File #:
62-117290

Serial Scope:
EBF - 11/03
<table>
<thead>
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<th>ROOM</th>
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<tr>
<td>CAR LICENSE</td>
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<td>ALR'S.</td>
<td>MAKE OF CAR</td>
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**REGISTRATION CARD**

NOTICE TO GUESTS: — This property is privately owned and management reserves right to refuse service to anyone, and will not be responsible for accidents or injury to guests or for loss of money, jewelry or valuables of any kind.

RENTAL PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

NAME: Eric S. East

STREET: 2608 Highland Ave

CITY: Birmingham

STATE: Alabama

REPRESENTING: American Hotel Register Co., 228-230 W. Ontario St., Chicago 11, Ill.

PHONE: 255-6341

304 LAMAR AVE.

MEMPHIS, TENN.

THANK YOU

**REMARKS**

44-38661 TK

LABORATORY
REVOLVER FOUND IN POSSESSION OF
JAMES EARL RAY WHEN ARRESTED
JUNE 8, 1968, IN LONDON, ENGLAND

When JAMES EARL RAY was apprehended by members of New Scotland Yard on June 8, 1968, in London, England, he had in his possession a .38 caliber "Liberty Chief" revolver manufactured by Hiroyuki Firearms Manufacturing Company, a Japanese concern. This revolver has serial number 715.

The National Police Agency of Japan was requested to determine to whom this revolver was shipped by the manufacturer, and the following letter was forthcoming from that agency:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREBIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE:_________ BY:_________
On June 10, 1968, Mr. MILA SYHOBODA, owner, Liberty Arms Company and Solingen Cutlery Company, Post Office Box 306, Montrose, California, advised that Liberty revolver #715 had been sold to R. TATUM, New and Used Guns, 118 Edwards Drive, Mableton, Georgia, on October 3, 1966, under Invoice No. 13909.

On June 11, 1968, Mr. ROBERT TATUM, 118 Edwards Street, Mableton, Georgia, advised S.A. JAMES RICHARD FLICK that the Liberty Chief revolver having serial number 715 had been sold by him on December 3, 1966, for $50.00 to WALTER K. SPAIN, 2904-42nd Avenue, Birmingham, Alabama.
NATIONAL POLICE AGENCY

1/1, 2-Chome, Kasumigaseki
Chiyoda ku, Tokyo
Japan
"J-KSB/29/68"

Mr. Roderick V. Prechtli, Jr.
Legal Attaché
American Embassy
Tokyo

Re: Information about a pistol
"Liberty-Chief" No. 715

Dear Sir;

In reply to your telephone request made this morning concerning the captioned matter, we wish to inform you as follows:

1. Destination of this weapon's shipment:
   This pistol in question was shipped from the manufacturing company given below on August 3, 1966, and was cleared by our Customs' inspection on August 19, 1966 and was loaded on the "HAVANA-MARU" at "SUMA-PORT" in Hyogo Prefecture for shipment to:
   Name of a company: LIBERTY ARMS CORPORATION.
   Address: P.O. Box 306, MONROSE, CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

2. Items for your reference:
The name of this weapon's manufacturing company is "KABUNEKI KABURA, NIROKU SEISANSHA" (translated in English: NIROKU MANUFACTURING COMPANY LTD.).
Address: 160, INARI-CHO, KOCHI-CITY, KOCHI PREFECTURE, JAPAN.
Name of the President: IDO Chiyoki.

Trusting the above information is of some assistance to you.

Yours sincerely,

for INTEPOL, JAPAN:

51

(YOSHI TO SODE)
Chief
Criminal Research & Statistics Section
Central Investigation Bureau
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WALTER E. SPAIN, 2904 - 42nd Avenue North, Birmingham, Alabama, furnished the following:

Sometime in December, 1966, SPAIN went to Atlanta, Georgia, with his father, WALTER LEON SPAIN, so his father could attempt to obtain employment. While in Atlanta, WALTER E. SPAIN saw an advertisement in a newspaper for a .38 caliber Liberty snub-nose revolver, which was being sold by a gun dealer in a small town outside Atlanta, believed to be Mapleton, Georgia. SPAIN, accompanied by his father, went to this gun dealer and bought the gun and SPAIN returned it to his residence in Birmingham, Alabama.

In the Spring of 1967, SPAIN gave the gun to his father in partial payment of a debt he owed to his father. SPAIN was later told by his father that he had sold the gun after placing a want ad for it in a Birmingham newspaper. SPAIN was not present when his father sold the gun and therefore did not see the purchaser.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date June 20, 1968

WALTER LEON SPAIN, #3 Glen Iris Parkway, Birmingham, Alabama, furnished the following:

In the Spring of 1967, SPAIN's son, WALTER E. SPAIN, gave Mr. SPAIN a .38 caliber Liberty snub-nose revolver, which his son had purchased in late 1966 or early 1967 from a gun dealer near Atlanta, Georgia. His son owed Mr. SPAIN some money and the gun was a partial payment of this debt.

In the Fall of 1967, after having been hospitalized in August, 1967, at Huntsville, Alabama, for an illness and being in need of money to pay bills, Mr. SPAIN sold many personal items by means of placing want ads for these items in the "Birmingham News." Among the items sold was the .38 caliber Liberty snub-nose revolver. Mr. SPAIN recalled he placed an ad for this gun in a Sunday paper, and that same Sunday he received a call from a man who asked about the gun, the price, and the directions to get to SPAIN's residence. The caller said he was in the western section of Birmingham. About an hour after this call, and while SPAIN's wife and daughter were at church, a man came to the front door and said he had called about the gun. He looked at the gun, stated he had been looking for a gun of the same type, and when told again that the price was $65.00, he gave SPAIN two twenty dollar bills, two ten dollar bills, and a five dollar bill, after saying he would take it. SPAIN did not give the man a receipt for the money, nor did he record his name or see any identification of the man, and he did not obtain any information as to his name. The man left carrying the gun in his hand. SPAIN furnished neither ammunition nor any papers for the gun.

When the man first arrived, SPAIN observed he had parked his car, described by SPAIN only as a late model, white or light-colored, on the street in front of SPAIN's house, a distance of about 150 feet. SPAIN did not pay any further attention to the car. SPAIN did recall the buyer saying he lived in the western section of Birmingham, but he did not mention any specific address or employment.

On 6/11/68 of Birmingham, Alabama File# BH 44-1740

SA ROBERT M. BARRETT and SA WILLIAM A. SAUCIER / RMB:hss 53

Date dictated 6/14/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
All Sunday issues of "The Birmingham News" for the months of September and October, 1967, were reviewed at "The Birmingham News." From this review, it was determined that only one want ad for a .38 caliber revolver was placed by WALTER LEON SPAIN, that being in the October 1, 1968, issue.
The buyer said he wanted the gun to keep around his house. Mr. SPAIN described the buyer as a white male, about forty to forty-five years of age, 5'8" or 5'9" tall, 170 to 175 pounds, dark hair slightly graying at the temples, with a local (Alabama) accent. The man was wearing a sport shirt and slacks, colors unrecalled, and he did not have glasses.

Mr. SPAIN was shown five different photographs of JAMES EARL RAY, and he chose one which had been taken in California during January or February, 1968, as "resembling the man" who bought the revolver; however, Mr. SPAIN would not make a definite identification of the photograph of RAY as the buyer.

Mr. SPAIN recalled he was contacted by FBI Agents on April 7, 1968, and shown an artist's conception of an individual the FBI was attempting to locate. At that time, he advised Agents the drawing reminded him of someone he may have seen previously, but was unable to furnish any other identifying information. After viewing the photographs of JAMES EARL RAY and being questioned about the sale of the revolver, SPAIN said he was now able to connect the sale of the revolver with the drawing in that the person depicted in the drawing reminded SPAIN of the person to whom he had sold the revolver.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

JUHUN ELLIOT GARNER, 107 - 14th Street, N.E.,
Atlanta, Georgia, was contacted at 10:37 P.M., April 12,
1963, at which time he furnished the following information:

GARNER made available a record book maintained
by him concerning persons who rent rooms at both 107 and 113
-14th Street, N.E., rooming houses operated by him on a lease
basis. A review of this record book failed to disclose any
registration in the name GARNER. It should be noted this book
contains only a record of rooms for the period beginning
January 1, 1962.

Upon being questioned concerning individuals renting
at these addresses who might have checked out prior to the
completion of the period for which they had paid, or others who
for any reason might not be recorded in this record book,
GARNER named, among others, an individual named (First name
Unknown) GAIL. On being questioned concerning GAIL, he said
this individual was first seen by him on the afternoon of
April 5, 1963, between the hours of 5:00 and 6:00 P.M. He
explained that another resident, JUNE C., 30/2, who occupied
room #1 at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., had been sitting in front
of this building and was approached by GAIL, who inquired
concerning the availability of a room. GARNER joined the
pair and GAIL indicated to GARNER he was interested in obtaining
a single, quiet room. Having no such room available, GARNER
told GAIL he would put him in room #3, at 107 - 14th Street,
which room was a double room and that he would be moved to a
single room as soon as one became available. GARNER said he
noted GAIL was driving a black car, probably a Ford, bearing
an out-of-state license plate (state of registration not
recalled), and that the car was possibly a 1952 or 1953 model.

GAIL accepted this arrangement and paid GARNER while
outside the dwelling and he believes he received a $10 bill
and a $1 bill in payment. The cost of the room was $10.50
per week and a $5.00 key deposit. During the conversation,
GAIL indicated he was a welder and originally came from "The
Carolinas." He explained that he had a tag for a different
state on the Ford because he had been working in another state.

On 4/14/63, Atlanta, Georgia

Sqs JOHN H. GILES and

Date dictated 4/16/63

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and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HERETO IS UNCLASSIFIED

4/14/63
At this point GARNER indicated that possibly the tag on the Ford was a Tennessee tag, but he was not at all certain of this.

GARNER described GALT as being a white male, 22 - 35 years of age, 5' 11", 190 pounds, dark brown or black hair worn in a brush cut, blue eyes, medium "outdoor" complexion and having a southern accent. He noted no distinguishing features or characteristics and had no recollection of any ring or other jewelry. His dress was casual, specifically described as a shirt and slacks.

GALT moved into Room #5 at 107 - 14th Street, N.E., where he remained until Sunday, April 7, 1963. On this day GALT was moved to Room #6 at 113 - 14th Street, N.E. On this occasion, GARNER observed GALT move his possessions and noted that he had no luggage and all of his possessions were either moved in a paper bag or box.

On April 7, 1963, HAROLD G. ANDERSON, an employee of the Albert Pick Hotel, 14th and Spring Streets, N.E., Atlanta, was brought to the recieving house by FRED C. JONES, who is also employed by this hotel. GARNER assigned ANDERSON Room #2 at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., and noted that the individual he believed to be GALT and ANDERSON became friendly.

On April 9, 1963, at approximately 9:00 P.M., GALT and ANDERSON came to GARNER's room at 107 - 14th Street, N.E., at which time GALT advised GARNER that both he and ANDERSON were checking out. He said both men appeared to have been drinking. During the conversation, GALT advised he had received a telephone call from a friend in Michigan and had learned that welders were receiving a higher hourly wage there. For this reason, he had decided to go to Michigan to seek work. ANDERSON, who was a hotel employee, indicated he was going to Michigan with GALT and hoped to obtain employment as a welder's helper. GARNER recalled he refunded approximately $17 to ANDERSON, who had paid two weeks in advance on registering on April 7. GALT did not ask for a refund, although he was paid through April 11, but did receive the return of his $2.50 deposit for the key.
Thereafter, GARNER accompanied GALT and ANDERSON to ANDERSON's room where he secured the room keys from both GALT and ANDERSON. At this time he noted several beer bottles in the room and presumed GALT and ANDERSON had been drinking together. GARNER did not actually observe the departure of GALT and ANDERSON, but noted both were gone on the morning of April 10, 1968, as was the previously-described black Ford auto.

GARNER made available the registration for HAROLD G. ANDERSON. This registration does not reflect an address for ANDERSON, but indicates that his father is G. F. ANDERSON, Duluth, Georgia, telephone number 443-2672. GARNER explained that he always attempts to obtain the name and address for a next of kin for his roomers.

GARNER provided the following physical description of HAROLD G. ANDERSON:

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<th>White</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sex</td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height</td>
<td>5' 9&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>155 - 160 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair</td>
<td>Light brown, parted on side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complexion</td>
<td>Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distinguishing Characteristics</td>
<td>None noted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dress</td>
<td>Casual, shirt and slacks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GARNER identified other tenants who resided at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., during the same period that GALT was a roomer there.

