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September 1944

After emerging briefly from hiding in September 1944, DIMITROV again went underground engaging in anti-Communist activities, touring various towns and cities (including sections of Yugoslavia and Macedonia) and urging members of the Agrarian Party to take positive action against the Communists.

104 CAGWU, dated 4 October 1950; Memorandum for the Record, 9.5.51

1943

DIMITROV claimed he began underground anti-Fascist activities in 1943 in Macedonia and to have worked closely with Dr. George M. DIMITROV (who headed the left-wing of the Agrarian Party known as <u>Pladne</u>) during this time.

104 CAGWU, dated 4 October 1950; Memorandum for the Record, dated 9.5.51

13-00000

October 1946

DIMITROV arrested by the police. He believes the reason he was not executed was that the communists wanted to use him as a witness against Nikola PETKOV.

104 CAGWU, dated 4 October 1950; Memorandum for the record, 9.5.51

23 July 1947

He escaped to Greece.

Memorandum for the Record, 9.5.51

30 April 1950 (date of information)

The Bulgarians at Lavrion Camp established a new political organization known as the "P. D. Petkov Organization". The member, who are listed in the protocol (attached to the report), have deserted the Bulgarian Agrarian Party in an effort to retain their "pure" agrarian character. In the opinion of the Petkov Organization, the Agragrian Party has been penetrated by the leftists. Protocol signed on 30 April 1950.

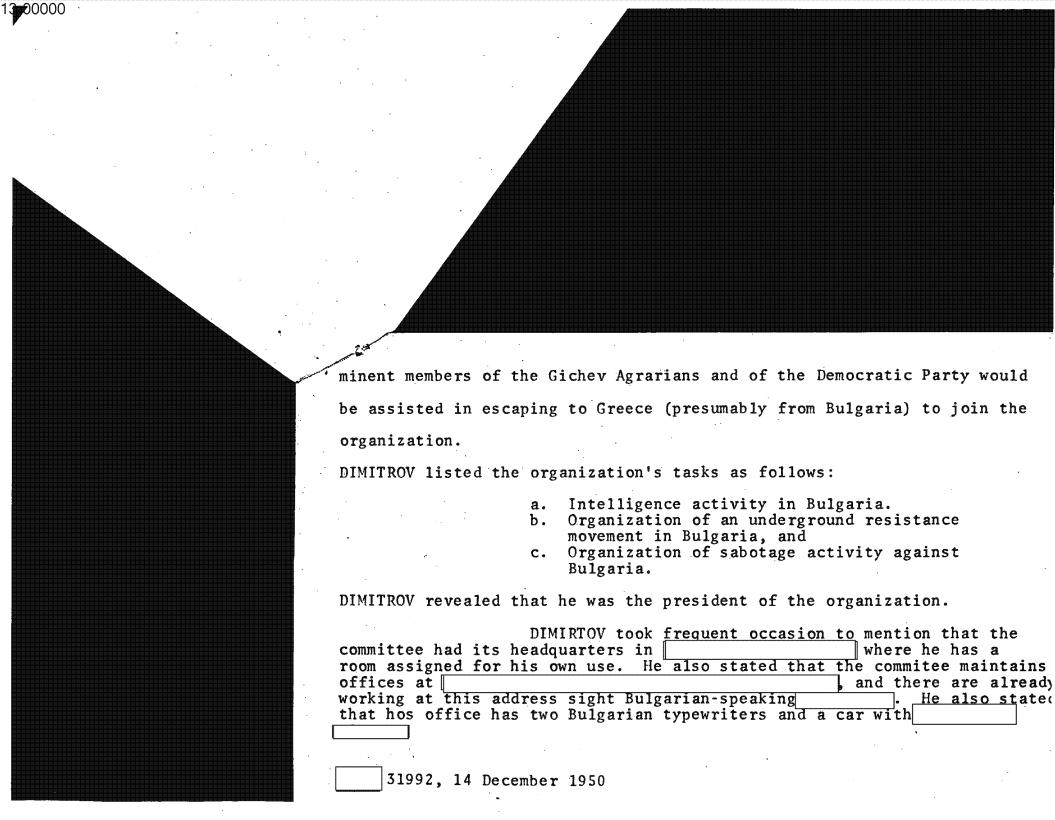
DIMITROV's name appears as a member of the Board of Control.

SO 48993, 16 September 1950

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ų.	October 1950	
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	ATHE 3200 (IN 46672), 25.10.50; Memorandum for the Record,	9.5.51
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	ATHE 3200 (IN 46672), 25.10.50; Memorandum for the Record,	9.5.51
	ATHE 3200 (IN 46672), 25.10.50; Memorandum for the Record,	9.5.51

OCTOBER 1950

Early in October 1950, DIMITROV visited the Lavrion Camp where he met with a number of his Bulgarian friends and advised them that he had been given a "charter and instructions", by certain members of to form a committee of five members for the planning and execution of a fight for the liberation of Bulgaria. This committee, according to DIMITROV, would be established in Athens and would cooperate with other similar committees which have already been formed in France, Germany, and other countries. The committee would later expand to 20 members and would establish a so-called "Democratic Agrarian Bloc". Recruits would come from among the members and sympathizers of the Bulgarian Democratic Party (Moushynov) and from the Gichev Agrarians. Eligible Bulgarian emigres would come to Greece from Western Europe to assist in the work, and pro-



... 23 October 1950

Memorandum for II/OS, dated 23 October 1950.

1 November 1950

DIMITROV again visited the Lavrion Camp to inform his recruits that they would shortly be moved to a pleasant hime in Athens which the Americans were repainting for the purpose. On the occasion of this visit, the recruits were divided into three groups, as follows:

- a. a groupd of 10 men to specialize in intelligence;
- b. a group of 6 men to be trained in radio in Germany
- c. a group of 15 men to specialize in sabotage.

The source of the information contained in the 31992 described DIMITROV as an unprincipaled opportunist and Greek agent.

31992, 14.12.50

During this period of time, DIMITROV was the principal agent in an ill-fated operation which resulted in a major expose and trial in Sofia during 1951. The agents used were those selected by DIMITROV, at least one of whom was porposably an operative of the Bulgarian Militia and acted as the betrayer of his colleagues.

hotb 222 ATHE 4788 (IN 29602), Ward, 1951(?)

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ı	J-	v	v	v	v	v	

23 January 1951

Chief of EE/1 requested	that the attached Provisional Operational
Clearance be approved [be approved. He is
to be uswd as a contrac	et agent in Greece for political, psychological,
and guerrilla warfare o	operations under Project QKSTAIR.

Memorandum for EAD, dated 23 January 1951.

25 January 1951

Frank G. WISNER, ADPC, approved a Provisional Operational Clearance for a period of ninety days subject to renewal if the full clearance has not been granted.

Memorandum for EE/1, dated 25 January 1951

3 March 1951

DIMITROV signed a memorandum certifying that he had received three hundred dollars from Lawrence F. MacBRIDE, literary agent, representing a sum paid for a complete and unabridged option on the use and possible publication of three books written by me and brought to Mr. MacBRIDE, in Greek translation, by [] who acted in this instance purely informally and as a friend. The option is effective as of this date for a period of c six calendar months.

Memorandum dated 3 March 1951 [attachment to SGAA 24772, n.d. not in file]

13 March 19			
Operational	Clearance	issued to	permit the use
·		·	
			under project QKSTAIR.
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13-00000

22 March 1951

QKSTAIR reported that it was considering breaking off association with because he had become too unpopular and dictatorial and self-

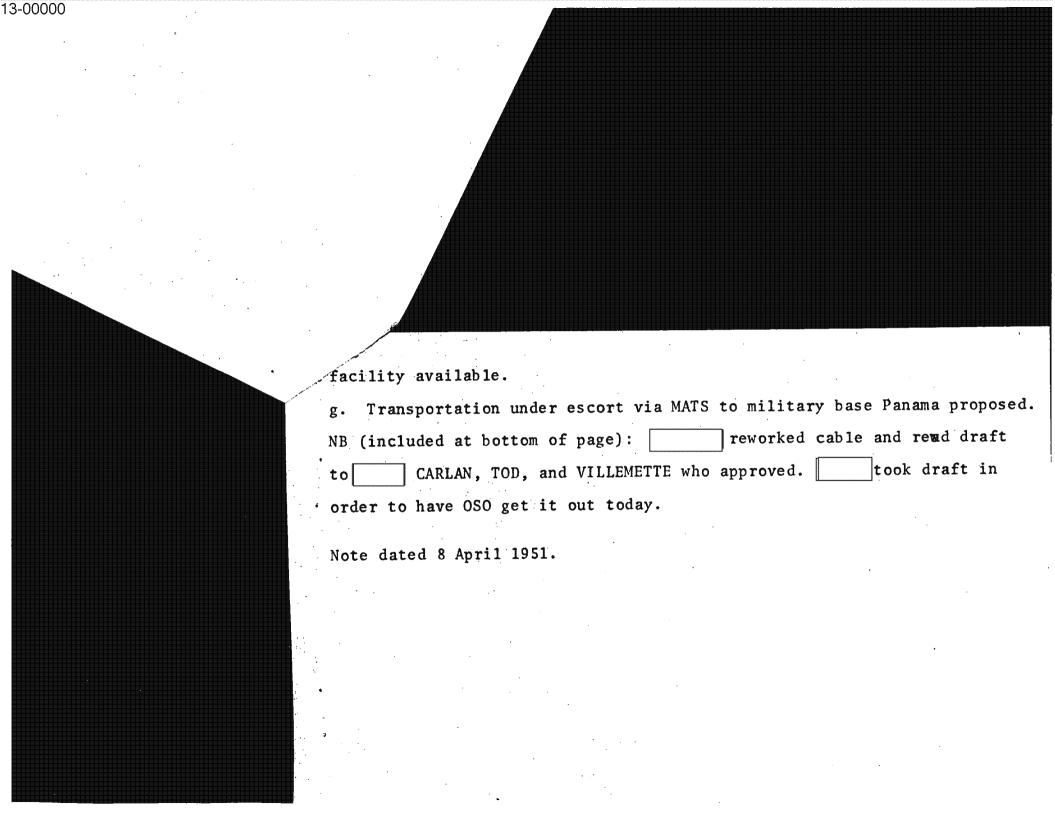
important. There were also indications of serious misappropriation of

funds (NB: This charge was later proven false - see document)

ATHE 4821 (IN 30224), 22 March 1951

•	April 1951
	Discussions held between and of CIA and Colonels COVERDALE,
	and CARLAN, Mr. TOD, and Captain VILLEMETTE of G-2. Points (given below)
	the Army wants covered in a cable to OSO in Panama.
	a. hospital detention war considered best possibility.
	b. Has this been discussed with G-2 If so, does it meet their approval? Can it be worked without advising Provost Marshal, Washington? (so leave in G-2 channels).
	c. AC of S G-2 Washington concurred in principle with proposal of assistance to CIA in this matter.
	d. As soon as operational details worked out with cable advising generally that can be effected forwarded by G-2 to ACos S G-2 (personal for BOLLING). Details will come back through CIA.
	e. Identification of case.

f. Detention period maximum of one year, relieve Army sooner if



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12 April 1951		
Memorandum, dated 18 April 1951		
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13, 14, and 17 April 1951

DIMITROV saw FLORIMOND on Friday (13th), Saturday (14th) and on Tuesday (17th). On the latter day he also saw a certain French assistant military attache named PIRAY.

Memorandum, 18 April 1951

13-00000

18 April 1951 (date of memorandum)

Athens Station describes reasons for distrusting DIMITROV (see document)

19 April 1951

According to Yani KOLOMONOS, DIMITROV's friend, stated that the latter agreed to meet PIRAY at the French Embassy between 11 and 12 o'clock on Thursday, 19 April. At this meeting DIMITROV will (1) give the French detailed accounts of all United States operations of which he is aware, with special emphasis on _______ and (2) receive for this information the sum of 10 to 15 million drachmae.

KOLOMONOS suggests that this effort of the French might be/communist inspired attempt to penetrate United States intelligence activities.

Memorandum dated 18 April 1951

Circa 21 April 1951

Discussions concerning disposal of DIMITROV since he had full knowledge of names of next infiltration teams and general knowledge of operations.

WASH 38789 (OUT 97616), 21 April 1951

13-0000

3 May 1951 (dt of memorandum)

ADSO, informs ADPC of a report from a fairly reliable source, from an informant who knows DIMITROV from having worked with him, but who may be somewhat biased:

See document.

Memorandum for ADPC, dated 3 May 1951

484 (IN 30224), 22.3.51
5150 (IN 36130), 20.4.51
2910 (M 36297), 21.4.51
5205 (IN 37692), 25.4.51)
5282 (M 37839), 29.4.51)
3200 (IN 46672), 25.10.50

2005 941-1943 144 2005 941-1943 134 2005 1942 1943 134 21.9.44	ished high school with village of Heddevels District of Lan. Indied philology at Doha University. Somet a secret branch of the Britanian Jahonal Agrarian Union. Segan underground activities; worked closely with Dr. Genne. Dim. Trov emaged from hidring to begin works with the Mushamor, Cuitcher, Moravier Agrarians.
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205 9-11-1942 (M 205 9-11-1942 (M 20 1942 - 1943 1 3+ 20 1942 1 3+ 21 1943 1 3+ 2	ished high school. idied philology at Sofia University. sured a secret branch of the Britgarian Jahmal Agrarian Union. secan underground activities; worked closel, with Dr. C. III. Dim, Trov
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9.9.44 27.10.44	Mushamor, Quitcher, Molavier Aglatians.
9.9.44 27.10.44	
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27,10.44	Atter events on 9.9.44 went into hiding
27,10.44	
	mol began work against the communists.
	puretiment.
	accused by the government of salutage be-
	cause he had agitated against the mustan
	secupations traps.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Duma ensuing mouths arrested several House
	in Ferdinand, Vialsa, and Lom. When released
	from prison he continued his illegal activities
	which seem to have consisted in travelling
	from village to village, organizing loose- but
	groups of agracians to withstand communist
	Pressures.
	Pressures. His activities often lead him acoss the
	His activities often lead him acoss the
	His activities often lead him acoss the Yugoslaw frontier. Worked in Vardar Wacc.
and a second	His activities often lead him acoss the

believes not executed because communists

Preparation for the trial of Hikola PETISON.

wished to hold him as a withers in

1944 The 1949 the Greek reports, one id! augitu, went CHARACTER STATE Fren 18432

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Principal agent in an ill-foled operation run from October 1950 to Warch 1951. The operation resourced in a wayor expose and that in Sofia during 1957. The agents used were those selected by Dimitrov at least one of whom was probably an operative of the Bulgarian Wilita and acted as the betrayer of his colleagues.

Atthough the extent of DIWITROV'S bymoledge of operations was himted it was considered extensely under table to allow these facts

force made with Greek authorities for his arrest just before his seneduled meeting with the French representative to whom he was to deliver the information and from whom he was to receive the money.

Dimit Rov made six agents immediately available for infitation operations. Three of these six were successfully infiltrated on 10 December carrying leaflets signed in the name of the Bulgarian Democratic Bloc. The emiste political group organized and head by DIMITROV.

Greece by asi & rankful.

13-00000

ARCRRT

Chief of Station,	
Chief, XX	
PERAMPART (Subject of I	loferonce)
REP: HEAL-92613, 17 J	aly 1869
1. Subject of refer Station officers under	the name, Lyle O. ERLLY (P).
201 denotes at Headren	He is the subject of a five volume
atudied philology for of During the war he works Macedonia to escape the after the war; he was of west to Sodia. Later i towns urging agrarians Finally exptured in Sod hockure he was groomed to Greece in 1947 and a occasional propagands tame.	May 1934 in Hedkovete, Bulgaria. He and year at Sofia University from 1942-43. It illegally in Greek Hacedonia and Vardar German authorities. He returned home non dimiliumioused by the Communists and to made a claudentime tour of Bulgarian to take positive action against communismits, he stated that his life was apared as a witness against PSTEOV. He escaped ushsequently worked for the Greeks doing under a shortened version of his true first constacted in Getober 1956 by
Distribution: 3 - COB,	

25 August 1969 201-045/45

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SECRET

never participated in the actual cross-border operations. In early 1981, various operational and administrative difficulties began to manifest themselves and it was decided that RELLY should be removed from his position. In April 1981 it came to OPC's attention that KELLY intended to sell his operational knowledge to the French Intelligence Service. This fact was used as the orimary reason for his removal from active participation in

- 4. Because of operational security considerations stemming from KELLY's duplicity and personal make-up, it was decided inadvisable to leave him at large in Greece. It was decided to transfer him to a holding facility in the Vestern Hemisphere. He was airlifted from Athens to Frankfurt where he was hospitalised four days for observation, and then flown to the holding facility, arriving on 4 September 1951. He remained there until January 1954 when at that time it was determined whatever operational knowledge he had was obsolete.
- be was temperarily removed from the holding area to Syros. Greece. A commitment was made to the Greek authorities that RVROCH puld not abandon him in Greece and would take steps to have him resettled in one year. Efforts were made to effect ELLY's migration to Canada, New Sealand, Australia, and elsewhere, but to so avail. After due consideration by the authorities concerned, it was decided that the best effective solution would be to let him immigrate to the United States on his own under the Refugee Relief Act program.
- 6. Since entering the United States, KELLY has been a continual source of embarrassment. Neglomania is evident in his various communications with U.S. government agencies. Over the years he has written lengthy letters to the Director, Secretary of State, USIA, Vice President Mixon, President Kennedy, etc. A typical example of this correspondence was his letter to the Vice President requesting an appointment as Mr. Mixon's anti-communist advisor, or the statement in his letter to President Kennedy that he could liberate the Balkan countries from Communism in five years if he were allowed to work actively with financial support. Our first knowledge that KELLY was representing himself as a film producer was a 14 May 1957 notice from the Department of State advising that KELLY was trying to interest them is purchasing a feature length film script.
- 7. The last correspondence from _______ on KELLY is contained in NKAA-990 of 26 April 1968, written by Philip L. BACHMAN (P). On this occasion KELLY appeared at the American Embassy in Athens asking to talk to the First Secretary. He identified himself as leader of "The Bulgarian Liberation Underground Movement Against Communicm." The Station at this time reported no traces, but added a comment that he probably was identical with Subject of 201-045145. However, the Station evidently has no record of his pseudo or his early association with ______
- 8. A final note, concerning his marriage to the Greek woman mentioned in reference, may be of interest considering the events which generated the latest inquiry from the field. At one time during his majourn in the holding area mentioned above, KELLY confided that his marriage was recognized by both parties as one of convenience. He claimed that he and his former wife agreed to marry in order to be eligible for immigration to the United States

with a minimum waiting period. He gave a longthy, complicated explanation of how this was supposed to work. Herever, their well laid plans were wrecked by the arrival of a baby daughter while they were in Rome, Italy on their first step toward immigration. According to KELLY, this event forced their return to Athens where he eventually got involved in Bulgarian operations. He declared that had their plans worked out, he and his former wife had agreed to part company once they were safely enseenced in the United States.

9. We feel this account should be on record at the Station because judging from the past performance the infamous Lyle O. KELLY (P) probably will come to our attention again. We can provide more detailed information on EELLY's operational history if required.



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SUBJECT	PBRAMPART '		***************************************					
C	Dimitrios DIMITROF	•		April 1				
ACTION	REQUIRED - REFERENCES							

ACTION: FYI and Direct Traces

1. Subject is Dimitrios #*DIMITROF aka General Dico DIMITROV;
DPOB: 24 May 1924 im Bulgaria; Citinenship: Unknown; Occupation;
Mewie film producer; Address: / c/o Marjorie DARE, 360 West 22nd Street
New York, New York; Miscellaneous: Claims to have worked for WOFIRM.

- 2. Subject came to Station attention as a result of a premarital investigation which was being conducted by LNEASE on Kalliopi Stylianou GERALEXIS, aka "Poppy", Mrs. Dimitrios DIMITROF, born 18 August 1941 in Athens, Greece who was married to Subject in a civil ceremony in Italy on 4 July 1962. The marriage was not recognized by Greek law. Under separate cover is a copy of the LNEASE memo which outlines Subject's allegations regarding collaboration with WOFIRM.
- 3. The marital investigation turned up the following traces from the Liaison Section of the American Embassy in Madrid, Spain: "This office has information on a Diko DIMITROFF, who may be identical with Subject's (GERALEXIS') former husband. A source of unknown reliability reported in 1965 that Diko DIMITROFF had connections with the Bulgarian Intelligence Service and with a dissident group in Bulgaria. DIMITROFF represents himself as a film producer".
- 4. The only remotely identifiable traces at are on a Dimitri DIMITROV aka Dimitur Adamov DIMITROV, DOB circa 1920, who was a member of the Bulgarian Agrarian Party and a student who fled to Greece in 1946. (Source: PGA-4769 of 8 March 1950, file 33-5-2). He was in contact with the A.D. at that time and reported that he had an order to go to Washington for a time. The above is carded info only with a caption: "French I.S.".
- 5. Subject also has travelled to Italy, France, England, and Switzerland in connection with the movie industry, but we defer to Headquarters regarding possible notification of other field stations until after they have conducted traces. In the meantime we have informed LNEASE/Athens that Subject has no connection with WOFIRM Att: LNEASE Memo; USC Distribution: T-Chief, NE; Att USC

Att: LNEASE Memo; USC Distribution: I-Chief, NE; Att USC

OSS REFERENCE TO S/C ATT'D BY REPARCAGNASOL AND NUMBERS CO.

Dated ZHJULL

NKAA-2613

CLASSIFICATION

HOS FILE NUMBER

S-E-C-R-E-T

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CONTINUATION OF	CLASSIFICATION	DISPATCH SYMBOL AND NO.
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FORM USE PREVIOUS EDITION. 10-57 530 REPLACES FORMS 51-28, 51-28A AND 51-29	S -E -C -R-E-T	continued 2

10 May 1967

MEMORANDUM	TO:	Chief,	Office	of	Security
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ATTENTION: PSD

SUBJECT: General Dico DIMITROV

REFERENCE: Memo of 13 March, same topic

- 1. General DIMITROV called the undersigned on 30 March to say hello and request a meeting. We met for dinner at the Astoria Restaurant at 8 p.m., 31 March.
- 2. During the course of the evening, Dico said he had seen my boss. When I asked whom he meant, he replied, Dick Helms. He said he had known Helms for years and further that he had seen him that Thursday in order to find out his position on the new organization the General was in which was holding its first rally the next evening in New York. (This organization has something to do with rabid anti-communism and support for the U.S. in the Vietnam war.) The General said Helms' position was one of go ahead; he had no strong feelings supporting or condemning such a group.
- 3. Dico made further loud comments about support for the war. Our waitress overheard and mentioned that she was leaving the next morning for Saigon to entertain troops and to find out what the war was really about. Dico made a small scene about how wonderful this was. etc.
- 4. The General is the most rabid anti-communist I have ever met. For him there can be no compromise between them and the Free world; they must all be destroyed. After continuing on in this vein for some time, he finally quit. Also, he stated at the beginning of the evening that he did not drink and then proceeded to have a combination of drinks fairly fast. He did not appear drunk, but with each drink he got louder and louder. The other diners paid little attention, however, due to music and other covering noises.

SECRET

-2-

5. I have not seen the General since that evening. My mother saw him one time (3 April) just after his return to New York, but has not seen him since. She still contends that she never mentioned where I worked and says he must have put two and two together. Any guidance you can provide on this matter would be appreciated.

FI/SIG/SSB x 1433 Red

SECRE

4 APR 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

SUBJECT

: DIMITROFF, Dimiter Adameli (aka: DiMITROY, Dico, General

- 1. This memorandum is for information only.
- 2. On 30 March 1967 the Subject, who identified himself as General Dimitrey, called your Office seeking an interview. During the afternoon of the same date two representatives of my Office interviewed the Subject in his hetel room in Washington, D. C.
- 3. The Subject stated that he was born in Bulgaria, is currently stateless and has applied for United States citizenship. He related a detailed account of his former activities as a Bulgarian Freedom Fighter; claimed that he cooperated with a United States military mission in Bulgaria in the 1940's and stressed the fact that his only goals in life are the elimination of the world-wide menace of Communism and the liberation of Bulgaria. He claims to have cooperated in the past with the United States Information Agency and Radio Free Europe and to have offered his services and those of his freedom fighters to former Presidents Truman, Eisenhower and Kennedy.
- 4. The Subject claimed to have visited your Office in April 1962 as a result of a referral from the White House. He advised that he is currently a Vice-President of the Anti-Communist International and works closely with former United States. Representative Hamilton Fish from New York who is one of the principal spoasors of this organisation. Dimitrov is currently staying in New York City and advised that he came to Washington to congratulate you on your appointment as Director of Central Intelligence; to advise you that he is attempting to form a World Tribunal

SECRET

professionies.

des -

SECRET

to counteract the anti-American feeling which Betrand Russell is spreading throughout the British Isles and Europe; and to seek \$50,000 from CIA to enable him to start production in Greece and Spain on a movie concerning the history of Greek mythology. The Subject claimed that, ence he had successfully completed this film, he would be given world recognition and could then do what he feels is his real goal in life, namely to produce films depicting the evils of Communism.

