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> FROM: JOSEPH A. CALIFANO, JR. TO: ICCCA REPRESENTATIVES

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DATE: 11/26/1963

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INFORMATION FURNISHED THROUGH DIPLOMATIC

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ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN CUBA

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COMMENTS: Califano Papers, Box 5, Folder 2. Memo No. 83 from Joseph Califano with enclosures from the British

Embassy, Havana related to the Cuban economy and the effects of hurricane FLORA.

Department of the Army EO 13526

□ Declassify □ Exclude □ Exempt

Authority_

Refer To Review Date 19

NO STATE OBJECTION

v9.1

26 NOV 1963

MEMORANDUM NO. 83 FOR GENERAL EARLE G. WHEELER (JCS)

MR. FRANK K. SLOAM, Dep Asst Sec/Def ISA

(Regional Affairs)

MAJOR GENERAL J. D. ALCER, USA REAR ADMINAL W. P. A. WENDT, USK major general J. W. Carpenter. III. Usap^o BRICADIER GENERAL C. J. CUILTER, USAC

SUBJECT:

Interdeportmental Coordinating Committee of Cuban Affairs: Reports from Eritish and Canadian Embassics in Havana

Attached Embassy reports are circulated to points of contact for information.

> Signed: A. M. Haig Lt Colonel, USA

A Hoseph A. Collifano, Jr. General Counsel

Attachments An Stated

Mr. Yarmolinsky (OSD)

Mr. Califano Lt Col Haig

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NW 56829 DocId:32424585 Page 2

Base

BRITISH EMBASSY.

HAVANA.

(9709/63)

October 25, 1963.

You will have seen a copy of Iain Sutherland's letter 10321/63 of October 10 to me, about the effects of hurricane FLORA (not to J.I.B.). This letter is by way of an interim reply to it, drawing together the various sources of information on Flora which are now available.

- 2. The Cuban press has been full of minor detail for the past week or so and will warrant study by the intelligence communities on both sides of the Atlantic. The main points have been sent to the Department in Stephen Eccles' letters 1701/63 of October 11, 17 and 24; the last of these enclosing a summary of Castro's report on television.
- 3. You will be receiving by this bag also, a copy of an on-the-spot appreciation by Michael Collins from Santiago.
- 4. A well-made and informative news film has been shown here which is revealing both as to the damage caused by Flora and as to the quantity of amphibious vehicles with which the Cuban Army are equipped. I believe it is this film which an I.T.N. news reporter (Miss Caroline McCullough) was given before she left: if it is it is well worth close study.
 - 5. There may be another film taken by Reuters' local reporter which we think may have been smuggled out of the country, but we are not sure. If it was got out successfully it will probably have ended up at Reuters, and you may care to ask for it to be made available.
 - 6. As Sutherland said in his letter under reference, it will take some time before enough evidence is collected to make a really useful assessment on the economic effects. But we have made a first attempt, which appears as an Annex to this letter.
 - 7. I am copying this letter to Sutherland in Washington and to J.I.B.

(P.H. Scott)

A.D. Parsons, Esq., M.C., American Department, FOREIGN OFFICE, S.W.1.

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USA. ASG. CONTROL NO. 27329

(1701/63)

ANBEX

FIRST ASSESSMENT

ECONOMIC EFFECTS OF FLORA

(a) Sugar.

This year's production of 3.8 million tons would probably have been bettered next year because of increased new sowings, additional machinery of a kind that might actually be useful (for lifting cane rather than for cutting it), and renewed emphasis on the importance of sugar. But maximum possible was probably only 4.3 million tons, of which 2.3 million would come from the affected areas. On the basis of a third being lost in the affected areas. On the basis of a third being lost in the affected zone (more through drop in yield than because of cane destroyed) total for next year will probably be in the region of 3.5 million tons. Hence, with the sugar rationing which is to come into force in Cuba, probably only slightly less will be available for export than last year.

(b) Tobacco.

Together with sugar this This should be unaffected. accounts for nearly 90% of Cuba's export earnings.

CONCLUSION ONE

Export earnings will only be slightly less than last year, but considerably less than what was hoped for (perhaps £40 million less).

(c) Coffee.