GARNER said he was unable to recall GALT's first name, but advised he had observed mail on the hall table of the rooming house at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., which mail was
addressed to GALT. At this point, GARNER accompanied the interviewing Agents to 113 – 14th Street, N.E., where it was observed that there were two letters and a package on the hall table addressed to ERIC S., or E. GALT. The package was postmarked 4/1/68, and the letters were postmarked 4/9 and 4/10/68. GARNER advised his sister, ROBBIE LEE GARNER, a school teacher who resides in the Dixieland Apartments, 1205 Donnelly Avenue, S.W., Atlanta, had visited him on either Friday or Saturday night, April 12 or 13, 1968. At this time his sister had thumbed through the mail on the table at the 113 – 14th Street address and upon noticing the mail addressed to ERIC GALT, she commented to GARNER that this was the same name as the individual who, according to newspaper publicity, was a suspect in the murder of Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. GARNER stated that he did not feel there was any likelihood that the GALT who had stayed at 113 – 14th Street, N.E., was identical with this suspect, stating many people have the same name.

GARNER stated that he had neither seen nor heard of GALT prior to April 5, 1968, and that during GALT's stay at his rooming house he saw nothing to indicate that GALT had any connection with any other tenant at this address prior to his arrival there. GARNER was asked whether he had any explanation for the fact that GALT had mail postmarked 4/1/68 addressed to him at 113 – 14th Street, N.E., and according to GARNER, GALT did not arrive at this location until April 5, 1968. GALT said he was unable to explain this, and had no idea how this could occur.

GARNER was also questioned concerning the possibility that GALT or any other roomers had left material with him in storage or for safekeeping. He assured that this was not so. He did report that Rooms #4 and #5 at 113 – 14th Street, N.E., both of which it was noted were fastened with hasps and padlocks, were storage rooms. He stated they contained only linens and possibly a few items of no value left behind by roomers.
With regard to Room #5 at 107 - 14th Street, N.E., GARNER said that this room had not been occupied by anyone since GALT was transferred from this room on April 7, 1968. He noted, however, that the said, PERRY LEE ZACERFY or her helper, identity unknown, would have changed the sheets in Room #5 after GALT was moved.

With regard to Room #6 at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., this room remained vacant until April 13, 1968, when it was rented to DAVID O'DONNELL, 12 Andover Drive, Syosset, New York. He described O'DONNELL as a very young man who is also employed at the Albert Pick Hotel and who was brought to the rooming house by FRED C. JONES. He said he does not believe this room was made up prior to its being rented to O'DONNELL, but advised he had given O'DONNELL clean sheets so that he could change the linens himself.

GARNER said he did not know of any association between GALT and other rooomers at either of the rooming houses except the association with HAROLD G. ANDERSON, as previously described.

In explanation for the failure of the name "GALT" to appear on the rooming house records, GARNER said that he can only explain this by saying he received payment for the room while away from the place where he maintains his records and had inadvertently failed to record the name when he returned to his room.

The interview of GARNER concluded at 1:38 A.M., April 15, 1968.
During the interview of JILLIE DELTON GARNER, he asked the question, "How are you coming on the King murder?" He was then asked by interviewing Agent if he had heard or read much concerning this and he stated he had read quite a bit in the newspapers and seen a lot on television. GARNER then indicated that he knew this was why we were asking about GALT.

On 4/16/68 Atlanta, Georgia

by S.A. ROBBINS L. KAAS:loc

Date dictated 4/16/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
At 2:30 a.m. JIMME DELTON GATNER telephonically contacted the Atlanta Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at which time he provided the following information:

Since providing the information concerning EMIC GALT during a personal interview by agents, he has rechecked his records and now believes that the individual whom he knew as GALT actually was registered at the rooming house under the name of WILLIAM LEE, Route 1, Gastonia, North Carolina. GATNER said his records do not reflect the room number to which LEE was assigned but noted that the records do show LEE arrived April 5, 1963, and paid through April 12, 1963. When renting the room, LEE supplied the name MISS BETTY FLETCHER, 1552 Waltz Street, Warren, Michigan, as the individual to be notified in case of emergency. GATNER said all information provided during the prior interview was accurate except that he now feels certain that WILLIAM LEE's registration pertains to EMIC GALT.

GATNER was questioned as to how he determined this man's name to be GALT when the registration was in the name of LEE. GATNER was unable to satisfactorily explain this except to say that he feels that he concluded that LEE was GALT when GATNER's sister called his attention to the nail at the rooming house which was directed to EMIC GALT.

On 6/15/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File# Atlanta 44-2336

Date dictated 6/15/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
In response to a telephonic request received at 9:31 a.m. from JIMMIE DELTON GARNER, he was interviewed in front of his restaurant located at 1052 Northside Drive, Northwest, Atlanta, Georgia.

GARNER opened the conversation by stating "Lee is not Galt." He then made available the registration records for his rooming house. It was again noted these records do not reflect a registration in the name of GALT. At the same time, GARNER produced an envelope bearing the printed name "Eric S. Galt." GARNER said this name was printed thereon by GALT when GARNER requested his full name. Other handwritten notations thereon were, according to GARNER, prepared by himself.

GARNER stated that subsequent to a prior interview, he had been searching his records and his memory and had now determined that on March 24, 1958, late in the evening, an individual knocked on his apartment door, introduced himself as Mr. GALT, and requested a single room.

He was placed in Room Number 2, 113 14th Street, Northeast, Atlanta, Georgia, on noting that the room was small, was offered an adjoining storage room in which to place his surplus belongings. At this point, GALT remarked he would be able to utilize a desk in the storage room for his television set.

GARNER did not see GALT unload his automobile or bring his possessions into the room. He next saw GALT on March 31, 1958, at which time the rent was due and GALT made the statement, "I may as well pay you for another week." This was between 1:00 and 2:30 p.m.

On April 5, 1958, GARNER entered the room at approximately 11:00 a.m. to change the linens. At this time, he found a note on the bed written on a piece of cardboard, believed by him to be a laundry shift backing, which stated in effect "I've had to go to Birmingham. I've left my TV set here and will try to return for it in Atlanta, Georgia."
AT 44-2386
RLJ: bjc

about a week." He does not recall whether the note was printed or written and destroyed it by throwing it in the trash immediately.

GARNER described GALT as a white male, 33 to 35 years of age, approximately six feet tall, slender build, black hair, worn very short with possibly a part on the side.

GARNER had previously noted GALT to be utilizing a light colored, possibly white, automobile and on the morning of April 15, 1953, telephonically contacted Mr. HAROLD WATERS, Room Number 1, 107 14th Street, Northeast, as this automobile was parked near WATERS, at which time he asked WATERS generally if he recalled the make of car and WATERS advised him it was a late model Mustang, possibly 1956 or 1957.

GARNER estimated his total contact with GALT on both occasions did not exceed one-half hour. He stated on both occasions GALT was neatly dressed in a dark suit, white shirt, and tie. He characterized him as looking like a preacher.

The inconsistencies in the information previously furnished by GARNER and the foregoing were thoroughly discussed with him and he could attribute it only to "being confused", in that he had erroneously associated the name GALT with the roofer, WILLIAM LEE, about whom he had furnished the information.

At this time, GARNER made available a three page memorandum in his handwriting which chronologically sets forth his association with GALT. The envelope previously referred to, furnished by GARNER, on which GALT wrote his name, also contained the notation "Could do several different kinds of work." This note was prepared by GARNER.
GARNER stated he made this notation during his initial contact with GALT, at which time he asked his usual questions of new roomers about their line of work. He said he inadvertently failed to record the information on the envelope in his permanent records. GARNER added that at the time of renting the room, he received a $1.00 key deposit from GALT and the key was left with the note on the bed by GALT.
JUNIUS DELTON GARNER was interviewed in the office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, 275 Peachtree Street, Northeast, Atlanta, Georgia, after voluntarily accompanying SAs ROGER L. KAIS and HARRY L. LEE from his place of business, 1052 Northside Drive, Northwest, Atlanta, Georgia. At this time, GARNER stated that he was aware of the discrepancies in the information furnished by him but insisted it was due solely to the confusion which existed in his mind in erroneously relating the name GALT with his roozer, WILLIAM LEE.

He stated he had no reason for telling the Agents that he had no items in his possession which belonged to GALT, when, in fact, he was holding a television set, other than the confusion previously referred to.

In determining the individuals in each of the roozer houses operated by him (107 14th Street, Northeast, Atlanta, Georgia) who may have been in a position to observe GALT, he advised that at the time of renting to GALT, there was no other occupant in this building.

He stated he had closed 113 14th Street on February 11, 1958; after the neighborhood hippies attempted to take it over.

He admitted that he had two double rooms vacant at the time GALT applied for a room and that he had previously rented those for the price of a single room, but GALT insisted on a single room, so he decided to open the other roozer house. He admitted it cost him more to do this than he would receive initially in rent, but that he had been planning to open it, as the other house was filling up.
GALT remained the sole occupant of this building until April 1, 1968, at which time FRED C. JONES was placed in Room Number 1.

In continuing to question GARNER as to why he had denied holding property for GALT, he finally admitted that it had been his policy in the past to retain for 30 days possessions left behind by roomers, then to claim them as his own, and it was his intention to do this with the television set.

GARNER specifically denied that he had previously known GALT, that GALT had been referred to him by anyone, that he had accepted an extra amount of money from GALT for any reason, or that he had any knowledge concerning his present whereabouts.

GARNER stated that he was born and raised in Mississippi, was a member of the Baptist Church, and was "not a Communist." He denied having any knowledge of the John Birch or other right wing organizations, stating he had joined only one organization which name he could not now recall, but described by him as a civic organization.

He reiterated that it had always been his intention to cooperate with the FBI and that he had, in fact, that morning given the address and telephone number of his restaurant to a roomer, Mr. BURGESS, where he could be reached should GALT return for the television set. He stated he did this so he could immediately notify the FBI of GALT's return.
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL TO BE REFERRED TO

Chicago Field Office File 44-1114-772
FBI WASH. DC.

FBI MEMPHIS

705 PM. URGENT 3-13-69 DND

TO DIRECTOR (44-38361) ATTN: MR. AL ROSEN, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

FROM MEMPHIS (44-1937)

MURKIN - ASSASSINATION OF MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

AT APPROXIMATELY TWO FORTYFIVE PM, INTERVIEW WAS BEGUN WITH

JAMES EARL RAY BY SAC, MEMPHIS AT TENNESSEE STATE PRISON. INTERVIEW

CONCLUDED AT APPROXIMATELY THREE THIRTYFIVE PM. RAY ON ENTERING

ROOM SAID, "YOU'RE THE GUY WHO TESTIFIED. I DON'T WANT TO TALK

TO YOU OR ANYBODY FROM THE FBI." RAY WAS ASKED TO SIT DOWN AND

WAS TOLD IT WAS POSSIBLE WE HAD THINGS WE COULD TALK ABOUT. RAY

SAID, "I'M NOT GOING TO TALK ABOUT CASE AS I'VE BEEN MISQUOTED

ENOUGH." HE WAS UNABLE TO POINT OUT ANY SPECIFICS WHERE FBI HAD

EVER MISQUOTED HIM. HE WAS ALSO TOLD FBI HAD NOT INTERVIEWED

HIM SO IT WAS NOT POSSIBLE FOR US TO MISQUOTE HIM. RAY INDICATED

HE BETTER GO BACK TO CELL AS SAC WAS ONLY TRYING TO TRICK HIM

INTO TALKING ABOUT CASE. HE WAS THEN REMINDED OF HIS GUILTY PLEA

IN OPEN COURT AND WAS ASKED IF HE INTENDED TO CHANGE THIS. HE

SAID "NO.

RAY THEN CRITICIZED HIS ATTORNEY ART HANES, SR. HE SAID

HANES WAS NOT GOOD ATTORNEY AS HE REFUSED TO INVESTIGATE CASE.

SAC INTERJECTED THAT HIS ATTORNEY HAD HIRED INVESTIGATOR TO

END

56 MAR 21 1969 MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR
WHICH RAY REPLIED, "HE'S NO GOOD EITHER, AND HE ONLY BEGAN TO INVESTIGATE A FEW DAYS BEFORE THE TRIAL." RAY STATED HANES REALY WASN'T HIS ATTORNEY AS WILLIAM BRADFORD HUIE HAD HIRED HANES TO GO TO LONDON TO ACT AS ATTORNEY FOR RAY, IN RETURN FOR STORY CONTRACTS. RAY WOULD NOT AMPLIFY ON CONTRACTS BUT DID STATE HE HAD TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN CONTRACTS OUT. RAY SAID HE HADN'T RECEIVED ANY MONEY ON ANY OF THESE CONTRACTS YET. HE ALSO SAID HE HAD CONTRACTED WITH PERCY FOREMAN REGARDING POSSIBLE STORY. ALSO SAID PART OF HIS CONTRACT WITH FOREMAN WAS THAT RAY WOULD NOT EMBARRASS FOREMAN IN COURT. WHEN ASKED IF THAT IS WHY HE SAID NO MORE IN COURT WHEN HE ROSE TO MAKE COMMENT, RAY SAID HE WOULDN'T TALK ABOUT IT ANY MORE.

