the specific individual named, place and type of contact, and date of occurence?
 - C) Did Oswald know or have reason to suspect the intelligence connections of these persons?
 - D) What was the purpose of these contacts?

att 3 to XAAZ-27213 =

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- E) If Oswald did not know the intelligence affiliations of these individuals, what pretexts, if any, were employed in contacting him?
- F) Did source ever see any documentary material on any of these contacts, or any correspondence initiated by or addressed to Oswald?
- G) Did the DGI ever employ physical surveillances, technical devices or camera equipment to cover these contacts.
- H) The source says he does not know whether the Guban services used Oswald in any agent capacity or otherwise. This obviously makes it more important to check out what the source meant in question one.
- 3. Did the DGI ever initiate an investigation of Oswald?
- 4. What was the reason for packaging files at DGI headquarters and field offices after news of the assassination was received?
- 5. Source was asked whether any provocative material was deliberately fabricated by the Cubans (Question 9) to confuse the investigation of Oswald. The raply attributed to him was, "the only fabrication known is the special matter by Fidel CASTRO previously mentioned." Please clarify.

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J.C.

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08 May 1964

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, Counter Intelligence Staff

Attention: Mr. Rocka

SUBJECT General

Debriefing of AMMUG-1

Specific

The Oswald Case

REFERENCE

A. Blind Memorandum dated 05 May 1964 ~

B. Blind Memorandum dated 07 May 1964

C. Conversations between CI Staff and C/WH/SA/CI

1. When the Oswald Case first was discussed with the Source the specific questions prepared by CI Staff were posed. The answers given by the Source were reported in Reference A. That memorandum which I dictated to a CI Staff stenographer appears accurate except for sentence #9 which should have said that the only possible "fabrication" known by Source was the specific denial by Fidel CASTRO, on a television program, of any Cuban knowledge of Oswald.

2. On 07 and 08 May 1964 I further discussed the Oswald Case with the Source in order to clarify exactly what he knew and what he had heard. In the light of the explanation given by him, I believe that a clearer understanding of what he knows can be reached if I record his knowledge without using the question and answer format. Accordingly, in the following paragraphs I shall report all the information given by the Source paraphrasing his explanations and comments.

" I have no personal knowledge of Lee Harvey OSWALD or his activities and I do not know that OSWALD was an agent of the Direction General de Inteligencia (DGI) or any other directorate or department of the Cuban Government.

I first heard of OSWALD after the assassination of President Kennedy when news media carried the name of OSWALD. Personnel in the DCI first commented about the case, so far as I can recall, one day after lunch when a group of officers, of whom I was one, were chatting. The officers present were about ten including Roberto SANTIESTEBAN, Norberto HERNANDEZ de Curbelo, Andres ARMONA, Pedro FARINAS Diaz and

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Manuel VEGA Perez. Manuel VEGA Perez previously had been assigned to Mexico in the Cuban Consulate where he was the principal intelligence officer of the DGI. VEGA mentioned that OSWALD had gone to the Cuban Consulate two or three times in connection with a visa application during the time that VEGA w as in Mexico. I gathered, although I do not know that VEGA made any specific statement to this effect, that VEGA personally had seen OSWALD. I well could have reached this conclusion because normally VEGA and his assistant in Mexico for the DGI, Rogelio RODRIGUEZ Lopez, would see persons applying for a visa to go to Cuba. This is because DGI officers are charged with expediting the granting of visas of agents of the DGI. Such agents on appearing at the Consulate use a special phrase to indicate their relationship with the DGI. (I do not know the particular phrase used in every case. I do know that agents from El Salvador in requesting visas always made mention of the name 'Mauricio') The DGI officers at a Consulate interview visa applicants to find out if they are agents. If the visa applicant does not use one of the indicated phrases, the DGI officers instead of granting the visa immediately, tell the applicant to return in a few days. The officer then notifies Habana and requests authority for the visa. I cannot recall if VEGA even made the statement that he had requested permission to issue a visa to OSWALD, but I feel sure that he would have done so because VEGA had said that OSWALD had returned several times and this would be the usual procedure.

I believe that Rogelio RODRIGUEZ Lopez also would have seen OSWALD because he worked with VEGA and also would have screened visa applicants.

I thought that Luisa CALDEROM might have had contact with OSWALD because I learned about 17 March 1964, shortly before I made a trip to Mexico. The information to which I refer was told to me by a DGI case officer named Norberto HERNANDEZ de Curbelo. (I remember the conversation with HERNANDEZ

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because he gave me \$40.00 to buy some shoes and - other items during my trip to Mexico.) I had commented to HERNANDEZ that it seemed strange that Luisa CALDERON was receiving a salary from the DGI although she apparently did not do any work for the Service HERNANDEZ told me that hers was a peculiar case and that he himself believed that she had been recruited in Mexico by the Central Intelligence Agency although Manuel PINEIRO, the Head of the DGI, did not agree. As Nrecall, HERNANDEZ had investigated Luisa CALDERON. This was because, during the time she was in Mexico, the DGI had intercepted a letter to her by an American who signed his name as OWER (phonetic) or something similar. As you know, the pronunciation of Anglo-Saxon names is difficult in Spanish so I am not sure of how the name mentioned by HERNANDEZ should be spelled. It could have been "Howard" or something different. As I understood the matter, the letter from the American was a love letter but indicated that there was a clandestineprofessional relationship between the writer and Luisa CALDERON. Falso understood from HERNANDEZ that after the interception of the letter she had been followed and seen in the company of an American. I do not know if this could have been OSWALD. I, myself, considered the case of Luisa CALDERON unusual because I had known her before she went to Mexico when she worked in the Ministry of Exterior Commerce in the Empresa Transimport Department where she was Secretary General of Communist Youth. She was transferred directly from that position to a post in Mexico which seemed strange.

The only other person about whom you asked me in connection with this, whom I recall, is Sylvia DURAN and I know very little about her. What happened was that I was in the Cuban Embassy in Mexico on 23 March 1964 about 1230 in the afternoon preparing to return to Habana the same day. I was talking to some other Cubans including Rogelio RODRIGUE Z Lopez and fnu BUENAVENTURA of the Cuban Embassy; a courier named "Enio", a courier named "Tato"; and one other Cuban whom I cannot recall. We saw a pretty girl standing at the end of the reception room and someone asked who she was, and one of the group said it was Sylvia DURAN

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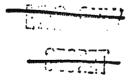
PAGE 20 of 212



I recall that, after the news of the assassination of President Kennedy reached the DGK orders were issued for all offics of the DGL at Headquarters and in the field, to sort and package all documents according to whether they were "muy secreto" (very secret), "secreto" (secret), or "importante" (important). The material, once packaged, was to be held pending further instructions. All travel by DGI officers and all DGI pouches were suspended temporarily. In addition, I recall that DGI Headquarters personnel were instructed either to remain in the DGI Headquarters offices or to keep the DGI aware of their whereabouts so that they could be reached immediately. I do not know the reason for these measures but I believe it logical that they were issued because of the possibility that the United State might take some type of action against Cuba and the DGI offices. As nearly as I can recall, we were able to unpackage DGI files and use them normally about the 3rd of December 1963."

3. In brief, the Source does not claim to have any significant information concerning the assassination of President Kennedy or about the activities of OSWALD. If the paraphrased comments of the Source are considered to nee further clarification, I suggest that Mr. Rocca, who is most familiar with the details of the OSWALD Case, talk to the Source. This can be arranged at any time. Meanwhile, I shall have a question asked in a forthcoming LCFLUTTER to determine whether or not the Source seems to have concealed any information on this matter.

Harold F. Swenson Chief, WH/SA/CI



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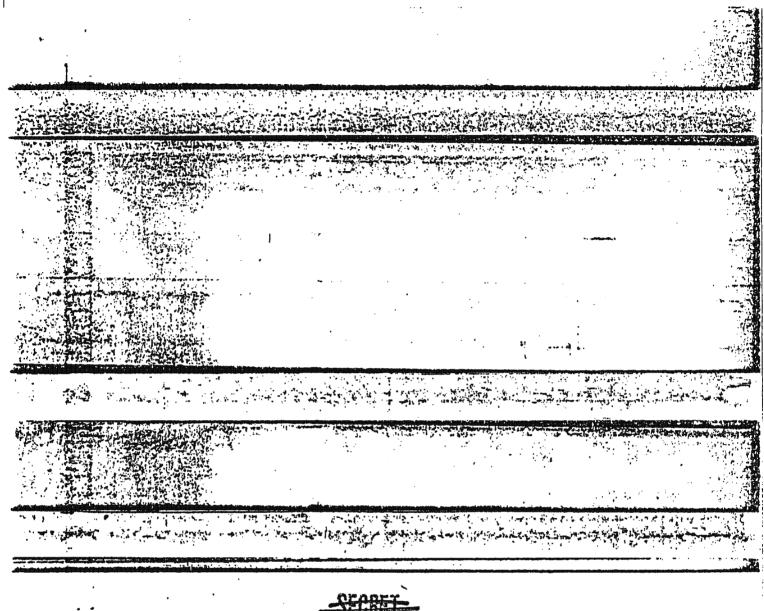
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SOURCE EVALUATION:

The Source is believed to be very reliable. We have established through independent evidence and crosschecking that the major part of the intelligence information furnished by him is inquestionably true. For example, we knew independent of this Source that Manuel VEGA Perez and Rogelio RODRIGUE > Lore Cuban intelligence officers in Mexico.



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DEUILT-

XAAZ-27166

19 June 1964

TO

FROM

Chief, CI/R&A

Mr. Raymond G. Bocca

CI/REA/: In . Deviley

SUBJ : Len Hurvey OSVALD

(201-289,248)

INFO and Warren Connission

with related documents.

1. On 15 May 1964, we provided the President's Commission with a summary of our debriefing of Cuban defector AMAUG 1 who had no personal knowledge of Oswald and no information linking him to the Cuban intelligence services in any manner. As a follow-up, Mr. Howard P. Willens of the Commission asked if he could see the questions used in the interrogation.

2. On 18 June, I took the questions and source's responses to the Commission and showed them to Mr. Willens. He studied them and returned the questions to me with the observation that they were very thorough and fully satisfied his requirements. He said that he saw no need to pursue this angle any further. The questions and answers exhibited to Mr. Willens are attached. At no time during our contacts with the Commission did we disclose the source's identity or cryptonym.

3. Ar. Willens indicated that the Commission was winding up its investigation. He was highly complimentary of CIA, referring to the agency personnel he encountered here and in Mexico as "real professionals." Mr. Willens asked that I convey his best regards to you.

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Document Number 139

for FOIA Raview of JUN 1976

Arthur E. Dooley

Carak & Llook

Attachment: a/s

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6 May 1964

Proposed Questions on Oswald Case

REFERENCE: Debriefing or Stom Source dated 9 May 1964

- 1. The source says that prior to October 1963, Oswald visited the Cuban Embassy in Mexico City on two or three occasions. It is public knowledge he was in Mexico during the period 9-26-63 to 10-3-63.
 - A) When did source learn of these visits before or after the assassination? Please describe in detail the circumstances under which source learned this information and identities of the persons involved.
 - B) Did these visits take place during the aforementioned period or is the source referring to previous visits. If the latter, try to get more specific details regarding these trips and the origin of the source's information.
- 2. The source states that before, during, and after these visits Oswald was in contact with the DGI, specifically Luisa CALDERON, Manuel VEGA Ferez and Rogello RODRIGUEZ Lopez. This would appear to mean that one or more contacts were made after Oswald returned to the United States i.e., between 10-3-63 and 11-22-63.
 - A) That does source mean by contact?
 - B) Can be break down these contacts by the specific individual named, place and type of contact, and date of occurrence?
 - C) Did Oswald know or have reason to suspect the intelligence connections of these persons?
 - D) What was the purpose of these contacts?
 - E) If Oswald did not know the intelligence affiliations of these individuals, what pretexts, if any, were employed in contacting him?
 - F) Did source ever see any documentary material on any of these contacts, or any correspondence initiated by or addressed to Oswald?

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- G) Did the DGI ever employ physical surveillances, technical devices or camera equipment to cover these contacts?
- II) The source says had does not know whether the Cuban services used Oswald in any agent capacity or otherwise. This obviously makes it many important to check out what the source meant in question on
- 3. Did the DGI ever initiate an investigation of Oswald?
- 4. What was the reason for packaging files at DGI headquarters and field offices after news of the assassination was received?
- 5. Source was asked whether any provocative material was deliberately fabricated by the Cubans (Question 9) to confuse the investigation of Oswald. The reply attributed to him was, "the only fabrication known is the special matter by Fidel CASTRO previously mentioned." Please clarify.

Addendum 18 June with reference to #5;

The only possible fabrication known by source was the specific denial by Fidel CASTRO on a TV program of any Cuban knowledge of Oswald.

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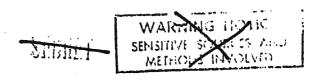
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5 May 1964

Subject - General: Debriefing of Cuban Source

Specific: OSWALD Case

The source does not have direct knowledge of Lee Harvey OSWALD or his activities but was able to provide items of interest based on Cuban intelligence officers assigned to the Direction General De Inteligencia. The information appearing below was furnished by the source and is keyed to questions submitted.

1. Prior to October 1963, OSWALD visited the Cuban Embassy in Mexico City on two or three occasions. Before, during and after these visits, OSWALD was in contact with the Direction General De Inteligencia (DGI), specifically with Luisa CALDERON, Manuel VEGA Perez and Rogelio RODRIGUEZ Lopez.

VEGA whose Cuban intelligence pseudonym is MARCOS is the current Cuban IS chief in Mexico. He recently has had a tour of duty in Habana, prior to which he held the same post as now as Cuban IS chief in Mexico.

RODRIGUEZ is a Cuban IS staff officer in Mexico. He has three Cuban intelligence pseudonyms, Eduardo, Casimiro and Jose Antonio.

The precise relationship of Luisa CALDERON to the DGI is not clear. She spent about six months in Mexico from which she returned to Cuba early in 1964.

- 2. The source does not know whether or not the Cuban Services used OSWALD in any agent capacity or other manner.
- 3. A. When news of the assassination of President Kennedy reached the DGI, it caused much comment concerning the fact OSWALD had been in the Cuban Embassy in Mexico. In addition, orders were issued for all headquarters and field officers of the DGI to sort and package all documents according to whether they

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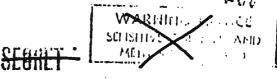
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were "Muy secreto" (very secret), "secreto" (secret), and "importante" (important). The material once packaged was to be held pending further instructions. In addition, all travel by DGI officers and all DGI pouchast were suspended temporarily.

- B. When the news that OSWALD was the assassin reached the DGI, there was no immediate comment but, when Fidel CASTRO spoke on television to deny Cuban involvement, there was considerable comment concerning OSWALD's visit to the Cuban Embassy in Mexico. At this time VEGA, who has been mentioned previously, was in Cuba and commented to a group of DGI staff officers that OSWALD had come to the Cuban Embassy in Mexico to request a visa but had been refused. VEGA did not give any details and the subject was not pursued.
- 4. It is not known whether information on OSWALD's visit to the Cuban Consulate in Mexico in September 1963 was relayed to any Cuban service.
- 5. It is not known if the Cuban intelligence services had contact with the New Orleans' Fair Play for Cuba Committee.
- 6. The only Molina who is recalled ig "The Hook", the Cuban who was convicted in New York City for the murder of a young girl during a clash between two Cuban groups. The DGI staff officer who had been in the United Nations in New York, SANTIESTABAN traveled to Cuba with "The Hook" and with another Cuban named ORIHUELA and upon arrival in Cuba tried to obtain employment for both individuals. The names Pedro Charles and Peter have no known significance.
- 7. The reaction of Soviet officials in contact with the Cuban intelligence services is not known.
- 8. Nothing is known about Soviet proposals following the news of President Kennedy's assassination.
- 9. The only fabrication known is the special matter by Fidel CASTRO previously mentioned.
 - 10. Nothing is known about Jack RUBENSTEIN aka Jack RUBY.
- 11. The name Gilberto LOPEZ is not familiar but, if he visited DGI headquarters, a photograph of him possibly could be identified.
- 12. OSWALD's photo was seen in the newspapers but nothing is known about him other than what appeared in the press.



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1 MAY 1964

Proposed Questions on Oswald Case

- 1. Was Lee Harvey QSWALD known to the Cuban intelligence services before 23 November 1963? If so which service?
- 2. Were the Cuban services using OSWALD in any agent capacity, or in any other manner, before 23 November 1963?
- 3. What was the reaction of the Cuban intelligence services to news of President Kennedy's assassination? To the news that OSWALD was the assassin?
- 4. Was information on OSWALD's visit to the Cuban Consulate in Mexico City in September 1963, relayed to any Cuban service? If so, what action was taken?
- 5. Was there any contact between the Cuban intelligence services and the New Orleans' Fair Play for Cuba Committee?
- 6. Has subject ever heard of Mario del ROSARIO Molina, or Pedro Charles known also as "Peter"?
- 7. How did the Soviet officials in contact with the Cuban intelligence services react to news of the assassination?
- 8. Did the Soviet's propose any type of action or investigation to the Cuban intelligence services following the news of President Kennedy's assassination?
- 9. Was any provocative material deliberately fabricated by the Cuban services of other and sent to the United States to confuse the investigation of the OSWALD case?
- 10. Was Jack RUBENSTEIN aka Jack RUBY known to the Cuban intelligence services? If so, in what way?
- 11. Does subject know a Gilberto LOPEZ who entered Mexico on November 23, 1963 at Neuvo Laredo, Texas and four days later proceded to Havana by special plane. He was 23 years old and carried a U.S. passport. He also had a Mexican tourist permit. Develop all information you can on this individual.