5. A review of Agency files discloses that, during the period October 1950 through March 1951, the Subject was utilized by OPC in Athens, Greece and provided 21 agents for infiltration into Bulgaria. In early 1951, various operational and administrative difficulties began to manifest themselves and it was decided that the Subject should be removed from his position. In April 1951 it came to OPC's attention that Subject intended to sell his knowledge of CIA's activities to the French Intelligence Service. Because of operational security considerations stemming from his duplicity and personal make-up, it was deemed inadvisable to leave the Subject at large in Greece and it was decided that he should be transferred to the

	6.	In	May	19	53, a	G	LA case	offic	er was	dispa	tched	from	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
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were	obs	ole	te.			٠.						•	

:	7.	On (noda re	u 12 J	amary	1954,	while a	till at]
		the :	Subject	aigne	d a Cor	rtificate	of Un	dorsta	gaibe	and
was	tem	oraz	tly res	poved	to Gre	ece due	to the	termi	nation	of
the	holdu	ng fa	cility (and the	fact th	Mt thes	e were	no im	media	te

13-00000

possibilities to resettle him. CIA made a commitment to the Greek authorities that it would not abandon the Subject in Greeca and would take steps to remove him from Greek soil within one year. Efforts were made to effect the Subject's migration to Canada, New Zealand, Australia and elsewhere, but to no avail. After due consideration by interested Headquarters elements and the Athens Station, it was decided that the most effective solution for the Subject's disposal would be to let him immigrate to the United States on his own under the Refugee Relief Act program, but without any assistance from CIA.

8. Since his arrival in the United States, the Subject has come to our attention on the following occasions:

On 14 May 1957, the Department of State informed CIA that the Subject had contacted their Office and tried to interest them in purchasing a feature length film script and asked if a representative of CIA would like to meet the Subject and discuss the script. The offer was turned down.

On 28 June 1966, the Subject attempted to arrange a meeting with the then Vice-President Richard M. Nixon. A member of Mr. Nixon's staff turned the matter over to Mr. Contact Division, Office of Operations. Mr. interviewed the Subject at length, acting on behalf of Mr. Nixon's staff, with no CIA connection. No commitments were made to the Subject.

1

On 29 September 1961, the Subject called the Office of the DCI requesting an appointment. The matter was referred to Mr. who advised hir. of the DCI Protective Staff to tell the Subject that his story was a matter of record and that there would be no purpose in further interviews unless he had something new to add.

9. On 31 March 1967, in view of the above information concerning the Subject's past activities, a representative of my Office called the Subject at his hotel in Washington, D.C., and advised him that the results of his interview of 30 March had been passed to appropriate Agency officials and that if any interest developed he would be contacted.

10. No further action will be taken in this matter unless

requested by you.

13-00000

Howard J. Osborn
Director of Security

3 April 1967

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SECRET

Anti-Communist International

U.S.A. OFFICE: 2188 BROADWAY - NEW YORK OX 7-5895

The A. C. I. is starting V.V. (VICTORY FOR VIETNAM)

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SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1967, 7:00 P.M. at 4 W. 43rd St.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CLUB will be the first rallv with these important main speakers.

Adm. Joseph J. Clark (U.S.N. Ret.)

Hon. Hamilton Fish

Wito Battista, Tampayers Org.

Lee Sterling, American Property Rights Assn.

General Dico Dimitroff

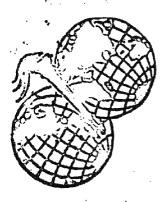
Arneld McCullogh, Peter Fechter Brigade Edward Rorer, American Patriots for Freedom Jason Friedman, Director Jewish Section of the A. C. I.

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Bring your friends. Be there to help the fighting boys in Vietnam and the Vietnamese People. Help the President of the U.S.A. and his Military Leaders in Vietnam to win the war in the battlefield, which will produce the VICTORY PEACE TALKS.



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r. Wm. GLASKOW, Chrmn. R. K. JERIC, Treasurer KRAWEC, Publish. Dept. aviy SCHIEBER, Gen'l. Sec.

Anti-Communist International

U.S.A. OFFICE: 2188 BROADWAY - NEW YORK

Mail adress: P. O. Box 1095 New York, N. Y. 100

Phone: 0X-76895

February 19, 1967

RECEPTION TO WELCOME His Excellency BUI DIEM South Vietnamese Ambassador to the United States, at the Park Sheraton Hotel in New York City.

To all friends of the ANTI-COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL and participating guests and organizations:

This important event was successful.

Messages of greeting and support arrived from U.S. Senators: Thomas J. Dodd, J.W. Fulbright, Joseph Tydings, H.A. Williams Jr., Peter H. Dominick, Edward W. Brooke, Russell B. Long and James B. Pearson; Congressmen: Daniel J. Flood, Herman T. Schneebeli, John J. Rhodes, Robert J. Corbett, Joseph P. Addabbo, Charles E. Bennett, William L. Dickinson, Porter Hardy Jr., Joe Pool, William S. Mailliard and James B. Utt; Governors: John H. Chafee, Claude R. Kirk, Winthrop Rockefeller, Dan Moore, George Romney, Richard J. Hughes and Lieut. Governor Malcolm Wilson; President of the Concil of the City of New York Frank D. O'Connor; Presidents of the N.Y.C. Boroughs of Manhattan, Bronx and Queens Percy E. Sutton, Herman Badillo and Mario J. Cariello; also from the Permanent Missions to the U.N. of Malta and New Zealand.

A large number of representatives of civic, patriotic and anticommunist organizations were there.

The Honorable Hamilton Fish, a congressman of 40 years, who originated the House Committee on Un-American Activities was chairman of the event.

These people spoke on behalf of their organizations:

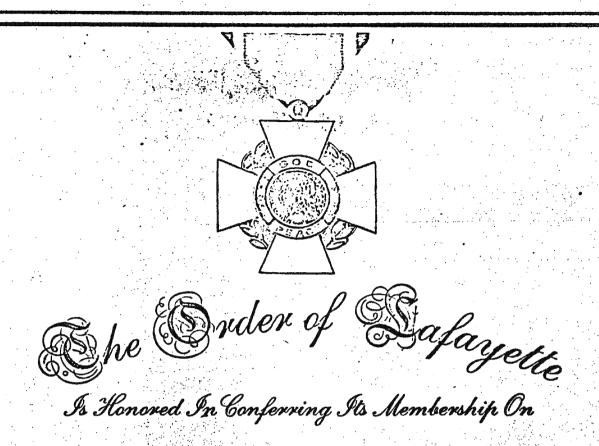
Edward Rorer for American Patriots for Freedom;
Arnold McCullogh for Peter Fechter Brigade;
Lee S. Sterling for American Property Rights Association;
Maxwell-Miller for CIIP (Community Housing Improvement Program, Inc.);
Juan Lugo of Local 6 of the Hotel' and Club Employees' Union;
Juan Lugo of Local 6 of the Bulgarian polotical exiles;
Juan Dico Dimitroff of the Bulgarian polotical exiles;
Dr. Nakashidze of Columbia University, Captive Nations Committe,
Buenos Aires Argentina;

Thomas Veteska, general secretary of the Union of Slovak Combatants; Cathryn Dorney of the American Education association; Captain Janes Jones, recently returned from long service in Vietnam.

In the name of the Anti-Communist International spoke:

Dr. Wm. Glaskow ("Soviet Russia is fighting the Vietnam war by proxy")

A. R. K. Jeric ("Communism in practice is a one-man-monopoly-owner-chin-



GENERAL DICO DIMITROV

☆★☆ PREAMBLE OF THE ORDER OF LAFAYETTE 公金公

For God and Country, we pledge our support:

To maintain mutual understanding and cooperation between the United States and France, and to uphold and defend the ideals of JUSTICE, FREEDOM, DEMOCRACY and PEACE, for which we fought.

To Unite the destinies of both Republics in defense of a free world realizing that any weakening of our traditional friendship would help World Communism and jeopardize the survival of Free Nations.

VIVE LA FRANCE - GOD BLESS AMERICA

WAXIVE LA

Hanillan Flui

March 10, 1967

Dat

lie Andrews Signed or Hitchcock Film

sEW YORK — Alfred Hitchcock signed Julie Andrews to star opite Paul Newman in his forthcomspy tale, "Torn Curtain," to be used by Universal Pictures. Mistrews will report to the director completion of her role fin twaii."

Torn Curtain" will be Hitchcock's h picture and his first under his mtly signed three-picture deal h Universal. He plans to begin duction Oct. 1, with exterior sences to be filmed on foreign located the interiors shot at United City Studios.

atz

(Continued from page 1)
pictures for theatrical and telen outside the United States and

atz has been affiliated with Hyi since 1954 with the formation of nan's Associated Artists Producs which later became United Art-Associated. He subsequently

Associated. He subsequently ed as director of foreign operas for United Artists Associated United Artists Television.

4G Pact

The fee formula sets seven base cories against which payments are computed. For an actor who ced one day in a picture, the base 100; two days, \$150; three days, four days, \$250; five days or week, \$300; more than one week not more than two weeks, \$400; than two weeks, \$500.

or the first TV release of a film, its will receive 30 per cent of base. When the producer's gross its \$125,000, players will receive idditional 12½ per cent; at \$200, an additional 25 per cent; at \$00,000, an additional 22½ per at \$500,000, an additional 22½ per at \$500,000, an additional 20 cent; for each \$100,000 above 000, an additional 10 per cent. Then a film is released on a major ork in prime time, players are the 20,000 per cent of the base int."

erson Acquires Four

DLLYWOOD—Joseph C. Emerpresident of Emerson Entertain—Enterprises, announced yester-the acquisition of four features lobal scope for U.S. release. In Against the Sun" is a World II story shot in Technicolor in alia. "Make Like a Thief" is a story in Technicolor filmed in nd starring Richard Long. The Swords for Rome" was filmed by and "Saturday Night in Apple y," stars Mimi Hines, Paul Ford Cliff Arquette.

APOUND THE TV CIRCUIT

with PINKY HERMAN

L UNCHING Friday with Diko Dimitroff and enjoying the exuberant presentation of his plans to produce-direct a \$20,000,000 film saga, "The Loves of the Greek Gods," based on Greek mythology reminded this reporter of the time many years ago when a Boston exhibitor named Joseph E. Levine (whom we met through a mutual friend, WORL Deejay Norm Prescott) revealed his ideas of "how to produce and exploit motion pictures" with the result that the following week we printed in this p!har a paragraph in which we predicted Levine would "make motion picture history by sheer showmanshin." After two months in Gotham, finalizing pre-production plans, Diko leaves Thursday for his office in Madrid where he'll set in motion his ambitious production on this epci to be filmed in Greece skedded to start in the Spring of 1966 and featuring 30 international stars.

4 4 4

The zoom film effects, one of the many features of the "Pack & Jingis" TV spot, MPO-produced "Newport" cigarets commershill for Lennen & Newell, all of which added up to copping top mixed technique class honors at the Cannes International Film Festival, were achieved by Eastern Effects, Inc., New York—based film opticals and effects firm which used the new EMELL Camera. Prexy Maurice Levy of Eastern Effects has also personally developed several camera techniques as well as improved optical benches in the past decade. . . Formerly with Paramount and Universal on the west coast and more recently director of press information and promotion for ABC-TV's News Division, Frank Little has joined McFadden, Strauss, Eddy & Irwin as account executive. . . . Young man in a hurry is Michael Stanwood, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in 1964, who's already starred in three Broadway productions, just been signed to a Universal-TV contract and will debut in the "Kiss Me As You Go" seg of that studio's "Run for Your Life" series, starring Ben Gazzara, Barry Sullivan and Brenda Scott and megged by Leslie Martinson. . .

\$ \$ \\

Lucille Ball, who will be CBSeen as Steve Lawrence's first guest when his program preems Monday, Sept. 13 (10-11 P.M., EDT) sat beside Steve in the howda of Wanda, the pink elephant, when the pachyderm strode through Shubert's Alley last Wednesday to highlight the program's introduction to N'Yawkers. . . . The many luminaries including Rudy Vallee, Johnny Carson, Vaughn Monroe, who've been enjoying the Chinese cuisine featured at co-owner Ging Tom's Six Happiness may or may not be aware of the fact that the gracious Ging is the fifth generation of the famous family or restauranteurs. . . Hollis Alpert has written an interesting story on the coming 20th Century- Fox TV CBScience-fiction series, "Lost In Space," in the current issue of Woman's Day Magazine. Miss Alpert believes this one could last longer than "I Love Lucy," which is quite a prediction. . . Freemantle International's "Romper Room," created and produced live 13 years ago by Bert & Nancy Claster in Baltimore, is now seen in Canada, Mexico, Brazil, Japan, The Philippines, Great Britain and in six markets in Australia. . .

* * *

Lee Savage, winner of the 1963 Guggenheim Fellowship and well known creative artist, and Harold Friedman, former veepee and exec producer at Elektra Films, have formed a new TV production firm, Savage-Friedman, Inc. . . . Ex-Newspaperman ("Cleveland News") and formerly gen. mgr. of WJW-TV, Ben Wickham resigned his post with TV Information Office and as of next Monday joins MGM-TV as a general sales exec headquartering in Gotham. . . . Last CBSaturday afternoon we liked the novel TV'er, profiling li'l ole N'Yawk and especially enjoyed the ditty, "New York's a Great Place to Be," cleffed by Joan Bender and Bob Hughes. . . . Official Films has purchased an as yet unpublished novel entitled, "Manhattan House" by David Rintels, which will be developed into a full hour dramatic teleseries to be produced by Robert Blees. This marks Blees' fourth package, the other three already skedded for launching by Official next season are a dramatic-musical by Herbert Baker, a half-hour comedy series, "Off We Go" by Bob Kaufman and Bill Fox, and "Meet the Mooses" by Henry Garsson and Edmund Beloin. . . . ABC Films will shoot a pilot for a new music series, featuring "The Song Spinners" and tentatively slated for a 10 P.M. slot Saturdays over WABC-TV with additional showings on a syndication basis. Program will be co-directed by Hal Tolchin, who recently directed the "Swinging World of Sammy Davis" special, and Jimmy Starbuck, choreographer on many top-notch TV'ers including "Your Show of Shows," "Carol Burnett Show" and others. Exec producer will be Stanley S. Greene.

Berle Adams to Direct Broadcasting Awards

NEW YORK — Berle Adams, v president of MCA, Inc., has accept the post of general chairman of 1965-68 International Broadcast awards, according to James Thampson, president of the Hol wood Advertising Club, sponsor of event.

More than 1,000 broadcasting accuratives from all over the world expected to attend the judging radio and television commercia which will be held this year at the Hollywood Palladium Mach 15.7 festign is now in its sixth year.

ENT TALK

MIAMI—Henry Oxell, chief bark of the local Variety Club, Tent 3 already is signing up members for the Variety Club International convention London next April, and so far be 34 reservations for the Miami-Lisbo London flight.

BOSTON—The 17th annual Jimm Fund drive, to raise money for the Children's Research Foundation, we launched recently, according to Thomas A. Yawkey, president of the foundation. At the same time, one of the most unusual tiems ever made we scheduled in connection with the diliver frontierast children with dent Edwin W. Breed and Jimm Fund executive director William Koster have completed arrangement whereby the airline will supply aid craft during the month of Auguin Boston, Portland, Me., New Beford, Mass., and Manchester, N.H. for a one-hour sightseeing trip without charge to persons contributing \$5 cmore to the Jimmy Fund.

Northeast pilots and stewardesse have volunteered their services for 2 scheduled flights from Cape Cod 1 the White Mountains, into Main Vermont and other scenic New England areas. A celebrity will accompany each flight. Baseball's Ted Wiliams will be on the first flight.

British Admissions Declined During May

From THE DAILY Bureas

LONDON — A drop in cinema admissions in the United Kingdom i May this year produced the lower figure on record since the Board c Trade has compiled weekly average admission figures. The figure was weekly average of 5.5 million durin May—a-fall of 700,000 on the 6. million average weekly admissions i May 1964.

May 1964.

Takings, however, were equal at weekly average of £ 1.03 million. Th fall in admissions in May, compare with the previous month, followe the seasonal pattern with a drop o two million on the weekly average Takings in April average £ 1.38 million weekly.

Guidepost, January 22, 1965

a joan allen

ment to back it, the Zarzuela Theatre on Jovellanos, 4, has rounded up a brilliant group of actors, singers and directors and has come back with some really exciting revivals.

AWC members and their husbands can call Jo Pitts 250 03.35; Cherry Danos 253-60-79; or Jane Cabanyes for tickets.

Cocktails At The Ross'. The Ross A. Ross' red carpet was well and truly rolled out this last week for visiting and handsome son Dean taking leave from the U.S.S. Springfield and looking up old friends in his one-time stomping ground.

Among those welcoming Dean at a cocktail party given by Mary Alice and Ross last Thursday at their Generalisimo apartment were Stewart Baxter of American Express; Major Ben Clark and his wife Alma; writer Alfred Brown and his wife Adriana; José Maria Garriga, head of the Aira Travel Agency; Major Mike Payne and his wife Nina; Anni and Dale Brannon; American stage and screen actor Ben Tatar; Air Force Contractor Jesse Greene; Ken Crosby of Merrill Lynch, whose wife Cricket was not present but was, according to Ken, shelping Larry Bell's wife Jeanne have her baby.» (It was a boy!): Mariano Biltz, General Motors Distributor and his wife; Corinne Jordy, ex Madrid classifie; Corinne Jordy, ex Madrid classifie; Tony Blomfield, just returned from the U.S. and minus his wife Harriette, who had a touch of La Grippe. The Blomfields left later to join their yacht in Alicante; Col. John Ferry and his wife Carmen; Franz Kreli of Casa Americana and his tractive daughter Olivia; Oliver Tritton, who is with the Banco Español de Crédito, Banesto; and Nick Fogarty of the maintenance company Tumpane.

The Moment Of Truth. Christine Harding, daughter of the British Vice Consul in Madrid, might well look pleased (candles don't count at 161) as she cuts a birthday cake dedicated to

NEW BRITISH PRESS ATTACHE — Greeting the British Ambassader SIR GEORGE LABOUCHERE, left, at their party given in Madrid's International Props Club are Mr. KEITH, the new Prope Attaché at the British Embetey, and his wife, BETTY,



CHRISTINE MARDING, British Vice-Consul's daughter intertains (left to right) DIVE BRUTON, PHILLIPA SAMUEL, ANN and ANTHONY BLACKIEST her recent birthday party.

eMan of the Years El Cordobés. The cake of course represented the bull-ring, complete with toro, matador and swords. Giving her a helping hand were, among others, Clive Bruton whose father is with the British Institute; Phillipa Samuel, daughter of Ian Samuel, Minister at the British Embassy; and Ann and Anthony Blackie, whose father Jim Blackie is the Australian Consul General in Madrid.

Madrid.

An old hand at birthdays and somewhat of a rolling stone, Christine takes credit for having spat her previous ones in nine different countries.

Greek Gods To Roll In June. Gods, big all the way is Diko Dimitroff, Bulgarian born poet, screen writer, director and producer, who flashed into our office this week with plans to make the biggest movie of all time. Slightly built, with hazel eyes, the softly spoken head of Diko Productions Inc. went on to tell us more about his 15-year-old dream. The Loves of the Greek Gods, which he plans to film in Spain and Greece. Interiors are to be done in Madrid with the use of the Bronston equipment. All exteriors will be shot in Greece involving the use of Mount Olympus and continued.

SAY YOU SAW IT IN GUIDEPOST

Spain continued

other authentic sites. The producer went on to explain, «I plan to bring all the 'Gods' together to make this movie.» He named such box office 'draws' as Victor Mature to play the role of Zeus; Kirk Douglas as Adonis; Tony Curtis as Apollo; Peter Ustinov as Dionysus; and Jean Simmons as Athena. According to the producer, there are many candidates for the role of Aphrodite (Venus) but as yet she has not been named. «I'm using the largest east ever.» Dimitroff told us, ant Olympia alone there will be 30,000 extras and there are 65 starring roles.» A 4-hour-long epic, the cost of making it is estimated at twenty million dollars and shooting is expected to take a full year, starting in June—Greek Gods willingi

· costa del Sol

Congresses In Winter. Congresses, like birds, tend to come south in winter. Our sunny Coast—six average hours of sunshine a day from

November to April — is becoming their favorite winter ground, so much so that a huge congress hall is now planned.

Following the fashion to pick sunny climes for winter work, the executive committee of the International Union of Architects have just spent six days at Hotel Pez Espada, fixing the agenda for their big annual congress in July. The summer congress, of course, will be held up north, in Paris. Flags were hoisted outside Malaga Airport and the hotel for each of the 22 nationalities attending, including the «hammer and sickle» for the Moscow do gate. The seven three-hour sessions, resided over by Sir Robert Matthew, were-spent sifting subjects to be discussed at the Paris congress. An interpreter sent along by the local tourist office withered under the crossite of languages, so an urgent call went out fo Fuengirola for Lana, wife of ex-Soviet painter, Sacha Liautikoff, who speaks five languages including Rus-

Delegates took a day off for some

sunshine and an extensive tour of the Coast. They mostly agreed that the Coast has some fine buildings, but sadly lacks a master plan. The Russian, Guerogui Orlov, said he was particularly impressed by Marbella's Ciudad Residencial, the State holiday resort for workers. Local Spanish reporters eager for an interview found the Russian rather untalkative, though he did confess he liked Flamenco. The delegates rounded off the busy week with a dinner gala in the hotel, and left Saturday.

Gibralfaro Castle - A Tourist Center? The ruined ninth-century castle on Gibralfaro, the pine-covered hill over-looking Malaga, is probably going to be urbanized as a tourist center. It has been suggested that an auditorium, with rooms for gatherings like international congresses, be built within the castle walls. The idea was put to Milaga's Mayor, Sr. Rafael Beten, by the Under Secretary of Tourism, Sr. García Rodriguez-Acosta, during his short visit here last week. He said Gibralfaro's beautiful position and views should be utilized more. The Mayor later took a bird's eye view of the site from the helicopter of the visiting American flag ship, USS Springlield. Gibralfaro is a great favorite with everyone. Tourists climb it to explore the castle, gasp at the breathtaking views of the town and harbor and eat at the State restaurant built just below the castle walls. The hill also overlooks the bullring and hundreds of malagueños climb it to take a free peek at corridos.

Winter Course For Foreigners. Below Gibralfaro's battlements, just a spear's throw away, lies the comparatively new Casa de Cultura where, on Friday last week, the Mayor opened the 18th Winter Course for Foreigners. More than 100 students have come from many countries for this extensive two-month course in Spanish language and culture, which happens to coincide with Malaga's equally famous Winter Sports Festival. Students are lodged with local families and most days attend lectures by university professors, go on excursions and take part in all sorts of social and cultural events.

with local families and most days attend lectures by university professors, go on excursions and take part in all sorts of social and cultural events.

Tied in with this year's course is a three-week exhibition of paintings by five well-known southern artists with strong local connexions. They are Alberka, Barbadillo, Brinkmann, Hermindex and Peinado, Gabriel Alberka, 30, lives in Torremolinos and has



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Jacobellis Case Up

To High Court Again

Washington Barcau of THE FILM DAILY Washington — The Supreme Court yesterday set the long-awaited second argument of the

Nico Jacobellis case for next week.

The second arguments will be heard

just before a book obscenity case.

court to listen again may presage a

more sweeping decision on obscen-

ity in motion pictures than has been handed down in previous

Cleveland Heights theatre man-

ager Jacobellis was convicted under

(Continued on Page 4)

West Coast Bureau of THE FILM DAILY Hollywood — J. R. "Jimmy" Grainger, industry veteran who formerly headed RKO Radio Pic-

tures, is back in action with the formation here of AllStar Films,

new distribution - production

Grainger, one-time Fox and

(Continued on Page 4)

Jimmy Grainger Heads Sales for AllStar

the

company.

decision of the highest

INTERNATIONAL **NEWSPAPER** MOTION PICTURES Established May 8, 1918



TUESDAY, MARCH 24, 1964

TEN CENTS

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attack on some prevent a free tures in seven unched by the ration of Film ons, Ralph Hetassociation and

the Motion Pic-

America, said g to New York. Page 5)

Film

\ Drive president of lotion Picture



goal appeal

odern Art **IY** Festival odern Art may the New York ear, a Museum lged yesterday. of participadecided by the Page 5).

AB-PT Income Rises: Theatre Take Larger

American Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres showed record income for 1963 accompanied by a rise in earnings from the theatre division, President Leonard H. Goldenson disclosed yesterday. The AB-PT overall income was \$386,729,000

for the year compared to \$379,-741,000 in 1962.

Theatre earnings, not usually revealed, were \$76,209,000 for 1963 compared to \$75,956,000 in 1962. Merchandise sales were \$29,948,000 (Continued on Page 2)

'Greatest' Campaign Focus on Pictorial

Except for the picture itself the photography in George Stevens' "The Greatest Story Ever Told"

will "the constitute "the single greatest selling tool," according to United Artists plans.

Gabe Sumner, UA national director of advertispublicity ing. and exploitation, said yes-terday "The Greatest Story promotion



promises to be "the most exten-(Continued on Page 4)

British Box Office Attendance Stronger

Landon — Both film bor office receipts and attendance for January, 1964, were up over January, 1963, statistics of the Board of Trade bere reveal.

Weekly average theatre take in January, 1964, was £1.24 million compared to £1.08 million. Weekly attendance for January, 1964 was 7.9 million compared to 7.6 million in the sine month last year. (The pound is at \$2.82).