HE THEN BECAME CRITICAL OF FOREMAN, SAYING HE WOULDN'T INVESTIGATE HIS CASE EITHER. SAID THAT FOREMAN CAME TO HIM WITH A NEGATIVE ATTITUDE, SAYING "YOUR BEST DEFENSE IS TO PLEAD GUILTY OR YOU'LL GET THE DEATH SENTENCE." RAY INDICATED DIS-SATISFACTION WITH HIS PAST ATTORNEYS. HE SAID HE WAS TRYING TO GET AN ATTORNEY IN GEORGIA NOW. HE REFUSED TO IDENTIFY THIS ATTORNEY. (SAC HAD PREVIOUS DISCUSSION WITH WARDEN LAKE RUSSELL AT PRISON AND WARDEN HAD ADVISED RAY HAD TOLD HIM HE END PAGE TWO
PAGE THREE

WAS MAKING EFFORTS TO GET J. B. STONER, AN ATTORNEY IN GEORGIA, TO REPRESENT HIM. (J. B. STONER WELL KNOWN FIGURE IN VARIOUS WHITE HATE GROUPS IN GEORGIA.)

RAY ALSO SAID HE DIDN'T WANT TO TALK ANY MORE ABOUT ANYTHING, AS HE FELT HIS ATTORNEY WOULD BE ABLE TO REOPEN HIS CASE. HE ALSO SAID HE HAD LETTER PREPARED TO SEND TO SENATOR EASTLAND AND THEN IN ABOUT TWO OR THREE MONTHS HIS CASE WOULD BE CLEARED UP. HE INDICATED HE MIGHT THEN BE WILLING TO SIT DOWN AND DISCUSS THE CASE FULLY.

ADDITIONAL SMALL TALK OCCURRED AND RAY BROUGHT UP FBI TV SERIES. HE WONDERED WHY FBI ALWAYS HAD TO LET THE CRIMINALS DRAW FIRST BEFORE THEY WERE SHOT. HE WAS TOLD THIS IS ONLY CONSISTENT WITH THE FACTS, AS OUR WEAPONS ARE USED ONLY IN SELF DEFENSE. HE EXPRESSED SOME SKEPTICISM. HE THEN ASKED IF FBI THOUGHT HE WAS STUPID ENOUGH TO LEAVE HIS FINGERPRINTS IN THE AREA WHERE A PUBLIC FIGURE WAS KILLED. HE WAS ASKED IF HE WAS TRYING TO TELL SAC THAT SOMEONE PLANTED HIS PRINTS, AND IF SO HIS STORY WAS GETTING THIN AND SAC WOULD LEAVE. HE THEN RAISED SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT NOT EVER HAVING BEEN IDENTIFIED IN A

END PAGE THREE
LINEUP AND WAS NOT SURE THAT ANYONE COULD IDENTIFY HIM. HE THEN
INDICATED HE HAD READ IN A CANADIAN PAPER THAT ONE CHARLIE
STEPHENS COULD PROBABLY IDENTIFY HIM AS HE THOUGHT
CHARLIE STEPHENS HAD A GOOD LOOK AT HIM IN ROOMING HOUSE. HE DID
NOT WANT TO DISCUSS THIS FURTHER.

HE THEN FURTHER CLAIMED THAT NO ONE HAD IDENTIFIED HIM
WITH A PHOTOGRAPH UNTIL HE MADE SOME PHOTOGRAPHS AVAILABLE ON
THE WEST COAST. THE ABSURDITY OF THIS STATEMENT WAS POINTED OUT
TO HIM, AS HE KNEW THE STATE HAD SEVERAL WITNESSES WHO COULD
IDENTIFY HIM.

HE WAS ASKED IF HE DIDN'T WANT TO TALK ABOUT SOMETHING ELSE,
SUCH AS HIS TRIP FROM LOS ANGELES TO NEW ORLEANS. HE SAID NO,
THAT HE HAD MADE A MISTAKE GETTING MIXED UP WITH STEIN. HE SAID
STEIN WAS ONLY A "HIPPIE." HE WOULD NOT TALK FURTHER ABOUT STEIN.

OTHER MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS COVERED WITH RAY INDICATED HE
SAID HE NEVER RECEIVED A PROPERTY RECEIPT FROM BUTLER OF SCOTLAND
YARD, WHEN ARRESTED THERE. HE SAID THIS RECEIPT MIGHT BE OF
VALUE AT SOME FUTURE DATE. HE REFUSED TO CLARIFY THIS.

RAY WOULD NOT AT ANY TIME DISCUSS CONSPIRACY OR ANY ASPECTS
OF IT. HE CONTINUOUSLY CLAIMED THIS WOULD BE MATTER FOR HIS
ENDE
Attorney to handle and possibly Senator Eastland's committee. Attorney General.

He also expressed dislike for former Clark because of his statements but would not clarify what statements. He did, however, say about Clark that if he was soft on crime as the newspapers sometime reported this was okay.

At this time SAC asked Ray if he would not like to meet a pair of associates of SAC, agents Joe C. Hester and Robert F. Boyle. Ray said he did not want to talk to FBI because all they wanted to do was trick him. Ray at conclusion of interview said he did not want to talk to any other agents at this time. He was told there were two other agents with SAC. He did meet these two agents just prior to being returned to his cell. His parting comment when going through cell door was, "Take a good look as you may be looking for me again."

SAC told Ray that he would recontact him again tomorrow morning and perhaps we could again engage in small talk. Ray said "Maybe I will not talk with you again."

Arrangements will be made to seek second interview in A.M. with Ray.

End Page Five.
RAY'S COMMENT ABOUT TAKING A GOOD LOOK WAS SPECIFICALLY POINTED OUT TO THE OFFICERS ON DUTY IN THE MAXIMUM SECURITY SECTION AND IT WAS SUBSEQUENTLY POINTED OUT TO WARDEN RUSSELL. IN ADDITION, IN DISCUSSIONS WITH WARDEN RUSSELL, SAC REQUESTED THAT VISIT OF FBI TO TENNESSEE STATE PENITENTIARY SHOULD BE HELD CONFIDENTIAL. WARDEN INDICATED HE WOULD DO SO BUT, OF COURSE, STORY WOULD STILL GET AROUND IN THE PRISON YARD. P. END

ERT

FBI WASH DC

P

CC: MR. ROSEN
At approximately 10:30 a.m., DONALD F. WOOD was contacted at Aeromarine Supply Company, 5701 Airport Highway, Birmingham, and advised that he is the son of ROBERT E. WOOD, SR., who is the owner of the Aeromarine Supply Company. WOOD was discreetly questioned concerning the sale of a Remington caliber 30.06 rifle, serial number 461476, which Aeromarine had purchased from Kimberley-Thomas in August, 1966. DONALD F. WOOD immediately stated that he had heard the accounts of the assassination of MARTIN LUTHER KING the previous day on the radio and had immediately recalled selling a rifle, as was described in the newspaper as the murder weapon, to an individual about a week before the murder. WOOD immediately searched for and found a sales invoice in his records and indicated that on Saturday, March 30, 1968, he had sold this gun to an individual using the name HARVEY LOWMeyer.

After obtaining both copies of this sales invoice, Mr. WOOD was requested to accompany the interviewing Agent to the Birmingham Office of the FBI, which he agreed to do. Mr. WOOD was transported to the Birmingham Office of the FBI, where he furnished the following signed statement:

"Birmingham, Alabama
April 5, 1968

"I, DONALD F. WOOD, hereby make this statement to Special Agent NEIL P. SHANAHAN who has identified himself to me as a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I reside at 405 Lance Lane, Birmingham, Alabama and subscribe to telephone number 836-4918. I am employed by my father, ROBERT E. WOOD, SR. at the Aeromarine Supply Company, 5701 Airport Highway, Birmingham, Ala., as a salesman.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/5/68 BY SPMG

On 4/5/68 at Birmingham, Alabama File # BH 44-1740

by SA NEIL P. SHANAHAN jml Date dictated 4/11/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is issued to our agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside our agency.
"On Friday, March 29, 1968, sometime in the early afternoon I had just returned from lunch when I observed Mr. U. L. BAKER, also a salesman, completing the sale of a rifle to an individual unknown to me. Mr. BAKER had just sold this man a Remington, Model 700, Caliber .243 Winchester with a 2x-7x Redfield Scope mounted thereon. Mr. BAKER had made this sale and had also mounted and bore sighted the scope on our machine. This individual also bought one box of 20 rounds of .243 Norma ammunition. He paid cash for this sale. When I first observed this man he was dressed in a dark business suit with a white shirt and tie, as well as I remember. He was approximately 5'8" tall, 150 to 160 pounds and had dark hair. He had a medium complexion and appeared to be a meek individual. This individual had given his name as HARVEY LOWEYER and stated that he resided at 1907 South 11th Street, Birmingham, Alabama. He also advised that he was 36 years of age.

"This information was not given to me personally by this individual, but I determined it from the bill of sale that was prepared by Mr. BAKER.

"Following the sale this individual left the store carrying the gun in a cardboard box utilized by the Browning Manufacturing Company. This box was used because with the scope mounted the rifle would not fit in the normal Remington box. He also took the empty Remington manufacturer's carton with him when he left.

"It was, as best I recall, either later that afternoon or early the following Saturday morning when this individual called on the telephone and stated that he had had a conversation with his brother and decided that the gun he had purchased was not the gun he wanted and he requested whether he could exchange it for a Remington, Model 760, 30.06 caliber. I advised him that we could make this exchange but that it would cost him an additional $5.00."
"At approximately 9:00 AM on Saturday, March 30, this same individual returned to the store with the gun he had previously purchased. When he returned the gun he had the gun still in the Browning box. I told him that I would change the scope from the caliber .243 rifle to the Model 760, but that it would take me until approximately 3:00 o'clock in the afternoon and I instructed him to return at 3:00 o'clock and to bring the original Remington box for the caliber .243 weapon with him when he came as I would need a box to store the gun in. I gave him the Model 760 gun and I believe that I left it in the Browning carton. I did not receive the $5.00 because in exchanging the scope I had to use a Weaver base and rings instead of the Redfield base and rings and this made up the cost difference. I also exchanged the box of .243 caliber ammunition for a box of 30.06 ammunition which I believe was Peters Core Lokt, 150 grain, 20 rounds per box. He left the store carrying the gun in the cardboard box.

"During the course of our dealings on Saturday I asked this individual why he didn't want the caliber .243 gun and I told him that it was a big enough gun to bring down any deer in Alabama. He stated in an offhand manner, that he wanted the 30.06 caliber gun because he was going to use it to hunt in Wisconsin.

"At the present time this is all that I can remember concerning the transaction with this individual.

"4/5/68

"I have read this signed statement and accept where I have initiated one correction. I find it to consist of this and two other pages and it is true and correct.

"/s/ DONALD P. WOOD

"/s/ NEIL P. SHANAHAN, Special Agent, FBI, 4/5/68.

"/s/ MARVIN W. EUBANKS, Special Agent, FBI, Birmingham, 4/5/68."
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**RECEIVED BY**

**TAX** 14.07

**TOTAL** 245.59

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* If check is given to pay in full or part payment for this invoice, title shall remain with seller until check has cleared bank or when drawn, at the option of the seller.

* Merchandise cannot be returned for credit, refund or exchange after 10 days from sale date. Purchase invoice must accompany all returns.*
DONALD F. WOOD, residence 405 Lance Lane, Birmingham, the son of the owner of Aeromarine Supply Company, Airport Highway, was asked if he could identify a customer who purchased a gun case for a Varmint model rifle on March 29, 1968. WOOD, after checking his invoices, noted that there was such a sale made on March 29, 1968, but the invoice was made out to "Cash." WOOD recalled, however, that this customer is a regular customer who is a white male, about 25 years old, five feet, ten inches, 170 pounds, long, black hair, whose first name is JOHN. WOOD further recalled that he had sold a Browning pistol to this man about two and one-half years ago. WOOD then checked his records and identified this man as JOHN WEBSTER DeSHAZO, 17 Montevallo Lane, Mountain Brook, Alabama, who purchased a Browning Standard Weight Pistol on December 11, 1965.