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12. Attached is a photograph of OSWALD, and a letter from Havana which is self-explanatory for guidance of the case officer. Under no circumstances should the contents of the letter be made known to the subject. This information came from the Secret Service and

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COMMISSION ON CIA ACTIVITIES WITHIN THE UNITED STATES Washington, DC 20500

April 15, 1975

Nelson A. Rockefeller, Chairman David W. Belin. Executive Director

John T. Connor C. Douglas Dillon Erwin N. Griswold Lane Kirkland Lyman L. Lemnitzer Ronald Reagan

Edgar F. Shannon, Jr.

Mr. E. Henry Knoche
Assistant to the Director
Central Intelligence Agency Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Knoche:

As you know, there have been allegations that the CIA was involved in a plan to assassinate Fidel Castro. For the purposes of this letter, we will assume that these allegations are correct, and based upon this assumption I would like to know the answers to the following questions:

- Did anyone with the CIA tell any member of the Warren Commission or any lawyer serving on the Warren Commission staff that such plans had been underway? If the answer is yes, we would like to know what person or persons with the Agency delivered said information, to whom it was delivered, when it was delivered, what specifically was told or said, what documents there are to support the answers to the fore-going questions, and what response, if any, was received from the Warren Commission. If the Commission was not told about this, why was it not told and who made the decision not to deliver such information to the Warren Commission?
- There is evidence that Castro, prior to November 22, 1963, knew about the existence of such plans and the possible involvement of the U.S. Government. Did the CIA at any time prior to the completion of the Warren Commission investigation have any documents or other information indicating that Castro may have known about such plans? If the answer is yes, would you please furnish with copies of all such documents and details of any such information.
- 3. Several months prior to the assassination of President Kennedy there is evidence of a public speech by Castro that was people by the Associated Press whereby Castro alluded

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to possible assassination attempts on his life and possible retaliation. Would you please advise us if there is any evidence that this Associated Press report may have appeared in any newspapers in the United States, including specifically any newspapers in Dallas or New Orleans. Would you also advise us alt you have any other information of public statements of any Cuban leader prior to November 22, 1963 indicating any awareness of possible assassination plots on the lives of Cuban leaders.

- 4. Would you please advise us if there is any information in CIA records to indicate that at any time prior to November 22, 1963 any foreign government or any foreign group was considering a possible assassination of any American leader. If so, would you please advise us of all details and also advise us who in the United States Government outside the CIA was advised of these plans or possibilities.
- 5. Prior to his death Lyndon Johnson supposedly stated that he believed that although there was no doubt that Oswald killed Kennedy and Tippitt, nevertheless Oswald might have been a part of a conspiracy in retaliation to possible United States assassination attempts in Cuba. Would you please advise us of any information in Agency files showing whether or not there was any communication to President Johnson of any possible plans involving the attempted assassinations of any Cuban leader and if the answer is yes, also give us all details involving this matter.

Sincerely yours,

David W. Belin Executive Director

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XAAZ-22809 12 May 1964 1745

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Rocca

" Internal Meme Royarding

Agency's Position in Dualing

The DDP called me this afternoon, 12 May, to state that the Director has received a telephone call from RANKIN regarding the Commission's desire to interview him at 1030 AM, Thursday. Mr. HOOVER is scheduled to appear at 9:00 on that morning.

The DDP wishes to have from you a short but comprehensive memorandum which highlights the basic issues or positions entered into by the Agency in its dealings with the Commission. For example, RANKIN indicated that the Commission would wish to hear the Dire ctor's views as to how improvements might be made in protecting the President's life. Further, they will probably ask questions regarding the possibilities that a conspiracy existed. Such general questioning certainly necessitates that the DCI be made aware of the positions taken during previous I raised with Mr. HELMS the nature of the recent information which you are processing which originated with the sensitive WH source. I informed him that in your view this would raise a number of new factors with the Commission, that it should not go to the Commission prior to the Director's appearance unless we have first had some preliminary reaction or made sure that the Director is fully aware of its implications since it could well serve as the basis for detailed questioning. The DDP stated that he would review this carefully and made a decision as to the question of timing.

3. Given the schedule, you will appreciate that the DDP will need a paper covering the above points as soon as possible.

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14 May 1964

Brief for Presentation to

President's Commission on the Assassination

of Fresident Kennedy

14 May 1964

Document Number <u>695-302</u> A

for FOIA Review on

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Summary Outline

This brief is concerned with five topics which, it is anticipated, will arise in the course of the Director's appearance before the President's Commission. These are:

- a. Formal and unqualified negation by the DCI of any contact or association, direct or indirect, between the Central Intelligence Agency and Lee Harvey Oswald. This should be accompanied by the tabling of an affidavit signed by the Director and notarized. (TAB A)
- b. A formal assurance by the Director that all information in the possession of the Agency regarding Oswald's activities and associations outside of the United States has been made available to the Commission through its staff, with which there has been close and frequent contacts since the inception of the Commission's activities. (TAB B)
- c. An interim pronouncement by the DCI on the problem of conspiratorial responsibility for Oswald's

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that at this time there is no conclusive evidence of

information bearing on this problem has been furnished to the Commission for evaluation and consideration in the framework of its total knowledge of the facts. The Agency, at the present time, is lacking any knowledge of recent information or documentation furnished by the Soviet Government to the Commission with respect to Oswald's activity in the Soviet Union. (TAB C)

organization with respect to the personal security of the President. Certain steps relating strictly to the Agency's jurisdiction have already been suggested by memorandum. It is proposed that the Director now make specific suggestions involving legislation which would treat information bearing on the personal security of the President and, advisedly, other Federal officials directly related to national security affairs in a manner similar to what currently exists by statute for special

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nuclear material or weapons introduced to the United States or manufactured therein (The Atomic Weapons Awards Act of 15 July 1955). (TAB D)

e. Oswald's activity in Mexico and his possible relationship to the Cuban Intelligence Service.

Substantive information of grave concern to the security of sources and methods have been developed on both of these topics. The information and, in certain instances, knowledge with respect to acquisition has been made available on a highly restricted basis to

Mr. Rankin and to certain elements of his staff. It is recommended that the DCI not respond on the record to queries on these topics. He should suggest that all such "technical questions" be worked out in detail through the channels and procedures that have functioned very well — we believe — between the Commission and particular CIA components. (TAB E)

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TAB A

Formal Disclaimer of any Relationship with Lee Harvey Oswald

There have been rumors and allegations which began immediately after the assassination which branded Oswald as a U.S. Government agent. In many instances, CIA has been named as his sponsor. The authorship, geographical dispersion throughout the world, the identify of themes and the timing lend strong support to the coachusion that these charges are elements of a world-wide, Soviet-sponsored propaganda and misinformation program.

As DCI, Mr. McCose welcomes this appearance before the Commission to make a categorical and unqualified denial of these unprincipled distortions of the historical and personal responsibilities for what was a dastardly and heinous act. In witness of this, the DCI submits to the Commission an affidavit which formalizes this statement. The affidavit is attached.

It is recommended that the DCI state concurrently with this action that he desires to draw the Commission's attention to the fact that the irresponsible charges that have been made, sponsored

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and replayed by Soviet bloc and Communist individuals and organs since the assassination of the President, recall the methods and the purposes of the broader campaign against American intelligence and security components which has built up momentum over the past six years. We have traced the sponsorship of that campaign directly to individuals and components within the Soviet police state apparatus. Their unscrupulous treatment of the Oswald case was neither new as a method nor a surprise as an occurrence.

If the DCI is challenged by anyone on the Commission
about the substance or implication of his affidavit, it is recommended that response be along the following lines:

CIA is a democratic institution. The DCI has incorporated in his affidavit the results of detailed and painstaking examination. If any qualification is raised with respect to the affidavit, he willingly undertakes the extraordinary step of releasing any individual in CIA to appear before the Commission and to testify with respect to any knowledge bearing on the Commission's task.

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AFFIDAVIT OF JOHN A. McCONE

STATE OF VIRCINIA

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COUNTY OF FAIRFAX

JOHN A. McCONE, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Director of Central Intelligence, and that based on his personal knowledge of the affairs of the Central Intelligence Agency and on detailed inquiries he caused to be made by the officers within the Central Intelligence Agency who would have knowledge about any relationship Lee Harvey Oswald may have had with that Agency, he certifies that:

Lee Harvey Oswald was not an agent, employee, or informant of the Central Intelligence Agency;

the Agency never contacted him, interviewed him, talked with him, or received or solicited any reports or information from him, or communicated with him, directly or indirectly, in any other manner;

the Agency never furniesed him any funds or money, or compensated him, directly or indirectly, in any fashion; and

Lee Harvey Oswald was never associated or connected, directly or indirectly, in any way whatsoever with the Agency.

JOHN A.

McCONE

Subscrib	ed and sworn to this day of
aid JOHN A. M	a Notary Public in and for the State of Virginia, by the cCONE, who is personally known to me and he duly me the execution of the foregoing instrument.
•	
	Notary Public
	My commission expires
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TAB B

Dissemination of Information to the Commission

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The DCI should make the general statement that CIA has supplied all the information in its possession regarding the activities, affiliations and associations of Oswald. Copies of the reports and access to original data, in specific instances, has been given to Commission representatives in accordance with the DCI's expressed instruction from the inception that the Agency place itself completely at the Commission's disposition.

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TAB C

The Problem of Conspiracy

The DCI should note that from the start he had given specific indications to Agency personnel working on the Commission's problems that a Dinformation bearing on Oswald's possible relationships with foreign sponsors be made available to the Commission. The DCI may state that he is gratified that his instructions have been carried out diligently and promptly. Among the items of information provided the Commission have been studies on the organization and functions of components of the Soviet police state which are known to include individuals and units charged with the performance of what is euphemistically referred to as "executive action" --- but is, in fact, charged with assassination and sabotage.

The DCI should state that no firm evidence has thus far developed abroad linking known Soviet, Soviet bloc or Cuban intelligence and assassination personnel or organizations with the act committed by Lee Harvey Oswald in Dallas on 22 November 1963.

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It is recommended that the DCI handle any questions

from the Commission with respect to the apparently favorable treatment afforded Oswala in the USSR, the withdrawal of his wife, his possible contact there with Soviet State Security (the KGB), and related questions which would tend to establish Oswald's associational link with Soviet intelligence as "technical questions" and, therefore, beyond the scope of present testimony. It is suggested that he rest on the fact that the Commission has taken up these points item-by-item with the technical levels of the Agency and that the ultimate findings and evaluation can only be determined by the Commission.

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TAB D

Suggestions for Improving Policy and Organization Regarding
Presidential Security

Mr. Rankin raised this question directly by letter. In its response, the Agency confined itself to elements relating to its statutory mission. Specifically, it was suggested that:

- a. The Secret Service, or Treasury, record with the Office of Central Reference a formal requirement for information relating to Presidential security.
- b. It was suggested that, if the Secret Service intended to expand its intelligence coverage of possible threats to the President's security, our experience showed that it would need a specialized organizational component to handle that task within the Secret Service itself.
- c. The CIA reply also noted that the Agency was in direct touch with the Secret Service regarding the possible utilization by that agency of our experience in machine data processing. On the public record, it is suggested that the DCI not repeat this detail.

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In his presentation to the Commission after referring to these earlier suggestions, the DCI should state that he desires to take the opportunity to offer a suggestion which he has not tabled heretofore.

The Commission's major problem has been the assessment of personal motive and the relationship of an individual act to possible conspiratorial guidance. Because conspiracy is the core of the problem, the DCI should point out the possibility of legislative action which might be an assistance in preventing recurrence of the national calamity it is investigating. There is an analogy at close hand between the problem of developing in advance information relating to Presidential security and the problem faced by the country a few years ago regarding the clandestine introduction or manufacture in the U.S. of special nuclear material or atomic weapons. The remedy devised at that time was embodied in the Atomic Weapons Reward Act of 15 July 1955 (29 Stat 365, PL.165, 84th Congress). In essence, the Act established a substantial reward (\$500,000) for information bearing on the Act provided by any person, and in certain instances privileged treatment for such persons -- for example, asylum if they were

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foreigners, was assured. Finally, a Reward Board was created to administer the purposes of the Act.

recommendation for original legislative action designed to induce individuals to furnish information bearing on Presidential security by offering a substantial reward and preferential treatment. The DCI should assure the Commission that he is convinced that the substantial award, the special treatment, and the publicity which would attend the implementing legislation in this matter could represent a significant inducement even to staff officers and personnel of secret associations and state security organs abroad whose functions include assassination and sabotage. It is these individuals who would be privy to plans of executive action. The reward would constitute additional inducement for such individuals to take the risk of making important disclosures.

The suggestion does not rest on the material elements of reward and special treatment. The DCI can assure the Commission that we are aware that personnel in police state apparatuses charged with the assassination and sabotage functions have repeatedly expressed and, in many cases, acted upon their repugnance for

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such work and for the system which calls upon them to do it.

There are specific cases in the past ten years which document this assertion. Trusted personnel charged with assassination missions have abandoned the mission even without the assurance or the inducement which the DCI is here proposing.

In making this suggestion, the DCI may go one step further in advising the Commission to suggest that the Commission examine the advisability of legislation making it a Federal offense to conspire and to kill the Chief Executive. 3) The DCI could also indicate that the Commission might desire to suggest that any legislation along these lines should be enlarged to include conspiracy to kill any Federal official in the President's personal circle of official associates directly concerned with national security affairs. (The Agency's Legal Counsel states that draft bills have been considered on the Hill.)

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INTERNAL SECURITY MANUAL SENATE 86th Congress Docu Revise

2nd Session

PP 275-277

ATOMIC WEATONS REWARDS ACT

Act of July 15, 1955 (60 Stat. 365, P.L. 165, 84th Cong.) - Atomic Weapons Rewards Act of 1955:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Depresentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the Atomic Weapons Rewards Act of 1955'.

"Sec. 2. Any person who families original information to the United States—

"(a) leading to the finding or other acquisition by the United States of any special nuclear material or atomic weapon which has been introduced into the United States,

or which has been manufactured or acquired therein contrary

to the laws of the United States, or

"(b)" with respect to an attempted introduction into the
United States or an attempted manufacture or acquisition
therein of any special nuclear material or atomic weapon,
contrary to the laws of the United States,

shall be rewarded by the payment of an amount not to exceed

shall be rewarded by the payment of an amount not to exceed \$500,000.

"Sec. 3. An Awards Board consisting of the Secretary of the Treasury (who shall be the Chairman), the Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General, the Director of Central Intelligence, and of one member of the Atomic Energy Commission designated by that Commission, shall determine whether any person furnishing information to the United States is entitled to any award and the amount thereof to be paid pursuant to section 2. In determining whether any person furnishing information to the United States is entitled to an award and the amount of such award, the Board shall take into consideration eration—

"(a) whether or not the information is of the type specified

in section 2, and

"(b) whether the person furnishing the information was an officer or employee of the United States and, if so, whether the information was in the line of duty of the furnishing of such information was in the line of duty of that person.

that person.

"Any reward of \$50,000 or more shall be approved by the President.

"Sec. 4. If the information leading to an award under section 3 is furnished by an-alien, the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and the Director of Central Intelligence, acting jointly, may determine that the entry of such alien into the United States is in the public interest and, in that event, such alien and the members of his immediate family may receive immigrant visas and may be admitted to the United States for permanent residence, notwithstanding the requirements of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

"SEC. 5. The Board established under section 3 is authorized to hold such hearings and make, promulgate, issue, rescind, and amend such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out

the purposes of this Act.

"Sec. 6. Any awards granted under section 3 of this Act shall be certified by the Awards Board and, together with the approval to certified by the Awards Board and, together with the approval is required.

be certified by the Awards Board and, together with the approval of the President in those cases where such approval is required, transmitted to the Director of Central Intelligence for payment out of funds appropriated or available for the administration of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended.

"Sec. 7. As used in this Act—

"(a) The term 'atomic energy' means all forms of energy released in the course of nuclear fission or nuclear transformation.

"(b) The term 'atomic weapon' means any device utilizing atomic energy, exclusive of the means for transporting or propelling the device (where such means is a separable and divisible part of the device), the principal purpose of which is for use as, or for development of, a weapon, a weapon prototype, or a weapon or for development of, a weapon, a weapon prototype, or a weapon

test device.

"(c) The term 'special nuclear material' means plutonium, or

"(c) The term 'special nuclear material' means plutonium, or uranium enriched in the isotope 233 or in the isotope 235, or any other material which is found to be special nuclear material pursuant to the provisions of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954.

"(d) The term 'United States,' when used in a geographical sense, includes Puerto Rico, all Territories and possessions of the United States and the Canal Zone; except that in section 4, the term 'United States' when so used shall have the meaning given to it in the Immigration and Nationality Act."