(Assuming loss of 400,000 quintals out of an expected crop of 850,000 quintals). Crop available for domestic use - 450,000 quintals, i.e. 45 million pounds. Now 6 million people drawing their full ration of 3 ozs. per week for one year need 58 million pounds (not all take it, of course, but much is also used in hotels, cafés, etc.) So none will be available for export.
Indeed 5,000 tons of Brazilian coffee has already
been ordered (i.e. 11.2 million pounds), but no more
should be required if the Covernment is prepared to keep the ration below 3 ozs. The cost of the Brazilian coffee must be in the region of £1 million; but some of this may be given to Cuba either by the Russians or by the Brazilians.

(d) Other losses.

These will have no effect on foreign earnings. Main effects will be extension of period of austerity, and standstill in public works (other than industrial) in other provinces for some time. Food will be in even Effects on most agricultural products shorter supply. will be short lived however as soil is so fertile. Cattle losses are hard to estimate. There are no Cattle losses are hard to estimate. official figures for overall losses or indeed for the total cattle population. But if we reckon on 4 mineral of cattle, of which half in the two stricken But if we reckon on 4 million and as some hearsay reports suggest provinces; estimate losses as 10% of the herd (i.e. 200,000 head), milk products and especially meat will take a few years

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/ to

to recover. It might prove necessary to spend additional money abroad on such items as breeding cattle stock, household effects and constructional items (e.g. steel piping and electric cable). These may cost £10 million.

CONCLUSION TWO

On the home front both the period and degree of austerity, both as regards food and consumer goods, will be increased. General construction work will be held back.

GENERAL CONCLUSION.

- 1. Compared to 1963 drop in export earnings plus additional imports caused by Flora, will amount to around £10 £15 million. But 1963 totals were low and another £40 million should probably be added to this total to compare it with what was probably hoped for.
- 2. There will be nothing to spare abroad to alleviate the further lowering of the standard of living at home.

(S.D. Eccles)
BRITISH EMBASSY,
HAVANA
October 25, 1963.

JFK Assassination System Identification Form

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6/24/201

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REPORT ON CUBAN PRISON CONDITIONS

THE 26TH OF JULY CELEBRATIONS

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Califano Papers, Box 5, Folder 2. Memo from Joseph Califano with enclosures from the British

Embassy, Havana related to Cuba.

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NO STATE OBJECTION

MEMORANDUM FOR GENERAL CARROLL, DIA

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Information

The attached Canadian Embassy (Havana) cable and British Embassy Report were furnished this office through Department of State channels and are forwarded for your information.

> Signed: A. M. Haig Lt Colonel, USA

Joseph A. Califano, Jr. General Counsel

Attachments (2)

- 1. Cable fr CanEmb Havana, dated 22 Aug 63
- 2. Ltr fr British Emb, dated
- 21 Aug 63, w/2 Incls

Mr. Califano Lt Col Haig

OSA, ASG Control No.203

REGRADED UNCLASSIFIED WHEN SEPARATED SECRET FROM CLASSIFIED INCLOSURES

FM HAVANA AUG22/63 CONFD

TO EXTERNAL 181 OPINGO

INFO TT WASHDO LIN MATOPARTS PERMISHY PRIORITY FM OTT BAG MOSCOW FM LUR

INTERNAL SITUATION

SEVERAL INCIDENTS IN PAST TEN DAYS HAVE SERVED TO DISTURD SOMEWHAT
THE FEELING OF CONSOLIDATION AND RELATIVE TRANQUILLITY WHICH CASTRO
REGIME HAD SUCCEEDED IN CREATING IN RECENT MONTHS, ATTACK WAS
LAUNCHED BY BOAT AGAINST FACTORY IN PIRAB DEL RIO, A PLANE FIRED
UPON SUGAR MILL AND ANOTHER ATTACKED SMALL RALLWAY YARD AND
PETROLEUM DUMP AT BORT OF CASILDA BEAR THE RECAMBRAY. GOVT CLAIMS
THAT DAMAGE WAS BLIGHT, BUT ADMISSION OF ANY EXTENSIVE DAMAGE
IS UNUSUALLY CERTAINLY RUMDUES ABOUND THAT THESE BALKS WERE MORE
DESTRUCTIVE THAN OFFICIALLY ACKNOWLEDGED. THERE ARE ALSO PERSISTENT
REPORTS THAT MATAHAMBRE COPPUR MINE WAS SABOTAGED.