Later on April 7, 1968, DON WOOD made available the following weapons which had been identified by JOHN WEBSTER DeSHAZO as having been handled by the person who purchased a rifle and scope sight at the Aeromarine Supply Company on March 29, 1968:

One Browning Safari grade, caliber .243, bolt-action rifle, Serial No. 3700Z5, Stock No. 946A.

One Remington Model 700, heavy barrel, Varmint .243 Winchester, Serial No. 266009, Stock No. 753A.

One Remington Model 788, caliber .30-30, bolt-action rifle, Serial No. 020726, Stock No. 756A.

Mr. WOOD was furnished a receipt for the above weapons.
Immediately following the receipt of a package at approximately 12:30 a.m., April 8, 1968, containing three weapons from Special Agent ROBERT R. BARRETT, Special Agent RALPH N. BUTLER hand-carried them aboard a Delta Airlines flight, changing to an Eastern Airlines flight in Atlanta, Georgia, and ultimately accompanied them to Mr. GEORGE BONEBRAKE of the FBI Identification Division at approximately 8:00 a.m. on April 8, 1968.

These items, from the time they were delivered to SA BUTLER, did not leave his possession until delivered to Mr. BONEBRAKE.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 4/11/68

At approximately 1:00 p.m. on April 5, 1968, Mr. ROBERT E. WOOD, SR., and DONALD F. WOOD accompanied the interviewing Agents to the Aeromarine Supply Company, 5701 Airport Highway, Birmingham, where DONALD F. WOOD made available a Remington Model 700, caliber .243, rifle, which was believed by them to have been handled by the unknown individual who had purchased the Remington Model 760 rifle on March 30, 1968. DONALD F. WOOD also furnished nine boxes of caliber .243 ammunition from their inventory stating that one box of this ammunition was believed to have been handled by the individual who purchased the gun. DONALD F. WOOD also furnished a set of Redfield bases and rings which had been the original bases and rings furnished by the manufacturer of the Redfield scope.

Mr. WOOD was furnished a signed receipt for the above items.

Immediately following the receipt of these items, SA NEIL P. SHANAHAN had carried them aboard a United Air- lines flight, changing to a Delta flight in Atlanta, Georgia, and ultimately accompanied them to Mr. GEORGE BONEBRAKE of the FBI Identification Division at approximately 8:00 p.m. same date. These items, from the time they were delivered to SA SHANAHAN, did not leave his possession until delivered to Mr. BONEBRAKE.

On 4/5/68 at Birmingham, Alabama File # BH 44-1740

SAs NEIL P. SHANAHAN and
NEIL G. MARTIN: NPS/jml

Date dictated 4/11/68
U. L. BAKER, 1408 Clermont Drive, advised he is an employee of the Aeromarine Supply Company, Airport Highway, Birmingham. In connection with the sale of a gun case for a Varmint model rifle, BAKER said he recalled making such a sale, but could not recall the date nor the name of the customer. He said he could not state that this gun case was sold on the same date that he had sold a rifle and scope sight, which was March 29, 1968. He said the man who bought the gun case was a frequent customer, and described him as a white male, 27 - 28 years old, 5'9", 180 lbs., heavyset, with blond, thinning hair. BAKER identified the other salesman, who would have been behind the counter on March 29, 1968, as the manager of the store, J. HOYT STEPHENS.

In connection with the accent or speech of the person who purchased the rifle and scope sight, BAKER said he believed it was from "this" (Alabama) general area. BAKER said that the man who purchased the rifle had left the store on March 29, 1968, and came back later in the afternoon and picked up the rifle. He was asked if it was possible that the man stayed in the store during this time, and BAKER said he was not sure.
Morris Cunningham, Washington representative of the Memphis Commercial Appeal, called Inspector Bowers during the afternoon of 10-30-74 from Memphis, where he is covering the James Earl Ray hearing in Federal District Court. Cunningham said Ray had testified to having sent a letter to Senator James O. Eastland (D-Miss.) shortly after he had been sentenced to prison for the King slaying. Ray allegedly said that he told Senator Eastland in the letter that he personally did not shoot King, but was partially responsible for his death. (News reports, 10-30-74, on the hearing corroborate this and indicated that Ray's letter to Senator Eastland was read into the record.)

Cunningham said he called Senator Eastland at his residence in Mississippi and asked him about this matter. Eastland recalled the letter and said he advised Cunningham about it when it was received, however, Cunningham does not recall this. He said Eastland had told him he had forwarded the letter to the FBI as he does many similar letters he receives from prisoners. Cunningham said Eastland suggested he call Bowers to determine if the FBI could locate the letter and to tell Bowers that he, Eastland, approves furnishing contents of the letter to Cunningham.

Bowers pointed out to Cunningham that we were precluded from doing so under Department regulations. It was pointed out to him, however, that should Senator Eastland desire, a copy of the letter, if located, could be made available to the Senator's office and the Senator could release the letter if he wishes. Cunningham said that should be satisfactory with him. He was told he would be advised as soon as this matter could be checked out. He can be reached through the news room of the Memphis Commercial Appeal, area code 901 526-8811 in Memphis.

This matter was checked with Courtney Pace, Administrative Assistant to Senator Eastland, who indicated he was aware of Cunningham's request.

Enclosure
1 - Mr. Callahan
1 - Mr. Mintz
1 - Mr. Gebhardt

CBF: dkg (9)
McDermott to Jenkins Memo
Re: MURKIN

He said that should we find the letter in question and furnish a copy to him, he would be glad to handle the matter with Cunningham for the Senator.

Bufiles reflect that Senator Eastland made a copy of Ray's letter available to Inspector Bowers on 3-17-69. Accordingly, a copy of Ray's letter, see attached, has been made available to Courtney Pace on 10-31-74 so that he can handle the matter with Cunningham.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.
YORK ARMS CO.

Quality being equal
- Our prices are as low as
- you will find elsewhere

RETURN IN CASE OF
ERROR OR EXCHANGE

APR 4

-083 $ 041.550 H

RETURN IN CASE OF
ERROR OR EXCHANGE

APR 4

-083 $ 041.550 H
Tornado Strikes Near Millington: At Least 30 Hurt

LBJ Going To Hawaii Today To Consult On Peace Moves, Set Stage For Red Meeting

US Lays Of Bid To Talk Of Peace On Enemy Terms

HANOI OFFERS TALKS ACCEPTED BY JOHNSON

Breach Urges Park Route OK

The Weather
Republican Party of Georgia
State Finance Committee
Suite 605 1430 West Peachtree Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30309

DR. S. L. Terploe
115-1414 Street, NE
Atlanta, Georgia 30309
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**Subtotal**: 234.52

**Tax**: 14.02

**Total**: 248.59

**Invoice Number**: 2251A

**Date**: 3/27 1968

**Address**: 1902 S. 11th St., Birm., Ala.

**Signatures**:
- Harvey Low Meyer
- Harry Low Meyer
RE: JAMES EARL RAY, FBI #405942G

Latent fingerprint previously reported on the Remington model 760 rifle, serial #461476, Q2; the latent fingerprint on the telescopic sight, serial #A17350, on the rifle, Q2; latent fingerprint on the binoculars, Q14; the latent fingerprint on the newspaper, Q19; the latent fingerprint on the after shave lotion bottle, part of Q24; and the latent fingerprint on the Schlitz beer can, Q53, have all been identified with the fingerprints of James Earl Ray.
REGISTRATION CARD

NOTICE TO GUESTS: This property is privately owned and management reserves right to refuse service to anyone, and will not be responsible for accidents or injury to guests or for loss of money, jewelry or valuables of any kind. RENTAL PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

NAME: Ew. J. C. Stet
STREET: 2608 Highland
CITY: Birmingham
STATE: Alabama

REPRESENTING:

ROOM 4 STAY:
CAR LICENSE:
STATE:

acct: 014138993

REMARKS:

44-38661 TK

EBI LABORATORY
REGISTRATION CARD

NOTICE TO GUESTS: — This property is privately owned and management reserves right to refuse service to anyone, and will not be responsible for accidents or injury to guests or for loss of money, jewelry or valuables of any kind.

RENTAL PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

NAME: Eric S. Salt

STREET: 2608 Highland

CITY: Birmingham

STATE: Alabama

REPRESENTING: Americans Hotel Register Co., 226-228 W. Ontario St., Chicago, Ill.

ROOM: 137

CAR LICENSE: 38993

STATE: AL

REMARKS: 11/27/57
PURCHASE OF 1966 WHITE MUSTANG TWO-DOOR
BY ERIC S. GALT, 2608 HIGHLAND AVENUE,
FROM OWNER, WILLIAM D. PAISLEY, ON
AUGUST 29 and 30, 1967.
At 8:30 A.M., the records of the Jefferson County Department of Revenue were examined to determine the registered owner of an automobile bearing 1968 Alabama tag no. 1-38993. These records indicated that this tag was issued on October 2, 1967, to Mr. ERIC S. GALT, 2608 Highland Avenue, Birmingham, Alabama, for a 1966 Mustang, two-door, eight cylinder, Vehicle Identification No. 6T07C190647. This record also indicated that this car bore a previous 1967 Alabama tag no. 1A-88354. A check of the records concerning this number revealed that this number was issued for the same automobile to Mr. WILLIAM D. PAISLEY, 701 48th Street South, Birmingham, Alabama, who bought this car from Marvin Crawford Ford Company, Birmingham, on December 15, 1966. This car had originally been registered by Marvin Crawford Ford Company, on March 11, 1966, as having been sold to MELVIN E. HARVEY, 3311 Highland Drive, Birmingham. The record shows the car was transferred from Harvey's name to PAISLEY on December 15, 1966, and was then transferred from PAISLEY to ERIC S. GALT, 2608 Highland Avenue, Birmingham, Alabama, on August 30, 1967.

On 4/9/68 at Birmingham, Alabama
SAs NEIL P. SHANAHAN and
by ROBERT M. BARRETT

Date dictated 4/11/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to you, our client. It is not to be distributed outside your agency.
PAISLEY recalls GALT mentioned that he worked on a barge line between New Orleans and St. Louis, and that he would work 20 days and then be off 10 days. He recalled GALT saying that he was married, and that his wife was now living "over in Rocky Ridge," referring to an area south of Homewood, Alabama.

PAISLEY described GALT as a white male, age about 32, five feet, ten and one-half inches tall, 160 to 165 pounds, dark brown hair, neat-looking, neat dresser, quiet, accent was not from the Alabama area.

Mr. PAISLEY said he did not believe he could identify GALT if he ever saw him again.

PAISLEY produced a bill of sale for this transaction which shows the car was sold to ERIC GALT, 2608 Highland Avenue, Birmingham, Alabama, telephone 323-9487, for $1,295 on August 30, 1967.
WILLIAM D. PAISLEY, 701 48th Street South, Birmingham, furnished the following.

On August 29, 1967, a man later identified as ERIC GALT came to the PAISLEY residence in a taxi cab. This man apparently was the same man who had called earlier in the day and talked to PAISLEY's wife about an ad the PAISLEY's had placed in a local newspaper in an effort to sell their 1966 white Mustang. PAISLEY showed the automobile which has a red interior to GALT and offered to let him test-drive the car. GALT refused to drive the car, saying he did not have an Alabama driver's license, but he did have one in Louisiana. PAISLEY then drove GALT around the area, and during this drive picked up PAISLEY's son DAVID. When they returned to the PAISLEY residence, GALT said "I'll take it off your hands." GALT said he did not like the off-white color of the car, but apparently was otherwise satisfied. GALT then suggested that he give PAISLEY some earnest money, and asked if PAISLEY would drive GALT to the downtown area of Birmingham. It was then agreed that they would meet the next day at about 10:00 a.m. at the First National Bank to settle the deal. GALT told PAISLEY that he, GALT, had his bank account at the Birmingham Trust National Bank. GALT asked PAISLEY how he wanted payment for the car, and PAISLEY suggested a cashier's check. GALT said he did not know how to get a cashier's check, and PAISLEY said he would show him how the next day. PAISLEY, accompanied by his son DAVID, then took GALT to First Avenue and North 20th Street, where GALT got out of the car.