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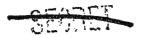
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TAB E

Mexican and Cuban Phases of Oswald's Activity

Extensive information has been made available to the Commission by CIA on the working level regarding Oswald's activity in Mexico City in September and October 1963. The Commission Staff has been in detailed communication and conversation with the Agency working levels both in head-quarters and in Mexico City. Within the past week, significant information has been developed by CIA regarding the relationship with Oswald of certain Cuban intelligence personnel in Mexico City and the reaction in Havana within the Cuban Intelligence Service to the news of the assassination of President Kennedy. The Commission Staff is in the course of being briefed on the Cuban aspect.

It is suggested that the DCI handle any question on the Mexican and Cuban phases of Oswald's activity as "technical questions" which members of the Commission can develop from or through their own staff with the appropriate component of the Agency. This would be entirely consistent with the DCI's overall assurance that he has instructed his personnel to place their information completely at the Commission's disposition.

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10 April 1964

MATERIAL FROM P-8593 PASSED TO WARREN COMMISSION:

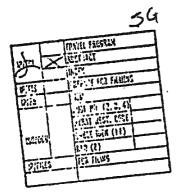
- 1. English translations of calls made by OSWALD to Russian Embassy: 27 Sep 63 (1037); 27 Sep 63 (1626); 27 Sep 63 (1605); 28 Sep 63 (1151); 1 Oct 63 (1031); 1 Oct 63 (1031); 20 63 (1031); 1 Oct 63 (1031); 1 Oct
- 2. English translation of conversation between President Dorticos in Havana and Cuban Amb Joaquin Hernandez Armas in Mexico on 26 Nov 63.
- 3. English translation of conversation between Cuban Am to Mexico and President Dorticos in Havana on 26 Nov 63.

Document Number 53-828

for FOIA Review on

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XAAZ-36307

15 MAY 1964

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
President's Commission on the
Ages shatton of President Kennedy

SUBJECT:

Role of the Cuban Intelligence Service in Processing Visa Applicants; Reaction of that Service to the Assassination of President Kennedy

l. Within the very recent period, this Agency has escabilished contact with a well-placed individual who has been in close and prolonged contact with ranking officers of the Cuban Direction General de Intelligencia (Directorate General of Intelligence - DGI). His knowledge of DGI activities, techniques and personalities is direct and profound. This Agency has queried him in detail on possible contacts between Lee Harvey CSWALD and the DGI prior, to the assassination of Provident Kennedy. A report on the information thus obtained is attached to this memorandum.

2. This source is highly sensitive and of great, immediate operational significance to this Agency. The national counterintelligence interest abroad requires, therefore, that access to the attached report, as knowledge of the existence of this source be restricted, for the present at least, to yourself and a minimum number of your staff.

Document Number

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- 3. An appropriate sensitivity indicator has been affixed to this memorandum and the attached report.
- 4. A copy of this memorandum with its attachment has been forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

(Signed) Richard Heims

Richard Heims
Deputy Director for Plans

Attachenesi

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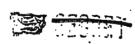
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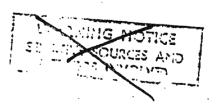
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Attachment

SUBJECT: Las Harrey OSYALD

The source has no personal knowledge of Lee Harrey OSTALD or his activities and does not know receiver OSTALD was an agent of the Direction General de Inteligencia (DJI) or any other alirectorate or department of the Collan government.

He first heart of CSWALD hiter the assessmation of President Remarky when news media corried CSWALD's name. DGI personnel first commented about the case in his presence one day after lunch, when a group of officers were chanting. Among them was Manuel VEGA Peres who previously had been assigned to the Cohan Consulate in Medico City, where he was the principal DGI officer. VEGA mentioned that CSWALD had gone to the Cuben Consulate two or three times in compaction with a vice application intring the time that VEGA was in Mexico.

Whether OSWALD had any contact with VEGA on those occasions is not known to the source. However DGI officers stationed in consulates customarily interview vise applicants to determine if they are DGI agents. If applicants are identified as agents, their travel is expedited. Otherwise, they are usually told to come back in a few days. During the interim applicants' names are rebuilted to liavana for further checking and instructions. According to the source, OSWALD may have been interviewed by VEGA or his assistant, Rogelia RODREGUEZ Lopes, but this is strictly conjecture on his part. The source does not know Silvia DURAN or anything partinent about how except that she was present in the Cuban Embassy in Mexico in March 1964.

After the news of the assessmation of Provident Kennedy reached the DOL arders were issued for all DOL components in the country to sort and package all documents according to whether they were "may secreta" (very secret), "secreta" (secret), or

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"importants" (important). The material, once consolidated, was to be held pending further instructions. All travel by DGI officers was suspended temporarily. In addition, DGI Headquarters' personnel were instructed to remain in their offices or to keep the DGI maps of their whereabours so that they could be reached immediately. The source does not know the reason for these measures but believes it logical that they were bested because of the possibility that the United States might have inken sums type of action against Cuba and the DGI limit. We meanly as he recalls, the DGI limit Cuba respond to regular use about 3 December 1963.

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23 May 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR: DC/OPS

SUBJECT

Raview of Selected Items in the Lee Harvey OSWALD File Regarding Allegations of the CASTRO Cuban Involvement in the John F. KENNEDY Assassination

- 1. The attached review and summary was written at the express request of Mr. David W. Belin as a follow-up to Question 3 of his letter to the Agency of 15 April 1975.
- 2. The results as I have already told him add nuance, not evidence, to what the Warren Commission and its staff had laid before them in 1964 on this subject. The results of the review are stipulated in paragraph 8 of the Attachment. There seemed to be no reason to attach copies of the case reports from the file to this summary. These can be made available promptly, however, on request. This summary does not deal with press, magazine and books that dealt with the subject during the period after the assassination.
- 3. My recommendation is to do with this paper as we did with the earlier one requested by Mr. Belin on the unidentified man: let him read the entire summary and then decide how much of it, if any, is pertinent

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to his and the Commission's needs and then decide how much will go into the classified record.

Raymond G. Rocca

Attachment

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SUBJECT Review of Selected Items in the

Lee Harvey OSWALD File Regarding Allegations of CASTRO Cuban Involvement in the John F. KENNEDY Assassination

REFERENCE: Letter by David W. Belin to

Mr. E. Henry Knoche, 15 April 1975, paragraph 3 (Regarding Public Statement

by CASTRO, etc., attached

BACKGROUND

- On Saturday evening, 7 September 1963, Fidel CASTRO appeared at a Brazilian Embassy reception in Havana; even more unusual, CASTRO submitted to an informal interview by the Associated Press correspondent, Daniel HARKER.
- 2. HARKER's interview reached New York on Sunday, 8 September, and was in print throughout the country on There can be no question from the Monday, 9 September. facts surrounding the CASTRO appearance, which had not been expected, and his agreement to the interview, that this event represented a more-than-ordinary attempt to get a message on the record in the United States.

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- 3. CASTRO's statements to HARKER covered a range of topics but dealt principally with American political leadership, in particular President KENNEDY, whom he excoriated in extraordinarily provocative fashion

 (" ... KENNEDY is a cretin: " ... the BATISTA of his times ... the most opportunistic American President of all time ...").
- 4. The interview also contained an uncomplimentary reference to Senator GOLDWATER and Cuban delay in signing the limited nuclear test ban. There were differences in the replay by United States newspapers like the New York Times and Washington papers, with a result that CASTRO's "message" was significantly modulated.
- 5. In New Orleans, where Lee Harvey OSWALD resided until the middle of September 1963, the HARKER story appeared in the principal morning paper, the Times-Picayune, on Monday, 9 September, page 7, under a three-column headline: "CASTRO Blasts Raids on Cuba. Says U.S. Leaders Imperiled by Aid to Rebels." The story followed under the HARKER by-line:

"Havana (AP) - Prime Minister

Fidel Castro said Saturday night: 'U.S.

leaders would be in danger if they helped
in any attempt to do away with leaders of

Cuba.'

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"Bitterly denouncing what he called recent U.S. prompted raids on Cuban territory, Castro said: We are prepared to fight them and answer in kind. U.S. leaders should think that if they are aiding terrorist plans to eliminate Cuban leaders, they themselves will not be safe.'

" ... World affairs ... seemed to be entering a more peaceful climate a few days ago, but now this trend has changed with attacks.

"The U.S. is always ready to negotiate and make promises which later it will not honor. This has happened to promises made during the October crisis. They have been broken as can be seen with new attacks.

"'But I warn this is leading to a very dangerous situation that could lead to a worse crisis than October's ...'"

6. The New York Times, in its coverage on 9 September, used a UPI wire service report which omitted any reference to the warning and threat which gave the interview its real significance. The Washington Post did an abbreviated rewrite (9 September, page A-7) which, similarly, omitted any reference to the main thrust of CASTRO's remarks.

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The Evening Star of Washington, D. C., printed_the HARKER story nearly in its entirety in the second section of the paper (9 September 1961, page B-4) and reworded the content of the HARKER interview, placing the emphasis on the political aspects - in particular, highlighting the GOLDWATER elements and burying CASTRO's warning to the United States leadership in the middle of the piece.

- assassination that this CASTRO interview was considered in following up leads or in dealings with the Warren Commission and its staff although Mexico Station specifically directed Headquarters attention to the AP story very shortly after the Dallas killing. More important, the interview appears to have been forgotten in the contemporary political consideration of relations with CASTRO's Cuba. There is no evidence in the Agency records, either, that the Warren Commission staff itself pursued the implication of the CASTRO interview in dealing with the conspiracy hypothesis. There is no evidence in the files that anything along these lines was stated by any other Cuban leader before the assassination.
- 8. The purpose of this review, undertaken at Mr. Belin's request, is to reconsider Lee Harvey OSWALD's activity on the assumption that as an avid newspaper reader which we know from testimony of Marina OSWALD and others he read the CASTRO warning and threat as reported above. The results

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of the review, admittedly heavily using the 20 -- 20 quality of hindsight, may be stipulated in summary:

evidence, applying this phrase strictly, of
Soviet and/or Cuban political, intelligence
or security service involvement in the assassination to what was developed and considered by the Warren Commission and its
staff. The Commission's finding that
Lee Harvey OSWALD was the killer of
President KENNEDY and Officer TIPPIT and did
them in alone and of his own determination
stands.

b. "Credible evidence" that would upset or significantly modify this judgement did (and does) not exist in Washington. But such evidence could exist in Moscow and/or Havana, whose voluntary inputs to the Warren Commission were minimal in quantity and quality, designed to cover up any admissions of knowledge of, or connection with, OSWALD which might be related directly or indirectly with the assassination. Therefore, the belief that there was Soviet and/or Cuban (KGB and/or DGI) connection with OSWALD will persist and

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by these governments of all elements of OSWALD's handling and stay in the Soviet Union and his contacts in Mexico City. The Warren Commission report should have left a wider "window" for this contingency. That, indeed, was the opinion at the working level, particularly in the counterintelligence component in the CIA in 1964. As was indicated by Mr. Helms in his testimony before the Warren Commission, CIA would continue to regard this aspect of the OSWALD case as still open.

- elements of "credible" evidence, there are "nuances" in the record that emerge as note-worthy, in the light of other conclusions.

 These are reviewed and summarized below, itemby-item.
- d. CASTRO's warning and threat of 7 September 1963 - if OSWALD did indeed read

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Investigation of the Assassination of President John F. KENNEDY. Hearings Before the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY (Washington, 1964), hereafter cited as Hearings, Vol. V., pp. 120 - 129. See especially p. 124 - "Mr. Helms: 'Yes. I would assume the case could never be closed.'"

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it in New Orleans + must be considered of great significance in the light of the pathological evolution of OSWALD's passive/ aggressive makeup after his attempt to kill General WACKER early in April 1963 and his identification with Fidel CASTRO and the Cuban revolution which is directly traceable as far back as his Marine Corps service in El Toro, California. CASTRO's warning and threat, given to AP correspondent HARKER, irrespective of whether there was any formal mandate, or even security service contact with OSWALD by the Cubans or the Russians - was an act of singular irresponsibility and under no circumstances was excusable as retorsion for what the Cuban emigres were doing during the summer of 1963.

CUBAN CONTACT WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD, SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA, EARLY 1959 (?)

9. The testimony of Nelson DELGADO contains an assertion of germinal significance to any review of the background of Lee Harvey OSWALD's feeling toward and relations with CASTRO's Cuba. DELGADO was probably the closest peer group

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member to OSWALD during his specialist training period at El Toro Marine Corps Base December 1958 - September 1959. The Warren Commission Report takes note of this:

"OSWALD told DELGADO that he was in touch with Caban diplomatic officials in this country, which DELGADO at first took to be 'one of his lies, but later believed.'"2

10. Actually DELGADO's testimony says a lot more of possible operational significance than is reflected by the language of the report, and its implications do not appear to have been run down or developed by investigation. Thus the record of the beginning of OSWALD's relationship with the Cubans starts with a question mark.



- 11. The period was one of transition in U.S. Cuban relations after CASTRO's takeover. OSWALD, and DELGADO at the outset, were CASTRO supporters, OSWALD being particularly keen about how to get to the island. DELGADO testified:
 - " ... I didn't know what to tell him, so
 I told him the best thing that I know was to

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Report to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President John F. KENNEDY (Washington, 1964), hereafter cited as Report, p. 687.

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get in touch with a Cuban Embassy, you know.

But at that time that I told him this - we
were on friendly terms with Cuba, you know,
so this wasn't no subversion or malintent,
you know. I didn't know what to answer him.

I told him to see them.

"After a while he told me he was in contact with them ...

- "... I seen this envelope in his footlocker, wall-locker, and it was addressed to
 him, and they had an official seal on it, and
 as far as I could recollect that was mail from
 Los Angeles, and he was telling me there was
 a Cuban Consul. And just after he started
 receiving these letters you see, he would
 never go out, but stay near the post all the
 time ...
- "... he had one visitor after he started receiving letters he had one visitor. It was a man, because I got the call from the MP guard shack, and they gave me a call that OSWALD had a visitor at the front gate. This man had to be a civilian, otherwise they would have let him in. So I had to find somebody to relieve OSWALD, who was on guard, to go down

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there to visit with this fellow, and they spent about an hour and a half, two hours, talking,

I guess and he came back. I don't know who the man was or what they talked about, but he looked nonchalant about the whole thing when he came back. He never mentioned who he was, nothing.

"Mr. LIEBELER: How long did he talk to him, do you remember?

"Mr. DELGADO: About an hour and half, two hours ...

"Mr. LIEBELER: You never asked OSWALD who this fellow was that he talked to?

"Mr. DELGADO: No. No.

"Mr. LIEBELER: Did you connect this visit that OSWALD had at that time with the Cuban Consulate?

"Mr. DELGADO: I did; because I thought it funny for him to be receiving a caller at such a late date - time. Also, up to this time he hardly ever received mail; in fact he seldom received mail from home because I made it a policy, I used to pick up the mail for our unit and distribute it to the guys in there, and very seldom did I ever see one for him. But every so often, after he started to get in contact with

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these Cuban people, me started getting letter pamphlets and newspapers ...

"... and he also started receiving letters, you know, and no books, maybe pamphlets, you know, little like church, things we get from church, you know, but it wasn't a church.

"Mr. LIEBELER: Were they written in Spanish, any of them, do you known

"Mr. DELGADO: Not that T can recall,

"Mr. LIEBELER: Did you have any reason to believe that these things came to OSWALD from the Cuban Consulate?

"Mr. DELGADO: Well, I took it for granted that they did after I seen the envelope, you know... something like a Mexican eagle, with a big, impressive seal, you know. They had different colors on it, red and white; almost looked like our colors, you know. But I can't recall the seal. I just knew it was in Latin, United, something the that. I couldn't understand. It was Latin.

"Mr. LIEBELER: You don't know for sure whether it was from the Cuban Consulate? .

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"Mr. DELGADO No. But he had told me prior, just before I found that envelope in his wall locker, that he was receiving mail from them, and one time he offered to show it to me, but I wasn't much interested because at the time we had work to do, and I never did ask to see that paper again, you know.

"Mr. LIEBELER: Did he tell you what his correspondence with the Cuban Consulate was about?

"Mr. DELGADO: No, he didn't

"Mr. LIEBELER: Did he ever indicate to you that it had to do with the conversations that you had about going over to Cuba?

"Mr. DELGADO: No. The only thing he told me was that right after he had this conversation with the Cuban people was that he was going to - once he got out of the service - he was going to Switzerland ... "3 .

12. OSWALD's application to Albert Schweitzer College, Churwalden, Switzerland, was dated 19 March 1959, and he was presumably to report there on 20 April 1960. Destined for discharge from the Marines on 7 December 1959, OSWALD

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³ Hearings, Volume VIII, pp. 241 - 243.

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accelerated his exit on grounds of family hardship in early September 1959. On 27 September 1969 he was issued a U.S. passport walld for travel - among other places to Cuba and the USER. He entered the Soviet Union from Finland on 35 October 1959.

DELGADO'S testimony has the cast of credibility. Granting that, it is of basic importance to focus attention on the male visitor who contacted OSWALD at El Toro Camp and talked with him for between one and a half to two hours. The event was unique in DELGADO's recollections, and actually there is nothing like it - on the record - in everything else we know about OSWALD's activity in the United States before or after his return to the United States. The record reflects no identification of the El Toro contact. DELGADO's presumption is that he was from the Cuban Consulate in Los Angeles. Assuming that, the guestions are: Who was it, and was there reporting from Los Angeles to Washington and Havana that could, in effect, represent the opening of a Cuban file on OSWARD?