Exhibs Win First Round in Calif.; **TV Plans Moves**

By WILLIAM ORNSTEIN

At Coast Editor of THE FILM DAILY
Hollywood — Subscription TV lost the first round of a four-round bout in the Cali-fornia arena with the Crusade for Free TV. The initial round dropped to theatre owners was dismissal by U.S. District Court Judge William C. Mathis of the \$117,541,500 antitrust and conspiracy suit filed last Dec. 17 against the Crusade and 20 defendants, including theatre com-(Continued on Page 5)

Naify Fills Skouras Spot in Magna Pix

Marshall Naify, president of nited Artists Theatre Circuit United Artists and of United California Theatres, has been elected president of Magna Pictures Corp. Naify fills the vacancy in Magna created by the death of George P. Skouras.

Another vacancy caused by Skouras' death, the presidency of Todd-AO, has been filled by Salah Hassanein, United Artis's Theatre Circuit Executive Vice-President

Naify said that Magna, which produced "Oklahoma!" and "South Pacific" would step up its picture production in both in Dimention 150 for roadshow presentation in 55mm for regular release.

Greek Gods' to Roll in '65 At \$20 Million Budget

Diko Prod., Inc., a new American-Greek company with headquarters in Athens, plans to produce "The Loves of the Greek Gods" in Greece and in the Bronston Studios in Madrid at "a cost

(Continued on Page 2)

IT TIME YOU CAME HOME TO ROOST AT



Hollywood New York Toronto



THE INTERNATIONAL NEWSPAPER MOTION PICTURES

Established May 8, 1918



Exhibs Win First Round in Calif.;

S TV Plans Move

By WILLIAM ORNSTEI
West Coast Editor of THE Fil
Hollywood — Subs

TV lost the first rou

four-round bout in the fornia arena with the Cr Free TV. The initial round

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inued on Page !

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VOL. 124, NO. 57

TUESDAY, MARCH 24, 1964

TE

T PAY-T

IFFPA Moves for Free Film Flow In Seven Cations

Madrid-A united attack on some of the barriers that prevent a free flow of motion pictures in seven nations will be launched by the International Federation of Film Producers Associations, Ralph Hetzel, president of the association and acting president of the Motion Picture Association of America, said here before returning to New York. (Continued on Page 5)

Mandel Heads Film **Division of UJA Drive**

Harry Mandel, president of RKO Theatres, will serve as chairman of the Motion Picture

and Amuse-ment Discrete Division of the United Jewish Appeal of Greater New * York.

"It is most for important bur industry. Mandel declared "to give additional support to UJA in order that we may help ease the problems of those in need.'



Nationwide UJA goal appeal is \$105,000,000.

Museum of Modern Art May Pass Up NY Festival
The Museum of Modern Art may

not participate in the New York Film Festival this year, a Museum spokesman acknowledged yesterday. He said the question of participation was yet to be decided by the (Continued on Page 5)

AB-PT Income Rises; Theatre Take Larger

American Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres showed record income for 1963 accompanied by a rise in earnings from the theatre division, President Leonard H. Goldenson disclosed yesterday. The AB-PT overall income was \$386,729,000

Jacobellis (ase Up To High Court Again

Washington Bereau of THE FILM DAILY Washington - The Supreme Washington — The Supreme Court yesterday set the long-awaited second argument of the Nico Jacobellis case for next week. The second arguments will be heard just before a book obscenity case, and the decision of the highest court to listen again may presage a more sweeping decision on obscenity in motion pictures than has been handed down in previous cases.

Cleveland Heights theatre manager Jacobellis was convicted under

(Continued on Page 4)

Jimmy Grainger Heads

Sales for AllStar
West Coast Bureau of THE FILM DAILY
Hollywood — J. R. "Jimmy"
Grainger, industry veteran who
formerly headed RKO Radio Pictures, is back in action with the formation here of AllStar Films, distribution - production a new company.

Grainger, one-time Fox and (Continued on Page 4)

for the year compared to \$379,-741,000 in 1962.

Theatre earnings, not usually revealed, were \$76,209,000 for 1963 compared to \$75,956,000 in 1962. Merchandise sales were \$29,948,000 (Continued on Page 2)

'Greatest' Campaign

Focus on Pictorial

Except for the picture itself the photography in George Stevens The Greatest Story Ever Told"

will constitute "the single "the single greatest selling tool," according to United Art-

ists plans. Gabe Sumner, UA national director of advertispublicity ing. and exploitation, said yes-terday "The Greatest Story" promotion



promises to be "the most exten-(Continued on Page 4)

150 or roadshow presenta in 5mm for regular rele Greek Gods' to Roll

> At \$20 Million But Diko Prod., Inc., a new can-Greek company with quarters in Athens, plans duce "The Loves of the Gods" in Greece and in th ston Studios in Madrid at

(Continued on Page 2)

British Box Office Attendance Stronger

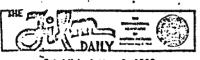
London — Both film box office receipts and attendance for January, 1964, were up over January, 1963, statistics of the Board of Trade bere reveal.

Weekly average theatre take in Janvary, 1964, was £1.24 million compared to £1.08 million. Weekly attendance for January, 1964 was 7.9 million compared to 7.6 million in the sime month last year. (The pound is at \$2.82).

FOR BUIL Dinil Spece ti. Biefin Datel Solver ME YOU CAME HOME TO ROOST A



Hollywo New Yor **Toronto**



Established May 8, 1918

Vol. 124, No. 57, Tues., March 24, 1964 10 Cts.

CHAS. A. ALICOATE : : Edit. in Chief & Pub.

HARRY WISMER : : Associate Publisher & Executive Vice-President

AL FINESTONE : : : : : : Editor

BOONE MANCALL : Vice-Pres. Dir. of Adv.

WILLIAM SPECHT : : : : Associate Editor

MERLIN LEWIS : : : : Vice-Pres.-Gen. Mgr.

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'Becket' Grosses Tops In First Five Engagaments Hal Wallis' "Becket" shapes up

as one of the top roadshow films of recent years on the basis of its first five engagements in the U.S. and Canada, according to Paramount.

In its second week, at Loew's State here, "Becket" scored \$30,-070 in six performances. Others include \$16,959, seven shows, Warner Beverly, Los Angeles; \$11,849, six performances, Chicago Cinestage; \$12,370, seven performances, Eglinton, Toronto.

Brandt to West Coast For 'Weekend' Confabs

Bingo Brandt, vice president of Brandt Theatres, leaves today for the West Coast for promotion conferences with Emanuel Barling, distributor of "Weekend" which opens at the renovated Globe Theatre here at the end of April. Brandt will also discuss picture possibilities for Lotte Tarp, who is featured in "Weekend."



AB-PT Income Rises; Theafre Take Larger

compared with \$75,965,000 in 1962.

The AB-PT operating earnings for 1963 were \$7,358,000 or \$1.65 a share compared to \$10,757,000 or \$2.41 a share in 1962.

Goldenson explained the paradox of lower operating earnings when the record income exceeded that of 1962 as reflecting 1962-1963 television business and the cost of covering President Kennedy's assassination. He anticipated progressive improvement during 1964, better than 1963.

He noted, too, an improvement in theatre business despite a slow start in 1963. AB-PT, he said, con-tinued its policy of disposing marginal theatres and attempting to replace them with modern units in growing suburban areas. The company, he revealed, dropped 14 theatres during 1963-and opened three new ones. Theatres are under construction in Charlotte, N.C. and Sunnyland, Fla., and a third is on the drawing board.

Levy Signs Sandy Oliver To Compose for 'Fanny'

cst Coast Burcau of THE FILM DAILY Hollywood—Robert Levy, president of Pebble Productions, has signed noted song writer and dramatist Sandy Oliver to write an original song for the company's color featurette, "A Comedy Tale of Fanny Hill", which begins rolling at Producers Studio in April, starring Judy Cannon. Working title for the tune is "The Song of Fanny Hill".

Levy has also set Cy Roth as production manager for the film which is aimed for July 4 nationwide release.

Batschelet Succeeds Sweeten as Denver Mgr.

Denver, Colo.—Ralph J. Batsch-elet, manager of the Mayan Theatre and member of the cabinet of Fox Inter-Mountain Theatres, has been named managing director of the Denver Theatre, according to Ray W. Davis, area supervisor for the Fox organization, and John O. Denman, Denver district manager.

Batschelet succeeds Robert C Sweeten, promoted to national su-vertising director for National General Corp. in Beverly Hills, Calif., the parent company

Peter Lorre Degel

West Coast Burcou of THE FILM DAILY Hollywood — Peter Lorre died here yesterday. He would have been 60 in June. The Hungarian-born actor was known p film born actor was known to film audiences for his character roles in a score of motion pictures recently in a series with An can International.

FINANCIAL

(March 23)

" NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

					466
H	ligh	Low	Close	C	hg.
	43/8	14	141/4		1/4.
ABC-Par 3	63/8	351/₽	363/B	+	11/8
Am. News 2	31/2	231/8	2336	+	1/8
Am. Optical 6	8%	673/4	68		1/2
Am. Seat 3	5	35	35	• • •	
Ampex 1	61/a	151/2	15%	+	3/4.
Auto. Canteen 1	37/s	13%	135%	_	1/4
Bausch & Lomb 3	41/8	331/4	331/3		3/4
Bell & Howell. 2	31/8	22 %	23 Ve	+	5/B
CBS 4	31/2	43	43	—	1/4
Columbia Picts. 2	17/8	21%	2156	-	1/a
Decco 4	61/4	461/4	461/4	-	1/2
Disney 4	5	44	447/8	+	11/8
East. Kadak12	91/2 1	128	1281/4		3/4
Gen. Prec. Eq. 2	87/6	281/2	281/2	-	1/4
Glen Alden 1	41/4	141/B	141/4	+	Va
Lear Siegler 1	37/8	13%	13%	water	Va
Litton Indus 6	678	65%	65%	*****	V2
Loew's Thea 2	2	2134	2134	-	1/a
MCA 5	61/a	561/a	56 Ve	-	3/8
MCA CVP 3	6 .	3534	353/4	+	Va.
MGM 3	01/4	30	30		• • •
Nat. General	9 .	87/a	87/a		1/a
Paramount 5	8.	57	5734		19/8
RCA Common. 3	63/8	35%	36%		1/4
RCA 1st Pfd 7	7%	77%	77%		
Republic Corp.	77/a	73/4	73/4		3/4
Republic Pfd 1	51/4	15	151/4	+	1/4
Stan. Warner, 2	61/2	25%	261/2	+	1
20th-Fox 2	27/8	221/2	22V2	-	1/4.
United Artists, 2	.5	243/8	241/2		
Warner Bros 2	87/8	27%	277/8		• • • .
Zenith Radio8	4%	83	83		
AMERICAN	STO	CK EXC	HANC	SE	

Allied Artists.	23/a	23/8	23/a	:	
Audio Dv	121/2.	121/4	123/e	enderen	Va
Cinerama Inc.	111/8	11	11	-	1/8
Filmways	81/4	81/a	81/4	+	Va
MPO VA	1259	117a	11%	-	1/8
Reeves Indus	31/4	3	3		• • •
Screen Gems	191/4	19	19		1/2
Sonotone	5 ·	57/a	5		
Technicolor	187/8	177a	17%	-	⅓ a
TV Indus	3/4	3/4	3/4		
Trans-Lux	121/a	121/B	121/8		3/4

OVER THE COUNTER

(Supplied by the National Associat of Security Dealers)

	Bid	Asked
Commonwealth Pr	5%	61/2
Ou Art Corp	41/4	5
General Drive-In	10%	115/8
General Artists Corp	7V2	81/2
Magna Pictures	2	23/8
Medallion		17
Seven Arts Production	10%	113/4
Skiatron	21/4	25%
Subscription TV	111/4	121/a
Universal	66	301/2
JA Zacatres	8	- W.
Mer Reade	21/2	27/6
Mometco	341/4	36%
Grant Gode' to D.	.11:	1ZE

Greek Gods' to Roll in '65 At \$20 Million Budget

(Continued from Page 1)

of \$20 million."

Diko Dimitroff, head of the new company, has set next January for start of filming. Financing has been obtained from a Wall Street firm, the National Organization to Assist Small Business.

Shooting on the four-hour widescreen production is expected to take a full year. All exteriors will be done in Greece and will involve the use of Mount Olympus

COMING AND GO

MAX A. COHEN, head of Cinemind MRS. COHEN returned yester Europe.

M. J. FRANKOVICH, Columbia F head, returned to the coast from Paris and Rome.

BERNARD J. GATES, Allied Art national v.p., has returned from European trip.

JOSEPH E. LEVINE, Embassy Pict ident, to Boston on business. H tomarrow.

MO ROTHMAN, Columbia Inte executive v.p., returned from Bue following the company's Latin Ame vention in Uruguay.

LOU FORMATO, MGM cassisten sales moneger, to Scattle and Per returns Friday. WILLIAM J. DEVANEY, MGM

division sales manager in Scott heading for Portland, Ore.

FRED HYNES, Tadd-AO vice-pre the coast; has feturned there fro

SHELDON SMERLING, head of 8 terprises, returned to the coast fortnight here on his theatre inter-include Eastern Management hous

SAMUEL TAYLOR, who will screenplay for "Three on a Coucliving Pincus production for thuddling in Hollywood.

RUTH POLOGE, American Into eastern publicity director, to Chica

Producer LAWRENCE TURMAN turned to the coast after UA tolloase of "The Best Man." DIRK BOGARDE and SARAH

turned to Landon; ditto JOSEPH LC directed "The Servant," in which

BETTE DAVIS is here from the co

PETER GLENVILLE, director of H "Becket," has returned to Lond N. Y. for tomorrow's premiere at "Becket," Theatre.

'Yesterday' Rolls Bi In New York and I

Joseph E. Levine's "Ye: Today and Tomorrow," lo the biggest grossing film Manhattan's East Side, ac to Embassy, which report expected first week's g \$59,000 at the Festival and East.

In Los Angeles, the film \$15,304 in first three days fox Wilshire, Embassy re

'Sergant' Breaks 30.

Record at Little Car Ely Landau's "The S broke the 30-year record Little Carnegie with a fir gross of \$20,402, the comp ports.

'Word' Here Today

"The Given Word,"
Film release, has its U.
mere today at the Beekm.
atre under auspices of I
Dora A. de Vasconcellos,
General of Practi General of Brazil.

III And

1.20

SEGRET

20 JAN 1964

TO:

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Security

Department of State...

PROM:

Deputy Director for Plana

SUBJECT:

DINTROFF, Dimiter Admost?

[aka: DIMITROV, Dimitur Adamov]

1. Reference is made to the request received 15 January 1964 from Mr. Jessup concerning Subject. The files of this office contain the following information.

2. Subject of your request is Dimitur Admin DIMTBOV, born 7 May 1824 in Medicavets, Bulgaria. He escaped to Greece in 1947 and participated actively in anti-Communist activities among Bulgarian refugees there. He was described as being dictatorial and egotistical to the point of having delusions of grandeur. Subject felt that he could cause the downfall of the Communist government of Bulgaria and would become prime minister of the country thereafter. By September 1951, his behavior had become so peculiar that he was detained for mental observation and treatment. In February 1954, Subject was considered well enough the returned to normal refugee channels in Greece and was transferred to the Syros refugee detention camp to await disposition.

3. Subject immigrated to the United States in 1956. Since that time he has written numerous letters to the White House and government agencies proposing rather farfetched anti-Communist schemes in which he inevitably proposes himself for the leading role. Whereas Subject is not regarded as insane and is not known to be disposed to violence, the above letters do indicate that he is something of a "crackpot" on the subject of anti-Communism. It is conceivable that he does harbor some bitterness toward Greece as a result of his detention mentioned above.

CSCI-3/779,614

BC: Foderal Bureau of Investigation.

RID/CE: JMA/MC/dcl

Based on: 201-45145*

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Excluded from automatic description; and

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1 End

u.s. officials only CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

DEC 14 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR POLICY COORDINATION

SUBJECT:

Activities of Dimiter Adomov Dimitrov in Greece

- The following information concerning the activities of Subject in Greece was recently received from the field. It is brought to your attention for your information, and for such comments as you may be able to make.
- According to a fairly reliable informant, Subject, allegedly acting on instructions from members of the American Embassy at Athens, has lately become very active among Bulgarian refugees in Greece. Early in October 1950, Subject visited the Lavrion Camp where he met with a number of his Bulgarian friends and advised them that he had been given a "charter and instructions," by certain members of the American Embassy, to form a committee of five members for the planning and execution of a fight for the liberation of Bulgaria. This committee, according to Subject, would be established in Athens and would cooperate with other similar committees which have already been formed in France, Germany and other countries. The committee would later expand to 20 members and would establish a so-called "Democratic Agrarian Bloc."
- Subject is further reported to have stated that recruits would come from among the members and sympathizers of the Bulgarian Democratic Party (Moushynov) and from the Gichev Agrarians. The members of the Leftist Agrarian Party (G.M. Dimitrov or "Pladne" group) and right-wing elements would be excluded. Eligible Bulgarian emigres would come to Greece from Western Europe to assist in the work, and prominent members of the Gichev Agrarians and of the Democratic Party would be assisted in escap-ing to Greece (presumably from Bulgaria) to join the organization.
- Subject outlined the tasks of the organization as 4. follows:
 - Intelligence activity in Bulgaria,
- Organizing an underground resistance movement in Ъ. Bulgaria, and

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CONTROL U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY 201-45145

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- c. Organizing sabotage activity against Bulgaria.
- 5. Subject also revealed that the members of the committee at present were: himself as president; Ivan Mitev Hristonov, secretary; Ivan Donev Ivanov; Dimiter Donev Ivanov; and a fifth member whose name was not supplied by scurce.
- 6. In addressing the group at Lavrion, Subject took frequent occasion to mention that the committee has its head-quarters in where he has a room assigned for his own use He also stated that the committee maintains offices at and he stated that eight Bulgarian-speaking are already working at this address. Possibly in an effort to impress his listeners, Subject commented that his office had two Bulgarian typewriters and a car with
- 7. Following his address to the group at Lavrion, Subject and Ivan Mitev Hristonov, secretary of the so-called committee, prepared a list of prospective members of the organization based on their screening of the refugees at Lavrion on the basis of birthplace, education, military training, and similar factors, the list having been prepared for submission to the American Embassy for approval, according to Subject.
- 8. On 1 November 1950, Subject again visited the Lavrion Camp to inform his recruits that they would shortly be moved to a pleasant home in Athens which the Americans were repainting for the purpose. On the occasion of this visit, the recruits were divided into three groups, as follows:
 - a. A group of 10 men to specialize in intelligence,
 - b. A group of 6 men to be trained in radio in Germany, and
 - c. A group of 15 men to specialize in sabotage.
- 9. On or about 10 November 1950, the following six members of Group "A" moved to Athens: Peter Zlatev, Krustyu Kiryanov, Ivan Hristonov, Ivan Gogov, Todor Djadiev, and one whose name is unknown. The others were to follow shortly.
- 10. According to our source, the radio group comprises Ivan Iskrov, Boris Popov, Georgi Nikolov, and others, while the sabotage group includes Serafim Vangelov Kouyoumdjiev, Nikola Manev, Todor Nikolov Todorov, Marko Korchev and others.

- 2 -

SCORET

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SECRET CONTROL U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

11. In submitting the above report our source commented that Kouyoumdjiev is a dangerous Communist, although he did not cite facts to support this accusation. Our source also described Subject as an unprincipled opportunist and Greek agent. According to our source, Subject had previously worked for the Greeks and was in contact with the British last spring.

Assistant Director Special Operations

SO DB-31992

_ 3 ...

SERRET CONTROL U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY

SECRET

13 November 1950

MEMORANIUM FOR: II/OS .

SUBJECT: Dimiter Adamov Dimitrov

REFERENCE: Request for Operational Clearance for Subject

dated 23 October 1950.

1. Attached is additional biographic data on Subject, forwarded for your information.

Chief, EF-I

EE-I/CFA/1b

cc: Orig & 1 - addressee

#3, 4 - EE-I 5, 6 - III/RE

201-45145

SEGRET

DINITER ADAMOA DINITROA

Dimiter Adamov Dimitrov was born on 7 May 192h in the village of Medkovets, district of Lom, Bulgaria. His father was a farmer. His primary education was completed in Lom. He finished his high school training in 1941-1942 in Sofia, and studied philology for one year at Sofia University (1942-1943).

In 1942 he joined a secret branch of the Bulgarian Hational Agrarian Union. In 1943, he claims to have begun underground activities, due to persecution by "Fascista". On 2 September 1944, he emerged from hiding to begin work with various Agrarian leaders. After the events of 9 September 1944, however, he again went into hiding and began activities aimed against Communists.

On 28 October 19hh, he allegedly was accused by the government of sabotage because he had agitated against the Bussian occupation troops. During the ensuing months, he was arrested several times in Ferdinand, Vratsa, and Low. When released from prison, he continued his illegal activities. His organizational activities often lead him across the Yugoslav frontier. Allegedly he worked in Vardar Macadonia in order to organize Bulgarian sympathizers for the Agrarian Party cause. In April and May 1945, Dimitrov was in Sofia. At one point he procured an illegal identity card add under the name "Boris Stoikev, a member of the 2nd Belgrade Shock Brigade", he toured southwestern Yugoslavia, "organizing Agrarian posts", and was eventually captured by the Yugoslav authorities and sent back to Bulgaria. During the elections of 18 November 1945 he spoke at secret meetings in Yratsa, urging the people to defeat the Communists.

On 16 August 1946, he was captured by the police in Sofia. He claims to have been kept eighteen days without bread and twelve days without water, and to have spent four days on an electric torture machine which caused temporary blindness. From 13 October to 11 November 1946, he was tried in the Vratsa court for having organised subversive groups all over Bulgaria and sentenced on four counts. On 2 June 1947, he was tried and sentenced to death by the Sofia Wilitary Court. On 8 July he escaped from the authorities, and on 23 July 1947 he crossed the Greek frontier.

He now works for Radio Athens and lives at Hotel New Phaleron, Greece.

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ANA TION:

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PARIO PAN-

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CKSTAIA.

FLATES HAVE AGREED MY USE OF LYLE O KELLY

OF NTATY-CIE: LATTER MAS GIVEN WE NAMES SIX HIS FOLLOWERS

ELD IN THE READY TO INFILTRATE IMMEDIATELY. FLAKES NOW

CLEATING. FIRST TASK ONE TEAM TO BRING DUT FEER. THINK WE

HAVE SOLETHING SOOD HERE. BE ARE ALL SET. REQUEST IMMEDIATE

CO AMEAD CO CASIS OUR LOCAL AND FLAKE CLEARANCE TO GET THIS.

HE ITOFORE EDGEED DOWN SHOW ON POAD.

HELLY ALSO CAN SUPPLY IMMINED SABOTEURS, NOT NOW IN FLAKE, SEST FOR TRAINING JOES IN HISTEIN, OTHERS FOR OPS.

ALSO REQUEST CLEARANCE FOR KELLYS LOCAL LIEUTENANT.

MOTE KELLY HAD BEEN UNDER CLOSE SIT HOUR PER DAY

SURVEILLINGE SINCE 14 OUTOFF9. WILLS IX SELECTED WEN

EXPERIENCED IN MIDERGROUND WAS LANDER WORKERS.

23 October 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR: II/OS

SUBJECT:

13-00000

Operational Clearance for Dimitri Adamov Dimitrov

- 1. It is requested that the necessary investigation be initiated for the issuance of an operational clearance for Dimitri Adamov Dimitrov.
- 2. Subject will be used in psychological and political warfare operations in Greece in connection with project QKSTAIR. Clearance should permit occasional trips to such countries as Italy, France, Germany, Switzerland, and England.
- 3. All possible efforts should be made to prevent any U. S. government or CIA interest being shown in this man. His usefulness would be severely restricted, if not eliminated, if it should become known in Bulgarian emigrs circles that the U. S. government was intending to utilize his services.
- h. Because of his background and experience subject can make significant contributions to CKSTATE operations in Greece. He is needed as soon as possible to participate in operations which are already underway. A provisional clearance is requested for 17 Nov. 1950.
 - 5. All Biographical data available at present is attached.

Chief, E.-I

Attachments: 3

cc: EE-I file
EE-I chrono
OPC file
OPC chrono
EE-I/MSB/ej

Stunt!

13-00000

DIOGRAPHICAL DATA

DESTROY, Distri Adamov

Dimitrov was born in Ferdinand, now Mihailongrad, in 1924. There is little information about his youth but it appears he is fairly well educated. He was an active Albanian Agrarian at a young age. During the war he worked illegally in Creek Macedonia and Vardar, Macedonia to escape authorities. He returned home after the war; soon disillusioned by Communists, want to Sofia for help from Agrarian headquarters. He then made clandestine tour of various Albanian cities and towns urging Agrarians to take positive action against Communists. Finally captured in Sofia, he was given usual treatment and says life was spared because he was being groomed as witness against Petkaov. Escaped to Creecs, where he has remained since, doing occasional propaganda for Greeks under now de plums Diko. Subject was strong Georges M. Dimitrov men but has now veered to Tenev group, and is enti-Dimitrov.