The next day PAISLEY received a telephone call from GALT, who said he would meet him at the First National Bank to settle the deal. At about 10:15 a.m., they met in front of the bank, and GALT took $2,000 cash out of his shirt pocket and gave it to PAISLEY. PAISLEY suggested they go inside the bank and count the money, which they did. PAISLEY deposited the money in the bank, and GALT went with PAISLEY's son to a parking lot where he took possession of the car.
WILLIAM DAVID PAISLEY, JR., 701 South 48th Street, Birmingham, on April 9, 1968, furnished the following:

Sometime in late August, 1967, PAISLEY's father had run an ad in the Sunday newspaper in an effort to sell their 1966 white two-door hardtop Mustang with red interior and whitewall tires. They advertised the car as being for sale for $1,995. A couple of days later, a man later identified as ERIC GALT and PAISLEY's father picked up PAISLEY at the home of one of his friends. PAISLEY's father was driving the car and GALT was riding in the front seat. They drove around the area for awhile and then returned to the PAISLEY residence. GALT did not ask any questions, look at the motor or in the trunk of the car. He said, "I'll be glad to take this car off your hands." He then agreed to give PAISLEY's father a down payment if Mr. PAISLEY would take GALT back to downtown Birmingham. They then agreed to meet the next morning at the First National Bank to settle the deal, because PAISLEY's father has his office in that building and PAISLEY at the time was employed in the First National Bank.

Mr. PAISLEY suggested that GALT obtain a cashier's check. PAISLEY and his father then took GALT to First Avenue North and 20th Street, where he got out of the car. That evening, August 29, 1968, PAISLEY tried to call GALT at the telephone number GALT had left with PAISLEY's father. PAISLEY was unable to talk to GALT as he was not at the number called and PAISLEY learned this number was at a rooming house on Highland Avenue. The next day PAISLEY's father received a telephone call from GALT who said he was six blocks away from the First National Bank building and would meet the PAISLEYS in front of the First National Bank at about 10:15 A.M. They met in front of the bank at 10:15 A.M. and GALT produced $2,000 in cash, mostly twenties, with some 100-dollar bills. They stepped inside the bank where the money was counted and GALT was given a bill of sale.
PAISLEY then took GALT to the parking lot where the car was parked and showed him how to drive the car. He then gave GALT the keys and GALT drove off.

DAVID PAISLEY recalled that he observed this same car for about six weeks after the sale, parked in front of the rooming house in the 2600 block of Highland Avenue, but that he had not seen this automobile since about the first of October, 1967. He also recalled that on one of these occasions he observed a front bumper tag with a drawing of a Confederate flag thereon.

PAISLEY recalled GALT saying that he worked on a barge on the Mississippi River "out of St. Louis" to New Orleans. He would work a month and then be off for two weeks, and that this was a lonely life. He also said he had saved all his money from his job and would pay cash for the car.

PAISLEY also recalled that GALT was emphatic about not test driving the automobile, and said that his Louisiana license had expired and he had not obtained an Alabama driver's license yet. He also recalled GALT making a statement that he did his banking at the Birmingham Trust National Bank, and "I have my money there."

PAISLEY described GALT as a white male, 5'8"-8½". age 32 tall, 145 pounds, dark brown or black hair with a widow's peak and cut short. This person was not a smoker, was very clean-cut, very shy and quiet. He claimed he was divorced and that his wife was presently living on Rocky Ridge or Dolly Ridge Road "over the mountain," referring to an area south of Homewood, Alabama. PAISLEY recalled this person had an accent which was possibly Western, but was definitely not from the Alabama area. PAISLEY also recalled this person saying he was unemployed at that time.

PAISLEY said he could definitely identify this person if he ever saw him again.
On April 10, 1968, DAVID PAISLEY observed an artist's conception of a person who had purchased a rifle at Aeromarine Supply, Birmingham, on March 29, 1968. PAISLEY said this artist's conception did not resemble ERIC GALT.

PAISLEY said his father had told GALT during the transaction that GALT would have to get insurance for the car as the PAISLEYs would cancel their car insurance by calling State Farm Insurance Company that day (August 30, 1968). PAISLEY recalled that GALT did not ask any questions or say anything further about car insurance.

During his contacts with GALT, PAISLEY said he never detected the odor of alcohol on GALT nor did he observe GALT smoke cigarettes. PAISLEY said the ad for the automobile had been run in the "Birmingham News" on Sunday, August 27, 1967, only.

PAISLEY recalled GALT, after inspecting PAISLEY's Mustang, saying that this was the cleanest one that GALT had seen. He also recalled GALT saying, "I've get my money in the F.B.I. " Trust, " and did not refer to the bank as the "BTRB," which is commonly done by natives of Birmingham. In connection with GALT's divorced wife whom GALT claimed was living on Rock Ridge Road or Dolly Ridge Road, "over the mountain," PAISLEY recalls GALT saying, "Yeah, that's the way it goes."

PAISLEY said the price of $1,995 for the Mustang was $300 too much, but this price was never questioned by GALT and this price did not seem to bother GALT in any way. GALT said he had been saving his money and because he worked on a barge he had no place to spend it.

PAISLEY said he could not recall how GALT was dressed on August 29, 1967, but did believe that on August 30, 1967, GALT was wearing a sport coat, a dress shirt, with no tie, open at the neck.

Prior to GALT's taking possession of the car on August 30, 1967, PAISLEY's father asked GALT how GALT was going to get his driver's license. GALT replied that he had a friend "over at the rooming house," who would take him to the place where he could obtain a driver's license and change the registration on the car.
DAVID PAISLEY recalled that during the month to six weeks after the sale he had observed this car parked on numerous occasions in front of the rooming house in the 2600 block of Highland Avenue. He had noted that this car seemed to be kept from non-use, rather than from being driven, and that on the last occasion of observing this car which would have been about the first of October, 1967, the car still had the slick bald tires that had been on it when it was sold.

PAISLEY furnished the following detailed description of the automobile:

1966 white Mustang, two-door hardtop, eight cylinder, 289, four individual red plastic floor mats, push button radio, heater, remote control outside mirror, day-night inside mirror, very clean engine, mileage 20,000 miles, equipped with Autolite battery, four whitewall, bald tires. The spare was in good shape but had a wider whitewall than the tires on the wheels. The seats were medium red in color and the carpeting was maroon or dark red. The body condition of the car was excellent and the muffler was painted shiny silver.

PAISLEY said that he had forgotten to advise on April 9, 1968, that on April 5, 1968, sometime between 1:00 P.M. and 1:30 P.M., while driving east on Fifth Avenue North, in front of the U. S. Post Office, PAISLEY observed a 1966 white Mustang hardtop, which he thought could possibly be the same car he had sold to GALT. He also, at the same time, observed the back of a man getting into this car which resembled that of GALT. PAISLEY said he could not be sure that this was the same car and that the individual was of as he only had a fleeting glimpse.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONTRIBUTOR OF</th>
<th>NAME AND NUMBER</th>
<th>ARRESTED OR RECEIVED</th>
<th>CHARGE</th>
<th>DISPOSITION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Army</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #16163129</td>
<td>February 19, 1946</td>
<td>suspicion of burglary</td>
<td>8 months in jail suspended 2 years probation served; first 50 days in jail; 146 days in jail; December 30, 1949</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff's Office, Los Angeles, California</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #D-119908</td>
<td>October 11, 1949</td>
<td>suspicion of burglary</td>
<td>459 Penal Code (burglary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department, Los Angeles, California</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #1399048</td>
<td>October 11, 1949</td>
<td>vagrancy</td>
<td>released to parole later</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff's Office, Des Moines, Iowa</td>
<td>James E. Ray #5937</td>
<td>April 18, 1950</td>
<td>no operator's license - no State license - no City License</td>
<td>Grand Jury $3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department, Chicago, Illinois</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #7514</td>
<td>July 23, 1951</td>
<td>robbery (Gun)</td>
<td>June 13, 1952 sentenced to penitentiary 1 to 2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department, Chicago, Illinois</td>
<td>James Ray #90696</td>
<td>May 6, 1952</td>
<td>robbery</td>
<td>1 to 2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cook County Jail, Chicago, Illinois</td>
<td>James Ray #131165</td>
<td>May 9, 1952</td>
<td>robbery</td>
<td>1 to 2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary, Joliet, Illinois</td>
<td>James E. Ray #32419</td>
<td>June 13, 1952</td>
<td>robbery</td>
<td>1 to 2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary, Joliet, Illinois</td>
<td>James E. Ray #19121</td>
<td>July 7, 1952</td>
<td>robbery</td>
<td>1 to 2 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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John Edgar Hoover
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<th>Arrested or Received</th>
<th>Charge</th>
<th>Disposition</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff’s Office</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #2640</td>
<td>August 30, 1954</td>
<td>burglary and larceny</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edwardsville, Illinois</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department</td>
<td>James E. Ray #40714</td>
<td>March 23, 1955</td>
<td>investigation of breaking and entering Post Office</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hannibal, Missouri</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Highway Patrol</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #B-3376</td>
<td>March 23, 1955</td>
<td>cashing stolen postal money orders</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Macon, Missouri</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States Marshal</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #12018</td>
<td>March 28, 1955</td>
<td>forgery United States Postal Money Order</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas City, Missouri</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>sentenced to 15 months custody of Attorney General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff’s Office</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #29637</td>
<td>March 28, 1955</td>
<td>forgery Government</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas City, Missouri</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 years and 3 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leavenworth, Kansas</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 years and 9 months May 20, 1958 conditional release March 1959 maximum April 5, 1958</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #81071</td>
<td>October 10, 1959</td>
<td>suspicion of robbery</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saint Louis, Missouri</td>
<td></td>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Police Department Saint Louis, Missouri</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #81071</td>
<td>October 16, 1959</td>
<td>suspicion of robbery stealing and fugitive other authorities</td>
<td>20 years 7, 5, concurred April 23, escaped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary Jefferson City, Missouri</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #00416</td>
<td>March 17, 1960</td>
<td>&quot;TC&quot; operating motor vehicle without permission of owner robbery first &quot;b/a DDW&quot; (2 charges)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Hospital Number 1 Fulton, Missouri</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #37045 C-5</td>
<td>September 8, 1966</td>
<td>Patient</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO Memphis Tenn</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #39728</td>
<td>7-19-68</td>
<td>murder 1st deg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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WANTED: James Earl Ray for escape 4-23-67 (oper H/V w/o perm of owner; robb 1st deg b/m of a D & D/th (will extradite) Notify Warden Spen Jefferson City No inf rec 5-10-67 NO LONGER WANTED per inf rec 7-19-68

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John Edgar Hoover
Director
The following FBI record, NUMBER 405 942 G, is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE. Information shown on this Identification Record represents data furnished FBI by fingerprint contributors. FINAL DISPOSITION IS NOT SHOWN OR FURTHER EXPLANATION OF CHARGE IS DESIRED, COMMUNICATE WITH AGENCY CONTRIBUTING THOSE FINGERPRINTS.

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<th>ARRESTED OR RECEIVED</th>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CC: Warden</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>SPen</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Jefferson City Mo</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<th>CHARGE</th>
<th>DISPOSITION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chatham Co Pol.</td>
<td>Jerry William Ray</td>
<td>7-25-70</td>
<td>337 A</td>
<td>11-24-70 KG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savannah Ga</td>
<td>#3-6690</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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SHELBY COUNTY JAIL

Memphis, Tennessee

February 18, 1969

Percy Foreman, Esq.,
Attorney at Law,
Memphis, Tennessee.

Dear Mr. Foreman:

You have asked me to put in writing my authorization to you to negotiate a plea of guilty in the murder case pending in Shelby County, Tennessee (Memphis) in which I am indicted for the murder of Martin Luther King. That is the purpose of this letter.

I appreciate the fact that you have stated you are willing to contest this case through the trial court and the appellate courts of Tennessee; and, if necessary, to the Supreme Court of the United States. But you have told me that an appeal is not necessarily synonymous with a reversal, and I already knew that.

We have, together, analyzed the evidence against me and both of us have concluded that it is impossible to controvert certain incriminating fingerprints, identification, and other circumstances. We both believe that, ultimately, a trial or trials will result in a final conviction, and that the alternate punishments will be either life, ninety-nine years in the penitentiary or death in the electric chair.

Therefore, this is my authority to you to negotiate a plea of guilty on my behalf for any term of years, but with a waiver of the death penalty. If you are successful in doing so, I will enter such a plea at the convenience of the Court and all concerned. You have guaranteed me that if I do enter such a plea, that the death penalty need not be waived and that I will not be sentenced to death.

Sincerely yours,

JER

[Signature]
Mr. RALPH MEREDITH CARPENTER, 4844 Durbin Street, Memphis, Tennessee, telephone 685-5618, advised that he is a salesman at the York Arms Company located at 162 South Main Street, Memphis.