"PREDICTION" OF RESIDENT KENNEDY'S DEMISE BY COMMUNIST PARTY CELL LEADER MORSE BENITEZ ZABOLA, 1962

14. Guatemala Station forwarded to Headquarters on 9 January 1964 a duplicate copy of a raw report by a

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U.S./Cuban diplomatic and consular relations were severed on 3 January 1961.

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penetration dated 5 January 1962 describing events at the yearly Communist Party cell meeting. The cell leader, Morse BENITEZ Zabola, said that the Communist Party in Guatamala should form a single new party; "We need not preoccupy outselves over the politics of President KENNEDY because we know, according to prognostications, that he will die within the present year, 1962."

15. This report apparently had been discounted when it was received and was not forwarded until the Station re-reviewed all of its material after the assassination. The file reflects no follow-up or formal dissemination of the report.

ENIGMATIC THREATS BY CUBAN THIRD SECRETARY IN THE HAUGE, 7 NOVEMBER 1963

- 16. A sensitive liaison source, reporting after the KENNEDY assassination, indicated that at the Soviet reception on 7 November 1963, the Cuban Third Secretary, Ricardo L. SANTOS Pesa, discussed the recent refugee raids on Cuba and their implications with a host-country diplomat, concluding with the admonition: "... Just wait and you will see what we can do. It will happen soon." Asked to be more specific what would happen soon, SANTOS replied: "Just wait, just wait."
- 17. These data were passed to the Warren Commission by memorandum, 31 March 1964. SANTOS was reported to have

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a history of medical instability and was summarily recalled from The Hague reportedly for reasons related to that fact in April 1966.

INTERCEPTED CONVERSATION OF CUBAN EMBASSY EMPLOYEE, LUISA CALDERON, AFTERNOON OF 22 NOVEMBER 1963

- 18. At k730 Mexico City time, about five hours after the KENNEDY assassination, a Cuban Embassy employee named "Luisa" received a telephone call in Spanish from an unidentified male outside.
- 19. The caller asked her if she had heard the latest news. "Luisa" jokingly replied: "Yes, of course, I knew it almost before KENNEDY ... Imagine, one, two, three and now, that makes three [she laughs], what barbarians! ..."
- 20. Both speakers agreed on the seriousness of the assassination. "Luisa" also stated that the party at Silvia DURAN's had been called off so it would not appear that they were celebrating the death of KENNEDY, nor would they have the party coincide with the burial. Finally she said she planned to move that night into the house of a doctor (a woman) friend.
- 21. Latin hyperbole? Boastful ex post facto suggestion of foreknowledge? This is the only item in the intercept coverage of the Cubans and Soviets after the assassination that contains the suggestion of foreknowledge or expectation.

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- 22. The tenuous, enignmatic character of the conversation is sharply highlighted by the following facts:
 - a. "Luisa" was probably identical with
 Luisa CALDERON, a cadre worker of the Cuban
 Directorate General of Intelligence (DGI).

 She returned to Cuba in 1964 and was reported
 to be working in DGI Headquarters.
 - b. The DGI element in Mexico City in the fall of 1963 was headed by Alfredo MIRABEL Diaz who had arrived on 2 September 1963, formally as the replacement of the Consul Eusebio AZCUE (departed 19 November 1963). The deputy DGI chief (and as of June 1964, MIRABEL's successor) was Manuel Engenio VEGA Perez.
 - c. The "Silvia DURAN" named in Luisa's conversation was the receptionist, a Mexican national, who dealt with OSWALD during his known visits on 27 and 28 September to the Cuban installations in connection with a Cuban visa application for stay and/or transit.

 Silvia DURAN is the sole live witness on the record regarding OSWALD's activity in Mexico City. Her testimony, however, in its entirety was taken and presented, solely, by the Mexican Governmental authorities. A direct

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confrontation with her was requested by the Warren Commission staff but rejected by the Mexican authorities. It is from Silvia DURAN's statements that it was learned that OSWALD became engaged in a personal altercation on 27 September with Eusebio AZCUE.

Manuel Engenio VEGA Perez, alias Marcos, and his DGI assistant, Rogelis RODRIGUEZ Lopez, were positively identified in February 1964 by two independent sources as engaged in the active development and facilitation of the training of Nicaraguan agents for the purpose of assassinating General Annstasio SOMOZA. VEGA, it is established, was on post in Mexico City during OSWALD's stay there 27 September - 2 October He left Mexico City on 3 November 1963 for Havana. It was reliably reported about VEGA that all individuals going to Cuba, legally or illegally, had to pass through him first. took the biographical data and sent it to Cuba for name checking, a procedure which normally took fifteen days. 5

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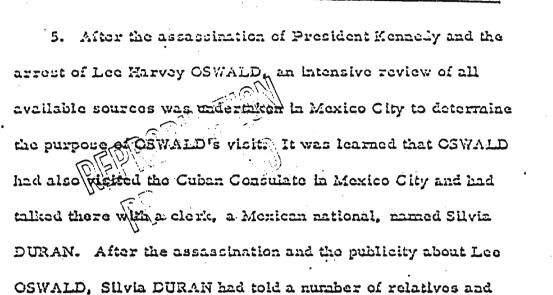
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For example, VEGA would have handled the details of the visa action and facilitation of the trip to Cuba via Mexico City from 28 December 1962 - 21 January 1963 that



Silvia DURAN and her husband, Horazio DURAN Navarro, were demined and questioned by the Mexican police from 23 to 25 November 1963.

friends that she had talked to OSWALD about a Cuban visa.

6. After giving some of the details of her own personal background - she is an admitted Leftist sympathizer and had formerly worked for the Mexican-Cuban Institute of Cultural Relations - Silvia DURAN said that when she first heard of the death of President Kennedy and had been depressed and thought the assassin must have been a maniac. When she learned that he was associated with the "Fair Play for Cuba Committee" she did not believe it:

7. She talked about the case to her husband and when she heard the name of Lee CSWALD mentioned, she recognized it as

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the man who had come to the Consulate about two months before to get a visa to transit contain his way to the USSR. She realized that he had said he was married to a Russian and that he had followinged to the "Fair Play for Cuba" group. She checked her file on him in the Consular archives and from the descriptive data, she was sure it was the same man. He was short, blond, poorly dressed and his face got red when he talked. He was denied a Cuban transit visa because he did not yet have a Soviet visa, and he was told to get the Soviet visa first, but it was noted that this would take about four months. She had asked the Cuban Consul himself, Eusebio AZCUE, to talk to OSWALD and they had an argument when AZCUE urged OSWALD to leave Mexico instead of waiting there. The Consul had phoned the Soviet Consulate and talked to the person handling OSWALD's case, who had said it would take about four months to hear from Moscow about the Soviet visa. The same afternoon, OSWALD had come back again and she had told him the same thing. She gave OSWALD a slip of paper with her name and telephone number on it in case however got his Sovjet visa. He did not call back, she said.

8. Silvia DURAN's husband, Horacio DURAN Navarro, gave essentially the same story, as he had previously heard it from his wife after the assassination. He had never had any personal contact with OSWALD.

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9. Silvia DURAN was reinterrogated by the Mexican police from 27 to 29 November but she did not change or add materially to her story about OSWALD.

Joaquin HERNANDEZ Armac, reported on the detainment and interrogation of Silvin DIR AN by the Mexican authorities. The Cuban Government sent the Mexican Government a stiff note of protest, which the Mexicans rejected.

day after DURAN's release, Cuban President DORTICOS oueried HERNANDEZ about his report, HERNANDEZ confirmed that there had been an altercation between OSWALD and Consul AZCUE. DORTICOS made a persistent but unsuccessful effort to determine from HERNANDEZ whether the Mexican authorities had questioned Mrs. DURAN about money, or thought that the Cubans had paid OSWALD money.

12. The CIA follow-up investigation produced the following confirmed results which have a bearing on Mrs. DURAN's account:

a. 27 September. In mid-afternoon, Silvia DURAN informed the Soviet Embassy that a male American citizen had requested a visa to transit Cuba on his way to the

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There is no evidence in the OSWALD case file that Silvia DURAN was subjected to a systematic elicitative interrogation that would have related her dealings with OSWALD, known or confirmed by intercept, with the data held on the Coban DGI, its personalities and methods, in Mexico City. Was it normal for a case like OSWALD's, considering the fuss he allegedly made with AZCUE, for the applications to be handled solely by a local employee and a lame duck like AZCUE whose slot had been taken by the DGI chief? Whatever the answer to these questions, they were not asked at the time. And there remains the more fundamental question: accepting the DURAN story on its face, could it have happened without the knowledge and participation of the DGI personnel above cited? This seems unlikely especially because VEGA is later cited by a Cuban DGI defector as having stated he was aware OSWALD made several visits to the Cuban Consulate. CASTRO's overseas intelligence and security service could have more in its files than was surfaced in the DURAN

was taken by Vincent Theodore LEE, the organizer of the Fair Play Committee for Cuba, with which OSWALD established relations from Dallas during the period 19 April - 2 November 1963. There is an overlap between LEE's and VEGA's travels to Havana during that period: VEGA departed Mexico City on 6 January for Havana and returned on 13 February 1963.

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statements. Coming back to the beginning: "Luisa" Luisa CALDERON - as a member of the DGI unit in Mexico City could very well have known something that would make what
she said to her unidentified caller less a matter of
boastful self-indulgence than was assumed at the time.

SILVIA DURAN, SUBSTANTIAL AMPLIFICATION OF ADMISSION OF ALLEGED PERSONAL RELATIONS WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD, 1967

- 24. The defects viewed in hindsight of the Silvia DURAN testimony already have been suggested above. (In that context of criticism it would also be relevant to reconsider the implications of the two intercepted telephone conversations on 26 November 1963 between the Cuban President, DORTICOS, and his Ambassador to Mexico, Joaquim Hernandez ARMAS, because the thrust of the conversation dealt with the question whether Silvia DURAN had been asked about [or been offered?] money payments by her Mexican interrogators.)
- 25. As of September 1964 Silvia DURAN gave up her Cuban Embassy job. In the spring of 1967 Silvia DURAN was reported by a reliable and sensitive source to have cut all relations with Cubans. Her account, in 1967, of how she had been taken into custody and had been interrogated after the assassination repeated what was already known. She added, under circumstances that did not permit the source to challenge or elicit corroborative detail; that

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she had gone out with OSWALD during his stay in Mexico City and claimed she had sexual relations with him.

ALLEGATIONS OF CONSPIRATORIAL CONTACT BETWEEN OSWALD AND CUBAN GOVERNMENT AGENTS WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO ALLEGATIONS OF (A) ELENA GARRO DE PRAZ AND (B) OSCAR CONTRERAS

26 As the Warren Commission reported, "Literally dozens of allegations of a conspiratorial contact between OSWALD and agents of the Cuban Government have been investigated ..." Among these cases, which consumed hundreds of CIA man-hours in Headquarters and abroad and similarly the FBI in the United States — was the Nicaraguan walkin in Mexico City, 26 November 1963, Gilberto ALVARADO Ugarte.

27. The ALVARADO case is taken up in detail by the Warren Commission under the cryptograph "D." ALVARADO claimed that he had seen an American, whom he identified as OSWALD, receive money some time in mid-September 1963 in a meeting in a patio of the Cuban Consulate in

See <u>Report</u>, pp. 307 - 308.

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See <u>Report</u>, p. 305 ff. Some of the others were the cases of Ylario ROJAS Villenueve in Cozumel and Guadaloupe, the allegations of Enrique Ruedolo GONGORA in New York City, the claims of Robert Edward GALLANT, Santa Clara Prison Farm, California, and the allegations of Ray DOBKIN's.

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Mexico city. ALVARADO's story was ultimately broken by the use of the polygraph on which ALVARADO showed evidences of deception, and by bringing ALVARADO's former Nicaraguan security service control into the case.

- 28. The ALVARADO story is a particularly acute representation of the difficulties that beset the evaluation of observed evidence: certain elements of the story persist despite the impeachment of its major premises. ALVARADO, whose account did not become public until the release of the Warren Report in October 1964, talked consistently of the presence in the Cuban Consulate transaction of a Negro with red-dyed hair.
- 29. Elena GARRO de Paz is a mecurial, articulate and socially prominent Mexican writer, married, but separated from a high-ranking Mexican foreign service official. She is also the cousin of Horacio DURAN, the husband of Silvia DURAN, cited above. There is a strong personal antipathy between the two women descending from Elena GARRO's trenchant anti-Communism.
- 30. From October 1964 until his retirement in the fall of 1969, a U.S. Embassy officer, Charles THOMAS, persistently kept up a stream of reports and memoranda reflecting GARRO's account of what had actually gone on between OSWALD, the Cubans and in particular Silvia DURAN in September 1963, including a repeated reference to a Negro with red-dyed hair.

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31. The first reference to the GARRO story was noted in a Mexico Station Memorandum of Record dated 12 October 1964:

"Elena GARRO [said] that she and her daughter were invited to a party at the Cuban Embassy during the period she now finds out that OSWALD was here in Mexico prior to the assassination. She was invited by a Mexican secretary in the Cuban Embassy whose husband is a cousin of the GARRO family [Horacio DURAN]. At the party she saw three Gringos, not drinking, not mixing and more or less just standing around together like three bumps on a log. They were so obviously out of place that she asked someone in the Cuban Embassy about them and was told that 'they were just passing through.' She claims that on the way these three Gringos stood out she took a good look at them as did her daughter. When the assassination occurred and OSWALD's picture was spread into the newspapers, both Elena and her daughter immediately said that he was one of the three Gringos 'without a doubt' at the party."

32. GARRO repeated her story to Mr. Charles William THOMAS, an Embassy political officer on 10 December 1965:

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In September 1963 after her return from abroad, she went to a party accompanied by her daughter, at the home of Ruben DURAN [emphasis added]. Ruben is one of the two brothers of Horacio DURAN, who married her cousin. met OSWALD and two other young Americans. At the party she was discouraged from talking with him. Other guests were the Cuban Consul AZCUE, General Clark FLORES, Silvia DURAN, who she later learned was OSWALD's mistress while he was here, Emilio CARBALLIDO and a Latin American Negro man with red hair [emphasis added]. In November 1963 when the identity of the assassin became known, she and her daughter went to the Cuban Embassy and shouted "assassins" and other insults at the staff there. 8 Shortly afterward, she and her daughter were visited by a friend, Manuel CARVILLO [or CALVILLO], then an official in the Secretariat of the Gobernasion and were told he had orders to escort them to a small and obscure hotel in the center of town. They were kept there for eight days under pretext that they were manger. When she told CARVILLO she wanted to go to the American Embassy and explain what she knew of OSWALD, she was told that the American Embassy was full of Communist spies.

33. On 25 December 1965 and 9 January 1966 in further interviews with THOMAS, GARRO and her daughter elaborated and

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These particulars were not confirmed by independent observers at the time.

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in certain particulars significantly modified her earlier account. She also acknowledged that she and her daughter had been interviewed by Embassy officers to whom she claimed they did not give a very complete story because the Embassy officers did not appear to give much credence to anything they said.

- 34. It developed that GARRO and daughter had been interviewed by the Legal Attache on 17 and 24 November 1964. Her information had been similar to what she claimed in her account to THOMAS but had not been substantiated by inquiries. The FBI representative therefore considered the matter closed and reaffirmed his disengagement from the matter to the CIA Chief of Station on 27 December 1964 and to the Ambassador on 25 February 1965.
- 35. The Embassy Political Officer, however, persisted in his interviews and reporting. In a memorandum of conversation, 13 July 1966, GARRO identified the place to which she had been taken by CALVILLO as the Hotel Vermont. (This detail checked out affirmatively. GARRO was at the Hotel 23 24, 25 27 and 28 30 November 1963.) In another, on 7 February 1967, GARRO's continuing vicissitudes with the Cubans are set out. And finally upon THOMAS's retirement from U.S. Government service, the Department of State, at his request, 28 August 1969, disseminated to CIA and FBI a compilation of his reporting of the Elena GARRO interviews.

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- events she described as having occurred in the Mexican capital in September 1963 never coincided with the confirmed data of OSWALD's presence there. Her story, however, had two points congruent with allegations by others regarding OSWALD:
 - a. ALWARADO's allegations regarding the
 Negro with the red-dyed hair [this detail could,
 however, have been gleaned from the
 Warren Commission's published account of the
 "D" case] and
 - b. Silvia DURAN's later claim of intimate personal contacts with OSWALD
- 37. Beginning in March and amplified in May 1967, the American Consul, Benjamin J. RUYLE, in <u>Tampico</u> developed a contact with a local Mexican journalist,

 Oscar CONTRERAS Lartigue, who claimed to have encountered OSWALD with other pro-CASTRO students at the University of Mexico campus in September 1963.
- 38. In June 1969 CONTRERAS was interviewed by a CIA officer:

He studied law at the University of Mexico for three years, approximately 1960 - 1964. He belonged to a clandestine pro-CASTRO revolutionary group at the University. Regarding the OSWALD

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case he was extremely cautious and although he was not able or willing to give dates and names, he said OSWALD visited the University of Mexico campus shortly after the Cuban Embass refused him a visa to visit Cuba. OSWALD mede Inquiries regarding pro-Cuban revolutionary groups at the University and was directed to CONTRERAS and his friend. OSWALD met CONTRERAS and four other persons as they came out of a round-table discussion held in the faculty of Philosophy, OSWALD told the group it was urgent that he visit Cuba and the Cuban Embassy had denied him a He requested aid from CONTRERAS' group. CONTRERAS and others mistrusted OSWALD because they felt he was a CIA provocation. The group allowed OSWALD to accompany them the rest of the day, that night and part of the next day. OSWALD was very introverted and appeared to be slightly crazy. OSWALD made no mention of an assassination plot but kept bringing up the point he had to travel to Cuba immediately

39. At this point with FBI knowledge, the matter was turned over to the Mexican authorities who determined that CONTRERAS was indeed at the University of Mexico but only

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for the years 1959 - 1960 and that he had been publicly associated in protest activity for the Student Revolutionary Bloc (BER) in January 1961. However, the group ceased functioning as such in the middle of 1962, and Oscar CONTRERAS was never one of its leaders. No further work is reflected in the files on the CONTRERAS allegations. Apart from the unsustained claims made by CONTRERAS about his own presence at the University, there is an additional element that undermines the credibility of his account: OSWALD's Spanish, which was barely adequate to get him meals near the hotel, seems hardly likely to have permitted him to carry on for an extended period with a University student group.