2.In Addition, there are indications that gove is adopting barder line towards its internal enemies. Some of larger remaining private farms are now being confiscated by gove which recards quote rural bourgeoisie unquote as class enemy. Execution of seven supposed classents has been announced this month, we have been told that some twenty people were executed in las villas province, some of whom head been held for a number of months without trial as is the cuban practice. A lady her heard from her brother in Cabanas prison that OSA, ASG Control No. 2037C

THREE

CONFIDENTIAL

THREE ARMY OFFICERS HAD BEEN SHOT THERE. SHORTLY AFTERWARDS A CLOSELY GUARDED MIG OF ARMY POLITICAL INSTRUCTORS WAS HELD IN MAKEMUL HAVANA. SPORADIC FIGHTING STILL APPEARS TO BE TAKING FLACE IN THE ESCAMBRAY.

3.YOU ARE AWARE OF THE ACTION OF CUEAN MEXIMO AUTHORITIES IN SWATCHING 19 CUEAN EXAMAN CITIZENS FROM UNINHABITED ERIT ISLAND IN BAHAMAS AND SUBSEQUENT BRIT DECISION TO LODGE PROTEST. I LEARNED FROM BRIT CHARGE THAT ONLY AT LAST MINUTE WAS IT DECIDED TO DEMAND RETURN OF THE PERSONS INSTEAD OF MERELY SEEKING FORMAL APOLOGY AS FO CRIGINALLY INTENDED.

4. CUBANS HAVE CHARGED USA IS ORGANIZING CAMPAIGN OF SUBVERSION AND SABOTAGE FROM BASES IN CRETEAU AMERICA. THEY SEEM UNCERTAIN OF USA PLANS AND CENUINELY APPREHENSIVE OVER TRIS POSSIBILITY. CUEA WOULD BE VULNERABLE GEOGRAPHICALLY TO SUCH A CAMPAIGN AND IT WOULD COME AT DIFFICULT TIME AS ENTHUSIASM FOR GOVT IS CURRENTLY AT A FAIRLY LOW EED. NOR IS IT EASY FOR CUEANS TO FIND ANY VERY EFFECTIVE REPLY. TO ALLOW THIMSELVES TO BE PROVOKED INTO TAKING BETALIATORY ACTION COULD PROVE DISASTROUS.

5. USUAL SHRILL PROPAGANDA BARRAGE IS ONCE MORE BEING DIRECTED AT USA AND CHE GUEVARA RELIEBATED TO VISITING LATIN AMERICANS NEED FOR ARMED STRUGGLE MAG-STYLE TO ACHIEVE THEIR POLITICAL COALS AND POINTED WITH SATISFACTION TO VENEZUEIA AS EXAMPLE OF COUNTRY WHERE THIS TACTIC HAD BEEN ADOPTED.

SOMETIMENTIAL

6. ALL THIS RUNS RATHER COUNTER TO SPIRITE OF MOSCOW AND PROSPECTS OF CALMER USSR-USA RELATIONS. AS LONG AS CUEA HAS NOT RPT NOT SETTLED ITS PROBLEMS WITH USA IDEA OF ANY FAST-WEST DETENTE IS DISTASTEFUL. TO HAVANA. THE COVT OFFICIALLY ACCUSED USA OF TRYING TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF PRESENT INTERNATIONAL SITUATION TO DESTROY CUBAN REVOLUTION BUT INDICATED THAT USA HAD UNDERESTIMATED THE SKRIK CAPIACITY OF CUBAN PROPLE TO DEFEND THEMSELVES AND SOLIDARITY OF USSR WITH CUBA. YET CASTRO REGIME CANNOT RPT NOT BE SURE WHETHER IN LONG RUN USSR WILL BE PREPARED TO MOULD ITS REKEKE FOREIGN POLICY TO SUIT CUBAS CARIBBEAN INTERESTS.