Mr. CARPENTER recalls that yesterday, April 4, 1968, he was in the above mentioned store talking to one of the other salesmen in the store when an individual entered and subsequently bought from him a pair of Bushnell binoculars. This individual entered the store at about 4:00 in the afternoon. Mr. CARPENTER estimates this to be the correct time and, in part, bases his estimate on the fact that there were pickets parading in front of the store at that time. Mr. CARPENTER recalls that as this individual proceeded further into the store he turned to this individual and asked if he could be of assistance. The individual stated that he wished to purchase some binoculars, and Mr. CARPENTER told him that he was about out of binoculars and believed the only ones he had in stock were a pair selling for $200 and another pair selling for ninety-some dollars. The individual stated that he believed these were too high priced for him, and then Mr. CARPENTER recalled that there might be a cheaper pair of binoculars in the window and advised the individual not to be discouraged. Mr. CARPENTER thereupon went to the display window in the front of the store and determined that there was on display a pair of Bushnell binoculars selling for $39.95. He brought these binoculars back to the customer and explained that they were a Japanese import of better quality. The individual seemed to indicate that he either recognized the name or that he agreed that there were some good Japanese imports. The customer raised the binoculars to his eyes and in some manner, not now recalled by Mr. CARPENTER, indicated that these binoculars were acceptable.

Mr. CARPENTER recalls that the customer asked if instructions were in the box, and Mr. CARPENTER advised him that there were instructions in the box, but not much was needed to be known to operate the binoculars, other than to

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On 4/5/68 at Memphis, Tennessee File # Memphis 44-1987

309

SA ROBERT W. GOODWIN and

by SA RALPH J. LUBER Date dictated 4/5/68
just place them to the eyes and adjust the eye pieces. Mr. CARPENTER recalls that he wrote on the box in which he placed the binoculars the price $39.95 and the amount of tax which was $1.60 and added the two figures for a total of $41.55. He placed the sales slip and the box with the binoculars in it in a gray paper bag which bears the name of York Arms on its side. The binoculars were in a leather or similar type carrying case. The store does not record or maintain serial numbers for these binoculars and it is not known what, if any, serial number was on this particular pair of binoculars.

Mr. CARPENTER stated that the binoculars were Bushnell brand and were 7 by 35 size.

Mr. CARPENTER described the customer as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race:</th>
<th>White</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sex:</td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age:</td>
<td>26 - 32 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height:</td>
<td>5 feet 11 inches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight:</td>
<td>160 pounds to 175 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair:</td>
<td>Black or dark brown, neat, combed straight back and not parted. It was neither very long nor shaggy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes:</td>
<td>Color not recalled; no glasses worn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complexion:</td>
<td>Ruddy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Build:</td>
<td>Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scars and marks:</td>
<td>None recalled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regional accent:</td>
<td>None noticed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dress:</td>
<td>Dark suit, not known whether or not pants matched coat, but recalls pants did not contrast with coat; color of shoes not known but not in sharp contrast to other clothing; no hat worn; white shirt with noticeably wide space at the collar, neat looking; dark tie with light stripe which covered entire tie, which was tied in a long slender knot which did not fill the space between the collars; tie was noticeably pulled to one side, not in keeping with generally neat appearance of customer; no jewelry remembered.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Facial characteristics: Average fullness; nothing regarding the eyes, nose, ears or other features noticeable. Customer's hands were neat, though nothing outstanding was noticed about them.

Mr. CARPENTER recalls that the individual reached into his right front pants pocket to get the money with which to pay for the binoculars. The money was not in a billfold or a money clip. The customer withdrew two $20 bills from a roll which contained several other bills, at least two of which Mr. CARPENTER believes were $20 bills. The customer also took a $1.00 bill from this roll and then reached into his other front pocket with his left hand and secured two quarters and a nickel, making a total of $41.55 for the payment. After purchasing the binoculars, the customer walked from the store and Mr. CARPENTER told him to "hurry back" or some similar parting statement, and the customer's reply is not recalled, if any was made. Mr. CARPENTER does not know which direction the customer took after leaving the store.

Mr. CARPENTER does not recall ever having seen this individual before in the store or elsewhere, but feels relatively certain that if he sees him again he would be able to recognize him.

The customer, while in the store, did not ask to see any other merchandise such as rifles or guns or ammunition of any kind, and made no inquiry at all concerning any other merchandise.

Mr. CARPENTER stated that when the customer entered the store CARPENTER was near the front of the store talking to Mr. VERNON YORK. Further back in the store he believes CHARLES GIBSON was near the cash register, and Mr. HUGH BADDLEY, a clcrk, was also somewhere in the store. He believes also that possibly Mr. CORDRA YORK, JR., may have been in the store, but he does not know whether or not any of these individuals took notice of the customer.
SAC ROBERT G. JENSEN and SA RALPH J. LIEWER contacted RALPH M. CARPENTER, an employee of York Arms Company, 162 South Main Street, Memphis. Mr. CARPENTER was informed of the identity of SAC JENSEN and he has previously been interviewed by SA LIEWER. He was told we had an additional group of photographs we would like him to view. He was told that no significance should be attached to the sequence or arrangement the photographs might be in when he saw them. These photographs were laid out, one after another, on the second floor away from bystanders and other employees in the York Arms Company.

CARPENTER spent at least twenty minutes reviewing carefully each of the photographs. He expressed some hesitation for a time between a photograph of one RICHARD SMITH and the photograph of ERIC S. GALT. No names and no identifying data of any kind were furnished to CARPENTER in connection with his study of these photographs. He did state in connection with a photograph of SMITH that he thought this was a local Memphis boy whom he might have seen. He turned this photograph over and did reject the photograph as not being identical to the one to whom he sold the binoculars.

He studied carefully for approximately five minutes the photograph of ERIC S. GALT and made comments concerning the appearance of GALT. He stated the hair was generally similar to the customer but thought it might be just a little bit longer than when the customer had been in the store on April 4. He also said that he recalled the customer he waited on did not have heavy, bushy eyebrows but they were more like the eyebrows in the photograph of GALT. He also stated he had no recollection of seeing GALT's teeth and thought he had a smile when he waited on him. CARPENTER also said he had no independent recollection of GALT's ears appearing as they did in the photograph, but he then said he did not notice them particularly. He did furnish the following statement regarding his identification of the photograph of ERIC S. GALT:

On 4/16/68 at Memphis, Tennessee File # Memphis 44-1987
"April 16, 1968

"On April 16, 1968, I, Ralph M Carpenter was shown a group of 5 photographs by Special Agent in Charge Robert G Jensen and Special Agent Ralph J Liewer. After careful study of each of these pictures I placed my name on the back of the picture which I feel most resembled the man who bought a set of binoculars from me on April 4, 1968 at York Arms, 162 So. Main St., Memphis, Tennessee. I was not furnished any names or any descriptive data regarding any of the photographs shown. I was also told that no significance should be attached to any sequence or arrangement that the photographs were shown to me. I did turn one photograph over as I thought I recognized this to be a local Memphis boy. I did not however recognize him as the person to whom I sold the binoculars.

"In choosing the photograph I was guided by my best recollection. I remember that the man who bought the binoculars did not have heavy eyebrows and were about medium like the ones in the photograph selected by me. I did not sell any other binoculars on April 4, 1968

"My signature attests that I am in agreement with the information set forth on page one and page two of this statement.

/s/ Ralph M. Carpenter

/s/ Robert G Jensen
SAC, FBI, Memphis
April 16, 1968

/s/ Ralph J. Liewer
Special Agent FBI
April 16, 1968"

It should be noted that the name "ERIC S. GALT" was not furnished to CARPENTER, nor was he in a position to read the name when he signed the back of the photograph. His concluding remarks, which were made at approximately 11:20 a.m., 4/16/68, were to the effect that, "I don't own a suit. I suppose I will have to buy a suit so that I can go to court."
Photographs of JAMES EARL RAY taken 1955, 1960, and 1966, and of the bedspread recovered at Memphis, April 4, 1968, were shown to Mrs. BESSIE RUTH BREWER, Room No. 2, 422½ South Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee. She said she had looked at the bedspread on April 4, 1968, when it was displayed to her after being recovered by the Memphis Police. She said the bedspread did not come from her rooming house and in fact she had never seen one like it before in her life. Mrs. BREWER said none of the men in the photographs shown her were familiar to her. She further advised that she did not believe she would recognize the man using the name JOHN WILLARD if he were to "walk up and say hello to me right now." She said she did not look at the man called WILLARD "squarely in the face" and as a result, does not think she will be able to identify him.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 4/10/68

Mr. CHARLIE QUITMAN STEPHENS, Room 6-B, second floor, 422½ S. Main Street, furnished the following information to Lieutenant J. D. HAMBY, Homicide Bureau, Memphis Police Department, and SA FRANKLIN L. JOHNSON:

Mr. STEPHENS, who stated he is 46 years of age, and his wife occupy 2 rooms in the north wing of a rooming house, the address of which is 422½ S. Main Street. This rooming house actually covers the second floor of 2 separate buildings, Mr. STEPHENS' room being located in the north building in the southeast corner of the north building.

Sometime in the late afternoon of April 4, 1968, he and his wife were in their room. His wife, who has recently been in the hospital for an extended period of time, was in bed in their combination of living-bedroom. He was in the kitchen, which is east of the living-bedroom. He was repairing a radio on a table located at the north wall of the kitchen. Immediately north of him is a common bathroom which is located at the east end of an east-west hallway in the north building. While he was repairing the radio, he heard what he is certain was a shot, and he is certain that shot came from the bathroom from a point within just a few feet of where he was sitting. He has no way of knowing the time but can only estimate it was sometime between 5:00 and 6:00 PM.

Upon hearing this shot, he walked out of the kitchen through his living-bedroom and opened the door leading onto the hallway and observed a man running west down this hallway and this man was carrying a large bundle of some kind. He would estimate that this bundle or package was at least 3 or 4 feet long and 6 to 8 inches thick. Although he saw the man and the bundle only momentarily, he gained the impression that the bundle was wrapped in something, possibly a newspaper. This man continued running to the end of the hallway turning left (south) and apparently thereafter ran down the stairways onto the street, although he could not actually see the man going down the stairway.

On 4/5/68 at Memphis, Tennessee

File # ME 44-1987

by SA FRANKLIN L. JOHNSON /dbd/ Date dictated 4/9/68
It immediately occurred to Mr. STEPHENS that this was the same man he had seen earlier in the afternoon, possibly around mid-afternoon, standing at the door to room 5-B which is located immediately west of Mr. STEPHENS's living-bedroom. He stated that around mid-afternoon he had seen a man with Mrs. BREWER standing in the hallway at the entrance to room 5-B looking into room 5-B. He saw the man's left side. The man had nothing in his hands at the time. He assumed this was some new guest looking at a room.

Mr. STEPHENS stated that he and his wife remained in their room the rest of the afternoon. He pointed out that he, Mr. STEPHENS, is a disabled veteran who has been treated for tuberculosis, and he spends most of his time in his rooms with his wife who is also ill and who at present is a bed patient.

Sometime after seeing this man with Mrs. BREWER, he heard someone in room 5-B and assumed the man he had seen had rented the room next door. He stated that he recalls on several different occasions hearing footsteps in this room and also leaving from this room past his (Mr. STEPHENS's) room and into the common bathroom at the east end of the hall. He was also very much aware that when the person went from room 5-B to the bathroom, that person remained in the bathroom for a considerable period of time. He pointed out that this is particularly noticeable since this is a common bathroom which must be used by a number of different tenants. He also specifically recalled that only on one occasion did he hear the commode being flushed and he was therefore curious as to why this person was spending so much time in the bathroom.

He stated that on the last occasion that someone went from number 5-B to the bathroom prior to the time he heard the shot, he would estimate that that person remained in the bathroom for at least 20 to 30 minutes. During this period he heard no noises coming from the bathroom. He also specifically recalls that during this same period, Mr. WILLIS ANCHULTZ (phonetic), who occupies room 4-B, immediately west of 5-B where the new tenant apparently was located,
had knocked on Mr. STEPHENS’s door and somewhat angrily inquired as to who was staying in the bathroom so long.

It was at the end of this latter period of time that Mr. STEPHENS heard the above described shot which he was certain came from the bathroom. He stated that immediately after the shot was fired he heard some people located across the street, east of the building where he lives, screaming. Due to the excitement of the moment, the fact that people across the street in the vicinity of the Lorraine Motel were screaming, and the fact that his hearing is not the best, he did not hear any additional noises coming from the bathroom. He pointed out that he would expect to hear a "scuffle" coming from the bathroom if the man in the bathroom had fired the shot that killed MARTIN LUTHER KING, but he cannot recall hearing such a "scuffle." He stated that he simply has no way of knowing whether the man came out of the bathroom, went into room 5-B and then ran out of 5-B down the hall toward the front of the building, or whether the man in the bathroom ran directly from the bathroom down the hallway toward the front of the building. He stated he did hesitate a few moments after hearing the shot and hearing the screaming outside before he went to the door and looked down the hall to see the man running carrying something in his hand.