201-45145

SECURITY

CONFIDENTIAL

515834

REC 'D

AIR POUCH

OCT 20

Enclosures: 10 DST-18015

ACTION EUR#

ATHENS 588 October 13, 1950

769.00/10-1350

INFO DCR

State F NEA ACTIVITIES OF DIMITER ADAMOV DIMITROV ("DIKO") OLI PERIPHERAL: BULGARIAN REFUGEE PRESENTLY IN GREECE

Dimiter Adamov Dimitrov, a young Bulgarian refugee known EUR/X as "Diko"; seems to be the most active Bulgarian now in Greece.P His youth, energy and capabilities indicate that he might become a figure of importance in Bulgarian emigre circles. This report on him is divided into the following sections:

Biography

Present activities

Employment Publications

The "Democratic Bloc"

Memorial services for 145
Nikela Petkov 45

Comments

MAIN C2-DESTROY 201

Biography

The following biographic details were supplied by Dimitrev himself, and cannot be checked in Athens.

Dimiter Adamov Dimitrov was born on May 7, 1924, in the village of Medkovets, district of Low, Bulgaria. His father was a farmer. His primary education was completed in Lom. He finished his high school training in 1941-1942 in Sefia, and studied philology for one year at Sefia University (1942-1943).

In 1942 Dike joined a secret branch of the Bulgarian National Agrarian Union. In 1943, he claims to have begun underground activities, due to persecution by "Fascists." He claims to have worked closely with (Dr.). G. M. ADimitrov during the time. (This claim is partially substantiated by letters written to Dike by Dr. G. M. Dimitrov in 1947.)

On September 2, 1944, Dike emerged from hiding to begin work with the Mushanov, Guitchev, Moraviev Agrarians. After the events of September 9, 1944, however, he again went into hiding and began activities aimed against Communists.

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On October 28, 1944, he allegedly was accused by the government of sabotage because he had agitated against the Russian occupation troops. During the ensuing months he was arrested several times in Ferdinand, Vratsa and Lom. When released from prison, he continued his illegal activities, which seem to have consisted in travelling from village to village, organizing loose-knit groups of Agrarians to withstand Communist pressures.

Diko's organizational activities often lead him across the Yugoslav frontier. Allegedly he worked in Vardar Macedonia in order to organize Bulgarian sympathizers for the cause of Dr. G. M. Dimitrov, and upon the advice of a certain General Kitchharov.

In April and May, 1945, Diko was in Sofia, in contact with Dr. G. M. Dimitrov, Nikola Petkov and Mara Raicheva. After Diko learned that GeMe had left Bulgaria, he went to Skoplje and asked American and English officers there to help him get to Bari. He did not receive such help.

Diko procured an illegal identity card and, as "Boris Stoikov, a member of the 2nd Belgrade Shock Brigade," he toured southwestern Yugoslavia, "organizing Agrarian posts." Eventually, Diko was captured by the Yugoslav authorities.

Upon the suggestion of "Gosho, the leader of the partisans of Greek Macedonia," Diko was sent back to Bulgaria. He escaped during this transfer and, although he was ill, he went to Sofia where, he says, he was helped by a number of people, including Peter Belgashki, an American Colonel named "Bekeles," an American Sergeant named "Bucky," General Craig and Mrs. Minnie Balabanova.

When he had recovered his health, Diko left Sofia and travelled throughout Bulgaria, organizing "secret posts." Allegedly he organized 250 of these throughout Bulgaria. During the elections of November 18, 1945, he spoke at secret meetings in Vratsa, urging the people to defeat the Communists.

On August 16, 1946, he was captured by the police in Sofia. He claims to have been kept eighteen days without bread and twelve days without water, and to have spent four days on an electric torture machine which caused temporary blindness. (His "indescribable tortures" are all described in detail in his book "The Liberation of Bulgaria." See enclosure No. 1.) Dike believes that he was not executed because the Communists wished to hold him as a witness in preparation for the trial of Nikola Petkov.

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From October 13 to November 11, 1946, Diko was tried in the Vratsa court for "having organized subversive groups all over Bulgaria." The chief prosecutor was a man named Cherney, the presiding judge was a certain Pencho Spasov. Diko was sentenced on four counts: to death, to 15 years, to 6 years and to 3 years imprisonment. He was jailed and put in solitary confinement.

On June 2, 1947, he was tried and sentenced to death by the Sofia Military Court. Also, he states, he was tried and sentenced to death by the court at Lom.

In Jume, 1947, Diko was taken to a quarry in Vratsa where he worked loading rock. On July 8, he escaped from the quarry and went to Mesdra. In Mesdra he contacted the post which he had established there, and received help in travelling further. He went to Zverova and them to Sofia. While in Sofia he asked for and received some help both from the British and from the Americans. He claims that on one occasion he slept in the Sofia house of Jack Horner, of the American Legation. (At this time Mr. Horner was living in his summer home at Simeonovo.) Dike claims also to have stayed with Michael Shipkov.

On July 23, 1947 he crossed the Greek frontier south of Zlatograd. He gave himself up the next day at Shahim.

British authorities in Sofia had notified the British in Salonika, and they made arrangements for Diko to be admitted to the British hospital in Kanthi. After eighteen days in the hospital there he was transferred to the British hospital in Salonika. After a month and a half in Salonika he was sent to Athens. Greek authorities sent him to the refugee camp at Lavrion. Dike spent nine months in Lavrion then went to Athens, where he obtained employment broadcasting in Bulgarian on Radio Athens. His subsequent activities in Greece are discussed in section 2, below.

Diko speaks Bulgarian, Serbian, Russian, some Greek and a very little English.

2. Activities

a. Employment. Diko works for Radio Athens. He breadcasts every Sunday evening in Bulgarian. He receives 30,000 drachmae per broadcast. (60,000 if his text is also used in a Greek language broadcast.) Unfortunately, however, it costs him twenty to thirty thousand drachmae to have his text translated into Greek for the benefit of the Greek censor. Additional expenses,

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such as those for renting a typewriter and local transportation costs, give him a net return from this work of about zero drachmae. In addition to his money pay, however, the Greek Government provides him with quarters in a run-down hotel in New Phaleron and it pays him 2800 drachmae per day subsistence. (Generally, a refugee is not entitled to subsistence money if he has any employment whatosever.)

Diko also writes articles for various Athens newspapers (see enclosure No. 6) and has received money for them. Other literary activities are described in section 2. b., below.

A Mr. Humphries, technical adviser of the BBC at Radio Athens, allegedly has offered Diko a job with BBC in London. Diko has refused to accept this offer to date, because of his primary interest in organizing refugees into a "Democratic Bloc." Should he find it impossible to acquire funds necessary for his continued activities in Greece, however, he plans to go to London with BBC.

b. <u>Publications</u>. Diko is a prolific author and is at present writing an eight part work on Bulgaria to be entitled "Under the Whip of Stalin." The eight parts of the book are:

1) The Liberation of Bulgaria

In the Hands of the Militia

(3) Justice and Communism

(4) Prisons and Camps

(5) Agrarians and Communism

(6) Workers and Communism

(7) Army and Communism

(8) Church and Communism

Dike has already written parts—1, 5 and 7. Parts 1 and 5 have been published in Greece. They are enclosures No. 1 and No. 2 to this despatch. Part 7 (enclosure No. 3) is being published by the Greek General Staff and is at the printers at the present time. Dike received about 3,000,000 drachmae for each part of his book which has been published; he expects to earn about the same amount for Part 7, and for subsequent parts.

Diko states that he has written the books which have been published "for the Greek audience." He realizes that they will not meet approval in the West, largely because they are too emotional. Also, he has omitted from the Greek versions of his book certain anti-Monarchist sentiments which he did not express "for political reasons." Diko has re-written the first two parts of his book "for the American audience" and is very

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anxious to have them published in the United States. Enclosures No. 4 and No. 5 are the Greek texts of these revised portions.

Diko refers to himself often as "the new Kravchenko - better than Kravchenko." The Peripheral Reporting Unit asked Mrs. Mary Johnston, former Press Attache at the United States Legation in Sofia, to read the Greek text of Diko's books and check on this boast. (Diko's books are available only in Greek at the present time.) Mrs. Johnston stated that "Diko is certainly no worse than Kravchenko."....Mrs. Johnston believes that Diko is an interesting and graphic author and that -- if he could abstain from frequent use of Balkan epithets -- his work might merit publication in English. Mrs. Johnston selected a short passage from "Agrarians and Communism" as being typical of his better writing. Enclosure No. 6, "Incident in Vulchedram," is a translation of this passage.

c. The "Democratic Bloc." Diko is engaged in trying to organise a "Democratic Bloc." His present efforts are directed almost entirely toward Bulgarian refugees in the camp at Lavrion. Diko was made a member of the "P. D. Petkov" organization which was formed in Lavrion on April 30, 1950. (See CAS report E-3295, September 16, 1950.) He has taken over and expanded the activities of this group, and now considers himself its leader.

Dike claims that he has twelve "hard core" members in his group and fifty-four interested supporters. He claims that he will have minety supporters as soon as he can find the funds to print and distribute his program, and to provide other concrete proofs of his growing strength.

Diko appears to be an excellent organizer. He keeps up-to-date lists of all the Bulgarians in the camp at Lavrica. The Bulgarians are listed according to Diko's estimate of their political position. Thus, there is a group called Supporters, there is one called Potential Supporters, there is a group of "hard core" Gemetoists, a list of Nationalists, etc. Diko also files all of his ideas and correspondence and, in general, seems to have a good idea of what he has done and is doing.

Diko makes it a point to visit the camp at Lavrion regularly, and to bring with him cigarettes and food which he distributes among new arrivals. Allegedly, he tells these new arrivals that the presents are given to them because they are Bulgarians, not as a bribe to join his political group. "In actual fact, however," Dike admits, "this is a very successful way of getting people to support us." Dike claims that he pays for these little gifts himself; he emphatically denies having received outside help in this matter.

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The basic program of Diko's Democratic Bloc is to be found in the "Constitution of the Bulgarian National Agrarian Union," as published in Sofia in 1922. Diko carries an old and dogerated copy of this publication with him. Presumably a copy is available in Washington.

In addition to these basic tenets, Diko's group has evolved a supplementary program. The points of this supplementary program are listed on enclosure No. 8. In general, Diko's program appears democratic and idealistic.

Diko's group is opposed unalterably to the Bulgarian National Committee and to Dr. G. M. Dimitrov. Diko states that, although he worked with Dr. Dimitrov for many years, he has come to realize that Dr. Dimitrov is guilty of those same totalitarian and terrorist leftist practices of which the Communists are guilty. Diko states that the final break with Dr. Dimitrov came over the following incident:

Dr. G. M. Dimitrov knew that Diko had organized many secret posts throughout Bulgaria and, after Diko escaped from Bulgaria, Dr. Dimitrov asked Diko to name the posts. Diko thought it wise not to write down the names of the persons in charge of the posts, and was also suspicious of this request. When Dr. Dimitrov did not receive the information he wanted, he became very angry and "showed his true totalitarian hand."

(Diko has made available to the Peripheral Reporting Unit many of his files, including those on his correspondence with Dr. Dimitrov. It appears that he does know GeMe and that GeMe at one time thought well of Diko. For instance, in a letter dated October 31, 1947, Dr. Dimitrov spoke of Diko as a "here" and in a letter dated January 2, 1948, Dr. Dimitrov stated that he had sent Diko some clething and shaving equipment.)

At the present time, Diko is collaborating with the Paris group of Toncho Tenev and Vakrel Yanev. (The four Bulgarians in Lavrion who stated that they supported Toncho Tenev — see Athens despatch 380, September 1, 1940 — seem to be Diko's men now.) Diko makes it very clear, almost illogically and stubbornly clear, that he will continue to work with Toncho Tenev only so long as Tenev does not change his present program. Diko seems to suspect that Tenev might later evince "Monarchist" or "Gemetoist" tendencies.

Diko corresponds with Toncho Tenev, Vakrel Yanev and Yanke and Chetcho Donev in France, with Grosin Danev and (Lt. Col) Nikela Alexandrov in Italy, with Panayot Panayetev in Venezuela, and with other Bulgarian refugees. Enclosure No. 8 is a translation of part of the text of a letter from Vakrel Yanev, which

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throws some light on the activities of the Tenew clique and the Barev brothers.

d. Memorial Services for Nikola Petkov. On Saturday, September 23, 1950, Diko organized a memorial service in Lavrion, commemorating the third anniversary of the hanging of Nikola Petkov. Diko stated that about eighty refugees came to his church service. (Pictures of the occasion, see enclosure No. 10, indicate that about sixty were present.) The majority of the people in attendance were Bulgarians, but there were also a few refugees of other nationalities, a Greek priest and sacristan, and a few town officials.

The memorial service lasted for more than an hour and included a mass, and a speech by Diko. Diko claims that his speech was so moving that all of the refugees cried, including himself. Following the service, Diko laid a wreath at the town soldier's monument and the group repaired to a tavern for refreshments.

The cost of the memorial service, indicated below, was not inconsiderable. Diko states that he paid about half of it himself, and that the other half was paid for from collections among the refugees.

COST OF MEMORIAL SERVICE

1. Wreath	100,000	drachmae
2. Priest	110,000	
3. Wine	40,000	10
4. Ceremonial wheat-and-sugar	200,000	19
5. Candles	100,000	18
6. Food and drink at tavers	200,000 100,000 320,000	
	and about the source of the so	
	870,000	100

It is interesting to note that no Gemetoists took part in or attended the memorial service. This was claimed by Diko, and corroberated by a Gemetoist who visited the Embassy early in October to complain about the "high-handed audacity of Diko in pretending to speak for Democracy." (Note: The Peripheral Reporting Unit had been invited to attend the Memorial Service but did not do so since it did not wish to appear to speaker one refugee group as against another.)

3. Comments

Dike is a pleasant, hard working young man of average intelligence. He shows a politician's glibness which is extraordinary in a man of his age. He can talk for hours about

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"Democracy," "our program," etc., without actually saying anything, yet creating the impression that he is all-knowing.

As an example of Diko's awareness of the politician's role, it might be mentioned that he now wears a well cut suit of the finest materials, a pair of excellent imported shoes, a silk shirt and a silk tie. Diko is buying these on credit, at 150,000 drachmae (\$10) per month. He claims that a good appearance is necessary if he is to inspire the confidence and cooperation of the refugees among whom he is working.

Diko is a rugged individualist and it would seem that his individualism is his greatest enemy at present. He is intolerant and suspicious of others, and is the type of person who would prefer to lead his own small group to suicide than to follow as a private in a larger army whose aims were not exactly his own.

There is a very great deal of the charlatan about Diko.

CAS spoke with him on two occasions, and then discarded him as a "phony." The Peripheral Reporting Unit believes, however, that, notwithstanding his superficiality and the exaggerations to which he is prone, Diko has such an intuitive grasp of the rudiments of political deportment and showmanship, and he is so devoted to his self-appointed task of organizing his "Democratic Bloc," that he might become an important Bulgarian figure.

Robert B. Memninger, First Secretary of Embassy.

10 Enclosures: (Listed on page 9.)

Copies to:

(less enclosures 1,2,3,4,5,6, and 10)

Paris (PR)
Rome (PR)
Vienna (PR)
Istanbul (PR)
Frankfort (PR)
Trieste (PR)

ENCLOSURES

- " Οἱ ἀπελευθερωταί τῆς Βουλγαρίας" (Part L Greek version. l copy only. Unclassified.)
- 2. " Αγρότες καί κομμουνισμός" (Part 5. Greek version. 1 copy only. Unclassified.)
- 3. " Οἱ 'Ρῶσοοι ἐλευθερωτές" (Part 7. Greek version. 1 copy only. Unclassified.)
- 4. " Ὁ ὑθρός Βουλγαρικός Στρατός" (Part 1. Revised text. 1 copy only. Unclassified.)
- 5. " Αγρότες καί Κομμουνισμός" (Part 5. Revised text. 1 copy only. Unclassified.)
- 6. Six newspapers containing articles about or by Dike. (1 copy only. Unclassified.)
- 7. "Incident in Vulchedram," translation of excerpt from Diko's "Agrarians and Communism." (Unclassified.)
- 8. Program of the "Democratic Bloc." (Confidential.)
- 9. Text of letter from Vakrel Yanev to Diko, dated April 15, 1950. (Confidential.)
- 10. Seven photographs of Diko and the 1950 Nikola Petkov Memorial Service at Lavrion. (1 copy only of each. Restricted.)

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Enclosur 7 to ATHENS 588, October 13, 1950.

"INCIDENT IN VULCHEDRAM"

Excerpt from Agrarians and Communism, by Dimiter Adamov Dimitrov

So one day Yamkov ... (was)... told to go to the "Committee."
The invitation was made personally by Tinko so that it would
not have the meaning and character of an order. (He was the
father of a Communist who probably had an important post in the
capital.)

"We have missed you, Yamkov, we see nothing of you."

"Oh, well, business you know."

"Why don't you come to the office of the People's Committee so that we can sit and have a talk?"

"To the office? What would I be doing there?"

"Oh, having a talk."

"What do we have to talk about?"

"Well, as men and as fellow villagers we have much to talk about."

Fellow villagers? Yamkov felt his blood boiling and rising to his head. That expression "fellow villagers" struck his ears as an irony, as an insult. He felt he was being defiled by the mouth of that sordid murderer; because it was against these fellow villagers that his mania and extremism had been directed and his fellow villagers had been killed on his instructions; killed by the rabid mob of the Party during its first onslaught. And among these fellow villagers whom this jackal had killed there were his friends: the kind priest, the teacher and the doctor, all those who were the heart and mind of the village.

"Like fellow villagers?"

"Anyway, like friends. ... I want to discuss something with you. It's necessary that I should have a talk with you."

"Now I understand. That's right, be blunt about it. At what time do you order me to be in your office?"

"But don't take it that way, Yamkov. I am not ordering you, I'm inviting you."

"Okay, when do you want me to come?"

"Come this afternoon, unless you'd prefer tomorrow."

"Either today or tomorrow makes no difference to me. I'm coming this afternoon."

Before going there, Yamkov passed by the druggist's, the only survivor of the circle of intellectuals, and told him about the invitation Tinko had made to him. He was the only man with whom he spoke with confidence and with whom he exchanged ideas. The druggist rose, shocked, from his desk, affixed his spectacles with hands which were trembling, then put his hands on Yamkov's shoulders as if they were expressing his love and anxiety.

"Be careful, my friend Yamkov. You are a bit hotheaded and cannot control your tongue. Mind you don't misbehave. Control your nerves, because we mustn't lose you. We need you, we need you. Your home and your family and your village need you. You must not be missing when the moment arises..."

Yamkev left, greatly moved, and with a decision to listen to whatever they had to tell him at the People's Committee without expressing the disgust and indignation he felt for them. He had decided to be patient, to swallow his tongue, and to listen quietly to all the filth of that social disgrace, Tinko, like a little pupil of the elementary school who is chastised by his master.

"The devil take him!" he spat-with disgust.

At the People's Committee, apart from the two "eminent"
Party members - Tinko and Yanev - there was a Russian organizer, a large brute with an elephant neck and with a well-shaved Asiatic head. Through his large nostrils, which rhythmically closed and opened with his breathing, one felt that one was about to see the size of his mind. It seemed that he knew who Yamkov was, because his grey eyes were constantly fixed on him, insistently and inquiringly. Tinko introduced him.

"He has a son too, a Party man, our man."

"Bravo, congratulations. Where is he now?" he asked.

"In ... (he felt like saying, Hell) ... Sofia," he corrected himself.

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"Is he studying?"

"Yes, he is studying to become a doctor." (He thought to himself: "a loafer.")

"Fine," remarked the Russian with satisfaction. "In our set-up we respect doctors, just as we respect every scientist. We think highly of them. We give them the means to promote their science for the benefit of the whole and, of course, for their own benefit too."

"Yes, yes. You love them. I have seen that with my own eyes," agreed Yamkov, scarcely managing to control himself. And there passed before his eyes the tragic scene of the assassination of the doctor a few days ago.

After these words had been exchanged and he was sitting comfortably on his chair, the Russian opened his legs wide, assumed a serious air, and started the discussion. He spoke Bulgarian with great ease, like a Bulgarian.

"The comrades," he said, pointing to Tinko and Yanev,
"spoke to me with flattering words about you and your home.
You are an honest and industrious family, respectable persons,
and such persons who know how to appreciate work and homesty
are valuable and dear to us. It is even more fortunate
because, as I was told, you are on our side. This is only
too natural, of course, since you have your son..."

"My son has his own ideas and I have mine," interrupted Yamkov, who had started growing angry.

The Russian pretended not to notice the meaning of the interruption.

"Yes, I understand. Your son, being younger and more progressive, went further ahead. Youth has the lead. So I was about to say...what was I saying? Oh yes, that you have a son who could go ahead if you, too, helped, and if you didn't it would be the other way. You understand what I mean?"

Yamkov felt that he was choking with anger, but he controlled himself. He swallowed his tongue.

"I understand," he said, between clenched teeth.

"It's good to hear that," added the Russian. "It shows that you understand things in the right way, from the proper angle, like a reasonable man and like a father." He looked

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satisfied. He thought that he had scared Yamkov with his threatening insinuation. He thought that he had him now at his mercy.

"And now let us speak about the specific and interesting question for which we invited you."

"Let us speak," the other man agreed.

"People like you are valuable for us. You are exactly what is required in each village to serve as an example to be followed by others, to overcome the stupid hostility of the villagers toward our social system and thus to facilitate its completion. Such persons offer an immense service to our cause. That is why we give them our respect and our confidence, and we reward them richly, both morally and materially. We know how to honor honest men."

"Yes, indeed. I can see that," said Yamkov and threw a glance at the other two "honest men," Yanev and Tinke.

Yamkov's highly expressive hint did not escape the attention of the Russian, but he pretended not to understand. The two "honest men" went red to the roots of their ears and their eyes sparked with anger.

"After all this," the Russian went on, "the only thing that remains is for me to tell you about my proposal. You should enter the kolkhoz. There you will be able to develop all your activity, you will benefit the social whole and you will create the fundamental pre-requisites for the proper development and progress of your son."

Yamkov rose. From the first words the Russian organizer had uttered he understood what he was about to come to. And, of course, he did not intend to accept the proposal for participation in the kolkhos but had intended - following the advice of his friend, the druggist - to express his refusal in quiet and well chosen words. But when the Russian had made his son's progress dependent upon his own consent to become an organ of the party - thus indirectly blackmailing him -, and especially when he clearly intimated that he wanted him to use as the bait for his fellow villagers, his honest and pure soul revolted. The wave of anger which he scarcely managed to control broke out like a torrent. The druggist's prescription was cast away, forgotten.

"It seems to me," he replied, "that your affinity with base individuals like Tinko and Yanev, and undoubtedly with others still worse, has led you to believe that all the

Bulgarians are tailored to fit your plans. For otherwise you would not have spoken to me about moral and material rewards for my person, about coins of treachery, and you wouldn't have threatened me with the 'development' of my good-for-nothing son. Oh no, Mr. Russian, you are wrong in thinking that all the Bulgarians take after your 'comrades'. There are a few who cannot be bought, who do not give way to threats and do not become bait."

He put on his hat and left with dignity.

The others remained there, stupified and spellbound, looked at the departing Yamkov.

When he had overcome the surprise which had stupified him, Tinko got hold of his revolver and hastened to reach Yancho Yamkov, who was descending the stairs without being aware of this. But the Russian organizer stopped him.

"No nonsense. This isn't the time for it. We shall think over how and when and where it must be done."

And he did think about it. A few days later Yamkov was found dead in a field outside the village. He had been stabbed with wild ferocity.

Tinko and the militia made every effort to find the murderers. And they found them. They were two peasants, two stolid and incorrigible anti-Communists, who, according to their own 'confession', written and signed before the militia, had committed the murder because they were informed that Yamkov had registered for participation in the kolkhos and because he insistently and persistently had urged his fellow villagers to join him. The two-murderers were taken away for trial and never reappeared.

Yamkov's belongings, in accordance with a statement which he had "signed," were taken over by the kolkhoz.

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Enclosu 8 ATHENS 588 October 13, 1950

PROGRAM OF THE DEMOCRATIC BLOC

- l. The program is based upon the policies of the great Agrarians such as Nikola Petkov, Dimiter Guitchev, Nikola Mushanov, Constantin Moraviev, Verdil Dimov, Alexander Gerginov and Alexander Stambouliski
- 2. The Bloc accepts the help and collaboration of all Bulgarian anti-Communists who agree to work along the path of Democracy.
- 3. The Bloc refuses to collaborate with Communists, Leftist elements of any type such as the party of Dr. G. M. Dimitrov, extreme Rightists, former Monarchists, Fascists, or with the Ivan Mihailov group. This Democratic Bloc must remain purely democratic, in the American manner.
- 4. The Bloc will ally itself with similar blocs now being formed among Albanian and Yugoslav refugees.
- 5. As soon as the Bloc can procure the necessary funds, it will prepare and publish protocols, resolutions, etc., and distribute these both to Bulgarian emigrants abroad and to Bulgarians inside Bulgaria. The first of these brochures will explain what the Bloc is, what it wants and why it does not support Dr. G. M. Dimitrov. The brochure will ask for the help of all Democratic Bulgarians.
- 6. "After the Bloc has proved itself", it will request help from the United States and from the Greek Government in penetrating and propagandizing Bulgaria.
- 7. The Bloc expects to help annoy the Communists in Bulgaria and when the time comes to help liberate the country.
- 8. When the country has been freed, the Bloc desires free elections under a democratic system, restoration of all personal freedoms, the adoption of a bill of rights along the American system, the restoration of private ownership, the abolition of cooperative farms and the abolition of the people's courts.
- 9. The program advocates just and proper trials of all Communist leaders no terrorism.
- 10. In external affairs the Bloc advocates Balkan cooperation and cooperation with all democratic peoples.