7. ABOVE DEVELOPMENTS HAVE EATSED HOPES OF THOSE OPPOSED TO REGIME.

A FEW ABE AGAIN SPEAKING IN TERMS OF GOVTS EARLY DEWISE. AS USUAL,

HOWEVER, REASONS THAT GIVE DO NOT MYT NOT WITHOTAND MATROMAL ANALYSIS. THE FABRIC OF GOVT IS STRONG AND CANNOT RPT NOT EASILY BE DESTROYED. THERE ARE CERTAINLY NO RPT NO SIGNS THAT IT IS IN IMMEDIATE

DAN GER. MR NEVERTHELESS DISPIRITED OPPOSITION HAS RECEIVED A FILLIP

TO ITS MORALE. TO APPLY REMEMBED ATTENTION TO PROBLEMS OF DEFENCE,

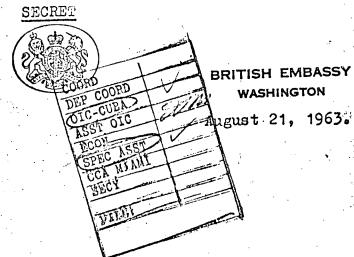
HOWEVER, DISTRACTS ATTENTION AND RESOURCES FROM URGENT TASK OF

ECONOMIC CONSTRUCTION.

KIDD

confidential

(10621/63)



Dean Bob,

I enclose two letters which we have received from Havana about visitors who went to Cuba as delegates to the 26th of July celebrations.

- a) Mr. Scott's letter 1652 of August 16 about a visit by two British Members of Parliament who were taken to see two prisons in Cuba.
- b) Mr. Byatt's 1011/63 of August 15 enclosing a list of delegates to the celebrations.

I shall be grateful if you would take particular care that the existence of these two letters and their contents are kept Confidential.

Tours cost.

(I. J. M. Sutherland)

Mr. Robert T. Follestad, Office of the Co-ordinator of Cuban Affairs, Room 6245, State Department,
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

OSA, ASG Control No. 2037C

SECRET

1652/63

HAVANA

August 16, 1963

In his letter 1011 of August 15 to Brown,
Robin Byatt mentioned visits which two of our
Parliamentary visitors, Mr. Emrys Hughes and Mrs.
Malcolm Macmillan, had been able to make to Cuban
prisons. I enclose a copy of the minute of the
conversation which I had with the two MPs about their
experiences.

- 2. You will see from this that both Wr. Hughes and Mr. Macmillan gave a fairly favourable account of conditions in Cuban prisons, although, as far as I can judge, they were objective in their approach and had in fact been doing their best to check stories which they had heard of the maltreatment of political prisoners. They were also suspicious of the Cuban motives in denying them access to the Isle of Pines and had tried to find out about conditions there by speaking to some prisoners who had served the earlier part of their sentence in the Island. They also agreed with me that whatever might be true of conditions in the prisons, the juridical processes under which prisoners were sentenced, were far below minimum standards of justice.
- 3. I have discussed the comments of the MPs with our Consul, Jo Pethybridge, who has paid several visits to Cuban prisons including two to the Isle of Pines. He agrees with them about overcrowding and with their description of an atmosphere of bonhomic between warders and prisoners. Unlike the MPs, however, Pethybridge had many complaints about inadequate food and the lack of medical attention, especially in the Isle of Pines. It may be that conditions there are worse than in prisons on the mainland; but as Pethbridge says, it is also true that his visits were at times of particular tension, especially his second visit to the Isle of Pines which was just after the October crisis.
- therefore about conditions in Cuban prisons does not bear out the lurid accounts which have been published outside Cuba as for instance in the report of the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights of the O.A.S. which lains Sutherland mentioned in his letter 10221/63 of July 23 to Michael Brown. No doubt conditions were much worse in the earlier days of the revolution but it seems that prisoners are now generally treated humanely and are not physically ill-treated. The fact of course remains that many of them have been given long sentences after trials which are a mockery of justice.
- 5. I am sending copies of this letter and enclosure to Iain Sutherland in Washington, Leslie Boas in Caracas, Henry Bartlett in Mexico City, Stephen Clissold in F.O.R.D. and to Information Research Department.

(P. H. Scott)

A. D. Parsons, Esq.,
American Department,
FOREIGN OFFICE.

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