Mr. STEPHENS advised that the only people in the north building of this rooming house at the time of this incident were (1) Mr. STEPHENS, (2) Mr. STEPHENS's wife, who was in bed and who was never in a position to observe anything, (3) Mr. WILLIS ANCHULTZ (phonetic), above, in room 4-B, who came out of his room and was seen by Mr. STEPHENS at the same time Mr. STEPHENS saw the man running down the hall, (4) Mrs. JESSIE LUTZTTER, a deaf and dumb lady who resides in room 1-B toward the front (west) of the north wing or north building, and (5) the unknown man who had occupied room 5-B who was running down the hall as previously stated.

Mr. STEPHENS stated that Mr. ANCHULTZ made some remark to the unknown man who was running down the hallway and the unknown man apparently made some kind of reply.
Mr. STEPHENS advised that whereas he could hear footsteps in 5-B and could hear footsteps between 5-B and the bathroom, he at no time heard any conversation in 5-B, and he is certain that there was no conversation in 5-B from the time the new tenant checked in until the time he heard the shot. He stated he never heard any noise or footsteps which would indicate to him there was ever more than one person in room 5-B. He pointed out that whereas his hearing is not too good, it is very easy to hear noises in the adjoining rooms of this rooming house and he definitely can hear normal conversation coming from that room. Mr. STEPHENS stated that when he saw the new tenant with Mrs. BREWER standing in front of 5-B, he only saw the left side of the new tenant, and when he saw what he believes to be the same man running down the hallway carrying something, he only saw this person from the rear. He pointed out he never saw him directly in front, but based upon his observations he would describe this person as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name:</th>
<th>Unknown</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Race:</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex:</td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age:</td>
<td>&quot;in his 30's.&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height:</td>
<td>5' 10-11&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight:</td>
<td>165 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Build:</td>
<td>Average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Posture:</td>
<td>Man stood erectly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair:</td>
<td>Described as sandy, also described as &quot;dark blond&quot; or having the appearance of unwashed sand. Further described as having hairline receding on left side (and presumably on both sides) making it appear he would have &quot;peaks&quot; on either side but with full thick hair toward the front. Center of his head between the peaks. Hair combed straight back. Normal or average haircut.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Dress: Bare headed, wearing dark suit
General Appearance: Clean shaven, neat appearing individual.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 4/7/68

CHARLES STEPHENS, Apartment 6B, 422½ South Main Street, Memphis, advised that on the afternoon of April 4, 1968, he was with his wife at the above address. He stated that at about 3:30 p.m., on the above date, he began working on a table model radio of his which was in need of repair. He said he took a radio to the kitchen and placed it on the table which was against the wall that was adjacent to the bathroom which was used by all tenants on his floor. As he was working on his radio he could hear the man in the next apartment to him, Apartment 5B, leave his room several times and go into the bathroom. Mr. STEPHENS stated that he knew it was the man who had just checked in to Apartment 5B that afternoon because he could hear the door of Apartment 5B open and then footsteps would go down the hall to the bathroom, the bathroom door would open and then close.

Mr. STEPHENS said that during these various trips that the individual in Apartment 5B made to the bathroom he failed to flush the toilet or to run any water with the exception of the last time he was in the bathroom. At this time he flushed the toilet. He stated that this individual seemed to be spending an undue length of time in this bathroom. At about 6:00 p.m., on April 4, 1968, Mr. STEPHENS heard a loud noise which he described as sounding like a gunshot come from the bathroom. Upon hearing this noise, Mr. STEPHENS ran from the kitchen where he was repairing his radio to his door that led to the hallway. He stated this is only a distance of about 10 to 12 feet. Upon opening the door he saw a man leave the bathroom carrying a package of about three feet long and wrapped in what appeared to be newspaper. He saw the man run down the hall and then turn left as if he were trying to leave the apartment building. As this was happening WILLIE ANSCHUTZ, who lived in Apartment 4B, came out of his apartment and went to the bathroom. ANSCHUTZ then told STEPHENS to look out of his window. STEPHENS said that he then looked out of his kitchen window which faced the Lorraine Hotel and saw a lot of policemen scurrying about and people running screaming in the vicinity of the hotel.

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On 4/5/68 at Memphis, Tennessee File # ME 44-1987 SA JOHN W. BAUER b SA STEPHEN M. DARLINGTON JWB raj Date dictated 4/5/68

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Mr. STEPHENS stated that the man who was in Apartment 5B had checked in about 3:00 or 3:30 p.m. on April 4, 1968. He stated he was sure of this because he had heard the landlady showing him the apartment at that time. He stated he glanced out of his door and got a fairly good look at the man who he described as being a white male; 5' 10-11"; weighing 165 pounds; slender build; ruddy complexion; sandy hair; had a long, sharp pointed nose; wearing what appeared to be a dark blue or black suit, white shirt and dark tie.

Mr. STEPHENS stated that the man who he saw running out of the bathroom closely resembled the man who had checked into Apartment 5B. He said he could only see the man who ran from the bathroom from behind, but his general build, hair coloring and clothes were the same as the individual in Apartment 5B.

Mr. STEPHENS described the individual he saw running out of the bathroom as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>White</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sex</td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height</td>
<td>5'10-11&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Build</td>
<td>Slender</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complexion</td>
<td>Ruddy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair</td>
<td>Sandy, slightly on dark side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>Wearing dark suit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mr. STEPHENS added that he had never met the man who checked into Apartment 5B, talked to him, or knew his name.
Mrs. PEGGY BURNS, 4802 Rickard, telephone number 397-0033, advised she is employed as a saleslady at the Oliver Rexall Drugstore in Whitehaven. Mrs. BURNS stated that she recalls selling a Gillette shaving kit, which was in a clear plastic container, to a white man a little before noon on April 3, 1968. She stated that this shaving kit contained a safety razor, shaving lotion, shaving cream, hair tonic, and deodorant, which is all manufactured by the Gillette Company, and was in a clear plastic container, approximately four inches by six inches.

Mrs. BURNS recalled that a white man came into the Oliver Rexall Drugstore shortly before noon, April 3, 1968, and asked her for a razor. She said she pointed out where the razors were located in her store, and directed him to that area of the store. She advised the white man walked down to this area, and picked out the Gillette shaving kit, and brought it back to the cash register, where she was located. Mrs. BURNS said she could not recall any other items which the white man purchased in her store. She could not recall how he paid for this purchase, and did not recall anything he said while he was paying for the item.

Mrs. BURNS stated that she got the impression from the white man's activities that he was a stranger in the area, and she said she does not believe he has ever been in her store before. She said she is sure that she has never seen him prior to the time he approached her, and she furnished the following description for him:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race:</th>
<th>White</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age:</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height:</td>
<td>5'7&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight:</td>
<td>165 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair:</td>
<td>Black - could not recall how he combed it or anything further about his hair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes:</td>
<td>Color unknown</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On 4/4/68 at Memphis, Tennessee File # 44-1987
On 4/6/68 Date dictated 4/6/68
Mrs. BESSIE RUTH BREWER, Resident Manager, roaming house located at 422½ South Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee, was interviewed at Central Police Headquarters, Memphis, Tennessee, Police Department, at which time she furnished the following information:

Between 3:00 P.M. and 3:30 P.M. on April 4, 1968, a white male knocked on the door of the second floor of the roaming house and asked Mrs. BREWER if she had a room. She replied yes, and this individual then asked if he could see it. Mrs. BREWER showed him Room No. 8, which is located in the southwest part of the building, and the individual put his head into the doorway and after 'looking' stated that this would not be satisfactory as he did not need a stove and refrigerator but only wanted a sleeping room. Mrs. BREWER then showed this individual Room 5-B, and he put his head in the doorway of this room and said it would be fine. At this point the individual asked where the bathroom facilities were located, and she pointed to the bathroom located in the northeast portion of the hallway which is located in the same hallway as Room 5-B. She and this individual then returned to her office. The individual stated that his name was JOHN WILLARD and that he wanted a sleeping room for one week.

WILLARD then asked her how much the room rent would be for one week, and Mrs. BREWER replied $8.50. WILLARD then put his hand into his right trouser pocket and withdrew a twenty dollar bill and two quarters and handed the money to her. She gave him change in denominations of one ten dollar bill and two one dollar bills. When WILLARD arrived at the roaming house, Mrs. BREWER did not notice any luggage in his possession, nor during the brief conversation with WILLARD did he volunteer any information concerning his home, residence, line of business, or mode of transportation. WILLARD was not required to sign any type of register, and the only written record maintained of the transaction was a receipt for the $8.50, which was made out in the handwriting of Mrs. BREWER.

Mrs. BREWER was unable to state if WILLARD returned.

On 4/5/68 at Memphis, Tennessee

File # Memphis 44-1967

by SA ROBERT F. DOYLE: jap

Date dictated 4/8/68
to Room 5-B or if he left the building at any time after renting Room 5-B. Mrs. BREWER did not again observe WILLARD after he rented the room.

Mrs. BREWER's husband returned home from work at 5:25 P.M. on April 4, 1968, and at that time Mr. and Mrs. BREWER commenced their dinner. After dinner Mr. BREWER then turned on the television set and was watching the "Rawhide" television program, and Mrs. BREWER did the dinner dishes. Shortly after completing the dinner dishes, Mrs. BREWER also sat down to watch the "Rawhide" television program. Within a matter of a couple of minutes, Mrs. BREWER heard what she thought to be a gun shot coming from the back of her rooming house. Mrs. BREWER believed that this must have been around 6:00 P.M. on April 4, 1968. She advised her husband that she thought it was a gun shot. Her husband took time to put on his slippers and both of them then proceeded to the southeast exit of the building. Upon arriving at this point, Mr. BREWER attempted to go out the back door; however, a law enforcement officer was in the back of the building and instructed both Mr. and Mrs. BREWER to close the door and return to their apartment. Mrs. BREWER did not hear any noise such as someone running through her building after hearing the gun shot, and the only noise she could recall hearing was a lot of hollering and screaming near the back of her building toward the Lorraine Motel.

Mrs. BREWER examined cash that she had on hand and determined that she had three $20.00 bills in her possession. She was unable to specifically pinpoint which $20.00 bill was furnished to her by WILLARD for payment of his room rent. Mrs. BREWER made available the following described twenty dollar Federal Reserve Notes:

(1) Series 1963-A, Serial No. F14002844A

(2) Series 1963-A, Serial No. H16164663A

(3) Series 1963, Serial No. P06445143A

Mrs. BREWER furnished the following description of WILLARD:

Race: White
Sex: Male
Age: Approximately 35 years
Height: 5'11" to 6'
Weight: 180 pounds
Build: Medium (carried weight well)
Appearance: Real neat looking, clean shaven.

Mrs. BREWER stated that WILLARD appeared to have a smile or a sneer on his face during their entire conversation; did not appear as though he was the outdoors type; was wearing a dark sport jacket or short jacket, as he did not have to pull the jacket back when he reached his right hand into his pocket for his money; did not notice any rings or watches; paid no attention to his shoes, pants, shirt, or whether he had on a tie, but was quite positive that he did not have a hat; did not give the appearance of needing a haircut, nor was he wearing a mustache or any long sideburns; paid no particular attention to his teeth while he was talking and did not particularly notice about any part of his face, including nose, mouth, ears, chin, or eyebrows.

Mrs. BREWER claims that she did not particularly look at this individual as she did not like the smile or sneer that he had on his face.

Mrs. BREWER did recall that when she pointed out the bathroom facilities to WILLARD, she told him that everyone in the area of his room was usually quiet but that the guy next to him usually drinks a little bit. Mrs. BREWER claimed that WILLARD then stated, "I take a beer once in awhile myself." Mrs. BREWER claimed that she told him that was all right as long as he stayed in his room and kept quiet.