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Enclosur i 3 to ATHENS 588, October 13, 1950.

Letter from Vakrel Yanev, 37, Rue de Berne, Paris 8, France, to Dimiter Adamov Dimotrov, Hotel Action, New Phaleron, Greece, dated April 15, 1950.

EXCERPT

.....I am here concentrating more on organizational work so that we can safeguard the idealistic purity of the Agrarian Union so heavily stepped upon and frightened by the self-willed and evil activity of the Doctor and those who circle around him. Here in Paris we finally have an Agrarian Union and we have published a circular letter in which we announce in a clear manner the division among the emigrants. I sent you some of these letters and am new again sending you one so that you can distribute it wherever necessary and to people who are interested. I will await your prompt advice as to how it is received. I know how the Barev people will receive it, but now this means nothing to us. The Bulgarian problem in its entirety interests us and we will not allow it to be misused on account of our National cause.

I have not started a newspaper yet, but everything has been thought out and I hope that early next month I can release the first issue. It is not easy. You know how poor we are and it is hard to get money from the poor emigrants. Newsprint is very expensive here. My material circumstances are not any better than before. The newspaper has been thought out in its serious form and contents, so many people will have to swallow their tongues.

About the National Committee: I have nothing in common with them. My opinion is that all in a very short time will be reorganized from the roots, if we honestly desire to do good for our enslaved homeland.

The temporary leadership of the Bulgarian Agrarian Union in exile has been formed to include Eng./Tenev, as also Dinko Argirov. The fight with the Barevites has started strongly and even though Dr. Dimitrov is on their side we shall continue the fight, and will not stop, because it is for the pure, honest triumph of overrun Democracy.

The activity on the part of the Barevites about which you wrote is this: they want to make a sub-committee and for this purpose they want Slavi Neikov as a representative. You see to what low levels they have reached and who are the leaders for the Doctor! I wonder why up to now the emigrants in Greece have not organized and picked out a committee there, which will promulgate common interests and not allow outside interference.

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You had promised me that you would send me documentation on the bad activity of the Barevites in Greece but up to now you haven't done it, which has troubled me. You know that I am very strong on promises. I believe the declarations you have made more than once and shall await the fulfillment as quickly as possible of these promises.

I had read in the papers about the killing of Marin and others. I'd like to have you acquaint me with the circumstances of the emigrants and what are the fronts, which faces come out as leaders, what kind of attitude they take, etc. ...

MEMOR ANDUM

18 April 1951

To:

Oliver G. Martell

From:

Terence U. Nasmith

Subject: The Hanging of Lyle O. Kelly.

1. The most serious accusation against Kelly is based upon the developments regard to Kelly's connection with the French. He told us about recent contacts he made with Pierre and Mrs. Florimond from Salonika. He denied that he had ever had contacts with them previously. We have learned from Ogive that, in 1979, Kelly worked for Florimond.

On Thursday April 12 Kelly stated that he was to tell Florimond by Friday, April 13, whether or not he would work with him. Kelly asked us for instructions. We told Kelly his answer was to be a definite, final no. In other words he was never to see the French again. We know definitely, however, that Kelly saw Florimond on Friday, on Saturday and on Tuesday. On Tuesday he saw also a certain French Assistant Military Attache named Piray.

Yani Kolomonos, Kelly's friend, stated that Kelly has agreed to meet Piray at the French Embassy between 11 and 12 o'clock on Thursday, April 19. At this meeting Kelly will (1) give the Frenchman detailed accounts of all U.S. intelligence operations of which he is aware, with special emphasis on Radio Gorianin, and (2) receive for this information 10 to 15 million drachmae.

It is imperative that this meeting be stopped. For instance, two of the Dreamer radio announcers are known to Kelly and hated by Kelly. Since they have relatives inside Dreamland, their our position should be as secure as possible.

Our Greek informant suggests, not without plausibility, that this effort of the Krench might be Communist inspired attempt to penetrate U. S. intelligence activities. The Greek bases his guess only upon the reasoning that normal French intelligence activities would not be so interested in penetrating U. S. work, since -- allegedly -- we are close allies.

- 2. We accuse Kelly also of manyyproven lies and of theft of funds. These malpractices, known to us through personal observation over a period of several months, include such things as the following:
 - a. Kelly stated that he wrote three books, for which he was paid a sum of money. He did <u>not</u> write the books as he himself has testified on the enclosed photostat of a document which he signed.

b. On one occasion

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- b. On one occasion Nasmith personally gave Kelly \$300 in dollars for an option on his books. Kelly signed a receipt for this. Kelly showed a signed copy of the receipt to the true author, stating that he could not divide the money with the author since, although he had signed the receipt, he had not received any money -- that Mr. Nasmith had forced him to sign the receipt so that Nasmith could steal the \$300 for himself.
- c. Money given to Kelly specifically for the purpose of paying salaries to the members of his Committee was not turned over to the Committee in its entirity. Kelly stated on several occasions definitely that he no longer had any connections with Greek authorities. At the time he was making these statements he was observed by our people to be going into the Aliens Directorate, Radio Athens, and other official Greek residences. (Note: We were presented to have Kelly maintain contact with Greek officials; we dislike only his lying about it.)
- d. On at least 4 occasions Kelly has stated unequivocally that he had no relations with Ibrahim Mohammed. A friendly observer saw Kelly pay Mohammed gold pounds prior to Mohammed's recent trip to Turkey. Furthermore, mysterious receipts have appeared in Kelly's accounts signed by Ibrahim Mohammed.

It is interesting to note that aroused by our continued interest in Ibrahim, Kelly has given us a long song and dance -- intending to force us to drop the subject -- about Ibrahim's being a Greek spy.

- e. On one occasion Kelly told us about having received money from Major Nikoloupolos of the Aliens Directorate. This is (1) an obvious attempt to drive a wedge between our closely cooperating organizations, and (2) evidence of Kelly's untrustworthiness.
- f. Kelly has been warned repeatedly to maintain as good security as possible regarding the purpose for which he has rented offices at 13 Patissia Street. Nevertheless, Kelly has blabbed his business (and ours!) all over Athens, so that he make constantly visited by all manner of unnecessary people including a galaxy of street-walkers.
- g. Nelly maintains constant relations with several people who seem unduly interested in our work. We do not attempt to dictate his friends but we do consider it improper when he deliberately lies in denying to us that he sees such people. (Example: A certain Papas, an elderly Greek who seems to be working with the French Mission here.)
- 3. In addition to the serious charges which we have against Kelly as indicated above, there is the additional charge equally

serious but less

serious but less specific, that he appears actually to be insane, to be suffering from delusions of grandeur (meglomania). For instance, his many references to his future role as prime minister of Bulgaria, and his illustrative anecdotes regarding the purpose of the meeting recently held between the members of the Committee and Mr. Manfield.

4. It is recommended urgently that Kelly be removed immediately from circulation and that the Aliens Directorate be kind enough to discuss with us in the next few days or weeks what final solution we may evolve for the Kelly menace.

PRECEDENCE VICUTIVE

DATE 22 MARCH 51

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TO: WASH G INFO PART G CITE ATHE G

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QKSTAIR

- 1. DO YOU KNOW OF DREAMER POLITICAL COMMITTEE CALLED (1) PURPOPTED
 TO BE FORMED IN ZRMETAL? HAVE NO DETAILS. POSSIBLY GLANTZ
 SPLINTER?
- 2. NEW SUBJECT: POSSIBILITY WE WILL SOON PUT LYLE O. KELLY ON ICE. REASON: SMALL SUCCESS HAS GOVE TO HEAD AND IS OUT-GLANTZING GLANTZ ON FUNDS AND DICTATOTIAL APPROACH. THEREBY BEGINNING TO ALIENATE FOLLOWERS. ALSO POSSIBLE INVOLVEMENT IN SUBJECT OF WASH 33606 (OUT A a a a a a comment would continue under more mature and able leadership of (2) who is presently committee member. Showdown not yet occurred therefore this as fyl only until further info from us. If we do reorganize kelly, are considering possibility brining (3) from Hbraify to add his talents to committee. Any comment from HbJOINT on this?

 3. NEW SUBJECT: FYI (4) OF 19 MAFCH PRINTS LONG ARTICLE ON KMSCHEME. QUOTES SOME TEXTS. WE HAD BELIEVED JAMMED-OUT.

1025Z 22 MAR 51

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SECRET

13 March 1951

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Chief, EE 1

SUBJECT:

Dimitri Ademov Dimitrov W

REFERENCE:

Your request for clearance dated 23 October 1950. Provisional Clearance approved 25 January 1951.

1. In view of the information and recommendation contained in a memorandum from the Chief, Special Security Branch, Inspection and Security Staff dated 10 March 1951, an Operational Clearance is hereby issued which will permit the utilization of Subject's services as a contractual agent in Greece engaged in political, psychological and guerrilla warfare operations under project QKSTAIR.

- 2. This Clearance is for the particular services for which it was requested. If at a later date it is decided to utilize Subject in a different capacity, or otherwise change his status, the matter must be brought to the attention of the Operational Security Officer without delay.
- 3. Attached hereto is a copy of the recommendation upon which this clearance is based.

FOR THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR FOR POLICY COORDINATION

W. R. CORNELISON
Acting Operational Security Officer

Attachment

Memo dated 10 March 1951.

cc: OPC Registry

II/CS

SECRET

201-45145

ADPC Attention: Security Officer Chief, Special Security Branch

10 March 1951

Dimitri Adamov Dimitrov

1. Reference is made to your memorandum dated 25 October 1950 regarding the Subject and the background information furnished by your office, concerning him.

A check of pertinent Government agencies and the indices of CIA produced ne information regarding the Subject in addition to that furnished by your office.

2. Conclusion and Recommendation: Due to limitations placed upon this office's inquiries, we were unable to develop any further information concerning the Subject since there is no indication in background information or in the results of a check of appropriate Government agencies and the indices of CIA, that Subject has ever resided in this country.

However, based on the lack of any deregatory information in the files of pertinent government agencies, and the indices of CIA, this office does not wish, at this time, to interpose any objection to the proposed use of the Subject by this organization, providing Inspection and Security is furnished with the results of the Field Check when available.

If the situation should be altered and information obtained from which an investigation in the United States would be productive, this office would gladly perform the same.

This memorandum pertains only to the assignment mentioned above. Should you desire to use this individual in a staff capacity or otherwise change his status at a later date, the matter should be taken up with Inspection and Security. In the latter event, it is suggested that action be taken, if possible, sufficiently in advance so that no delay is caused in the transition.

Transmitted herewith are the attachments listed below. If it should be necessary, for any reason, to return the attachments, it is requested that they be returned in a sealed envelope marked "Eyes Alone" to the writer.

FOR THE SECURITY OFFICER, CIA

This date de grupting of larger tion and Becauty against the re-

ROBERT H. CUMUINGHAM

Attachments he disclosed emport to CIA State Officers

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Additional Copy of Summary

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SECRET

25 January 1951

MEMORANDUM FOR: EE I

SUBJECT:

Dimitri A. Dimitrov

- 1. It has been ascertained from the Chief, Special Security Branch, Inspection and Security Staff, that as of 19 January 1951, the files of CIA fail to reflect any reason why Subject should not be operationally utilized by this office.
- 2. In view of the above and due to the urgency of obtaining Subject's services, it is recommended that a Provisional Operational Clearance be issued for Subject's use as a contractual agent in Greece for political, psychological, and guerrilla warfare operations in connection with project QKSTAIR.
- 3. Inasmuch as there is a calculated security risk involved in using an individual on a provisional operational clearance, you should use precaution in handling Subject until a full clearance is granted.

4. This Provisional Operational Clearance is recommended for a period of ninety days subject to renewal if the full clearance has not been granted.

W. R. CORNELISON

Acting Operational Security Officer

OPC

APPROVED:

25 January 1951.

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FRANK G. WISNER
Assistant Director for
Policy Coordination

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23 January 1951

MEMORANDUM FOR: EAD

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SUBJECT: Provisional Operational Clearance for Dimitri A. Dimitrov.

- 1. It is requested that the attached Provisional Operational Clearance for Dimitri A. Dimitrov be approved. Mr. Dimitrov will be used as a contract agent in Greece for political, psychological, and guerrilla warfare operations under Project QKSTAIR.
- 2. In view of the fact that the recruitment of Bulgarian agents who are scheduled shortly to begin covert training must be accomplished through Mr. Dimitrov, his clearance is needed immediately.

Gratian M. Yatsevitch
Chief, EE-I

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20 APRIL 1951 FILE NUMBER 36130

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1. OR 18 APRIL WE HAD LYLE O. KELLY PICKED UP BY BEKANTAR AND PUT UMBER PROTECTIVE ARREST. HE IS TOLD LIFE IS THREATENED AND DOES NOT KNOW OF OUR ROLE. REASONS WE FOUND IT NECESSARY: GLANTZ-LIKE ACTIVITIES INCLUDING MEGLOMANIA, LACK OF SECURITY, AND MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNDS. MOST CERTOUS WAS THAT HE WAS ABOUT TO SELL KNOWLEDGE OF OUR OPERATION TO, THE LOCAL FAIRYS FOR AN INITIAL SUM OF LOCAL PRICE NE CONSIDERED INSULTING LOW. EQUIVALENT OF

2. UNFORTUNATELY KELLY IS SO HOT MREPRESEIBLE THAT OUR NORMAL FLAKE DISPOSAL SYSTEM IS NOT UN OF FILL REJECTS MANAGE TO MAIL LETTERS SO CERTAINLY KELLY MOUTH

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4. KELLY'S COMMITTEE WILL CONTINUE. REQUEST METAL HASTEN

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Security Information

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO	:	Acting Chief, SE			٠.	2.47	DATE:	21	July	1953	٠.
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FROM	:[-	SE/2							ngiena P	
				:							

SUBJECT: Lyle O. KELLY

- l. In accordance with your instructions received through Mr. Donald F. Ewing, CSE/2, and in coordination with Mr. Mahoney of WH Division, I flew to DTEOBALO, arriving there at noon on 26 May 1953, for the purpose of determining whether Subject has current operational information concerning SE operations and personnel that would make him a security risk if he were allowed to resettle within the next calendar year.
- 2. Upon arrival at DTROBALO I discussed the case with KELLY's case officer, Mr. Philip A. Tocmey, and the Station Security Officer and learned that KELLY had been in detention until approximately 15 May when he was released from confinement and allowed to attend classes and live with other persons who are being prepared for resettlement.
- 3. Between 1300 and 1600 hours on 26 May, I reviewed the DTBOBALO Station files on KELLY and made an appointment with KELLY's case officer to have a conference with KELLY at 0800 hours 27 May. It was decided to use the office of the Station Security Officer for the meeting because of its invumerability to other agents and to the laborers who were working in the area. The Security Officer stated that the office would be made available for the time specifieds
- 4. At 0800 hours 27 May KELLY's case officer escorted me to the prearranged meeting site and introduced me as Mike Vargas to KELLY who had been
 waiting in the office. The case officer informed KELLY that I had arrived from
 Washington, D. C. to discuss his problems with him and would endeavor to resolve
 all matters possible. KELLY appeared elated and in broken English said that he
 was very happy to learn that the organization (I presume he meant CIA) finally
 acknowledges him as a friend. KELLY stated that he has been waiting 25 months
 to speak to someone from Washington. The case officer departed from the room and
 left KELLY and me standing in the center of the room. I asked KELLY to be
 seated and told him that I speak Serbo-Croatian and inquired if he understood
 Serbo-Croatian. KELLY replied that he does speak Serbian and is glad that I
 speak the language also because his English was not fluent and he has difficulty
 expressing himself. All conversations hereafter were conducted in Serbo-Croatian.
- 5. I opened the conversation by telling KELLY that his reports and letters were received and studied very carefully at Washington and assured him that pressing duties made it impossible for anyone to visit him at any time prior to the present. KELLY replied that he felt relieved that he was not forgotten by his friends and that he could now reveal everything that has been a puzzle to him since his apprehension by the Greeks in 1951, and perhaps learn the causes

for certain

SECRET Security Information

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for certain actions that were directed against him. KELLY stated that he was imprisoned a few times and that he suffered terribly during those periods because of his inability to withstand imprisonment.

- 6. In order that I might have a clear picture of his background and initial contacts with the Americans in Sofia and later in Athens, as well as his associations with other intelligence services in Bulgaria and Greece, KELLY stated that he preferred to start from the beginning of his clandestine work in Bulgaria and chronologically bring me up to date on his activities and ensuing events. Since much of KELLY's discussion is repeated in a report he had previously prepared and which is in his files and since a great deal of the discussion had no direct bearing on the purpose of the mission, I will for the sake of brevity and clarity avoid those portions of his story.
- 7. According to KELLY, the highlights of his background and activities are as follows: When the Communist regime gained control in Bulgaria he realized the position the people of Bulgaria were placed in and that under Communism the people were not going to be any better off than they were under the Fascists or Nazis. The only salvation for the Bulgarian people was for the Democratic powers to achieve control and thereby extend their form of government to the Bulgarian people. He therefore proceeded to exploit Bulgaria with a view to organizing adherents into clandestine groups in order to werthrow the Communist government that was in control. KELLY stated that he had organized over 250 cells consisting of some 10,000 persons throughout Bulgaria and Macedonia.
- 8. According to KELLY, in 1945 he met the American General Crane in Sofia and the General requested KELLY to prepare a program of his organization outlining its mission, functions, etc.. Upon complying with this request KELLY stated that General Crane informed him that his program was very favorable and that he (General Crane) desired KELLY to work for him. KELLY said he agreed and proceeded personally to exploit the cells of his organization in Bulgaria.
- 9. In 1946 while KELLY was inspecting units of his organization in Bulgaria he was arrested by the Communists and tried and found guilty on four counts and imprisoned. According to KELLY the only reason he was not given the death sentence was because the Communists had hoped to use him as a witness against Nikola Petkov, Agrarian leader in Bulgaria who was also fomenting unrest among the Agrarian factions. KELLY continued by stating that he remained in prison for approximately six months near Vratsa where he was tortured by the police in an effort to extract from him information on his organization and people with whom he was associated, particularly Americans. KELLY said he did not reveal the information which the police desired.
- 10. Early in 1947 through members of his organization he was able to make his escape from the prison. He made his way to Sofia where he tried to contact General Crane, but learned that General Crane was no longer in Sofia and that his replacement was a Mr. Horne (probably John Horner, Change d'Affairs A.I. of the Political Mission in Sofia). Through the Mission secretary, KELLY made an appointment to see Mr. Horne and when he did meet him Mr. Horne told him

that he was not

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that he was not aware of anything that had existed between KELLY and General Crane, but for KELLY to telephone him several days later. KELLY stated that he telephoned Mr. Horne a week later but received no satisfactory response from him.

ll. KELLY realizing that he was wanted in Bulgaria by the police for his escape from prison proceeded to work his way out of Bulgaria. He was assisted by one Fancha Fernandova near Plovdiv. On crossing the Bulgarian border into Greece KELLY stated that he surrendered to a Greek patrol who immediately channeled him through its interrogation center. During this process KELLY said he was approached by British Intelligence, a Mr. Andros (possibly Andrews) and Mr. Scott, and was told that the British had heard of his organization and wanted him to work for them. KELLY refused the offer and told the British that he preferred to work with the Americans. KELLY also said that the Greek IS had asked him to work for them, and that he refused them also. He was then placed in a refugee camp in Athens with other Bulgarian refugees.

12. In 1949 during KELLY's stay in the refugee camp he said that he learned the art of making trinkets as a trade and was allowed to leave the refugee camp and seek employment in a shop where he could continue his trade. He found a shop that offered him a job and he accepted. He stated that he had no intentions of making a liwinhood in that occupation but it did give him an opportunity to get out of the refugee camp and continue to seek means to combat the Communists in Bulgaria. While on this job KELLY met a Greek woman by the name of Flora Vavanou who said she had an aunt who lives in Chicago, Illinois. Since they both wished to go to the United States, they decided to get married and, with an affidavit of support from Flora's Aunt, get visas to the U. S.. Their next move was to get to Italy through IRO channels.

13. KELLY claims that he did not know the Aunt's address or name other than that she was referred to as Teresa. KELLY said that he and Flora planned to separate on reaching the United States. According to KELLY, he checked with the IRO in Athens and learned that because he was a Bulgarian immigrant he was eligible for emigration through IRO and since Flora had probable means of getting him to the United States he decided to go through with the plan. He married Flora in February 1949 and by the latter part of March they were en route to Italy.

. 14. While in Italy KELLY stated that Flora communicated with her Aunt in Chicago who was preparing to process the necessary affidavit for their entry into the United States. However, during this period KELLY learned that Flora was pregnant and according to Italian Immigration officials she could not be considered for emigration from Italy until after the birth of her child. On learning this, KELLY said his whole plan had collapsed and that he could not go through with it. He decided to return to Athens and leave his wife with her parents. They returned to Athens in October 1949. A daughter was born in November 1949.

15. Now that he

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- 15. Now that he had returned to Athens KELLY's intentions were to earn sufficient funds (\$2000) to build a home for his daughter. He was not concerned with Flora as he had married her for the purpose of getting to the United States. The marriage was to be a temporary affair as they were not in love with each other and had no intentions of remaining married. Our information shows that KELLY worked for the Propaganda Section of the Greek General Staff headed by Lt. Colonel M. A. Alexandrakis on his return to Athens. In order to earn money KELLY decided to write several books on anti-Communism. Since he was not fluent in Greek be sought the assistance of a Greek scholar who could translate his writings from Bulgarian into Greek. KELLY said he wrote two texts and turned them over to a Greek educator to translate.
- 16. In august 1950 KELLY decided to take his texts to the American Embassy in Athens and inquire as to the possibility of having the texts translated into English and published in the United States. He said he was directed to a Mr. Ewning (probably Mr. Donald F. Ewing), Chief of Information Service, who in turn introduced him to a Mr. Willard Allan also an official at the American Embassy in Athens. KELLY stated that after several meetings with Mr. Allan he was asked by Mr. Allan to work with the Americans. KELLY immediately volunteered and was told in order to get an organization that could accomplish its mission he would need several assistants. He explored the Layrion refugee camp for potential staff personnel and was given the names of Ivan Hristonov and Ivan and Dimitur Doneve Upon the suggestion of the Americans, KELLY said he accepted the persons named. He established a headquarters and proceeded planning operations to penetrate Bulgaria. KELLY claimed the Greeks and certain Bulgarian emigre leaders in Greece were opposed to his position with the Americans and did everything possible to belittle his position and impair his operations. The results of KELLY's abortive missions into Bulgaria are contained in a report which KELLY prepared at DTROBALO and which is now in his file.
- 17. During the period in which he was trying to get his operations mounted into Bulgaria, KELLY was approached by the French IS to work for them. KELLY stated that he immediately informed his American superiors regarding the French approach and was thereafter directed by the Americans in his dealings and associations with the French IS.
- 18. KELLY listed the following American personnel with whom he coordinated all his activities: The Chief, name unknown to KELLY —probably Mr. MacLean, Mr. Willard Allan, Miss Vera George (Mr. Allan's secretary), Mrs. Kingsley (connected with the Radio Station), Mr. George and Mr. Clef (training officers). KELLY referred to the following Bulgarian personnel as having been associated with his organization and with whom he was acquainted: Ivan Hristonov, whom he believes supplanted him in the organization in Athens; Ivan and Dimitur Donev, whom he claims are presently in Argentina; Choyo Stonovski (probably Stoyo Chonovski); Anden Andonov; Gospodin Gospodinov; Hristo Traikov; Vasil Yanchev; Rafail Karakachanov; Dimitur Tabakov; Todor Hadjiev and Ivan Gagov.

19. KELLY continued

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- 19. KELLY continued by stating that he was apprehended by the Greek Police, allegedly for safe keeping in April 1951. He was placed in detention and remained under Greek control until his departure from Greece to Frankfurt by air. From Frankfurt he was transported to Panama where he arrived on 5 September 1951. He was placed in detention at a hospital in Panama and was of the opinion that perhaps the hespital was an exterminating establishment for undesirables. Later, however, he said he learned otherwise and through a friend, Mr. Stanley, learned that he was sent to Panama to undergo several physical check-ups and that after that was completed he would be removed to an area some 50 miles away where he would enjoy full freedom. Also that he would remain at his new location long enough to learn a language and prepare himself for resettlement. When he inquired how long that would be he was told that would be about six months.
- 20. In March 1952 KELLY was transferred to DTROBALO. He stated that he remained at DTROBALO for six months and after that period he confronted the authorities concerning his release and resettlement. Approximately one month later KELLY said he informed the Station authorities that he would leave the area if they did not release him as initially promised. He stated that he was apprehended and placed in confinement until his release in May 1953.
- 21. KELLY advised that the above is a true account of his past experiences and in view of my limited stay in DTROBALO would appreciate any answer I could give him regarding questions that have never been resolved and consequently have disturbed him. KELLY apparently had a list of questions prepared which he drew from a notebook and proceeded to read. The questions were as follows:
 - a. Why was he apprehended by the Greek Police?
 - b. Why was he placed in confinement in Panama and later at DTROBALO?
 - c. How much longer must be remain at DTROBALO?
 - d. Is there any possibility of his working with the organization (CIA) to complete the mission he initiated?
 - e. What happened to the texts he wrote that were taken to the United States by Mr. Willard Allan?
 - f. Why haven't any of his old friends visited him during the past two years?
 - g. In regards to his family —KELLY stated that only as a last resort and only if he had to remain at DTROBALO would he want his family there. He would prefer working and saying sufficient money(\$2000) to purchase or build a home for them in Greece and drop the whole matter.