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XAAZ-22594 31 January 1964

MEMCRANDUM FOR: Mr. J. Lankin

SUBJECT:

Information Developed by CIA on the Activity of Lee Harvey CSWALD in Mexico City, 28 September - 3 October 1963

Transmitted to Warren Commissio

1. I am enclosing a presentation of the information developed by CIA on or about Lee Harvey CSWALD in Mexico City. We have included in this paper only hard, substantive information. Any judgments that are made represent professional evaluations by individuals who have worked over the years as specialists in their fields. Speculation, rumor, and vague detail not directly related to OSWALD's activity have not been included.

2. Pursuant to our discussion on 14 January 1764, I have given the enclosure an appropriate classification. The compromise of this material in its present form would lead directly to the destruction of current sources and methods of this Agency in Mexico and elsewhere.

Document Number 509-803

(signed)

for FOIA Review on JUN 1976

Secondated 10 tel 1964 Richard Helms Deputy Director for Plans

Enclosure

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Information Developed by CIA on the Activity of
Lee Flarvey OSWALD in Mexico City
28 September - 3 October 1963

L. OSWALD's Activity in Mexico City

1. On 9 October the GIA Station in Mexico City received the following information from a reliable and proven source:

An American named Lee OSWALD had contacted the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City on Tuesday, 1 October 1963. He had spoken in halting Russian to the Soviet Embassy guard, Ivan Ivanovich OBYEDKOV, to whom he said he had visited the Embassy two days earlier, Saturday, 28 September. He asked whether there had been a reply to a telegram that the Consul with whom he had spoken, but whose name he could not recall, had promised to send to Washington. OBYEDKOV had attempted to establish the mentity of the Consul with whom OSWALD had talked? If it had been a dark person, then it had probably been KOSTIKOV. OBYEDKOV,

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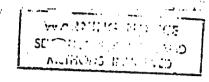
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after a check with Soviet Consular personnel, assured OSWALD the telegram had been sent to Washington but no answer had been received.

The information was forwarded by cable to CIA Headquarters the same day it was received.

- 2. A file check in Washington which is routize in these matters revealed the possibility of an identity between the Lee OSWALD who had spoken with OBYEDKOV, and presumably with KOSTIKOV, and the defector returnee, Lee Harvey OSWALD.*
- 3. On 10 October 1963 CIA Headquarters disseminated by cable the report in substantially the form and in the detail indicated above, in paragraph 1, to the Federal agencies whose jurisdictional interests had been established by a review of OSWALD's file: the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Depart-

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^{*} The CIA file on Lee Harvey OSWALD was opened on 9 Decomber 1960 to accommodate biographic information developed by CIA in response to an inquiry from the Department of State on a list of American defectors in Soviet Bloc countries. OSWALD's was among the names in the list. The Department of State inquiry was dated 25 October 1960. An interim raply was given by CIA on 3 November 1960; a final raply, on 21 November 1960. Until early October 1963 the contents of the OSWALD file held by CIA consisted entirely of press materials and disseminations received from the Department of State, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the Navy Department.

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ment of State, the Navy Department, and the Immigration and Naturalization Service. A comment was included in the report noting the likelihood that the subject, Lee OSWALD, was probably identical with the former Marine who had defected to the Soviet Union in 1959. (The report disseminated by CIA in Washington on 10 October also included a physical description of an individual who was believed to have been the OSWALD who had contacted the Soviets in Mexico City. It was subsequently established by investigation that the description did not pertain to OSWALD.)

4. On the same day, 10 October 1963, CIA Headquarters sent a lengthy cable summary to the Mexico City Station of the background information held in the Headquarters' file on OSWALD. An instruction was included for the Mexico City Station to pass the substance of its 9 October report to the local representatives of the same Federal departments and agencies that had been given the information in Washington. This instruction was immediately carried out. In this manner the information on OSWALD's contact with the Soviets on 1 October was passed in Mexico City to the Embassy, the FBI representative the Naval Attache, and to the office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service. There were no requests from recipients of the report for further information or for follow-up investigation.

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Soviet Union. She desired to know who the American had talked with at the Soviet Consulate. Also, she indicated that the Cuban Consulate could grant him the visa and arrange immigration details if the concession of a Soviet visa were assured.

DURAN received a confirmation from the Soviet Embasey that the American had been to the USSR installation. He had shown them a letter from the Soviet Consulate in Washington indicating that he had been long awaiting a visa for himself and his wife to go to the USSR. No answer had come from Washington; however, the waiting period was sometimes four or five months. The American also had a letter attesting that he was a member of a pro-Cuban organization but he had claimed that the Cubans would not give him a visa unless he had already received a Russian visa.

Although the American was still at the Cuban Consulate, Silviz Digital repeated that she dould not give him a transit visa unless a Soviet visa was forthcoming, notwithstanding the American's wish to go to Cuba to wait

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American know no one in Cuba and she intended to appropriately annotate the American's card. The Soviet official echoed her statement that the American was not known.

c. 28 September. Silvia DURAN was again visited at the Cuban Embassy in Monico City by the American seeking a Cuban transit visa. Mrs. DURAN contacted at least two members of the Soviet Embassy and facilitated a direct conversation between one of the Soviets and the American. Conversing in poor Russian, the American stated that he already had been to the Soviet Consulate and had left an address. The Soviet official replied that he was aware of that. The American suggested that he had not known his address then, and he had gone to the Cuban Embassy to ask for the address, because they had it. The American then acceded to the Soviet official's invitation to come by and give them the address.

d. 1 October. In mid-morning an unidentified individual, speaking broken Russian, contacted the Soviet Military Attache in Mexico City. He said he had been to

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the Embassy the previous Saturday (28 September) and had talked with a Consul who had said they would send a telegram to Washingtons had there been a reply? He was referred to the Consulate for the information.

These additional materials were promptly discominated in Washington by the CIA to the White House, the Department of State, and the Federal Eureau of Investigation.

e. 1 October. See paragraph I shove for Lee
OSWALD's contact with the Soviet Consulate.

II. Valeriy Vladimirovich KOSTIKOV

OSWALD dealt in Mexico City was Consular Attache Valeriy
Vladimirovich KOSTIKOV, born in Moscow, 17 March 1933.

A photograph of KOSTIKOV is attached. In his letter of
9 November to the Soviet Consulate in Washington, OSWALD
wrote about his "meetings with Comrade KOSTIN (sic) of the
Soviet Union in Mexico Citya Mexico." There is no official
of the Soviet Embassy in Mexico City with a name resembling
"KOSTIN", other than Consul KOSTIKOV.

14. KCSTKOV is the senior officer of five Soviet

Consular representatives who deal with visas and related

WYS PRINCE HOTICE SERVING SOCIETARY AND PRINCES AND PRINCES WYON TO THE PRINCES AND PRINCE

-9- :: ;

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REPRODUCTION PROHIBITED

PAGE 143 of 212

CLASSIFIED ALESSAGE
The following action is
authorized: DE SENSITIZE
D : DIRECTOR
ROM : MEXICO CITY ES CONTY
CTION: C/SR 5 (MR. BAGLEY, SR, MR. REICHHARDT, WAR AND DE UPO NOTICE AT A COPIES ISSUED AT 0030, 24 NOV 63 Wa)
AFO . ADDP, C/CI, C/CI/OPS, C/FI, C/WH2, D/OS 2, VR Note: If destruction, cite
reasons and coordinate if appropriate.
S F C R F 246406Z
IMMEDIATE DIR CITE MEXI 7045
CLASSIFICATION REVIEW SORD 24
A TO AFR 19/5
REF DIR 84885 PROVIDED BENOW SHEELCIENTLY DEFINITIVE SHIMMARY OF LOCAL 197715
CONTACTS IVAN GAVRILOVICH ALFERIEV (UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED,
INFO FROM LIENVOY). 18, 19, 23 NOV 60 CONTACTS WITH ENRIQUETA GONEZ
OF GOM RE EXTENSION OF COURTESY PERMIT FOR SELF REMAIN IN MEXI.
10, 11 NOV 60 WITH FNU VARELA RE DELIVERY OF SUBJ'S FURNITURE.
3" NOV 60 AND 7 MAR 61 WITH JUAN SEDILLO RE INSURANCE SUBJ CAR
.8 NOV 60 SERGIO DURAN OF NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK RE PICKUP
OF MONEY. 14, 15 NOV HUMBERTO GONZALEZ RE PICKING UP NEW CAR.
25 -28 NOV SUBJ TREATED AT SANATOR TO REFORMA (USUALLY USED BY
25 -28 NOV SUBJ TREATED AT SANATOR TO REFORMA (USUALLY USED BY
FREQUENTLY BY SOVS. 23 DEC WITH THIRD SEC CUBAN CULTURAL ATTACKE
TERESA PROENZA RE ARRANGING PRESS CONFERENCE FOR ROLANDO CUBELA
PRESIDENT OF CUBAN FEU 18 FEB AND 20 MAR 61 WITH DENTIST DR.
ESLIE VALERY FOR APPOINTMENT FIX SON'S TEETH. VALERY DOL-209248
REQUENTLY USED BY SOVS. 1 MAR ARRANGES MEETING WITH I GNACIO ACOSTA
AGUNES, PROMINENT PRO COMMIE AIDE OF GEN LAZARO CARDENAS. 28
AR FNU FEMALE MANJARREZ (PHONETICAN)
: 200-5-41
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PAGE 144 of 212 COFY NO. _____

CLASSIFIED MESSAGE

IN 67281 PAGE 2

TALKS FAMILIARLY WITH SUBJ AND INVITES HIM TO PRESS CONFERENCE-DEC-TURE AT HOTEL REFORMA WHERE A CUBAN TO SPEAK. 3 MAY WITH GUADALUTE PEREZ MACIA OF GOBERNACION RE OBTAINING (UNDETERMINED) VISA. 5 JUNE AND 6 JULY WITH OSCAR SANTAELLA, FORD SALESMAN. 7 JUNE WITH JUAN GARCIA AND FNU PEREZ OROZCO, DODGE SALESMEN. 2 AUG CALLS ROGER OR ROBERT KATZ OF "FRANCE PRESSE" TO INVITE TO SOVEMB PRESS MAY AND 16 JUNE 1962 CALLS EDMUNDO JARDON OF PRENSA LATINA TO GET TOGETHER. 14 JUNE ASKS SPEAK WITH DR. GUILLER MO MONTANO ISLAS, PROMINENT MEXICAN PRO COMMIE LEADER WELL KNOWN 22 JUNE HE AND TASS REP ANATOLIY PAVLENKO INVITED TO LUNCHEON BY MEXICAN PRESIDENT'S PRESS SEC HUMBERTO ROMERO. 25 SEP IS INVITED TO LUNCHEON WITH DR. IGNACIO CHAVEZ, RECTOR AT UNAM. 3 DEC ACCEPTS INVITE ATTEND BUFFET FOR PRESS ON BEHALF CARL J. MICDAIL, U.S. NEWS AND WORLD REPORT. 23 JAN 63 HORACIO CHANCACLINI OF UNITED NATIONS POSTPONES HIS APPOINTMENT WITH SUBJ. 19 FEB FNU SABINO CASRERA OF INSURANCE FIRM RE PAYMENTS. 8 MAR INVITES CANADIAN NEW SPAPERMAN JOHN ALIUS TO STAG DINNER. 30 APR REQUESTS APPOINT NENT WITH RICARDO POERY CERVANTES, PROMINENT LEFFIST JOURNALIST IN -CLOSE FREQUENT CONTACT SOVS. 15 AND TO MAY JALKS WIT A NEW YORK TIMES REP PAUL KENNEDY WHO INVITES SUBJ DINNER 26 MAY. DIRECTOR OF VOZ DE MEXICO AND PCM CENTRAL COMMITTEEMAN MANUEL TERRAZAS GUERRERO, ASKS SUBJ FOR SOV FINANCIAL SUBSIDY 23 MAY SUBJ CALLS JOHN RETTIE (SEE MEXI 4743). 14 JUNE CALLS WELL KNOWN 14 OCT INVITES LEFTIST CLEMENTINA BASSOLS TO INTERVIEW HER. ENGIQUE LOUBET OF EXCELSIOR TO SOVENE RECEPTION BEHALF COSMONAUTS

(2) (2) (3)

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CLASSIFIED MESSAGE

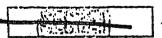
ACC.

14 OCT INVITES JAVIER SANTOS LORENT OF NOVEDADES TO SAME MENTING 30 OCT UNSUCCESSFULLY TRIES CONTACT CLEMENTING BASSOLS. 14 NOV TRIES CONTACT RICARDO POERY CERVANTES. 14 AND 15 NOV ARRANGES SEE VIRGINIA GOMEZ RIETO, LEFTISE AND PARAMOUR OF POERY.

SECRET

C/S COMMENT: * REQUESTED INFO RE TRAVEL VALERIY VLADIMIROVICH KOSTIKOV.

201-289248



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PAGE 146 of 212 COPY NO.

)		
John Whitten CLASSIFIED MESSAGE	ROUTING	
O IMOEX	4	
EXT : 5613 INDEX		
THE WHITE HOUSE ATTH: MOGEORGE BUNDY		
TO : DEPARTMENT OF STATE ATTM: MR. U. ALEXIS JUHISON		
YEDERAL EURRAU OF LIVESTIGATION		
SPOM: CHIOTET CENTRAL INTRILIGRACE AGENCY		
COMF: C/WH 4	DEFERRED	
	ROUTINE	
INFO : OCI, ODP, C/CI 2) VR*	INMEDIATE	
	OIR 85246.	
SECRET/NO FORSIER DISSEMA	9 3 2 3 9	
SUBJECT: LEE H. CSWALD		
CT 26 ECVEMBER DE JOSE GUILLERMO AGUIRRE OF MEXICO TOLD	THE FOLLOWING	
SERVICE TO PETER MCRACK, UPITED STATES INFORMATION/OFFICER	IN MEXICO CÜTY: .	
FARIA RODRIGUZZ DE LOPEZ, SAID A SON IN LAW OF HERS	`	
REQ DIVES IN NEW CELEARS WAS WELL ACQUAINTED WITH LEE OSWALD. SOM		
In law is a cubam who lives as 212 Jefferson Paprish, new orleans,		
TEL: VERMON 5-9658. ARRESTO RODRICUEZ RUBS A SPANISH LANGUAGE SCHOOL		
AND IS ANTI CASTRO. ACCORDING TO MARIA RODRIGUEZ DE LOPEZ HER SON		
III LAW HAS A TAPED CONVERSATION WITE CSWALD Number 113-48		
for FOIA Raview on APR 1976		
	APR 1970	
END OF MESSAGE		
END OF MESSAGE CONDUCTED ON 24 MAY 1978		
EIMPGET CL	BY X2209	
C/S COMMENT: * DISSEMINATION APPLICABLE TO RYBAT GPFLOCR CABLES.		
D:200-5-4/ 201-	289248	
	NS INTO	
150 to 150.	M M/63	
John WhittEN		
JANE ROMAN	w Harding RY	
C/WE/3 JOHN DELICES STORY	- CARAY	
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DOC. MICRO. SER.

MAY 15 1975

MICROFILMED

27 NOV 63

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Attention: Mr. S, J. Papich

: Deputy Director (Plans)

18 - 24 November 1963 to Note to Marie 1963 to Note of The Control SUBJECT: Lee H.

V.V. KUSTIKOU 201-305052

LE MAY HE bein . contout

1. Forwarded as Attachment A is a resume of the observed of the indication of that he is the consul the observed of the indication of that he is the consul the interviewed of the indication of that he is the consul the interviewed of the indication of the indica elled with KCSTIKUV to Morthern Mexico during the early part of September 1983. Source reported that during the period under review the observed activities of ACSTIKOV and ALFERIEV Sweep) appeared to be normal, as did the activities of the entire Soviet Embassy complement.

- 2. Forwarded as Attachment B is a resume of telephone calls placed to and from the Soviet Embassy on the afternoon of 22 November. Analysis of calls made the morning of 22 November and the morning and afternoon of 23 November revealed no pertinent information.
- 3. Technical surveillance of the homes of several known and suspected Soviet intelligence officers produced no pertinent information.
- 4. Forwarded as Attachment C is a list identifying the Soviets whose names appear in Attachments A and B.
- Because of the extreme sensitivity of the enclosed information, we urge that the source data and the information be given the most secure handling possible. This information is for background use only and may not be disseminated without permission from this Agency.