In respanse to the above questions I told Kelly that:

a. He was apprehended by the Greek Police because of his proposed negotiation with the French IS.

b. He was placed

Security Information

-6-

- b. He was placed in confinement at Panama to undergo mental and physical check-ups to assure his recovery from the ordeal which he had undergone. His confinement at DTROBALO was to prevent his contemplated and announced escape.
- c. KELLY's stay at DTROBALO apparently is dependent on his qualifications to meet resettlement requirements. I told him I was not able to judge when he had fulfilled those requirements. There was also the task involved of finding suitable positions for individuals with varied skills in South America.
- d. I told KELLY that there was no opportunity for him to work with the organization because the men and organization as known to him are no longer existent.
- e. I told KELLY that I believe the texts were returned to Greece but that I would make a further check on my return to Washington.
- f. KELLY was told that the people whom he knew in Athens and Sofia were no longer with the organization and therefore it was impossible for them to visit him.
- g. I told KELLY that I did not know anything about his wife and child other than the fact that KELLY was married and that his wife and child resided in Athens. I again queried KELLY concerning his wishes regarding his family. KELLY asked how long it would take to bring the family to South America if that were possible. I replied that I had no definite answer. KELLY said that only if he knew he had to remain at DTROBALO indefinitely would he request to have his wife and child with him.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

- A. I found KELLY to be a frail, nervous, alert, and extremely talkative person. During the twelve hour conference with KELLY I frequently interrupted him to query him on persons and activities he referred to in his story only to find him replying briefly and persistently requesting to be allowed to continue relating his thoughts and feelings.
- B. In relating his story of the organization he established and members who comprised the organization KELLY appeared to have a clear and concise picture of operations he directed and names and descriptions of people with whom he had come in contact!
- C. It is my opinion that KELLY knows little about operations in Greece. I believe KELLY was so wrapped up in his own abortive missions and personnel difficulties while in Greece that he paid little, if any, attention to operations that were running concurrently. KELLY mentioned names of agents who are being currently used in Bulgarian operations; however, he referred to them as Bulgarians

whom he had met

Security Information

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whom he had met in Athens and tried to recruit for his organization, or else he had been told of them by other sources. In reply to queries and in his own story, he made no statement which would indicate that he is cognizant of current Bulgarian operations.

- D. I feel confident that KELLY realizes that his chances of resuming his role in Greece are at an end and therefore he has resolved to do the next best thing and that is to contact a former Greek companion (Mr. Karapides) who is a successful business man in Caracas, Venezuela and seek employment. KELLY is eager to be resettled and to get out of DTROBALO.
- E. I recognize that KELLY is familiar with certain former operations and agents involved in those operations which, if revealed to unauthorized persons, could become embarrassing. However, I feel that KELLY's knowledge of current operations is so minute that the security risks involved to our current operations would be very little, if any, if he were resettled. Therefore, my recommendation is to process himfor resettlement.

SECRET Security Information

27 March 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR: ACTING CHIEF, OPERATIONS, DD/P & Chief F1/STC

SUBJECT:

13-00000

Lyle O. Kelly

REFERENCE:

Memorandum from Acting Chief, Operations, DD/P dated

7 January 1953, to Chief, SE

1. Since this Division has no facilities for the disposal of hardcore cases, the matter of Subject's disposal was discussed with the Chief,
DDP/Admin after receipt of reference. Has an maturate of mi offer in the matter around in the handles of such costs.

2. For your information in making ultimate disposition of this case, the hear this Division has reached the conclusion, based on facts set forth in the following paragraphs, that Kelly, if released from confinement, will be a source of serious embarrassment to CIA.

- 3. Subject, & Bulgarian refugee in Greece, was the principal agent in an ill-fated operation run from October 1950 to March 1951. The operation resulted in a major expose and trial in Sofia during 1951. agents used were those selected by Subject, at least one of whom was probably an operative of the Bulgarian Militia and acted as the betrayer of his colleagues.
- 4. Subject's behavior during his employment was extraordinarily bad and characterized by a complete lack of security and a conscious effort on his part to aggrandize himself at the expense of the United States and his fellow agents. Unfortunately, during the time of his use by us, he acquired considerable information about CIA personnel, operations and installations in Greece. He was permitted to come and go freely in the CCF Win CIA offices in the American Embassy.
- Through another informant the Athens Station learned in early 1951 that Subject had contacted French Intelligence officers in Greece and had agreed to sell complete details on U. S. plans for operations against Bulgaria for the sum of 16,000,000 drachmae. All subsequent information on this transaction corroborates the veracity of the original informant's stery including a French document secured through another CIA channel which shows that as early as 1949 Subject had been an agent of a Franch Intelligence network run by the Military Attache of the French Embassy in Athens.
- At the urgent request of the Athens Station that Subject be removed immediately from Athens, arrangements were made for his transportation and incarceration at DTROBALO. To facilitate his removal, Subject was told that he was being taken to the United States for a meeting of important satellite refugee leaders. He was flown by CIA plane to Germany, and from there to Panama by U.S. Army plane.

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Security Information

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7. The American case officer who handled him in Athens reported,
"Early in our relations with Kelly we foresaw the need to curb him or
eliminate him from our operations. Since, however, he was necessary to
us, we tried to use him, restraining him and teaching him the while.
Kelly, unfortunately, did not learn - he got worse. He 'borrowed' and
stole money from many sources. He lied to many people, including us, and
he developed an infantile megalomania in which he persisted in considering
himself the forthcoming Minister-President of Bulgaria." During his detention
incorrection at DTROBALO, we understand that these same character traits
have been evident.

8. This Division believes that Subject's confinement should be continued indefinitely to preclude the probability that he would again try to contact the French or another Intelligence Service, foreign Governments, or the press in order to capitalize on the information he possesses concerning CIA, its operations against Bulgaria, the details of his removal from Athens and information of disposal methods acquired during his incorrection at Panama.

detention at DTROBALO.

OM WHO

CHEEF, SE

Tile Kelly

Re KELLY CASE

4 April 1952

1. A well-placed, reliable source (A-1) has stated that the 1949 files of French Intelligence network "Ulysse" of Captain Michel de la Roncier (Military attache of the French Embassy, Athens) listed Mimitri Mimitrov as an agent and contains the following information:

"30 years old, a member of the Bulgarian Agrarian Party. He is a student and fled to Greece in 1946. He was in contact with the British brothers Baret (or Barev) while the later were in Greece. He is a contact of the Aliens Directorate. He received an order from the Americans requesting him to go to Washington for a time. His file contains two reports, one—10 dated & April 1949 conterning the military situation and the other dated 6 April 1949 containing an account of the Greek Government Council of Co-cordination. (Translations of these two documents was not made because the contents no longer seem to be of any importance)."

- 2. His prior connection with the French in 1949 doubtless led Dimitrov to make the later offer to Florimond to sell US information for 16,000,000 drachmae. Florimond was chief of the other French network in Greece operating from Salonica while de la Roncier conducted french operations out of Athens.
- 3. The Baret or Barev brothers undoubtedly are Tsenko and Ivan Barev, now worked in Paris and Rome, respectively. They are Bulgarians who have/and may be still working with the British.

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Above memo	given to Col	Smith. The in	fo was furnish	ed by
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SEURE

VICENTY HISTORIANION

29 February1952

MEMCRANIUM FOR: WH DIVISION

ATTEMTICE:

Colonel Smith

SUBJECT:

Kelly Case

- 1. In accordance with your request, the following information, which may be helpful in connection with subject's rehabilitation, is furnished.
- 2. All the information we have concerning Kelly's life prior to his arrival in Greece was furnished by Kelly himself and is almost wholly unsubstantiated. This, in brief, is Kelly's story: He was born 7 May 1924 in Medkovets, Bulgaria. He studied philology in 1942-43 at the University of Sofia. In 1942 he joined a secret branch of the Bulgarian Mational Agrarian Union and worked elesely with Dr. Georgi M. Dimitrov in anti-Fascist activities (a claim which Dr. Dimitrov has denied.) After emerging briefly from hiding in September 1944, he again went underground, engaging in anti-Communist activities in various cities and towns in Bulgaria, Yugoslavia and Macedonia where he urged members of the Agrarian Party to take action against the Communists. In October 1946 he was arrested by the police, sentenced to death, but not executed as the Communists wished to use him as a witness against the Agrarian leader Mikola Petkos. On 23 July 1947 he escaped to Greece.
- 3. Further light is thrown on Kelly's experiences in a manuscript which he claimed to have written and delivered to U. S. authorities in Greece with the prupose of finding a publisher for this, and other, material. It subsequently developed that Kelly was not the author of these papers but rather had furnished information to a Greek friend (John Calavanos) who was the real author. A rough translation of one of these documents is enclosed.
- A. Because of his undeniable organizational ability, tremendous energy and glib, but largely untruthful, salesmanship, Kelly was able to organize a group of Bulgarian immigrants in Greece into what he called the Bulgarian Democratic Bloc. His use by this agency was believed advisable inassuch as his organization provided the potential for recruiting infiltration agents within a shorter time and with fewer political strings attached than any other emigre groups. Furthermore, his organization provided a convenient name for use as a front to cover operational activities. As a result of the limited recognition and support given him and of his boon success in providing agents, Kelly developed a certain megalemania and consequently lost his initial popularity through dictatorial conduct and completely unwarranted behavior as the future head of the liberated Bulgarian state. An American case officer who was intimately involved with the Kelly operations at this period has furnished the following statement:

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"Early in our relations with Kelly we foreaw the need to curb him or eliminate him from our operations. Since, however, he was necessary to us, we tried to use him, restraining him and teaching him the while. Kelly, unfortunately, did not learn - he got worse. He 'borrowed' and stole money from many sources. He lied to many people, including us, and he developed an infantile megalomania in which he persisted in considering himself the forth-coming Minister-President of Bulgaria."

On the Kelly credit side, the statement adds:

"We suspected at the time that he was not the new 'white hope', but we needed someone through whom we could obtain bodies. We obtained bodies through Kelly and actually have accomplished some substantive work. Thus it must be remembered that Kelly performed a useful service for us."

- developed along these lines: In early 1951 Kelly informed a member of our staff in Athens that he had been contacted by a French Vice Consul in Salonica with a view to obtaining his, Kelly's services, for the French. We informed Kelly that he could continue his contacts with the Vice Consul until it could be determined what the Franch had in mind. Upon our ascertaining that Kelly's connection with the French was counter to U. S. interests, Kelly was instructed to break off all contacts. This he failed to do. In the meantime, a former Kelly man, who had become disillusioned with Kelly's misrepresentations, informed us that Kelly had agreed to give the French complete information on U. S. plans for operations against Bulgaria for the sum of 16,000,000 drachmae. All subsequent information on this transaction which our Athens station was able to learn corroborates the veracity of the account.
- 6. Although the extent of Kelly's knowledge of operations was limited, it was considered extremely undesirable to allow these facts to fall into French hands. Arrangements were therefore made with Greek authorities for Kelly's arrest just prior to his scheduled meeting with the French representative to whom he was to deliver the information and from whom he was to receive the money. In view of these facts, it was immediately apparent that Kelly was of no further operational use and presented a definite security threat, for he was revealed as the type who, in order to reap personal advantage or to curry favor with potential supporters, was likely to reveal to the highest bidder whatever operational information he had gathered. There have been no later developments which have changed our position in the matter.
- 7. Information concerning subsequent developments in the handling of this disposal case are already known to your division.

GRATIAN M. YATSEVITCE Deputy for Policy Coordination, SE

Enclosure

SE/PC/2-LT-lf

Distribution: Addressee -Orig & 1

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SECRE

21 James 1952

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE RECORD

SUBJECT:

Meeting with Col. Swith of WH re Kelly Case,

20 December 1951.

L. Hessers. Potts, Adamson, and Gregg met with Col. Smith on 20 December 1951 for the purpose of discussing a new development in the Kelly case and determining the future course of action in regard to the disposal of Kelly. The new development was the statement by the Athene Senior CIA Representative during his visit to Washington in early December to the effect that Kelly no longer constitutes a security hasard to current Bulgarian operations in Greece since the knowledge that Kelly has about Bulgarian operations is now outdated. At present as far as Bulgarian operations in Greece are concerned the main problem is to keep Kelly out of Greece and, if possible, prevent his direct correspondence with people in Greece, in order to preclude his interfering with and stirring up the Bulgarian emigration in that country.

- 2. It was pointed out to Col. Saith that in view of this new development, SE/PC feels that it is now possible to begin planning and effecting the permanent disposal of Kelly. Col. Smith indicated that he felt that no immediate solution would be necessary, as Kelly could be treated as an exploited agent and handled under the disposal and rehabilitation projects which the WH Division is now developing. Col. Smith felt that Kelly could be held for a few more months, if necessary, in his present location until these projects were approved. However, in view of the possible immediate and permanent solution to Kelly's disposal offered by his friend Johannes Karapides in Caracas, Venezuela, it was agreed that the following action would be taken as soon as possible;
 - a. WH would brief the Caracas Chief of Station and investigate Karapides.
 - b. WH would attempt to learn more from Panema about Kelly's relationship to Karapides.

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c. Wil should investigate the problem of documenting Kelly for

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possible disposal in Careces.

d. SE/PC would attempt to check on Karepides life and activities when he was in Greece.

3. During the discussion of possible solutions to the Kelly case, it was explicitly understood and agreed between Col. Smith and the representatives of SE/PC that responsibility and initiative for Kelly's disposal now clearly rests with the WH Division and that the responsibility of SE/PC extends only to that support and assistance specifically requested by the WH Division. It was further understood, however, that SE/PC still has a direct interest in Kelly's disposal in view of his wife and child's presence in Greece and their present undetermined relationship to Kelly's permanent disposal, i. e. whether it is possible and desirable that they join him.

CHARLES P. ADAMSON

1. Financial Finagling in Greece

BULGARIAN (a) In February, 1951, when Kelly was head of the Democratic Bloc, three of his men arrived in Athens, coming directly from IR^{O} camps. They needed shelter, but had no money. They were put on salary, but it was not enough to cover the sixmonths advance rent which it is the custom to pay when a lease is made in Athens. Thus Kelly's advance account was credited with anxanguaks the amount of (cores) \$850, which was to be used to pay the rental advance. The three men were to pay it back in monthly installments.

Two such installments were paid by the men when Kelly was "interned" by our people. The men were then able to complain that Kekky had forced them into quarters best described as "very inadequate, insecureme and unhealthy."

Comparing the quality of the quarters with the amount advanced for rent, it becomes quite certain that Kelly made some sort of deal with the landlord in order to make some money.

It should be kept in mind that Kelly forced three of his own countrymen to live in these quarters, from which they were forthwith removed for health and security reasons.

(b) Just prior to his removal, it was discovered that Kelly had a cash shortage of over \$100 which was not accounted for in any way. When an attempt was made to collect the money, it was discovered that Kelly had spent it on himself.

2. Ranka Wpismeta Manuscript Episode

In December, 1950, Willard Allen, in accordance with a promise made to Kelly, brought with him to this country three manuscripts, ostensibly written by Kelly. Allen was to see what he could do to have these manusripts published here. Kelty hoped to thus exploit and dramatize hie escape from Bulgaria. He was given, by us, a \$300 advance on the publication of the manuscrapts.

On December 14, 1951, in a conversation with Mr. Allen, it was learned by us that Kelly had not written the manuscripts at all. Allen learned this himself when the real author wrote to him demanding the return of his works. The author said that he had a statement from Kelly disclaiming all credit for the manuscripts. Furthermore, the real author had seen nothing of the \$300 given to Kelly, although they apparently had agreed to go 50-50 on any profits realized from the publication of the manuscripts.

Et is clear that Kelly lied to us, and used someone else's literary talentsin the hope of gaining noteriety and money himself.

3. Relations with the French

In early 1951, Kelly informed our people in Athens that a French Vice Consul from Salonica had contacted him in the hope of getting Kelly to work with the second for his country. Kelly was allowed by us to continue seeing this man until it was determined just what the French wanted in the way of information. This point was reached, and Kelly was told not to see his Frenchman or any Frenchmen after a certain Thursday. We know definitely that Kelly saw saw his Frenchman on the following Friday, Saturday, and

literoomei

Tuesday.

We do not know what was said, but from a source whom we have no reason to doubt, (an ex-friend of Kelly's who deserted Kelly and came to us to warn us of kex the situation with the French) we learned that for a sum amounting to 16,000,000 drachmae, Kelly had agreed to give the French the names of all the American staffinvolved in plans to infiltrate Bulgaria, mannaplus information on Radio Gariania Goriania. Kelly was immediately picked up by the Greek Alien Directorate, acting upon orders from Henry McLean.

4. Reaction of Others to Kelly

(a) The Senior Representative of OPC in Athens, Sept. 1951

"Kelly was a notoriously insecure, disreputable, opportunisticium individual over whom control, other than physical, was next to impossible to exercise....He had a positive genius for troubke-making intrigue, rare even in this part of the world; his continued presence in Greece would have rendered impossible any oiling of the stormy Bulgarian refugee waters here. Kelly was tied in even more closely than other Bulgarian agents with the Embassy here,... and could be counted on to use that fact, was advantage and to the disadvantage of the best interests of ". S. Government policy."

(b) Chief of Station, OPC in Athens, Nay 1951

"Kelly, unfortunately, is of an essentially irresponsible Irish nature. Moreover, in his stupidity, he conceives all others to be equally stupid. Early in our relations with K elly,... we foresaw the need to curb Kelly or to eliminate him from our operations. Since, however, he was still necessary to us, we tried to use him, restraining him and teaching him the while. Kelly, unfortunately, did not learn- he got worse. He 'borrowed' and stole money from many sources. he lied to many people, including us, and he developed an infantile megalomania in which he persisted in considering h8mself the forthcoming Minister-President of Bulgaria. hings took a serious turn when Kelly's committee, men he himself had chosen, came to us behind his back complaining about him. This became more serious when Kelly's closest friend,... deserted Kekky and came to us apparently in an honest desire to safeguard America and the struggle against Communism from further involvement with a character as shady as Kelly. ... Since that time we have known examined more closely into the Kekly affair and have found more lies, more secret agreements, more stolen funds... We have enough proof of Untrustworthiness to have a complete case against Kelly. We cannot continue with Kelly. He is finished."

5. Kelly's Relation with his Wife
6 bec 1961 (a) From Chief of Station, Panama; "...it was learned through interrogation that Kelly has no particular concern or love for his wife."

7 Nov 1961 (b) From a letter written by Kekly to his wife; "...I think of you daily and know in detail how you are getting along. I believe you understand this both by the money and by all that you are receiving, when you want it. It is I that arranged all that."

(c)

- (c) From Memorandum for the Record, 27 Nov. 1951, signed by mit Wilson Prichett; "Kelly's wife is being supported at the rate of one million drachmas a month through Alien Directorate by (BulgarianProject)"
- (d) From a letter written by Kelly to a friend in Greece, dated 27 December, 1951. "... I succeeded in leaving Greece, and freeing my soul from the slavery of Flora.... I want for the present that Flora will lose all traces of me."
- (e) From Kelly's letter to his wife. "... you should be happy to ask God to protect us from harm and to unite us soon if possible."

SECRE

18 May 1951

MEMORANDUM

TO.

Gerald I. Manfield

FROM:

Terence U. Nasmith

SUBJECT: Lyle O. Kelly

It occurs to me, lying happily upon my hepatitic bed as I am, that some sort 65 a statement regarding the "demise" of Lyle O. Kelly might be in order "for the record". I shall discuss two aspects of Kelly in this memorandum, apologizing in advance for the vagueness of the discussion which is due, I shall maintain, to my present horizontal position far from records, calendars and the recollectionful clink of the Ismailic gold pound.

1. The good of Lyle 0. Kelly.

In the summer of 1950 QKStair was in the ridiculous position of being unable to do anything because the alien support on which it depended, allegedly forthcoming from the reverend Dr. Glantz, was not forthcoming. In a bit of a tizzy, anxious to get cracking, we picked up Lyle O. Kelly. We suspected at the time that he was not the new "white hope", but we needed someone through whom we could obtain bodies. We obtained bodies through Kelly and actually have accomplished some substantive work. Thus it must be remembered that Kelly performed a useful service for us.

2. The bad of Lyle O. Kelly.

Kelly, unfortunately, is of an essentially irresponsible Irish nature. Moreover, in his stupidity, he conceives all others to be equally stupid. Early in our relations with Kelly, before I left LCDrink in October, we foresaw the need to curb Kelly or to eliminate him from our operations. Since, however, he was still necessary to us, we tried to use him, restraining him and teaching him the while.

Kelly, unfortunately, did not learn - he got worse. He "bor-rowed" and stole money from many sources. He lied to many people, including us, and he developed an infantile megalomania in which he persisted in considering himself the forthcoming Minister-President of Dreamland.

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Things took a serious turn when Kelly's committee, men he himself had chosen, came to us behind his back complaining about him. This became more serious when his "closest" friend, a Flake, the man who had actually written the books for which Kelly took credit, deserted Kelly and came to us apparently in an honest desire to safeguard America and the struggle against Communism from further involvement with a character as shady as Kelly.

The most serious matter, one which could not be ignored, involved Kelly's relations with the HBFairies. Kelly had advised us that a Fairy Vice Consul from Salonica had contacted him with regard to working together. We told Kelly he might go ahead and continue his relations with this gentleman until we learned exactly what the gentleman wanted. We learned what was wanted and advised Kelly he was not repeat not to see the Fairy agent, or any other Fairies, after a certain Thursday. We know definitely that Kelly did see this Fairy on the following Friday, Saturday, and Tuesday.

We do not know what he discussed with the Fairy but we have no reason to doubt the word of his Flake friend which is essentially as follows:

That the Fairies were interested primarily in the names and numbers of all the players (us, that is) in plans for infiltration of Dreamland, in information on Radio Gorianin, etc.; that Kelly had agreed to sell this information to the Fairies for a sum of 16,000,000 drachmae and that he had an appointment to complete the transaction at 11 o'clock the following morning.

On this information we had Kelly picked up, and are now troubled with the question of disposing of him.

Since that time we have examined more closely into the Kelly affair and have found more lies, more secret agreements, more stolen funds, more of that good, Irish whimsicality for which Kelly is already so famous. (Note that even if the hearsay evidence regarding the sell—out to the Fairies is erroneous — although it is backed by several independent bits of substantial evidence — we still have enough proof of untrustworthiness to have a complete case against Kelly.) We cannot continue with Kelly. He is finished.

(It is pertinent to note that Kelly's committee, and his party in general, feel no feeling of loss since his removal from active politics. Not a single person has asked about him except his wife - whome he continuously discounsed - who wanted only to know how she might get in touch with him to ask him for some money. The committee and refugees in LCFlake in general, are in much better spirits than they have ever been before. Kelly's removal is in every way a tonic.)

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- 3 -

I repeat, however, that at certain juncture in our efforts, Kelly represented the first and only alien body we had and, however unwittingly and briefly, served his country well. One hopes he will eventually come out of his present habitat with somewhat stronger moral fiber.

9 May 1951

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

13-00000

SUBJECT: Development of the Rift with DIMITRI A. DIMITROV

- 1. Biography: (See 104 CAGWU, dated 4 October 1950) Born 7 May 1924 in Medkovets, Bulgaria. Education—studied philology for one year at Sofia University, 1942-43. In 1942 joined secret branch of the Bulgarian National Agrarian Union. Claims to have begun underground, anti-Fascist activities in 1943 in Macedonia and to have worked closely with Dr. G. M. Dimitrov during this time. After emerging briefly from hiding in September 1944, he again went underground engaging in anti-Communist activities, touring various cities and towns, (including sections of Yugoslav/Macedonia) and urging members of the Agrarian party to take positive action against the Communists. In October, 1946, he was arrested by the police. He believes the reason he was not executed was that the Communists wished to use him as witness against Nikola Petkov. On 23 July 1947 he escaped to Greece.
- 2. Initial operation: (See Athe 3200 (IN 46672), 25 October 1950) In October, 1950, the OKSTAIR Field Chief learned of Dimitrov through the local peripheral reporting officer and contacted him covertly. Dimitrov made six agents immediately available for infiltration operations. Three of these six were successfully infiltrated on 10 December, carrying leaflets signed in the name of the <u>Bulgarian Democratic Bloc</u>, the emigre political group organized and headed by Dimitrov.
- 3. Subsequent activities: Dimitrov has supplied an additional 21 agents for QKSTAIR infiltration operations, 15 of whom have just completed training in Germany and are being prepared for infiltration by mid-May.
 - 4. Origins of CKSTAIR break with Dimitrov:
 - a. In Athe 4821, IN 30224, Manfield reported on 22 March that he was considering breaking off association with Dimitrov because he had become too unpopular and dictatorial and self-important. There were also indications of serious misappropriation of funds. Manfield felt that Dimitrov's group could continue to be utilized under the leadership of Ivan Donev Ivanov.
 - b. In Athe 5150 (IN 36130) dated 20 April 1951, Manfield cabled that he had had the Greek Aliens Directorate pick up Dimitrov and put him under protective arrest for the reasons indicated above and because Dimitrov was about to sell out to the French. (This was discovered through an OPC penetration of Dimitrov's organization.) He also requested instructions on how to dispose of Dimitrov for a period of three months, which he felt was sufficient time in which to render him harmless to QKSTAIR operations.

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- c. Wash 38789 (OUT 97616) dated 21 April 1951 stated that there were no facilities in the United States or Germany for handling Dimitrov and pointed out that temporary disposal for three months would be insufficient in view of Dimitrov's detailed knowledge of the names of present agents and his general familiarity with QKSTAIR infiltration operations. It was suggested that the possibility of indefinite confinement by the Greek Intelligence Service should be explored.
- d. Fran 2910 (IN 36297) dated 21 April 1951 confirmed that there were no facilities in Germany for holding Dimitrov and suggested that he be assassinated.
- e. Athe 5205 (IN 37092) dated 25 April 1951 requested further investigation of disposal facilities.
- f. Athe 5282 (IN 37839) indicated on 29 April 1951 that Dimitrov had been transferred from the Greek Aliens Directorate to Makronisis where he would be held by the Greek Intelligence Service.

CHARLES DOADAMSON

EE 1/CFA/auh

SECRET

14 May 1957

PERCEASION FOR: Chief, SE

SUBJECT : Source Lead - Dimitor Admov DINITRO

BEFERENCE 8 K- \$928

I. We have been informed by the Department of State that Dimitur Adamov DIMITROW (ske DIMO) is presently in Washington, at the tourist home of Mrs. Julia Rogers Smith, 2030 P Street, N. W. Mis visit to Washington in for the purpose of interesting any V. S. Government agency in a feature-length film script that he has written. Both USIA and the State Department, the latter due to both lack of funds and not within its responsibility, have refused Dimitrov's offer. Previously, the script was rejected by New York representatives of scemercial filming companies.

- 2. Dimitrov allegedly hended partisem units in Bulgaria and worked for American operational services during World War II, and claims to have known General Clark, head of the Military Mission in Sophia. He escaped to Greece in 1947 and continued his contact with the American operational services, carrying out "anti-Communist work". He came to the U.S. with the sid of the Gueen of Greece and now lives in Newark with his wife and seven year old child. He is approximately 32 years old.
- 3. The above is passed to you for your information. While State Department has not seen the film script, they will attempt to be row it if you so desire. Dimitroy may also be able to provide information of intelligence interest. We should appreciate your comments as soon as possible in order that State Department not be delayed in discontinuing contact with Dimitroy.

SECRET

201-15-11/5°

to any questions pertaining to this information may be referred to Mr. William Hopkins on extension 8641.

/S/ Tenayson L Elar Sa

IDMAND J. CARROLL Cales, DON/OLS

ROM/OIS/WEMopkins/lms ROW/OIS/WEND-Distribution: Orig & 1 - Addressee 1 - RI/AN OIS

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261-325766 201-45111

Free Europe Committee, Inc.

TWO PARK AVENUE

NEW YORK 16, N.Y.

TELEPHONE: LExington 2-8902

CABLE ADDRESS: NATFECOMM

April 12, 1957

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

I was most pleased to meet you and to learn of your aspirations to bring into being an Anti-Communist moving picture for use throughout the world.

From what you told me of the scope of this project, I must concur with the opinion given by the head of the Motion Picture Section of the U.S. Information Agency. This is a matter for a major studio.

Accordingly, I would suggest first that you prepare a one-page resume of your professional qualifications; second that you prepare in English a brief resume of your proposed film; third that you mail these for consideration to the heads of major motion picture studios, such as, Metro-Goldwyn Mayer, Paramount and 20th Century Fox.

Please accept all of our best wishes for your success.

Sincerely yours,

Stetson S. Holmes

SSH:cf

Mr. Dimiter A. Dimitroff, 9 Hillside Avenue, Newark, New Jersey.



UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY WASHINGTON

DBE

March 19, 1957

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

Your recent letter to President Eisenhower, outlining a film you propose to make, has been referred to this Agency.

Officers of the Motion Picture Service have read your proposal, and feel that the film "Under the Communist Whip", as you described it, would require the spectacular and dramatic skills and talents of one of the major studios which could build into the film the drama and emotional appeal needed in a first-class theatrical feature. This film would demand treatment and re-enactment beyond the scope of the documentary films we produce for use in our overseas information program.

We have read with interest the material you submitted, and we wish you success in your project.

Sincerely yours,

Turner B. Shelton

Director

Motion Picture Service

Mr. Dim. Ad. Dimitroff 29-19 - 37th Avenue Astoria, Long Island, New York 13<u>-</u>00000

Senior Representative, Athens

Raymond M. Wormer & Alan H. Medinirst

AC/SR

- THRONOTT/BGCONVOY

- Contact Report (THROMOFF/), Lyle O. Kelly, GOHAVEN)

References

DIR 33889

L. Purpose of contacts

a. On 8 January 1954, James P. Entler errived in DIRABALO to contact Subjects. The primary purpose of the contact was to persuade Subjects to sign the Syros agreement which would result in their being confined to Syros under complete Greek custody and jurisdiction.

2. THOWEY/3:

a. THROWOFF/3 was contacted on 8 and 9 January and related to Entler what had developed since they last saw each other in Athens in September 1952. During the course of the discussion the following pertinent comments were made by THROHOFF/3;

An unidentified Greek Gendarmerie officer told him that KUBARK and not the Greek authorities were preventing his marriage.

11. He was sent to DIRABALO primarily for security reasons

ill. He resisted efforts to teach him Spanish and a trade because he believed that he could not be helped by it, but he did request that he be taught to drive a vehicle.

iv. He was accused of threatening a fellow refugee with a knife (he denies this) and as a result was confined for six months.

V. He did not resist emigration nor did he insist on being returned to Greece, but he did seek to be united with his fiance.

vi. He will not resist emigration from Greece unless his staying in Greece would enable him to marry.

b. THROWOFF/3

C.M.Freer,AC/SE

SE/2

WH/3 FI/ROM

C.English,SE/ACRI

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b. THRONOWY/3 was set right on point (la) above and the conditions of the Syros agreement convinced him that he was mistaken. Realizing that no other course of action was open to him, THRONOWY/3 reluctantly signed the agreement.

c. THROWOF/3 was told by Entler that this office has no objections to his resuming contact with, or marrying, his fiance, but that such action would require the approval of the Greek authorities.

3. Lyle C. Kelly:

13-00000

- a. Kelly was contacted on 8 January and again on 9 January at his request. Immediately after meeting Kelly on 8 January he made some remark that Entier and those who knew him would probably be working for him at some future date. However, when informed that he was being sent to Syros, he settled down and was most attentive. The following is a list of questions raised by Kelly and the answers given to him:
 - i. Would he be permitted to have his wife and child with him at Syros? Ans. That action would have to be arranged with the Greek authorities.
 - ii. What will prevent the Greek authorities from imprisoning him as soon as he arrived in Greece? Ans. The terms of the agreement specify that he will remain at Syros swaiting emigration unless he is involved in an action which is punishable under Greek law.
- the present time which necessitates his being returned to Greece? No direct answer to this question was given, but Kelly was told that it was necessary to return him to Greece under the conditions of the Syros agreement. (At this point Kelly made a statement to his DTRABALO case officer which indicated that he believed his marriage to a Greek woman gave the Greek authorities jurisdiction over him.)
- iv. Is this office throwing him out completely or would they, in the event of war or some emergency, contact him in the future? Ans. This office will always keep a check on anyone who has ever had connections with it.
- b. Kelly indicated that he was anxious to discover whether the Americans or the Greeks were responsible for his being placed in confinement in Greece in 1951, and the crime he was supposed to have committed; he would raise this question should he meet any Americans (presumably from this office) while he is in Greece. Entler told Kelly that he was not familiar with this aspect of his case, but that in his opinion Kelly would be in prison now if he had committed a serious crime. Kelly was also told that he will serve no useful purpose by raising this question at a future date and he agreed to forget the matter.
- give Kelly's best regards to all who know him and to mention that he would never forget them.

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A. GOHAVEN

GUPV SGAW-3830

a. GOHAVEN was contacted only once on 9 January. He was told that, in recognition for his past services and his excellent behavior at DIRABALO, those concerned with his case were making an effort to obtain his entry into the United States or the U.S. Army. He was reminded several times during the discussion that this effort may not be successful. He was also told that His transfer from DTRARALO was necessary in the very near future and in the event that his entry into the United States or the U.S. Army was a till pending he would be moved to Syros. He was told that his transfer to Syros would be certain in the event that he was not permitted to enter the United States or the U.S. Army. At this point he was asked to sign the Syros agreement; he refused stating that he could not sign any agreement which indicated a voluntary severance of relations with the Americans. However, GOHAVEN added that he would not resist his transfer to Greece should the Americans desire to send him there. He pointed out that living conditions at Syros are such that his health would certainly deteriorate and, being a Bulgarian, he could not look forward to fair treatment at the hands of the Greeks.

b. COHAVEN was instructed not to reveal to anyone what took place during the discussion and was told that he would without question be sent to Syros if he violated these instructions. He stated that he would followinstructions and sould gladly sign a statement to that effect.

> CHRISTIAN M. FREER Acting Chief, SE

Athenst 3 w/attachment under separate cover 2 copies Syros agreement in Greek, 1 copy Syros agreement in English)

SE-1/GStevens/672/acf/13 Jan

SEGRET

SECRET
SECURITY INFORMATION

CANCELLATION TO DIVISION

	Date 28 July 1953
TO	: Chief SE/2
	N: Hemovich
FROM	: FI/STC/SPB
SUBJECT	: Iyle O. Kelly
	The action checked below concerning Subject of this memorandum is ancelled:
	a. Operational Clearance Not dated 13 March 1951
	b. Provisional Operational Clearance No.
	c. Covert Security Clearance dated
	d. Covert Name Check dated
	e. Other
2.	This cancellation action is taken because of:
	a. Memorandum dated 28 March 1953
	b. Termination of Project
	c. Removal of Subject from Project
	d. Other
<u>_</u>	
3.	Before Subject can be used operationally in the future, it will be y to furnish an up-to-date clearance request to STC/SPB.
•	INITIALS
	JWA/mh
	마스 마

FORM NO. 59-62 MAR 1953 SECRET

Security Information

Office Memorandum • United States Government

ro : Chief, Foreign Intelligence

DATE: 21 July 1953

FROM : Acting Chief, SE

SUBJECT: Lyle O. KELLY

l. As a result of discussions between WHD, SE, CFI, and DD/A, it was decided to send an SE representative to DTROBALO to interview Lyle O. KELLY for the purpose of determining whether he represented sufficient security hazard to current SE operations out of Greece to warrant his being retained in maximum detention.

- 2. In accordance with this agreement, Major Michael A. Hemovich was sent to DTROBALO where he arrived at noon on 26 May 1953.
- 3. Major Hemovich discussed the case with the case officers concerned at DTROBALO, and then spent twelve hours talking to KELLY. As a result of this, it has been ascertained to our satisfaction that KELLY does not appear to have information of sufficient currency regarding staff or agent personnel, or current operations, in Greece to make his resettlement within the course of the next twelve months a serious security risk.
- 4. We therefore recommend that Lyle O. KELLY be given whatever training in language and trade WH Division feels is required, and that efforts then be made to resettle him in South America. Our only request is that this Division be kept informed of the progress of this rehabilitation and be advised of the steps taken to resettle KELLY. In this connection it should be pointed out that KELLY has a wife and child in Greece. When queried by Major Hemovich about them, he professed no interest in having the wife or child join him, stating that he would like to provide some money for the support of the child if and when he got a job and could put aside some money for this purpose. It is therefore our intention to have KELLY write his wife a letter telling her that he has no further interest in her, that she should obtain a divorce, but that he will provide her with a certain sum of money for the child. (This sum will be provided by this Division and will probably be in the neighborhood of \$1000).
 - 5. Major Hemovich's report is attached herewith.

SE/2-DFEwing-lf
Distribution:
Addressee - Orig & 1
WHD - 1
DD/A - 1
A@/SE - 1

SE/2

6 December 1961

201-45,45 When 2018 and Discours (2018)

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Dimitri Adamos DIMITROV

- 1. Subject was born on 7 May 1924 in Medicavets, Bulgaria. He studied philology for one year at Sofia University from 1942-1943. During the war he worked illegally in Greek ... Macedonia and Vardar, Macedonia to escape authorities. He returned home after the war, he was soon disillusioned by the Communists, and went to Sofia. Later he made a claudestine tour of Bulgarian towns and cities urging agrarians to take positive action against communism. Finally captured in Sofia, he stated that his life was spared because he was groomed as a witness against PETKOV. He escaped to Greece in 1947. He worked for the Greeks doing occasional propaganda under norn de plume "Dike."
- 2. In 1950, the American Embassy in Athens evaluated Subject as having a very great deal of the charlstan about him, and was considered a "phony." However, notwithstanding his superficiality and the exaggeration to which he was prone. Subject had amintuitive grasp of the rudiments of political deportment and showmanship and he was so devoted to his self-appointed task of organizing his "democratic block" that it was thought that he might become an important Bulgarian figure.
- 3. In November, 1950, because of his background and experience. Subject was considered as an individual who could make significant psychological and political warfare contributions to operations in Greece. Subject was then very active among Bulgarian refugees in Greece. Early in October, 1950, he visited the Lavrion Camp where he spoke to the Bulgarian refugees and outlined the tasks that he was to assume, which included intelligence activities in Bulgaria, organizing an underground resistance movement in Bulgaria, and organizing sabotage activity against Bulgaria. Subject was not security conscious; he revealed the location of his office and told his listeners that his office had two Bulgarian typewriters and that he had a car with United States

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license plates. In April, 1951, Subject was in contact with the French Vice-Consul and his wife, a French diplomat stationed in Athens, an elderly Greek who worked and otherwise had close connections with the French, and other Greek personalities. In April, 1951, besides his wife he had several other bed partners. Because of the operational security violations which had arisen, it was recommended urgently that Subject be removed from circulation.

- 4. Observers in Athens considered Subject to be too dictatorial and self-important and if he was not actually insane, he appeared to be suffering from delusions of grandeur. For instance, he made references to his future role as prime minister of Bulgaria. Because of Subject's nearetic, unstable character, it was deemed advisable to transfer Subject to Panama. Subject was taken to Panama on 6 September 1951 and was considered as a neuro-psychiatric case. On 9 October 1951, he began a hunger strike at midnight and did not break the fast until 9 a.m. on 14 October 1951. He asked that his former secretary in the Partisan Movement, who was located somewhere in Bulgaria, he brought to Panama. The doctors' concern, particularly the neuro-psychiatrist, indicated that they could not treat Subject adequately.
- 5. In February, 1954, Subject was returned to Greece. Prior to his return to Greece, Subject signed an agreement which would have resulted in his confinement to Syros under complete Greek custody and jurisdiction. (Attachment A)
- 6. In October, 1955, Subject sought admission to the United States under the Refugee Relief Program. Because years had passed since he had been in operational contact with Bulgarian refugees, it was felt that Subject should not be prevented from entering the United States.
- 7. Since entering the United States, Subject has been a continual source of embarassment. His megalomania is evident in the various communications with government agencies. For example, he recently commented in one letter that he would like to be appointed Richard Nixon's anti-communist adviser for Albania, Yugoslavia, Macedonia, Rumania, and Bulgaria. He stated that he could liberate all these countries within five years if he were allowed

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to work actively with financial support. His first objective would be to liberate Bulgaria, his homeland, make it a free democracy, and the 51st state of the United States.

8. More details on Subject's thinking, attitude, megalomania, and background can be found in the fellowing attachments:

- A. Certificate of Understanding.
- B. Interview with Dimiter DIMITROFF, 28 June 1960.
- C. Informal Memorandum from EE/BR. 1 July 1960.
- D. OO Contact Report, 12 October 1961.
- E. Memorandum for the Record, 17 Nevember 1961.

Attachments: a/s

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : FILE DATE: 20 Nov 1961

FROM : ACTING CHIEF, RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS BRANCH

SUBJECT:

DEMITER ADAMOFF DIMITROFF

#46165

THE ACTING DIRECTOR OF SECURITY ASKED THAT THIS FILE BE DOCU-MENTED TO REFLECT THE FOLLOWING:

FRED BLUMENTHAL OF PARADE MAGAZINE CALLED MR. GROGAN, ASSIS-TANT TO THE DCI, THIS DATE AND STATED THAT SUBJECT HAD BEEN IN CONTACT WITH HIM WITH AN ANTI-CIA STORY. DIMITROFF WAS IDENTI-FIED BY FULL NAME AND BIRTH DATA. HE CLAIMED THAT HIS CODE NAME WAS "DIKO", THAT HE WAS A MOVIE DIRECTOR AND SCRIPT WRITER AND THAT HE HAD BEEN CONNECTED WITH THE UNDERGROUND IN EUROPE. HE CLAIMED, ACCORDING TO BLUMENTHAL, THAT CIA TOOK HIM TO PANAMA, HAND CUFFED HIM AND HELD HIM IN CAPTIVITY.

MR. BANNERMAN REVIEWED DIMITROFF'S FILE AND ADVISED MR. GROGAN OF THE BACKGROUND IN THIS CASE. MR. GROGAN WAS ADVISED THAT DIMITROFF IS NOT NOW CONNECTED WITH CIA: THAT HE HAS HAD PSYCHIATRIC PROBLEMS, TRIED TO GET MONEY FROM FORMER VICE PRESI-DENT NIXON TO FINISH A BOOK, MADE WILD CLAIMS ABOUT CIAS TREAT-MENT OF HIM AND HAS, IN GENERAL, EXHIBITED AN ERRATIC BEHAVIOR PATTERN, CHARACTERIZING HIM AS UNRELIABLE AND UNTRUSTWORTHY.

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/o: Chief, Contact Division
Atta: Support Branch (Crowley)

12 October 1961 00-A-3198985

Jum Chief, Washington Office

(,DIKO)

Sulgest Dimiter Adamoss Dimitross - Renewed Effort for CIA Support

- 1. Mr. Hill of the BCI Security Office called Sheridan on 29 September 1961 to state that a Dimiter Dimitroff was trying to meet the DCI, and Mr. Bricker falt he should be handled by the Washington Field Office. Hill was told that Dimitroff had been interviewed at length in the Washington Field Office on 28 June 1960 after an effort to see Vice President Mixon (00-AS 3,161,567 under Case 11929). Sheridan suggested that Hill tell Dimitroff that his story was a matter of record, and there would be no purpose in further interview unless he had scoothing new to contribute.
- 2. Remetheless, an appointment was made for 2 October 1961 at the Washington Field Office. Dimitroff was obviously disappointed to be sent back to Sheridan and admitted that he had been trying to find another entre to the Agency for his proposals. He pointed out that he was still against the Democratic Party but was in favor of President Kennedy because of his strong anti-communist stand, and had been encouraged to resume his efforts by the president's appeals against communism.
- 3. Dimitroff stated that he can keep his country of Bulgaria, Albania, Macedomia, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and Poland in a turnoil against the USSR if given authority and backing by the CIA. He reiterated that he had been the youngest underground leader and was imprisoned by US citizens in the jungle for three years for continuing his fight. Although his former contacts are now ten years old, he is sure that they can be re-established and that his former comrades will rally to him in an active movement against the communists, rather than to continue in passive roles.
- 4. His latest plan is to form a Liberation Committee with himself as president. It would publish a Balgarian/English paper for world distribution to Bulgarian emigres in an effort to alert supporters. The tone would be cultural rather than openly political. He would also establish a central point to belp Bulgarian refugees. With this under way, Dimitroff said that himsely percent of Georgi Dimitrov's (Bulgarian National Committee) followers would defect to him. He said that Dimitrov is on the United States payroll and had called him a traitor to Bulgaria last week.

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- 5. Dimitroff's real aim is to recruit five thousand supporters of fighting aga. These would be used to invade Bulgaria by air drop into the southern mountain tier about April 1962. They would easily seize the cities of that area, which are held by more hundreds of police and communist officials. The attacks would be at night and in sufficient strength to surprise and overwhelm the opposition. Proclamations would be issued, prisoners released, recruiting carried out and a border area set up in the mountains with the passes heavily defended. He said there are only four rada into this southern area, so that it could be quickly and effectively scaled off. The United Mations would be called to intervane immediately, as it has done in Korea and the Compa.
- 6. This enclowe in Bulgaria would be the start of the overthrow of the communist government in that country. When this is achieved, Dimitroff said he would want only five years as the head of the state to establish true democracy on the United States order. Thereafter, he would be happy to retire, having fulfilled his promise to his followers that he would never give up the fight. He said that he was willing to die for the cause of a free Bulgaria and hopes that he can make it the fifty-first state of the United States.
- 7. To these ends he wrote a letter on 15 June 1961 to President Kennedy (copy strached). When he did not receive a reply, he called personally and was referred by a secretary to the State Department and then to CIA. Dimitroff needs funds and support from CIA and commented that if the Agency does not decide to support him in his anti-communist work, he will try to uncover the names of the US citizens responsible for wrecking his underground activities and for holding him prisoner for three years. This, he said, he used to his supporters because he has been able to do nothing without support.
- 8. Belstedly, he mentioned that he had written one of the greatest motion picture scripts ever. It is fictional but based on complete truths and is very strongly anti-communist. Unfortunately, he cannot find financial beckers and could use CIA money if his major project cannot be immediately adopted. The title of the piece is "One Dark Hight".
- 9. Dimitroff was informed that his visit and comments would be passed to any interested efficials, and he would be contacted should there be any need to do so. He insisted, however, that he would remain in Washington for a reasonable time swaiting an answer and will definitely try to open other doors than those of CIA. He is using a letter drop and answering service 422 Washington Building, DC5, ST 3-9474, in the pseudonym of Dimitriou. In the future he can always be reached through enother name Dimo Petroff at 67 Richmond Street West, Suite 304, Toronto 1, Catario, Canada.

F. J. Sheridan

Enclosure: as noted

1 July 1960

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Dimitur Adamov DIMITROV aka "Diko" DIMITROV

- 1. A review of Agency files reveals the following data concerning Subject and his association with CLA.
- 2. Subject was first contacted in October 1950 by the Field Chief of OFC activities in Athens, Greece. The purpose of this contact was to assess Subject as a principal agent and focal point in the recruitment of Bulgarians to participate in OFC operations directed against Bulgaria. For this purpose, an organization called the Democratic Bloc was established, and Subject was placed as its ostensible organizer and chief.
- 3. During the period October 1950 through March 1951, Subject remained in the employ of OPC in Athena and provided 21 agents for infiltration into Bulgaria, but he never participated in the cross-border operations.
- 4. In early 1951, various operational and administrative difficulties began to manifest themselves and it was decided that Subject should be removed from his position. In April 1951 it came to OPC's attention that Subject intended to sell his knowledge of CIA's activities to the French Intelligence Service. This fact was used as the primary reason for his removal from active participation in Bulgarian operations.
- 5. Because of operational security considerations stemming from his duplicity and personal make-up, it was deemed inadvisable to leave Subject at large in Greece and it was decided that he should be transferred to a GIA holding facility at Fort Clayton, Panama. He was airlifted from Athens to Frankfurt where he was hospitalized four days for observation, and then flown black to Fort Clayton, arriving on 4 September 1951. He remained there until January 1954.
- 6. A CIA case officer was dispatched from headquarters in May 1953 to Fort Clayton where he interrogated Subject. It was determined at that time that whatever operational knowledge Subject had of CIA, its methods, personnel, and operations was obsolete.

- 7. With termination of the holding facility at Fort Clayton, Subject was temporarily removed to Greece since there were no other immediate possibilities to resettle him. (The attached understanding with Subject was effected o/a 12 January 1954 at the time of his removal from Fort Clayton.) CIA made a commitment to the Greek authorities that CIA would not abandon Subject in Greece and would take steps to remove him from Greek soil within one year. Efforts were made to effect Subject's migration to Canada, New Zealand, Australia and elsewhere, but to no avail. After due consideration by interested headquarters elements and the Athens Station, it was decided that the best effective solution for Subject's disposal would be to let him immigrate to the United States on his own under the Refugee Belief Act program, but without any assistance from CIA.
- 8. Since arrival in the United States, Subject has come to our attention on the following occasion:
 - On 14 May 1957, the Department of State informed CIA that Subject had contacted their office and tried to interest them in purchasing a feature length film script. At that time Subject told the Department of State that he was living in Newark, New Jersey, with his wife and seven-year-old daughter and was in Washington on a visit. The State Department had no interest in the film script and asked if members of this Agency would like to meet Subject and discuss the script. This offer was turned down. The case officer involved understood that State Department then discontinued all contact with Subject. There is no further information available.
- 9. Although he was considered to be of operational value at the time he was originally picked up by elements of CIA. Subject's subsequent actions, lack of integrity and poor security indicated that he was unworthy of any further operational consideration. He has a tendency to exaggerate to the point of lying and become involved in deals of which he was the financial benefactor. Throughout all his deals, however, there is the thread of alleged national pride and desire to project himself in the fight against Communism. There have been reported rumors of his having been a Bulgarian IS agent even during the time when he was employed by CIA. No concrete evidence, however, was actually uncovered to substantiate these allegations, which are believed to be typical of denunciations made by rival political factions among emigres.

10. As the result of the review of Subject's case, it is recommended that nothing further be done for him since he does not possess any damaging information concerning current operations and his memory of past operations and personalities is between nine and ten years old. (In view of the circumstances of termination, it should be pointed out to Subject that in pressing the United States Government for further assistance he is liable for prosecution under the espionage and secrecy laws of the United States Government.)