RECORD COPY

Document Number 187-622

for FOIA Review on APR 1976

CECI-3/778,881

CLASSIFICATION REVIEW

27 Nov 63 201-289248

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WH/3/Mexico/Terry Ward:mrd

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1 - CI/SIG

1 - SR/CI

2 - WH/3/Mexico

27 November 1963

BASICS: MEXI-7050 (IN-67292) MEXI-7038 (IN-67253) MEXI-7036 (IN-67237) MEXI-7034 (IN-67231) MEXI-7032 (IN-67198)

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- SEGNET-NO FOREIGN DISSEM-

Enclosure A

18 November

0857 - Alferiev enters Embassy alone (Departure not noted)

1556 - Kostikov enters zlone

1829 - Kostikov departs alone

1656 - Sostikov enters alone

1711 Sostikov departs alone

1759 - Kostikov enters alone

19 November

1210 - Alferiev enters Embassy alone

1312 - Alferiev departs with Garmaschev

1352 - Alferiev and Carmaschev return

1415 - Kostikov departs alone

1533 - Alferiev enters along (prior departure not noted)

1653 - Kostikov enters alone

20 November

No coverage

21 November

0852 - Alferiev enters Embassy with wife

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NO FOREIGH BISSEM

0916 - Kostikov enters alone

0917 - Alferiev departs alone

0949 - Alferiev enters alone

1133 - Kostikov departs with Shubin

1206 - Alferiev departs alone

1240 - Kostikov enters with Shubin

1310 - Tostikov departs in car driven by KGB chauffeur Kalinin

1341 - Fostikov enters with Kalinin

1353 - Alferiev enters alone

1427 - Kostikov departs alone

1630 - Kostikov enters alone

22 November

0853 - Alferiev enters Embassy alone

0904 - Kostikov enters alone

1005 - Kostikov has discussion with Shubin

1016 - Kostikov departs with Shubin

1028 - Kostikov enters with Shubin

1030 - Kostikov departs with wite and Shubin

1250 - Kostikov, wife and Shabin return

1302-1312 - Kostikov speaks in garden with Kazantsev

1336 - Kostikov departs with Shubin, Shpakevich, Turygin,

driven by Kalinin

1402 - All above return

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PAGE 151 of 212 ...



1402 - Kostikov talking in garden with Alferiev, Andreyev, and Turygin

1402 - Kostikov departs in car with family

1432 - Alferiev departs alone

1436 - Alferfev enters alone

1508 Alferiev departs affone

1517 - Alferiev enters alone

1539 - Kostikov enters alone

23 November

1130 - Mostikov speaks with Kazantsev and Shubin

1133 - Kostikov departs with Kazantsev and Shubin

1200 - Alferiev enters alone

1240 - Kostikov, Kazantsev and Shubin enter

1410 - Kostikov plays volleyball with Yatskov, Shubin, Kazantsev, Porkhunov, and Stressnov

1425 - Kostikov speaks to Shubin and Slavnov

1430 - Kostikov departs with Shubin and Romanchenko

1440 - Alferiev departs alone

24 November

1100 - Alferiev enters Embassy alone

1207 - Kostikov enters with wife and Shubin

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PAGE 152 of 212 COPY NO.

NO FOREIGH BISSEN

-4-

1326 - Alferiev departs with Shengalev

1410 - Alferiev enters with Shengalev

1440 - Alferiev, Kostikov, Kazantsev and 2 unidentified

Soviet visitors depart (A's car)

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- SECRET

Enclosure B

AM 22 November coverage of Soviet Embassy normal.

FM 22 November coverage follows:

1250 - Cuban Consul Alfredo Mirabal Diaz asks to speak with Yatskov. Latter apparently unavailable and Kostikov comes on line with following conversation ensuing familiar form "tu"

KCS: Forgive me for arriving late.

MIR: Did you recover the suitcase?

XCS: Yes

MIR: Then it was arriving on the other trip.

KOS: Yes

MIR: I called to tell you the following, that regarding that matter that we had talked about, to see if we would spend Sunday in Chapultepec Park because my wife is preparing some food to eat there.

KOS: I'm sorry but I've just made plans for another trip and I'm leaving this very day. So please forgive me for not being able to go with you.

HIR; I'd like to talk to Pavel Yatskov.

EDS: Wait a minute, he'll come nog

HIR: If he's busy I'th call him later, but I'll be available for the next half hour at telephone Ho. 11-28-47.

KOS: O. K.

1334 - Reporter requests statement. Unidentified Soviet male refuses.

1333 - Female implies to Kukharenko that the Soviet Ambassador has said to make no statement.

1445 - Yugoslav Ambassador Vlahov calls and speaks with Soviet Ambassador Bazarov in Amssian. Talk briefly about assassination telling each other what they know, which

NO FOREIGN DISSENT

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PAGE 154 or 212

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HO FOREIGN DISSEM

appears to be only what they got from the radio.

- 1550 Unidentified woman advises 5-viets of assassination.
- 1844 Unidentified reporter asks for Mazantsev, advised that Mazantsev nothin, will be back Monday, 0930-1400.
- 1645 Unidentified male asks for Mukharenko, told he isn't
- 1652 Unidentified female reporter told Soviet Embassy not working today, Saturday or Sunday.
- 1718 Reporter calls for statement. Mone given.
 - Kazantsev calls his residence, personal call.
- 1744 Reporter told to call back Bonday.
- 1750 Unidentified male asks for Leonov. Not in.
- 1755 above calls again
 - Reporter told call back wonday.

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PAGE 155 of 212 copy No. _____

-NO FOREIGN DISSEM

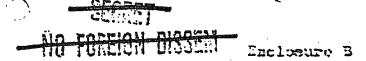
ATTACHMENT C TO CSCI-3/773,881

l.	Ivan Gavrilovich ALFERIEV	440	Pravda Correspondent
2.	Yaleriy Vladimirovich KOSTIKCV	-	Attache Consular Offi
3.	Aleksey Ivanovich GARMASCHEV	estep	Consul
4.	Vitaliy Borisovich SHUBIN	400	Attache
5.	Yurix Dmitriyevich KALININ	440	Chauffeur
6.	Boris Aleksandrovich KAZANTSIV	-	Counselor
7.	Vladimir Ivanovich SHPAKEVICH		Third Secretary
8.	Vladimir Ivanovich ANDRINEY		First Secretary
9.	Vladimir Vasilyevich TURYGIN	-	Third Secretary
0.	Pavel Antonovich YATSKOV	•	Attache
ll.	Vladimir PORKHUNOV	400	Code Clerk
.2.	Gennadly STROGANOV	danil)	Radio Operator
.3.	Nikolay Petrovich SLAVNOV	•	Code Clerk
4.	Vladimir ROMANCHEMEO -	al	Second Secretary
.5.	Lev Fedorovich SHENGALEY	-	Employee, Commercial Office
.6.	Oleg Maksimovich NECHIPORENKO		Vice Consul
.7.	Sergey Semyonovich KURHARENKO		Second Secretary; So- viet Information
.8.	Nikolay Sergeyevich LEONOV	4111	Bulletin Third Secretary

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KÀ

22 November coverage of Soviet Embessy normal.

22 November coverage follows?

1250 - Cuban Consul Alfredo Mirabal Diaz asks to speak with Yatskov. Latter apparently unavailable and Kostikov comes on line with following conversation ensuing familiar form "tu"

MOS: Forgive me for arriving late.

MIR: Did you recover the suitcase?

KCS: Yes

MIA: Then it was arriving on the other trip.

MGS: Yes

MIR: I called to tell you the following, that regarding that matter that we had talked about, to see if we would spend Sunday in Chapultepec Park because my wife is preparing some food to eat there.

RCU: I'm sorry but I've just made plans for another trip and I'm leaving this very day. So please forgive me for not being able to go with you.

HIR; I'd like to talk to Pavel Yatakov.

KCS: Wait a minute, he'll come now.

IIR: If he's busy I'll call him later, but I'll be available for the next half hour at telephone No. 11-28-47.

MOS: O. K.

1334 - Deporter requests statement, Unicentified Seviet male refuses.

1333 - Female implies to Kukharenko that the Soviet Ambassador has said to make no statement.

1445 - Yugoslav Andersander Vlahov calls and speaks with Soviet Ambassador Fazzarov in Fassian. Talk briefly about assassination talking each other what they know, which



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PAGE $\frac{157}{\text{COPY}}$ of $\frac{212}{\text{NO.}}$



appears to be only what they got from the radio.

- 1550 Unidentified woman advises Soviets of assassination.
- 1644 Unidentified reporter asks for Kazantsev, advised that Kazantsev not in, will be back Monday, 0930-1400.
- 1645 Unidentified male asks for Kukharenko, told he isn't in.
- 1652 Unidentified female reporter told Soviet Embassy not working today, Saturday or Sunday.
- 1716 Reporter calls for statement. None given.
 - Kazantsev calls his residence, personal call.
- 1744 Reporter told to call back Monday.
- 1750 Unidentified male asks for Leonov. Not in.
- 1755 above calls again
 - Reporter told call back Wonday.

- NO FOREIGN DISSENT

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PAGE 158 of 212 NO. _____

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STTACELENT C TO CSCI-3/773.881

	·		
I.	Ivan Cavrilovich ALFERIEV	·	Pravda Correspondent
3.	Yaleriy Vladimirovich KOSTIKOV	app	Attache Consular Office
з.	Aleksey Ivanovich GARRASCHEV	449	Consul
4.	Vitaliy Borisovich SHEBIH	•••	Attache
5.	Yuriy Daitzixeyich RALININ	•	Chauffeur
6.	Boris Aleksandrovich KAZANTSEV	,=	Counselor
7.	Vladimir Ivanovich SEPAREVICE	•	Third Secretary
8.	Vladimir Ivanovich ANDREYEV	***	First Secretary
9.	Vladinir Vasilyevich TURIGIA	emb	Third Secretary
10.	Pavel Antonovich YATSXUV	-	Attache
LI.	Vladinir PORSEUROV	-	Code Clerk
L3.	Gennadly STROGARCY	gallip	Radio Operator
u.	Hikolay Petrovich SLAVEOV		Code Clerk
14.	Vladimir ROMANCHERED	440	Second Secretary
L5.	Lev 7edorovich SHERGALEV		Employee, Commercial Office
16.	Oleg Maksimovich NECHIPOHENKO	₩.	Vice Consul

-SECHET NO FOREIGN DISSEM

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PAGE 159 of 212

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SE: 20 | 20/0 9-3 7/6 9

23 JUL 1.1.

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. J. Loc Rankin

Mr. J. Led Rankin
General Counsel
President's Commission on the
Assassination of President Kennedy

SUBJECT:

LeecHarvey Oswald

1. Mr. James W. Liebeler of your staff phoned me last Friday and requested that CIA furnish the Commission with an affidavit respecting the origin and circumstances of a photograph of an unknown individual which was furnished by this Agency to the Federal Bureau of Investigation on November 22, 1963.

- 2. I am forwarding an affidavit with this memorandum which I trust will satisfy your needs. Because of the extreme sensitivity of the source involved, I have refrained from adding further details.
- 3. The Central Intelligence Agency recommends that this photograph not be reproduced in the Commission's report, because it would jeopardize a most confidential and productive operation. In addition, it could be embarrassing to the individual involved who as far as this Agency is aware, had no connection with Lee Harvey Oswald or the assassination of President Kennedy.
- 4. In view of the above, a sensitivity indicator has been affixed to this communication.

/First Link Files
Richard Helms
Deputy Director for Plans

Attachment - a/s

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CI/R&A/Dooley:pm

)22 July 1964

SEETT

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PAGE 161 0212 COPY NO. _____

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SECRET-EYES ONLY

20 February 1964

MEMORANDUM FOR: Chief, CI/R&AS

SUBJECT:

Documents Available in OSWALD's 201 File

- 1. A machine listing of documents officially recorded as being in OSWALD's 201 file was nequested and is attached. The actual machine work of this type was begun in 1963, but a few items of previous dates were also recorded.
- 2. A comparison of the documents physically available in the 201 file and those recorded as being in the 201 file has shown that 37 documents which should be in the 201 file are not available in it. This total is made up of:

2 dispatches
7 memoranda from the FBI
1 CSCI
2 State Department documents
25 cables.

3. Machine inquiries for the location of these documents have not been made.

Document Number

202-50C

for FOIA Review on

JUN 1976

- SECRET-

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PAGE 162 of 212

Hook aller solves

Mr. J. Lee Rankir

Would you please be good enough to telephone me on Monday, 9 March, by which time I assume you will have had an opportunity to glance at this material.

(Signed) ni-t--- c.A.
Richard Helms

Attachment

6 March 1964

SECT

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C002036

PAGE 163 of 212

4-1224

XAAZ-22595

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. J. Lee Rankin

SUBJECT:

Information in CIA's Possession Regarding Lee Harvey CSWALD Prior to November 22, 1963 as

Transmitted

to Warren Commission

This refers to your letter of February 12, 1964 addressed to the Director of Central Intelligence which has been passed to me for reply.

2. Paragraph three of your letter requested the Agency to supply the Commission with a report on information in the Agency's possession regarding Lee Harvey OSWALD prior to November 22, 1963. The request was predicated upon the footnote on page two of CIA's report to the Commission dated 31 January 1964, entitled: "Information Developed by CIA on the Activity of Lee Harvey OSWALD in Mexico City, 28 September - 3 October 1963".

Agency's official dossier on Lee Harvey CSWALD beginning with the opening sheet dated 9 December 1960. The entire dossier carries the security classification of Secret and consists of thirty documents arranged in chronological order. On the basis of clearances from the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Department of State, the Department of Navy, and the Immigration and Naturalization Service, who were queried by us after the receipt of your letter, we are able to make available exact copies of all materials in the file up to early October 1963. These include:

Document Number <u>590 - 252</u>

for EOIA Review on JUN

-136-10pm-

ATT.

201-259245 6 Mar 64

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PAGE 164 of212
COPY NO.

a. Seven documents received from the Federal Bureau of Investigation,

b. Ten documents received from the Department of State.

Two documents received from the Department

One document (a name check request) from the Immigration and Naturalization Service.

- e. Four newspaper clippings.
- f. Five internal CIA notes.
- g. CIA report dated 31 January 1964 to the Commission which covers all substantive developments affecting CIA in the matter of Lee Harvey OSWALD from 9 October to 22 November 1963. The report indicated the disseminations of information developed by CIA that were made to other Federal agencies during that period. This item, as was pointed out at the time, is particularly sensitive and bears appropriate sensitivity indicators.
- 4. You will note that almost all of the documents carry markings required for CIA's internal records processing. A few of the papers contained the names of our employees or identifications of specific organizational components. We have taken the liberty of blocking out these items as they do not bear on the substance of the Commission's request.

Richard Helms Deputy Director for Plans

Attachment

Original & 2 - Addressee

1 - DDP Subject

1 - C/CI/SIG 1 - C/CI/R&A

1 - C/GI

1 - DDP Chrono COPY 1 - C/WH/3

CI:RGRocca:dc/7468/4 March 1964 (Inventory of documents contained in file attached for all but addressee) 201-259245

JUL 2638

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PAGE 165 of 212

Inventory of Documents Contained in OSWALD Dossier Forwarded to the Commission

- , /1. State Telegram No. 1304, October 31, 1959 (Confidential)
- ✓ ✓2. Newspaper Article from the Washington Post, November 1, 1959
- > > 3. CI/LSN Internal Note dated 2 November 1959 (oral FBI name Check request) and NR reply dated 4 November 1959 (Confidential)
- 4. Foreign Service Despatch 234, November 2, 1959 (Confidential)
- . 15. State Telegram 1358, November 9, 1959 (Confidential)
- .. . 6. State Telegram 1448, November 9, 1959 (Confidential)
- Newspaper Clipping from Washington Post, November 16, 1959
- + >9. DBF 49478, 25 May 1960 (Confidential)
- الريد 10. Internal CIA Biographic Profile dated circa May 1960 (Confidential)
- ~ 11. Letter from the Department of State (Cumming) to DDP (Bissell)
 dated October 25, 1960 (DD/P 0-5679 Secret)
- Juduled interior response to State, dated 21 November 1960 (DD/P 0-6003 Secret)
- √13. Internal CIA Request for Opening of 201 file, 9 December 1960
 (Secret)
- Y 15. State Instruction A-273, April 13, 1961 (OUO)
- ~ 16. Foreign Service Despatch 806, May 26, 1961 (OUO)
- 17. Foreign Service Despatch 29, July 11, 1961 (OUO)
- ✓ 18. DFB \$2181, July 13, 1961 (Confidential) -

ATT. 1 to: XAAZ-22595 CS COPY

201-289248

JOURS 39

PAGE 166 of 212

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X44 Z-22575 6 Mar 64

- 19. Internal CIA Memoriar the Record, 28 September 1961 (Secret)
- ✓ 20. Fereign Service Despatch 317, October 12, 1961 (OUO)
- Zi. ILNS Name Check Request, December 5, 1961
 - /22. Navy Message 20197/RB/3, 3 March 1962 (Confidential)
- 24. Newspaper Clipping from Washington Post, June 9, 1962.
- 1 -25. DBA 20883, September 7, 1962 (Confidential)
- ~ 26. DBA 51407, 10 September 1963
- 27. DBA 52355, 24 September 1963 9 HNZW62 1565*

 28. DBA 55715 (number unclear), November 7, 1963*
- (عمل اه مقللي) و ۱۹۶ ما ۱۹۶ ک 29. DBA 55777, November 8, 1963
- 30. CIA Summary Report on Activities of OSWALD in Mexico City, dated 31 January 1964

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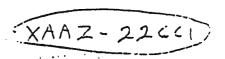
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MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. J. Lee Rankin

SUBJECT:

Reports on Activities and Travei
of Lee Harvey CSWALD and
Marina Nikolevna CSWALD as Tra

Transmitted

to Harran Commission

1. Reference is made to the second paragraph of your memoranium dated 12 February 1964, and the second paragraph of your memorandum of 16 March 1964, relative to disseminations of information made by CIA to the Secret Service.