Attachment: Certification of understanding

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Attas Mr. Dagroed

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Como 33039 - Directore Ministerete (Dibo)

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I. On 27 June, Gorage Persons notified Startion time.

General Contains of their Provident Minor's office had regulated us.

Loudish contact with a Distinct Cotopplicus. Getaggilars had

noted for an appointment with the Three Provident and had indicated that

he was a Ballots undergowed Jorder. After several attempts, contact was

male and an appointment was out for the Vanhington Office at 15 Mi co.

26 June.

2. On All June Colompalson meriods and At bounds out that his men is notedly The Ad. Rimitsoff. He emplained, by way of introduction, that he was an important underground lander in Balgaria decing and after Back line II; had bed a long history of acti-Consectat analyzition; and was very contone that Time Provident Hisma be elected traderition; and was very enclose that Time Provident Hisma be elected traderit. He fall that Rises was provide the Provident Granustan. He could take the accountry aggregates a separate world Consectant. He commonted that he would like to be appointed Rises a taki-Consectato odriner for Albanda, Impalaria, Received Rises at this five years if he were allowed to work activity with financial account, has without pay to bisential to the first chief chief the Libert of the Albanda Respect, his houseless; the Circu discovery, and were affect the drove of become of becoming the Circu-Circuit His state.

3. Dimitroff them gave his detailed history. De 1941 when he was cheen 60 years old, he had Just discovered his taltade as a post of about the time the Common additiony forces took over the country. He proceeded to evitation the Germans and the Sectors in print, while proceeded to evitation the Germans and the Sectors in print, while proceeding 60 demonsory. Decrease of this stand he required a name and photons. In 1943, the 60 and the 60 met a sellitary mission to the Sectors water a 19 general who per Philipped a particle and brockers. A mosting man consequed in the amendates and the general hold Distinct? that they was locating for such a years, vigorous basis who had the visit visupped . The 66 would personally support him in all ways if he would lead as underground force. The general soled him to proper the ground in Delgaria for the 33 anxiet, when the General finally retreated.

is the business of this meeting. Markers? Seems the Seems to Liberate Moreover. He operated fairly agenly and non-van extend by the Seemson in the Seemson, the Seemson that the Seemson that the people would rise up if they itlied "Nies" (his non-de-plane and non-de-guerre). He was therefore termed over to Seisber, who confined him to his notive tous of him where he was hold for appreciantely two mostles and during which he last section with the Si Mineton. In riselly

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pend his to best and toll the Marie to be situation. She brought he and to continue his efforts to be suspect in possible to the momentum. The general were less and he did suspect in potting may to revive his Momentum as the Bulgarine Democratic Mice, which was beened on US democratic principles. At this steps, this same US military classes between Tibo's Communists and Rike's group. The general bold Rike that Tibe was fighting for the case comes but the general cotabily personally supported the Democratic particular. He added that all would case out alright ofter the Same.

- fulfill the provice of going into the Ballance. The Saviete envised fulfill the provice of going into the Ballance. The Saviete envised increed. Piles's people began to question his leadership but abilitated to mariet the Saviete, who excelled them at Shower. The sametation retreated to the mentaling to the month. Bindings of some them to see Calcumb Backlance (air) of the new W military mission to Balgaria, chief of stiph was General Cross (air). Colonel Backlance Rose nothing of the scalar trip of the Summer Military mission which by this time was operating contratively of the Summer Military mission which by this time was operating contratively in Toposlaria. Bissaver, be use interested in appointing for president and aid from Markinghas but so word was furthereding for account made while Pindinet? Specialist to Depolaria and not Summer. Cook, proposessor to the original Disgraces. Richards had not. Cook proble not halp him because of some jurisdiction.
- Incompless the winter Medievel's group supplied themselves with gone shalos from military steems in Inigeria and started their fight again in the Spring of 1995. Distincted based that his original ID general was in Ingestavia and journaged out to not him. He was again told that the general had no journaged out to not him. He was again told that the general had no journateless any longer for Bulgaria. On the way to my goodbye to the General, Musicant was establed. He was police and put in juil for 65 days on brand and satisfactors. He was interespected on his exchange with the SI Mission during this time. The Sulgarian Communist Generals washed Distinct Alive on the Ingestave toward him over at the horder to a Julgarian Licetonant extend. Rimited purposed the extend to herize the holders had they total went to Coloural Backloon' house, where Maitwoof remained to recover his health and the licetonact colours to a subscription. He people in the moments was such the horders and health and the program in a convert two miles from Juliances there were skill no converte and from Maitwoof. He people in the moments and from Maitwoof. He people in the moments and there was the life people in the moments and the literature. He people in the
- 7. At this time the military minutes was present out of the occupiny and was replaced by a Hr. Gregoriall. After several meetings Gregoriall finally told Binitarell he should no langur fight the Sevicine that he would get no support from the Wig that Gregoriall would not not that Westington for help and Rimitroil should give bimpill up. On the bacts of this meeting Binitarell considers Gregoriall a Gregorial. Dissipate was to september to many Ambanacier Bures to express his suspicions should be presented and to explain about the false

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promises of over a year. Before he could meet the Ambassador, Dimitroff was betrayed at his / safe / house in Sofia by the landlady for one million leve, and was arrested by the Bulgarian secret police. He was tortured by electricity, physical means, vater, devices, and starvation. During this time he was regularly questioned by a Soviet Commissar but told nothing because he knew he was to die and had to create an example. Finally sentenced to death by hanging, he waited daily for nine months for it to be carried out. Later he learned he had not been executed because the authorities wanted him to testify at the trial of Fikola Pethov

8. In 1947 he was working in a labor gang and was rescued by the underground, which sent him to the house of the US Ambassador. Arrangements were made through US personnel, over a period of two weeks, to send Dimitroff to Greece. He was warned not to use his name "Diko" but did use his regular name. The Communists offered a million leve reward for his death or easture in brochures with his picture.

that Pethor had supported Dimitroff's movement.

- 9. In Greece, ISE military personnel recognized him from the photographs and took him from a Greek hospital. US General Scott not and offered him complete support and a radio station at Salonika to renew underground activities. Scott was very mati-US and for that reason limitroff refused the offer. The following day all uniforms and gifts given him by UE personnel were removed and he was turned back to the Greeks, who employed him in a radio station in Athena broadcasting against Bulgarian Communists.
- 10. During 1948, Communist agents were sent to Athens to kill him. For this reason he went to Italy at the suggestion of the Greek Government. In 1949 while at Bari, a Mr. Clark from the US Embassy in Greece, who know him as "Dilor", seked Dimitroff to return to Greece end. to renew the fight with his underground if it could be revived. At its peak it had consisted of 250 secret posts and ten thousand active members. They returned together to Athens and set up an open Liberation Committee with Dimitroff as president. The organization traded Bulgarians in Frankfurt and near Athens. Many of these were later parachated into Bulgaria starting in 1949. His operations were purely military and did not involve espionage. Another W service in Greece, primarily interested in espionage, was headed by a Mr. Eving (sie) or Using (sie) for which all types of Bulgarians were working for money. When Binitroff's men attempted to cross the Bulgarian frontier they were sometimes ashushed by Eving's people or were betrayed to the Enlgarian Commists... To cheek personally be went on an inspection of the frontier with a US Army representative, a Mr. George. They talked to his people who had been forced back and George realized that Eving was collaborating with the Commists. George reported this to Clark who returned to Washington with the story and never some back to Greece.
- Il. Clark was replaced by a Mr. Allen, of German origin, Russian speaking, Moseow educated, and a Communist. At their first meeting, Allen told Dimitroff to take it easy, that there was planty of time to fight the Communists. Thereafter it was apparent that Ewing was learning all of Dimitroff's plans, schedules, and secrets through Allen, and Ewing's people began openly to deride Dimitroff. This killed the

SIGRE

* SECRET

cairit of Dinkiroff's people in the scape. George told Minitroff that Allen too was a Communist and economicing with Dring. Allen put presumes on Dinkiroff for the Leastion of the merest posts in Delivate but Dinkiroff refused to give the information. George thereing but Dinkiroff refused to give the information. George thereing to be but some Allen to Greece and Leasting that it was a Mr. White, a Trumen savings who later econities existing for being a Communist. George took this information to the Ul vin President and saver poterned to Greece.

12. Distinged continued to recich Allen's dissence for details of his secure. Allen and there was no use lighting the Committee; that they could not best the Seriets; that Committee was not too bed, and that it would be best to beach up the security was finished being a Committed population to be bed, it is not be could term to other satisfact which had approached him. Allen told him to go also do not into one. That night best approached him, allen told him to go also do not into one. That night binited? was called to a tailding man the Seriet Inheavy where he was received by Greek police at Allen's request based to make satisfactly from himbington. After at Allen's request based to make satisfactly from himbington. After a plantity Subgarians sent to hill him. At the inland there were no Bulgarians but only a few decay brogger string, remangements were made by the these tests satisfactly a few decay brogger string, remangements were made by the these tests satisfactly greens and had, arranged for Budgarian? To go to Westington. The two set in Athens and Allen gave kinitaries a property in the mean of Carlote School, presentably becomes Rimitwell's life was in deaper. Allen took had to possible formances from Athens to Italy to remain the search had to possible decomming for about a week becomes with him one and was half for these allens and does a General ways with him one and was half.

Institut to the sispert during which they changed over six times. They bearied a four-engine plane secretly and Rimitself was told be use hiding from the General plane statement and Rimitself was told be use hiding from the General police although only 96 12's were in eight, after leading of the flaces they remained about until no one was around before guiting off for food. At Remain they sharped to receiver silitary plane which flaw his to Farmes (1971). In France City to remained hidden in the told of the plane, despite his protests, until a frightened 15 enlevel in uniform took them by our to his house. Blaitmoff's begans and papers were taken from him and he was told that he had to be checked at a hospital before entening the Ul. At the hospital he was put in a room, which was actually a call, and was checked by a Dr. Plafford. In was told he was too weak to go to the Ul for a few days, and should next. A man mond from Stanley mos from Washington, told him not to youry shout his pulsely my longer, that he small be well stand for by a 13 dector and mann and a 18 secretary. He had not been parentical to speak to arrows the common that the grant were a Commonstating the Stational's not be decined him that the grant were a Commonstating ring and that Electroni's not because him that the grant were a Commonstating and that Electroni's he because him that the grant were a Commonstating and that Electroni's he because him that the grant were a Commonstating and that Electroni's he because him that the grant were a Commonstating and that Electroni's he because him that the grant were a Commonstating and that Electroni's he because him that the grant were a Commonstating and that Electroni's he because him that the grant were a Commonstating and that Electroni's he because him that the grant were a Commonstating and the Electroni's he was not a constant of the lead of the lead of the Electronic him the transmission of the large and t

SIMI

d out of the oraly thereafter Dimitroff was hospital without any of his belongings, having been told that they were taking him to Venezuela. Actually he was taken to Colon to an old standored coach artillery building. In was threstened not to try to escape and was left with five W sivilian grands. When he become ill a doctor serived and gave him shote. For the next three years be was kept there. During this period a series of US personnel arrived from West ingica to see him. Finally he threstened to walk out and they sould shoot him if they wished. At this, he was told he would be taken to Musico but at the sirport there was only an ambalance. He was tied and gagged is the Communist fashion and taken back by the subalance to the so artillary area but placed in an old shall magazine under guard. He never had enough air although he wee kept in the hole for seven months. The IN grands told him that they would kill him when the time come. Finally he had purious yains in his about and a doctor from Mashington was brought in who diagnosed that he would die within brendy-four hours if not respond. He was returned to his old building for three or four

panis among the gazeds and figure were assigned. One day he found that there were no longer say about but he was afreid to your yellow himses on the trees beyond which they would shoot him down. Finally three new US individuals serived and asked him whether he was siright. They stated that they were from Vice President Himm's office and had come there to save him. They further stated that the Vice President had found Communist records in his office in the White House when he took it over and had immediately sent the three to help blue. They offered him a life paneton and a ville in Virginia but him was still afreid of tempting office and preferred to be returned to Greece. The individuals brought him a suiteness of elethes and took him to a hotel in Cristobal. They reported to Vice President Hims who are are also do soything blue wanted.

16. They returned him in the Spring of 1934 to the Greek authorities in Athens. He not a new VS group who become very friendly with him and to whom he told much of his story. These included Hallver of the United Intions, Behrich (sto) 18 Cultural Attache and some WIA officials. They senared him that he sould go to the US as a free man without danger. He arrived in New York in November 1956 with the intention of writing his story in an Anti-Commutat book. At first he worked se a junitor in Seneck, New Juracy. At this time he not the Greek Asbasendor who sent him to Syrres Shoures. Element refused to help, saying that Cummists had never hurt him and he did not wish to be involved. Dibo also met, in New York City, James T. Eartin, a 18 Danigration official who had essisted his departure from Greece. Eartis suggested that he write Procident Risenhouse for support, which he did. The letter was referred to the State Department and USIA being ultimately asserted by Turner 2. Shelton of USIA. Binitrust met Shelton in Washington to discuse the possibility of support in filming his story but Shelton obviously thought Distincts subalanced by segmenting that he would be seried writer, produces, end director.

SECRET.

SECRE!

17. Thereafter Bindtepil went to Bailywood where he appeared account times on television with his general secti-Communist story. In worked on a house painter while writing ball of the book. Finally, without lands, he again wrote Skulten for a five-threshed deline loss but received no help. When Fice Provident Sixon was late trackle on his trip to Latin America, Dimitroil weeds to Provident Sixonhouse again, receiving an assessor from Contents of the Vice Provident's affice miggoring that he content WIR. Binitroil slee write a part to the Vice Provident of Christman 1919 winting his wall with the presidency, to which he got a parameter answer.

13. The mention ago, Dinitired reacted a latter from a Minus. Very many in California asking him to joks. The replicate with a request for five themsed delines to complete his 5-30 page book which would bely Minus measuredly with the providential alcodius. It would be published just a maria between the alcodius and would prove the Summaria had inclosestably allowed the Summaria to approve in the Summaria to approve in the second poor man. The back would also show him him had gave and of late very to save one poor man. The back would also show him day to finish and political him plant to the in page at the Summaria activities.

Approximately from to six theorems deliars in date. Sixin in
Sallywood he measurement a medical declar. In date. Sixin in
Sallywood he measurement a medical declar. In date. Sixin professor metion plateres on
the adds. The two approad that Discipated absolute water a sprint for a merio,
which he did complete after becoming the manay to live on while weating
on it. The series was presented to the declar, Discipatiff beatgrows,
was requested. The declar them recognized bin as an Anti-Commeter
helperies leader and deviancy did ast like this season in Anti-Commeter
the payments. The declar them recognized bin as an anti-commeter
helperies leader and deviancy did ast like this season bed bineveld as being
the morandor and deviance of Commeters and despethed bineveld as being

22. Dissistants who thought the other shory to Bisser's bestime assess and topolise assess the got help from the callinguist who thought the other important and wealth top to got help from which friends, he wall he try to accomp on interview with Curistan. Two wealth the the first that the resistant or like project and to make a desperate plan for financial aid. He stated that the Yies Treations among the first plan financial and in plants of like the Callinguist south for the financial made in the final the Callinguist south for the financial south for the like the contract for the world be willing to become it will the book to discussify interventional communication. He ments publisher would take the book to discussify interventional communicate. He ments for all lay to finish the book, and property to develop the members publishing.

21. Distinct ballares that is talking to Sharidan he use talking to a seabor of his Missor's staff. He was seemed that it would probably be impossible for the fice Probables to suspin, over should be wish to do so. Distinct to remain a seasy this, ballaring completely in the Vice Problems's suthersty in such authors. He said that he would write in his botal (Indianam's Dourist Home, 239 F Stouch, M. V., Balandones Exptrist 7-2563, Miropolitan 5-7131 where he is registered as Galangolium)

SECRET ()

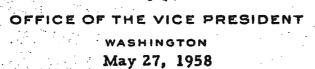
23. Distinct; edded he only had three or four dallars with him but that he would become further and begged that he require some occurs by the end of this week. He feels more that the Pice President, who came directly to his aid in Passam, will seeing him at this stage and he is sure that his book will be helpful to Himan in the election. Distinct arged that this semicandes be elecally held in the Yier President's office and funned that he might be endangered should the Dissources learn of it. He should that he would probably also content. Just Haggarty, the Write Broom Press Secretary and Gazge Allen, head of Wife, although he preferred to speit word from the Yier President.

23. Distinct?'s how address in 1/d4 South Besser Avenue, Log-Angelse 6, California. So is beartly overion with his west at present. Distinct? has applied for 10 sitinesship but stated that if a Descount be elected by would fine the country.

Pt. No commitments were under them that Minitroff would probably receive an enquer. He has the Weshington Office Maghana and we estimipate a call within the mest for days. Flease have Mr. Hiron's coffice reply to Distings or provide so with further instructions in view of the agency and political implicables involved.

P. J. Charlen

Perlacer W-13341





Mr. Dim. Ad. Dimitroff 1424 S. Kenmore Avenue Los Angeles 6, California

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

On behalf of the Vice President I wish to acknowledge your letter of May 20 concerning your plans to fight Communism.

You may be sure that the Vice President sympathizes with your desire and your firmness of purpose; however, I must tell you that the State Department and the United States Information Agency are the operative agencies in this field. I can only suggest, therefore, that as you continue to develop your ideas you keep in touch with them so that they can give your projects careful consideration.

I know that the Vice President would want me to extend to you his good wishes and his appreciation for your generous comments concerning his South American trip.

Sincerely,

250

R. E. Cushman, Jr. Executive Assistant to the Vice President



UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY WASHINGTON

May 12, 1958

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

I appreciated your thoughtful letter of May 5 relative to the cultural agreement between the USSR and the United States signed January 27, 1958.

As you know from talking with me, I am fully cognizant of the problems that exist relative to the Soviet Union and their relations with the Free World. It is, however, because of the serious problems that we believe it is so very necessary to reach the people of the Soviet Union by the means of motion pictures, radio, television and other methods of communication in order that they may have a better understanding of the freedom and way of life which we have the great honor and privilege to enjoy.

I assure you that everyone connected with matters relative to the purchase and sale of American and Soviet motion pictures is completely aware of the problems relative to these matters, as well as to the opportunities which are presented.

Let me thank you most sincerely for your interest and assure you that we will not fail to exercise caution and deliberation in connection with the implementation of this agreement.

Sincerely yours.

Turner B. Shelton

Director

Motion Picture Service

Mr. Dim. Ad. Dimitroff 1424 S. Kermore Avenue Los Angeles 6, California



General Dico Dimitrov, Bulgarian Freedom Fighter spoke briefly to the assembly as he urged everyone to do all in their power to overcome the evil of Communism. Write your elected officials in Washington telling them how you feel.

DIKO, REFUGEE BULGARIAN ANTI-COMMUNIST . claims Reds still peril him

GUARDS AGAINST REDS

13-00000

Refugee Lives in Fear of Tormentors

"They do not give up. Even in America the peril is great. I am always in danger," he said.

Dika i Dimitroff, is Dimiter Adamoff f, five-foot five, 140 pounds. He spells his name with revolts in Hun the double "f" because the Rus-land," said Diko.

He said he made one TV. appearance in Hollywood. Which was followed by a threat of physical violence, presumably Red-inspired.

SPARKED UNDERGROUND

The pocket-sized, hazel-eyed poet and writer once sparked the Bulgarian underground. His name flamed from resist-His name flamed from resist-garia was the Danube Val-ance pamphlets to teach Red ley Organization for Resistance puppets that the pen can be This folded for lack of outside mightier than the sword.

His mission today is to "show things"

the free world how things were before and how they are now and what can happen here if the Reds take over. If they like the picture, let them go ahead and accept it."

again, a tanay when he was 17, p) left the village of his father to meet a challenge; the Nazi h and.

What the Reds took over in Bulgaria Diko stayed underground.

Resistance is a Bulgarian's revision his wrestled to escape the Cath bonds of succeeding masters. Those who choose to fight can five many trails blazed. So annaks Diko.

COMMUNISM'S MEANING

"I'm an anti-communist. I feel obliged to tell this story, the story I lived. I feel it would he a crime not to tell what Communism means to the

Vaille Para Cini

By DAN SWINTON

A square-jawed Bulgarian This story is wrapped up in a book Diko has written. It is to 1953.

A life of fear and flight even in Los Angeles because of communist tyranny.

Diko, a panedonym that once ignited resistance to Red force, said that even here he had to guard against the vengeful hand of his Old World tormentors.

"They do not give up. Even in America the peril is great. I sistance leader.

"In Hungary and Poland the decided he must tell his story uprising originated among the to the West. He came to the Communists themselves. Those U.S. as a political refugee. among the populace who hated the Reds joined later. But at first it was an attempt to set up a Tito form of Nationalist Communism," Diko explained.

ESCAPED TO GREECE His first anti-Red unit in Bul-

OBITUARIES

JOSEPH M. GASKI

Trinty Cainole Cauron. He had at culture infultration. "This is the 1230 Bruncauck Ata, and ned Thesday culture infultration, "This is the life as with the police force since 1924 biggest kind of propaganda. Let and retired on a disability pension in 1934. He leaves his widow Brights; them show the prisons and the woo danchers, Mary Anne and Mrs. torture camps, instead of the

MRS, IDA M. MURRAY
tequiem Mass for Mrs. Ina N. Mur
Di, widow of Mexico and wester,
sing engineer Capt. M. D. Murray
celeorated today in Hojiv Nam
holic Church. Size died Saturda
her honte. 2558 S. Hohart Blyd. Sh
was a daughter. Eva A. a ao

FUNERALS

HOLDEN -- Maria Holden. Beloved wife of Henry A. Holden, sister of Richard D. and Donald R. Berry.

Services Friday, 9 a.m., at the Chard by the Strikes Friday, 10 a.m., at Byram Warns Today County Tax Deadline

County Tax Collector Howard ram warned property owners that they must pay current tax bills by 5 p.m. today or be subject to penalties.
After the deadline, delinquent

taxpayers will be charged a set fee of \$2.50 plus six per cent of the total due

Byram said about 76 per cen of the total tax charge of \$63,-000,000 has been collected so

Property owners may bills in person at the tax col-lector's office, 840 S. Hill St. Remittances by mail will also

he acceptable provided they are postmarked by 5 p.m.

However, Byram advised citi-zens to mail their payments at least by noon to make sure they clear postoffices.

Dinner-Dance Slated

The Men's Club of the Sunair Foundation will hold a din-ner-dance April 17 at the ner-dance April 17 at the Sportsmen's Lodge in North

sistance leader.

He said Bulgarian resistance come, he said. But he insisted was grass roots resistance, "This was different from the revolts in Hungary and Polattack on tyranny.

I Hungary and Polattack on tyranny.

Fourteen months ago Diko decided by

STILL IN HIDING

here. I have been writing my story. Besides, I have to be careful about disclosing my

whereabouts," said Diko.

Yankee dedication to honesty and veracity may lose the cold war with Communism, Diko warned.

"Americans have to he tougher, rougher. They have to learn to lie the way the Reds lie. You can't pick up this snake with your hands." he said.

them show the prisons and the torture camps, instead of the ballets' and the motion pictures," said Diko.

He hopes the message will get through, But he admits his urgings may not sail any ships.

"I'm not as important as I was:" says Diko. "But I'm still

was," says Diko. "But I'm still the same fellow."

'Miss Van Nuys' Off to Penitentiary

Mrs. Anita Baxter Ester-old, 20, attractive former wold, 20, attractive: former "Miss Van Nuys," began a five-

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE OF ALERICAN PENVOLEN LOS AUGELES BRANCH Charter No.1

Dear Penwomen,

A HAPPY NEW YEAR! Our new year of 1958 begins with our next Meeting -Tuesday, January 14th, - let's all be there. Our Program starts at 12:00 Noon, at the Hotel Knickerbocker, 1714 Ivar Street, Hollywood, California.

A General Workshop will be conducted at 11:00 A. H.

Joe Balding will lead us in the Salute To The Flag.

Dr. Edna II. Phillips, Vice President, will give the Invocation,

i. Demitroff, author, journalist, writer and poet, is our Guest Speaker. We look forward with pleasure and anticipation to hearing him speak on "The Role of the Bulgaria Writers Before and After the Communist Regime."

Mr. A. J. Burns, Educational Manager of the Western Division of the Readers' Digest, will be presented with great pride. His subject, "Building A Better World Through Better Reading" should strike to all our hearts as writers.

Dr. Lucia Liverette, President, with her husband, Dr. Jack Liverette, Pastor of the Community Church of Los Angeles, will present a Musical Program of Accordion and Saxaphone Numbers.

Dean Callerias of St. Sophia Greek Orthodox Church is our Honor Guest.

BOARD LESTING will follow the Program.

We wish to thank our President again for the most enjoyable time as guests in her home on December 29th.

PLEASE remember to pay 1958 Dues and help our Treasurer to start her work in our behalf.

DR. EDNA M. PHILLIPS, Program Chairman



UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY WASHINGTON

July 20, 1957

Dear Mr. Dimitroff:

I very greatly appreciated your thoughtful letter of July 17. I shall certainly take occasion to watch the television program to which you refer at my next opportunity.

Please accept my best wishes.

Sincerely.

Turner B. Shelton

Director

Motion Picture Service

Mr. Dim. Ad. Dimitroff 1236 S. Menlo Avenue Los Angeles 6, California