- 2. Immediately after the assassination of President Kennedy CIA undertook to assemble through its stations in Europe all available data, including information in the files of other governments and intelligence services, on the travels and activities of Lee Harvey OSWALD and Marina Nikolevna OSWALD. This information, as it was collected, was made available to the White House, the Department of State and the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Copies of these messages were also sent to the Secret Service.
- 3. Attached to this memorandum are exact copies of two teletyped messages relative to the travels and activities of the CSWALDs (Attachments A and B). Paragraphs g and h of Attachment C are paraphrased. In Attachment C, OUT Teletype No. 85715, are found references to two other teletyped messages (OUT No. 85182 and OUT No. 85665) which describe one Richard Thomas GIBSON, a negro journalist

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now residing in Switzerland who has been active in the Fair Play for Cuba Committee. Paraphrases of No. 35132 and No. 85665 are included as Attachments D and E. Access to original texts of paraphrased items will be provided when members of your staff visit Langley. The information on which paragraphs g and h of Attachment C are based was received at CIA Headquarters on 27 November and disseminated on 28 November.

4. This memorandum and the attachments contain very sensitive information which has a direct bearing on sources and methods. An appropriate sensitivity indicator has therefore been affixed.

Richard Helms
Deputy Director for Plans

Attachmentsas stated

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Attachment A

Teletype message, OUT No. 86702, dated 4 December 1953, filed at 1411 hours, to the White House, the Department of State and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with copy to the Secret Service.

SUBJECT: Lee Harvey OSWALD

Records of the foreigners records office of the German Federal Republic in Cologne, Germany, show that Marina Nikolayevna Pusakova CSWALD crossed West Germany from East Germany to Holland on 3 June 1962. She traveled by rail, crossing into West Germany at Helmstedt on 3 June and entering Holland by rail at the Bentheim crossing point. She had West German visa 694/62 issued at the West Germany Embassy in Moscow. She listed her final destination as U.S.A. Comment: This confirms information from the U.S. Embassy in Moscow to the effect that the CSWALD family traveled from Moscow to Rotterdam by rail around 3 June 1962. Helmstedt and Bentheim are on the main rail route from Russia to Rotterdam. While Lee CSWALD himself and their infant daughter are not recorded in German records this is probably because little attention is paid to U.S. citizens and to infants in keeping travel records.

ATT. 1 to XAAZ-22601

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Attaciment D

Toletype message, OUT No. 87520, dated 6 December 1963, filed at 1829 hours, to the White House, the Department of State and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with copy to the Secret Service.

SUBJECT: Les Harvey CSWALD

Reference is made to our CUT telegram No. 36702 of 4 December 1763 which gave information on the travel of Marina CSWALD (and presumably also Lee Harvey OSWALD and their daughter) across West Germany on their return from the Soviet Union. Information now available from Dutch authorities seems to confirm this. On 3 June 1762 one M. CSWALD, listed as a male Russian citizen, entered The Netherlands by train at the Oldenzaal border point.

Comment: It is believed that the listing of this person as a male instead of female was just an error of the border officials. Note that Oldenzaal is opposite Bentheim, the German border point where Marina CSWALD laft Germany.

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Attaclument C

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Teletype message No. 85715, dated 29 November 1963, filed at 1340 hours, to the White House, the Department of State and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with copy to the Secret Service.

SUBJECT: Travel of Lee Harvey CSWALD

I. The following information has been gathered from reliable sources regarding the travel of Lee Harvey CSWALD ambits wife:

a. 9 October 1959: According to official
Exitish travel records CSWALD arrived in
Southampton this date claiming on his landing card
that he had no fixed address but planned to remain
in the United Kingdom one week for vacation before
going on to "some school" in Switzerland. (Headquarters comment: Probably referring to the
Albert Schweitzer College in Switzerland with which
he is known to have been in correspondence.)

b. 10 October 1959: According to the same official British travel records CSWALD left London this date by air for Helsinki.

ATT. 3 to XAAZ - 22661

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c. Cctober 1959: Stockholm newspaper, Dagons Nyheter, of 25 November 1963 states Lee CSWALD passed through Sweden during October 1959. Article also adds that CSWALD was unsuccessful in obtaining visato the USSR in Helsinki which resulted in his returning to Stockholm. Two days after he arrived in Stockholm OSWALD traveled directly to Moscows. Concluding sentence of article states "This indicates that the Russian Embassy (Stockholm) gave him a visa." According to a reliable source there was no record that there was any request for a USSR visa processed through normal channels for CSWALD at any time during 1959, and source indicated it was difficult to explain how CSWALD might have received his visa in two days without going through normal channels. The only conclusion which can be drawn is that CSWALD must have received his visa directly from the Soviet Embassy in Stockholm which occasionally is done in special cases that the source had no evidence to confirm this assumption,

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d. 10 to 15 October 1959: According to a very reliable but extremely sensitive source CSWALD stayed at the Torni Hotel in Holsinki from 10 to 11 October and then moved to the Klaus Kurki Hotel where he stayed until 15 October, apparently waiting for a visa to be issued him by the Soviet Consulate in Helsinki. He traveled to the USSR by train, crossing at Vainikhala on 15 October.

- e. 13 May 1962: According to a Dutch official source, the Dutch Charge in Moscow issued a transit visa to OSWALD's wife on 13 May 1962. Their records reveal his wife was born on 17 July 1961 instead of 19 July 1961 and in Severodvinsk instead of Minsk. There is no record of her having actually transited. The Netherlands.
- f. 1962: Official British records do not reflect that CSWALD returned to the United States from the USSR through the United Kingdom. However, if he were merely transiting, it would not have been necessary for him to fill out a landing card, and therefore there would be no record of his travel in the official traffic index.

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g. 1963: According to an extremely sensitive and reliable source, on 23 November Maria SNETHLAGE, head of the "Werkgroup Informatie Cuba" (Workgroup Information Cuba), told an employee of the Cuban Embassy in The Hague that she was sure she had met LEE is Havara, who did the murder". She described him as a man of violence and entirely full of hate and indicated that it was possible that this man had been misused by a group. She said she had written to 'GIBSON" about the bad impression she had bad of this LEE. (Headquarters comment: Please refer to our teletype Nos. 85182 and 85665 for additional information on CIESON.) Later, SNETHLAGE told Castro Cubana in The Hague that "Mr. LEE of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee" had been slandered and that it was another person named Lee CSWALD who had done it. SWETHLAGE seemed to be glad to have heard this "correct" version. (Headquarters comment: Mr. LEE may be identical with Vincent Theodore LEE who replaced Richard GIBSON as Head of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.)

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b. According to reliable information, SNETHLAGE was in Cuba in January 1963, and according to an official Dutch source, she again traveled to Cuba for the May Day celebrations in 1963.

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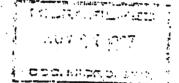
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Attachment D

Teletype No. 85182, dated 22 November 1963, filed at 1932 hours, to the White House, the Department of State and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with copy to the Secret Service, (paraphrase)

SUBJECT® Lee Harvey OSWALD



- I. In conversation with a close friend in Bern,

 Switzerland, on 23 November 1963, Richard Thomas GIBSON

 remarked that OSWALD is "one of us". CSWALD and GIBSON
 had corresponded two years previously, and CSWALD had
 joined the Committee. (Comment: Reference is presumably
 to the Fair Play for Cuba Committee.) GIBSON added that he
 had destroyed all his latters from CSWALD. CSWALD is
 crazy. GIBSON then remarked that he is happy that he was
 not in New York. He felt sorry for "LEE" in New York and
 for "TIBCH".
- 2. The information given above was supplied by an extremely sensitive source who is usually reliable.
- 3. According to other information that was available, Richard Thomas GIBSON, born 13 May 1931 in Los Angeles, California, is a negro journalist who has been active in the

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Fair Play for Cuba Committee since 1960. He has resided since April 1963 at Lausanne, Switzerland. In this latter country GIBSON has participated in the publication of La Revolution Africaine.

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Attachment E

Z f

Teletype message, OUT No. 35665, 28 November 1763, filed at 1826 hours, to the White House, the Department of State and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with copy to the Secret Service. (paraphrased)

23 November 1963, a local Castroite named Maria SNETHLAGE told Third Secretary Ricardo SANTOS of the Cuban Embassy in The Hagus that she knew the "Mr. LEE" (sic) who murdered President Kennedy. She described "LEE" as a man full of hate and violence, and speculated that he had been "misused by a group". She said she had written to GIBSON (undoubtedly Richard GIBSON, TOST citizen of Lausanne, Switzerland, born 13 May 1935, a Castro sympatheser, who had visited The Netherlands recently and had been in contact both with the Soviet Ambassador and the Cuban Embassy).

2. Later that same day Maria ENETHLAGE told Secretary SANTOS that "Mr. LEE of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee" land been slandered. The assassin had been another person, Lee CSWALD. SNETHLAGE is reported to have been in Cuba in January and again in May 1963.

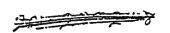
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- 3. According to Dutch authorities on 7 Nevember 1963, in talking about attacks by Cuban refugees against the Juban mainland, SANTOS had replied 'just wait and you will see what we can do. It will happen soon, " Asked to be more precise, SANTOS had replied "just wait". SANTOS is reported to have a pro-Castro prother in the U.S.A.
- 4. A very sensitive source reports that after his conversations with SNETHLAGE, SANTOS was very angry because she had contacted him.

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MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. J. Lee Ruskin

General Counsel

President's Commission on the ebecces inspicery to authorizance.

Allegations Regarding Intelligence Training School in Minsk, USSR as

Allagations of the emistence of a Soviet intelligence and/or sabolage training school in Minsk, USSR, have come to the attention of the Agency from press reviews. Also, there has been an informal inquiry from a member of the Commission, hir. Indias, very recently on this detail. I that this opportunity to lumish to the Commission the information which the Agency has on this topic.

- 2. A careful review of CLA files has produced no hard laformation regarding Soviet intolligence or cabotage training in Minsk since 1747. One item of information outplied by a Soviet defector in 1949 reported the existence, as of 1947, of an intelligence training school in Minek. No additional details, however, were available regarding its curriculum or location in Minck. Information developed from our sources since 1949 has not mentiosed, confirmed, or corroborated the continued existence of the installation.
- 3. Another reference in CLA files to training in Minsk relates to the existence of a sabotage school which functioned in Minak until the German attack on the Soviet Union in 1941, after which the achool was moved to Leningrad.

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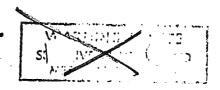
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4. These two items of information are the only ones in the possession of this Agency relating to intelligence and substage training in Minst. They are formished to the Commission in order to complete its records. Because of the sensitive sources involved, it has been necessary to allow a sensitivity indicator to this memorandum.

Richard Helms

Reputy Director for Flams

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2. It have decided to pass on his view without withing and this lipsopy does not appearingly endoes the maximum or provided these.

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TO

Director

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Federal Europa of Investigation Attention: Mr. S. J. Papich

FRCH

: Deputy Director (Plans)

SUBJECT

Poter DERYABIN's Comments on the Kommedy Assassination

1. Attrched for your perusal are the written comments of KGB defector Peter DERIABLE on some aspects of the assassination of President John & Kannedy. As you know, DERYABLE defected from the KGB about temperate ago, and his personal knowledge is not up to date, but he has stayed in touch with Soviet intelligence developments to the best of his ability. His comments on how Lee CGWALD and his wife must have been handled by Soviet intelligence authorities while they were inside the Soviet Union are particularly interesting and his suggestions for the-questioning of Mrs. Marina CGWALD are equally provocative.

2. We have decided to pass on his views without editing, and this Agency does not specifically endorse his conclusions or recommendations.

CSCI-3/779,135

Enclosures: Per paragraph l

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12 December 1963

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SUBJECT

Peter DERYABIN's Comments on President Kennedy's Assassination

- 1. We should understand that my occasions which follow are not based solely on the thesis that CSWALD was apecifically dispatched to marker our President. The very real possibility also exists that CSWALD was sent here on amotion mission by the its and subsequently accomplished the deed on his own initiative. However, such a possibility does not make the KEB less culrable as the seeds for CSWALD's act must have been planted while he was being trained in the USSM for his other mission. We might first exemina the question upperment in the minds of most fresident: " I believe we can make a good case as to the precise gains accrualing to the USSM and most specifically accrualing to MERUSHCHEV. The assassination of President Termaly would accomplish the Tollowiew for MERUSHCHEV personally:
- a. Vestern pressure beined the leadership of the USA would entending ease up. Witness President Johnson's freedista conciliatory telegrous to KHRUHCHEV, after the nurder. We might neution that the USA was the chief proposent for not extending long range credits to the USER. Extension of long range credits is vital to the USER at this juncture.
- b. This leads us into the most pressing problem within the USSR. The West persistently underrates the extent of the Soviet internal situation. It was my prediction that as a result of the missanegement of the 1963 harvest and the CHICOM arguments that MHRUSHCHEV would resign during the upcoming December planes of the Commiss Farty of the USSR. Our President's death thus effectively diverts the Soviets' ettention from their internal problems. It directly affects WHIUSHCHEV's Longevity.
- c. In the Cuben situation any USA or Cuben experients cotions against Cube will not be tainted by the fact that these are vengeful orts against Cube because of CSWALD's "Fair Play for Cube" associations. Coviously the Soviets properly interpret our situation in that President JCHUSCA will restrain any planned interventions in Cube for a long time.
- d. A more emenable America will strengthen KHRUSHCHEY's hand in his running battle with the CHICOM. He will time have enother resen to say his form of peaceful coexistence is superior to that of the CHICOM's.

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- e. Conceivably any of President MEMMEDY's planted actions to got even now firm with the Soviets during the prealection year are thus sabotaged by the President's number.
- f. The Soviets obviously understood that the death of President KEEREDY would result in the energence of DeCAULLE as a strong Western Leader. DeCAULLE of course says "what's good for France is not necessarily bad for the USER."
- g. The death of President MENERY removes a popular reallying point for our allies. Furthermore, and now pertinent, his death removes a symbol for Soviet intellectuals who have inevitably made invidious comparisons between their own intellectual desert and the flowering of the arts under the KETMEDYS. The problem of the intellectuals in the UNER should not be interpreted as the least of knallectuals in the UNER should not be interpreted that beginning with Lailin, intellectuals have provided the importual for revolution in the UNER and they comprise one of the three balls MENERALLY must constantly pages—the intellectuals, the rarry and the Lilliany.
- h. If the USSE has any ambitious sizes in manipulating U.S. public opinion their number of Fresident MINEDY would serve to exacerbate the present differences between the radical luft and right in America. In fact the USSE propaganda machine began to say the marker was cornected by the radical right as seen as the deed was done and before CSMAID was captured.
- i. Finally, the desth of President Kenny, Mathera planned operation or hot, will serve the most obvious propose of providing proof of the power and emiscience of the KER. This application of sheer terror could be interpreted as a varning to Bussia's own citizens, as the Soviet intelligence services have suffered some vary real reverses recently with PERKOVSKI, GOLFSHI's defection, their ignorations expulsion from the Congo, etc. I have long predicted that the USER would take some direction to fall the rapid exercise of their security.
- 2. Can we briefly view the (SWALD operation as a mounted KUE) operation to bill the President? What are the essential ingredients?
- a. The KC3 had some three years to casess CSWALD in the ISSE. Layren will deprecate the value that the KCB attaches to such on the spot assessment. They may also say that CSWALD was a not employee yearly would not be entrusted with such an operation by the KCB. However, the KCB properly knows that historically most assessing have been mobalanced with pasted types.

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b. In such an operation the KEB could not use a Soviet citizen though the very real possibility exists that While was usuated by a Soviet illegal of the KEB 13th Department. Sticking to essentials—It was a good plan that did succeed.

- c. COWALD did escape from the book building.
- d. He did get to a theater which could have been his point of contact with his illegal case officer. Certainly we know the NUB's penchant for using theaters for meeting places.
- 6. After his errest, which was only due to his unfortunate encounter with Policemen TIPPHT, CSWALD did remain silent. How like the behavior of Col. August his behavior in this report.
- 3. Also the very real possibility exists that the KEB intended to liquidate CSWALD after be did the job. His meeting in the theater was probably for just such a liquidation of removal from the scene. In EUEY's part in the operation we must recognize the possibility that RUEY was also a KCB hatchet man-locking at the bare essentials of his part in the operation we see the following:
- a. Rull had access to the police station. Reports may be personally knew most policemen.
 - b. He successfully silenced OSWALD.
 - c. RUBY remains silent and his cover is holding up.
 - d. He has a good legend of temporary insenity.
 - e. Es has a reseauchle chance to escape the denta centence.
- 4. The undersigned might be better qualified to ecament on the CSWALD aspects of this case if we know the following about his activities prior to his departure to the USSR: (a., b., and c. below offer three possible answers to the question, "Why did he go to Moscow?"
- e. First, CSHAID was a self-ende Marxist or Community who decided to got on his own; that is, he made this decision by himself and prompted by no one. He possibly was looking for a better life without knowing what the Soviet Union really is.
- b. Second, after CSWALD's discharge as an "undesirable" from the Merines, he found himself in a difficult and unpleasant situation: in it possible that in this situation be was noticed by a spotter deprecultar for the Illegals or some other department and was considered as a possible condidate for use or

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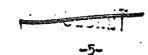
recruitsent? The full information about CSUALD was sent to Moscow, and on Moscow's order an investigation of CSUALD was made and there followed a docision to "invite" him to Moscow. Using the world "invite", the undersigned has in mind that some asents or recruiters through consepsations with CSWALD, but without actually suggesting the trip itself. Inspired CSWALD to travel to the USAL for in this case, it is possible that screens gave him some financial essistance and some advice on how to do this.

- e. Third, CSHAID went to Moscow, or was sent to Moscow, by some pro-Soviet, pro-Communist, pro-Cohen organization(s), having in mind that he would stay in the Soviet Union for a few years, learning more about the Soviet Union and receiving inutructions for future operations, artificiate, etc.
- 5. Muowing for sure that the Soviets never give a visa without rading an impostigution of the person rading the application, we have to make our own investigation of the following questions:
- to go to the Soviet Union
- b. To whom did he talk, whom did he contact at this carly time, and how much time element between these talks and contacts and his application?
- c. How, when and through whom did CSHALD got his Soviet visa:
 - d. How long did it take for him to get the visat
- e. Who personally gave the visa to CSFALD? We must know if the person at the Assessy who telled to USTALD was a like employee.
- f. When end how did CSWALD travel to the USSR (air, sen; through which commtries; in which commtries, if any, did he make stops; how long were such stops)?
- 6. Together with the above, it is very important to know of CUMAID's circumstances before his trip to the LEWA. Who know in advance that he was going and who knew that he had gone: Nother, brother, relatives, friends, neighbors, girl friends, boy friends, old buildies, etc. To whom did CEWAID say goodbys before he left for the USER: personally or by telephone, by mail? Did he ever ask anyone any questions on traveling to the USER: Whom?

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7. CSWALD in Mascax. Then CSWALD envived in Mascax, he was under observation, investigation and complete control by the MGS. In this particular case, under the Second Chief Directorate (CI). Being under the control of the MGB, at the same time he was under heavy investigation directed at answering the question of why this study American had come to the MSER (it doesn't make any difference whether they knew in advance about CSWALD or not; engage, they would conduct such an investigation). Every possible bit of information was taken from CSWALD about the USA, especially about his service in the Marine Corps, utc. At the same time, CSWALD was under constant observation and study for possible furths use by the Soviet Intelligence and CI services.

- 8. It should be noted here that any foreigner, especially an American, she divides in the USER for possessest or produced stay always is examined by the Soviet-State Security as a possible condidate for future use (special training and recruitment) within the USA or other countries (but against the USA). After a good study and investigation which continues about six months in Moscow, under normal financial support and minimum confort from the WES, the HEB makes its conclusions: that CSWAID is clear and is who he civils to be and that he might possibly be used or useful for Soviet Intelligence or CI Service. HOUS: the undersigned believes that during his (CSWAID'S) limit for months in Moscow, additional inquiry and investigation of CSWAID was going en through the Soviet Espansy in Washington and through Soviet agents networks in the USA and possibly through pro-Goviet and pro-
- 9. After being a few weeks or months in Moscow, CSMAID expressed a vish to stay forever in the Soviet Union and to be a Soviet citizen. Then the KGB said to him: "If you really went to be a Soviet citizen and serve the Commist cause, you must denounce American Imperialism and American citizenship." Therefore, somewhere in this period, CSMAID went to the U.S. Rabassy and renounced his U.S. citizenship. After this act State Security decided to give CSMAID some kind of job in accordance with his knowledge and capabilities, at the same time continuing to stady him as a potential agent.
- 19. Recomment to rate a good exert takes a long time and because CSUAID was imputient—and because he had not yet because viven Soviet citivership—the will decided not to rate of kin a good event, but did not break relations with him and decided to use him in a nowe or less open way.
- 11. When CSWAID showed some dispatisfaction about the Soviet way of life (it is usual for Americans) -- and by this time OSWAID had already met his girl friend (the KGB probably helped

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him to first her-to make him happy and to make oure that he would not loave the Soviet Union)—the KGB at the same time continued to train him, probably in the way of an old-fashioned Parxist, telling him that he would be a good fighter against imperialists and against Assertan milliansires, such as ROCKERFILER, KERREDY end others. And sceembers here, while in this kind of training, a low level case officer of State Security told him that to have a better lais in the U.S. you have to fight very hard to bury capitalism, as our Mikita Sergeyevich says; together with capitalism, you have to bury all the millionaires, including your first beest and block-sucker, KENEDI (NOTE: this is not a tall stupid libraints and with naive followers of the Communist movement). If on a high level within the KIB it was decided that there is nothing good in CSWALD and that he is lust a major American and then he could not be relied upon fully. penetboless be could be used because he in for our cause and is against espitalism in general, theebeen suggested—after CSMAID already had saled revelsalon to capitalism and to secure your Soviet citizenship, you must show yourself-es a good lighter for the Commist came inside the USA; then, we give you permission because we believe you are a strong ? Kerrist to return to the USA and to do scrething for our correct cause, such as to help any American pro-Soviet organizations or, for instance, become a number of a Free Cuba Committee or in case of origin to do something outstanding—that will be noticeable everywhere—that will prove that you are a real Communist. Then, occurrence here, if he was already a Soviet agent or not, the girl showed up, or she was there before, but by this time she was pregnant and CSWALD decided to go to the USA. Then be was told. After this talk, CSWALD shouted—where is your freedom? She is my wife, we have a child, and I would like to go. If he did mine a big nodes, they decided to let him and har go; or if he already was a trained agent, then without may kind of noise on his part, but with some difficulties, permission was granted for her to go with him-

12. Locking at the wife of CSVAID, we should have in mind that she was and still is an exemt or at locate a local lawel informant of the MIB. If the was not before she not CSVAID, she became so after the second day she met him. This is the regulation in State Security on how to headle foreigners—it makes no difference whether they are Communists or not.

13. Investigation of CSWALD's wife should be undertaken as soon as possible, with special attention being paid the questions to follow:

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a. First, who is she? Her education, profession, ego, formily background, Party affiliation (Kossomal membership). If she was a member of the Kossomal, then the Kossomal organization will take any steps possible against her traveling to the U.S. Also, she must be expelled from the Kossomal, and then she automatically would be considered a member of the Imperialist Comp. Then, if she was a member of the Kossomal and this action did not take place, it was because of KGB interference against such action. The same action would relate to any of her relatives—father, mother, brothers....if they were members of the CPSU or Kossomal.

their marriage? If she was invited so some official Soviet offices, and if these offices asked her not to murry a foreigner and not to go with him, then probably she was not a number of the Komaczol and she did it on her can will; but if she answers that no one invited her to such offices, then the whole job was done by the KUB—excethly and quietly, with no talk going around about it.

- c. Who belied her and how many times to write papers for the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs to say that she had married an American citizen and would like to go with him to the USA! If it was done a few times and with great difficulties, then probably it was done only with a little help from the NUB. If, however, the papers were prepared only once and permission was granted after only a few reaths' wait, then everything was done by the KGB. (According to the American newspapers, her application for possible to come to the U.S. was processed very wasily and quickly.)
- d. When and where did they register their marriage? How many relatives and friends (of wife) were present at the wedding and calebration. What kind of gifts did they receive at the time of marriage and from when? Where did they take up residence after marriage? Were they given an apartment, or a room! And in what neighborhood?
- e. Where did her husband, CEUALD, work! In what foctory! The work his hours of work! How long did he spend in Moscow be-
- f. Who were her implemed's friends? From what circles? Vorbers? Intellectuals?
- g. How many times were she and her husband—while they lived together—invited to the police stations or any other Goviet government affices, together or separately: (RUE: There is no other affice than the RGB which would make such an invitation. It makes no difference if they were agents or not.)

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h. How ament (intelligent) is she: Door she really apeak no English? In her English better than she shows or better than it should be after being here only two years: Or worse:

- 1. What does she say about life in the Soviet Union?
- j. Did her husband have a gum while he was in the Soviet Union: If so, how does she know about it? When did he get it: Did he have special permission to carry a gum: Did he bring this gum with him across the border? For your information, nobody carries or gum in the USSR without the KEB eventually Learning of it. Least of all an American.
- k. Who gave financial help to them before they loft the Soviet Union: (NOTE: For a regular worker in the Soviet Union, it is impossible to save enough money to buy a ticket and make any kind of preparations to go abroad.)
 - I. The gave instructions to CSWALD to eak for financial assistance at the American Embassy upon his return to the USA?

me Was their first child born in Russia-baptized in the USSR? If so, in what church? Whose idea was it? Did they baptize theirsecond child, born in the U. S.:

- n. If CEMAID mover had a permanent job have in the USA, then who was going to finence his next trip to the USER. How much did his wife know about his plan to return to the USER wis Caba:
- 14. The investigation of the vire should be made step by step, keeping in mind and never forgetting that CEWAID as well as she herself were under constant construction and with constant contacts with organs of the ME. Without such observation and contacts with organs of the ME, no foreigners can live within the Soviet Union.
- the initiative. In view of the extraordinary circumstances surrounding this case, the FBI, through the Department of State, could logically enough request that the USSE provide all evailable into on CHALD's story in the USSE and the impose of his visit to the Soviet Embassy in Maxico City. A friendly named can be expected to honor such a request. We might learn a great deal from the Soviet reply.

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O 7. H. SACLEY MENO: CIA WORK IN 16 January 1964
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Dulles Adams, burgley to the first process.
HEMCRANUUM OF CONVERSATION

10:

Chief, SR

SUBJECT: CIA Work in Support of the Warren Commission

I. Below is a summary of the matters discussed in our meeting with Messrs. Angleton and Rocca on the evening of 15 January 1964. In turn, Mr. Angleton was reporting to us the substance of his meeting with Mr. Allen Dulles, Mr. J. Lee Rankin, Chief Counsel, Mr. Wellins of the Justice Department, Mr. Helms and Mr. Rocca, which took place on the afternoon of 14 January 1984.

2. Mr. Angleton said that Mr. Dulles, apparently provoked by press accusations that the Warren Commission has been dilatory, asked CIA for suggestions of questions or requests to be included in a letter to the Covernment. This letter, from the Warren Commission and to be transmitted through the Department of State, would seek additional evidence which is presumably available in Soviet files which could assist the Commission's deliberations. Mr. Dulles did could assist the Commission's deliberations. Mr. Dulles did not have a detailed idea of what he wanted to ask the Soviets for but did say that the questions should be "not too technical." Although Mr. Angleton thought that the letter should be written only after the CIA report and comments have been completed, in order to make the letter as effective as possible, Mr. Dulles felt it should go now, be phrased in generalities and allow the Soviets more flexibility in their handling of the matter than would a more pointed letter based on our concrete findings. Mr. Dulles asked CIA only for the questions and not for a draft letter. Mr. Murphy suggested that we ask only for certain records rather than put specific questions to the Soviets. Mr. Murphy suggested that these might include Soviet hospital records connected with Lee Oswald's attempted suicide, city visa and registration records for Moscow and Winsk, factory personnel records from Oswald's place of employment, etc. Also Oswald's diary noted that his case had passed through two commissions in the USSR; we might ask for the records of these commissions as well. Mr. Angleton said that in transmitting our suggestions to Mr. Dulles we can include any introductory paragraphs or explanatory comments that we

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felt necessary to explain to Mr. Dulles the direction of our thinking about these proposals.

(Note: I instructed Mr. Wigren to prepare a draft of suggested queries, using the assistance of DERYABIN and to have this ready, if possible, by the close of business today.)

3. Rankin stated that the Commission wants to account in detail, minute by minute and hour by hour, for Oswald's time outside the United States. Mr. Bagley suggested that the narrative chronology of Oswald's stay in the Soviet Union be converted to a chronology tabulation which would permit us more simply to insert added details and dates as we learned of them in other documentation which we can expect to receive shortly. This was agreed.

(Note: I instructed Mr. Wigren to begin recasting the narrative immediately into this form.)

4. Mr. Rankin said that the Commission has a waist-high stack of documents and reports received from the FBI and Secret Service which CIA has not yet received. These include Secret Service interviews with Marina Oswald, letters from Lee Oswald in the USSR and other material. He promised to send this material to Mr. Helms shortly.

(Note: We will pass appropriate parts of this material to DERYABIN for further analysis along the lines of his earlier work on documents already in our possession.)

5. Messrs. Angleton. Murphy and Rocca considered DERYA-BIN's initial analysis of Marina Oswald's documents, and the questions to which it gave rise, to be a worthwhile and important contribution. CIA would be unable to make any serious analysis or even hypothesis until some of DERYABIN's questions had been answered. Mr. Rocca suggested that DERYA-EIN's paper be recast into more of a questionnaire form and Mr. Bagley agreed, pointing out that DERYABIN's comment and speculation could be put off to the side as explanatory comment on each question, as appropriate. Mr. Angleton and Mr. Murphy thought that it would be desirable to send this paper to the Warren Commission in advance of other CIA reports with a memorandum informing the Commission that we would need answers to this interim questionnaire in order to reconstruct a detailed chronology of Oswald's time in the USSE and to comment on his activity there. The Commission would be asked to procure the information from Marina through any Agency it might choose.

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(Note: I instructed Mr. Wigren to prepare the DERYABIN paper in this format urgently.)

6. Hr. Angleton reported that he had asked the Commission representatives certain questions pertaining to our use of defectors in analysing the Oswald papers:

a. Was the Commission formally requesting us to have defectors analyse the material?

Mr. Wellins thought that the answer to this question is yes. However, Mr. Angleton asked for a formal request from the Commission to this effect. The FBI has stated that its reports are not to be passed to AFLADLE, which may cause some complications.

b. Would the Commission be prepared to assume the burden of responsibility if such a defector should disagree with the Commission's opinions or come up with a radically different hypothesis or interpretation?

The persons present said that the Commission would.

c. If a defector who had contributed to the analysis of the documents should be unwilling to appear personally and formally before the Commission, would the Commission exercise its subpoena powers against him?

Mr. Rankin thought that if there was a risk involved for the defector, the Commission would not do so. However, Rankin promised to get a formal answer from the Commission on this point.

d. Will the classification we put on our correspondence to the Commission be honored?

The answer was that in principle our classification would be honored. However, Mr. Rankin warned those present that CIA should not hope to evade criticism or responsibility through classification of its material.

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- 6. Mr. Angleton reported that Mr. Richard Davis is representing the interests of the Department of State in this inquiry. Mr. Thompson had ruled himself out because he was Ambassador to the Soviet Union at the time of the events in question.
- 7. One matter which had been brought to light by the Oswald case was the need for a mechanism in the United States Government to record and assimilate our knowledge of the Soviet handling of American defectors to the USSR. The Bureau is apparently in some danger of criticism for its failure to keep an eye of Sawald after his return. Similarly CIA has not systematically collected nor compiled information on Soviet defector handling. Berlin Base had kept a list of American defectors at one time, but these individuals have not been debriefed on their return to the West.
- 8. The Commission representatives at the 14 January 1964 meeting estimated that the Warren Commission would need from three to six months to complete its task.
- 9. Mr. Bagley raised the question of the desirability of having DERYABIN participate personally, representing the FBI as an interpreter perhaps, in a debriefing of Marina. Messrs. Angleton and Murphy were convinced that CIA must avoid direct involvement with this investigation. Although it is less efficient as a method, we will content ourselves with putting written questions to Marina to be surfaced by whatever Agency the Commission may choose to use.

Tennent H. Bagley Chief, SR/CI

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XAAZ-27169 23 March 1964

Talk with DULLES ON 21 March.

4/3/64

Dick:

Had a briefing at Allen Dulles! house on Saturday afternoon. (We were assembled to discuss his taping session with
Deryabin, Halen MacInuss, Donevan and Hanson-Baldwin in New

York tonight. None of the others were present.)

AWD showed me a letter he had received from Rankin recently expressing the desire to reach a modus vivendi in order to allay the story of CIA's possible sponsorship of Oswald's activity. The point of the communication to AWD was to suggest that he serve as a file reviewer for the Commission. The letter outlined alternative possibilities in this matter (affidavit from the DCI, etc.).

In my presence, AWD wrote the answer:

a. Declining the invitation to serve as file reviewer for good and sufficient reasons.

b. Stating his willingness to provide a statement or testimony to the Commission with respect to
his knowledge of Oswald during his tenure as DCI. He
noted in the tail-off of the letter that as far as he could
of Oswald
remember-he had never had any knowledge at any time

prior to the date of the assassination.

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