Mrs. BREWER was unable to state whether any of the other roomers at her rooming house had an opportunity to either observe or have any contact with WILLARD, nor was she able to furnish any additional information concerning WILLARD's activities during the brief period that he resided at her rooming house. She claims that she does not believe that she would recognize this individual again from a photograph or if she had an opportunity to see him in person, but qualified this by stating that she probably would be able to recognize him from the smile or sneer that he had on his face if she were able to observe that in the future.
She claimed that WILLARD did not volunteer any information concerning his personal background or volunteer any information concerning his reason for being in Memphis. She claimed that WILLARD's speech was "just like the rest of us around here," and that his vocabulary and accent were not out of place in her rooming house. Mrs. BREWER recalled that when WILLARD first looked in Room 8, he remarked that he only wanted a sleeping room as he would not be in the room in the daytime, just at night.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Mrs. FRANK (BESSIE) BREWER, Room 2, 422½ South Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee, who manages the rooming house at this address and who has been interviewed previously by Agents of the FBI, telephonically contacted the FBI Office on April 10, 1968, at which time she requested to be contacted by an FBI Agent.

Mrs. BREWER was contacted by SA FRANKLIN L. JOHNSON and Lieutenant W. S. SCHULTZ, Homicide Bureau, Memphis Police Department, at which time she advised that she was beginning to receive mail from individuals unknown to her. She displayed an envelope postmarked April 7, 1968, at Niagara Falls, New York, bearing the return address, Mrs. ZUCCO, 518 Perry Avenue, Niagara Falls, New York, in which was located a one-page handwritten letter, which letter referred to newspaper publicity identifying Mrs. BREWER as operating a "flop house," the writer of the letter referring to the fact that Mrs. BREWER should "buy some paint" and ending by stating, "I'll bet you even have cockroaches!"

A second envelope was postmarked April 7, 1968, at Des Moines, Iowa, which contained a printed religious tract and neither the envelope nor the tract identified the sender.

On the occasion of this contact with Mrs. BREWER, she furnished the following information:

She stated she wanted to point out that she has previously forgotten to advise officers of the Police Department and FBI Agents that at the time she rented Room 5-B to a stranger using the name of JOHN WILLARD on April 4, 1968, there was a small, cheap chest of drawers, blond in color, in front of the east window on the south wall of Room 5-B, whereas after the shooting of Dr. KING and when she next saw Room 5-B, that chest of drawers was sitting against the west wall of that room and there was a chair sitting in front of...
that window. She stated she was pointing this out since this would indicate that the occupant of the room definitely handled this chest of drawers.

Mrs. BREWER stated that since interviewed previously, she had been trying to think of anything else which might assist in identifying the guest who used the name of JOHN WILLARD. She stated as she has discussed the matter with her husband and thought more about it, the one thing which impressed her most about the appearance of this individual was the fact that when she first cracked open the door to her room after this man knocked, she observed that he was standing at the door with an unusual smile on his face. She went on to state that she would describe the smile as a "sneer" or a "smirk." She stated that she cannot be more specific other than to state that she was impressed by this expression on this man's face, as though he were trying to smile for no reason. She stated that she did not interpret the smile as an effort to be flirtatious.

She also stated that her initial impression of this man was that he did not "fit in" with other tenants in this rooming house. She pointed out that this rooming house is located in a poorer section of town where most of the tenants are older people or others with limited income, a number of whom are alcoholics, and this man was clean and neatly dressed, giving the impression that he could obtain lodging in nicer surroundings.

Mrs. BREWER at this time attempted to recall the words used by this person. As she recalls, when she went to the door and cracked open the door, leaving the chain fastened, the man's first words were, "Do you have a room for rent?" She answered in the affirmative and asked him whether he wanted a room by the week or by the month. He replied, as nearly as she can recall, by stating simply, "By the week." At this point she unfastened the chain which secured the partially opened door and walked directly to Room 8 located in the south wing of this rooming house. She stated that the man followed her to the room and looked inside the room but never actually entered the room, at which time his words,
as nearly as she can recall, were, "Well, I don't need the stove and refrigerator since I won't be doing any cooking. I was thinking more of a sleeping room."

At this point Mrs. BREWER explained that the only vacant "sleeping room" (or room with no stove and refrigerator) which she had in either wing of the rooming house was Room 5-B in the north wing. She therefore immediately walked from Room 8 in the south wing across the enclosed walkway which connects the south wing to the north wing of the rooming house, and thereafter to Room 5-B. Again she walked in front of the man. As soon as she opened the door to Room 5-B, the man immediately stated that he would take that room. She then walked to her room in the south wing of the building, followed by the unknown man, who paid her $8.50, as outlined previously by her, for the rent of Room 5-B for one week in advance.

Mrs. BREWER stated that most of the rooms in this rooming house can be secured only with the use of a padlock, and after showing this individual Room 5-B, she removed the padlock from the door and took the padlock with her to her room. She stated it is necessary that tenants put up a deposit if they secure the padlock, but this tenant did not inquire as to how he could lock the door and did not request the padlock and a key. She also added that she did not explain to him the method of locking the door or that it was necessary that he put up a deposit in order to obtain the padlock.

She stated at this point that she had been somewhat unnerved when she first looked at this man, at which time he had the unusual smile on his face, or appeared to be "sneering" at her, and thereafter she made a point of having as little to do with him as possible, always walking in front of him and avoiding all unnecessary conversation or dealings with him.

Mrs. BREWER was asked whether she now feels that she could identify this man if she sees him again. She stated that she thought she might be able to identify this man if she sees him again. She stated the man used no slang or unusual expressions and she could not associate his accent with any particular area, adding he had no particular accent.
She also stated that she is positive she has never seen this man before. She pointed out that she has only been handling the rental of the rooms at this rooming house since March 12, 1968, however, and she would have no way of knowing whether he stayed at this rooming house prior to that time.

She stated that at the time she became the landlady at this rooming house, Room 5-B was occupied by an elderly man by the name of COMMODORE STEWART. This man was ill as of March 12, 1968, and she believed that it was on March 12, 1968, that he was taken to a Memphis hospital. A couple of days later, probably on either March 13 or 14, 1968, this man died. The room had not been rented from that time until the time the stranger using the name of JOHN WILLSRARD rented this room.

She understands that a number of different persons have acted in the capacity of rental agent for this rooming house in recent months, including Mr. WYATT MADDOX, who is now a clerk at the Tri-State Hotel located nearby, Mr. MADDOX never having lived in this rooming house, however, and apparently having acted as rental agent for only a short period of time. Another individual who handled the rental of rooms in this rooming house was R. R. THOMPSON, an old drunk, according to other tenants, who never lived in the rooming house. One other rental agent at this rooming house prior to the time Mrs. BREWER assumed these duties was H. V. SAWYERS, who she understands is now at the Madison Hotel in Memphis. She is sure that Mr. SAWYERS was the rental agent in January 1968, based on copies of receipts in her receipt book. She recalled that Mr. SAWYERS stabbed his wife while he was rental agent at this rooming house and the matter received publicity.

Mrs. BREWER advised that most of the occupants of rooms in this rooming house are more or less permanent tenants, although she does occasionally rent a vacant room to transients for only one night.

Mrs. BREWER advised that there are 10 separate apartments or rooms in the south wing of this rooming house and six separate apartments or rooms in the north wing. The six rooms in the north wing are referred to as 1-B, 2-B, etc., whereas the rooms in the south wing have
no letter of the alphabet following the room number.
She furnished the following information concerning the
status of these rooms as of April 4, 1968, when the man
using the name JOHNS WILLARD checked into Room 5-B:

SOUTH WING:

(Rooms are numbered in a counter-clockwise order,
starting with Room No. 1 in the southwest corner of
this wing of the rooming house.)

Room 1 – Vacant

Room 2 – Occupied by Mr. and Mrs. BREWER and
referred to as the "office."

Room 3 – Occupied by Mr. BRENT B. REEVES, an
elderly man who is retired and who appears
to be reasonably responsible. She stated
that Mr. REEVES came out of his room about
the same time as Mr. and Mrs. BREWER after
all heard what they believed to be a shot
about 6:00 p.m., April 4, 1968.

Room 4 – Occupied by HOWARD VANCE, an older man,
chronic alcoholic, who works as a handyman
at Jim's Grill located nearby, but who as
of April 4, 1968, was known by Mrs. BREWER
to have been drunk for two days. Mrs.
BREWER stated she knew that VANCE was in
his room as of 6:00 p.m., April 4, 1968,
but she also knew that he had been on a
two-day drunk and that he did not come
out of his room.

Room 5 – Occupied by T. L. MESSER, a man 75 to 80
years of age, who has been ill recently,
whose hearing is very defective, and who
was in his room as of the time of the
shooting. Mrs. BREWER added, however,
that due to Mr. MESSER's age and his
physical and mental condition, Mr. MESSER
still does not understand what actually
occurred and continues to ask what all the
excitement was about when police officers
and FBI Agents questioned occupants of the
building.
Room 6 - Vacant. Man by the name of SAMUEL WILSON, who she understands had been a tenant for several months, vacated this room on April 3, 1968.

Room 7 - Occupied by FRANK M. MARLEY, an elderly man who is a chronic alcoholic, who was also drunk and in his room as of the time of the shooting. She stated that MARLEY did not come out of his room around the time of the shooting.

Room 8 - Vacant. (This is the room which Mrs. BREWER first showed to the man using the name JOHN WILLARD.)

Room 9 - Occupied by HAROLD CARTER, a man 55 to 60 years of age, unemployed, who receives welfare checks and who has a physical affliction. (She stated one of his hands is deformed or "drawn up."). She stated this man also drinks considerably. She does not believe he was home at the time of the shooting.

Room 10 - Occupied by LEONARD EATON, age 60 to 65, who she understands to be a long-time resident at this boarding house, who reportedly formerly worked on a river boat. She stated it is her impression that he was in his room asleep at the time of the shooting, and that he too had been drinking.

NORTH WING:

(Rooms on north wing are numbered 1-B through 6-B, reading from west to east. These doors having numbers have numerals only on them, but all of the tenants understand that the designation of "B" refers to the rooms in the north wing.)

Room 1-B - (located west of a north-south hallway which connects to an enclosed walkway connecting the two wings of the boarding house) Occupied by Mrs. JESSIE L. LEDBETTER, a widow who she understands has resided at this address for some 8 to 10 years. Mrs. LEDBETTER is a deaf mute.
Room 2-B - Vacant.

Room 3-B - Vacant.

Room 4-B - Occupied by WILLIS ANCHUTZ, employed at Duvall Transfer Company. Mrs. BREWER later learned that Mr. ANCHUTZ reportedly saw the man running down the hall following the shooting and had some conversation with him.

Room 5-B - Room occupied by the man using name JOHN WILLARD and which room had not been rented since former tenant, COMMODORE STEWART, died about March 13 or 14, 1968.

Room 6-B - Occupied by Mr. and Mrs. CHARLIE STEPHENS. Mr. STEPHENS is an unemployed tuberculosis patient and his wife is presently confined to her bed.
August 8, 1978

The Honorable Griffin B. Bell
Attorney General of the
United States
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C. 20530

Attention: Mr. Robert L. Keuch
Deputy Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division
Room 2113
Department of Justice

Dear Mr. Attorney General:

In connection with the investigation of the House Select Committee on Assassinations into the death of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., I have enclosed, pursuant to the agreement we have with the Department of Justice, those materials which we may refer to and consequently make public during our public hearings scheduled for the week of August 14 - August 19, 1978. We would appreciate it if you would inform us by this Friday if you have any objection to the release of any of this information. I assume much of it has been released under the Freedom of Information Act, but we do not have a document-by-document list of that information which has been released.

Thank you for your continuing cooperation.

Sincerely,

G. Robert Blakey
Chief Counsel and Director

[Enclosures]
PURCHASE OF 1966 WHITE MUSTANG TWO-DOOR
BY ERIC S. GALT, 2608 HIGHLAND AVENUE,
FROM OWNER, WILLIAM D. PAISLEY, ON
AUGUST 29 and 30, 1967.
At 8:30 A.M., the records of the Jefferson County Department of Revenue were examined to determine the registered owner of an automobile bearing 1968 Alabama tag no. 1-38993. These records indicated that this tag was issued on October 2, 1967, to Mr. ERIC S. GALT, 2608 Highland Avenue, Birmingham, Alabama, for a 1966 Mustang, two-door, eight cylinder. Vehicle Identification No. 6F07C190647. This record also indicated that this car bore a previous 1967 Alabama tag no. 1A-88354.

A check of the records concerning this number revealed that this number was issued for the same automobile to a Mr. WILLIAM D. PAISLEY, Birmingham, Alabama, who bought this car from Maring Crawford Ford Company, Birmingham, on December 15, 1966. This car had originally been registered by Maring Crawford Ford Company, on March 11, 1966, as having been sold to MELVIN L. HARVEY, Birmingham. The record shows the car was transferred from HARVEY's name to PAISLEY on December 15, 1966, and was then transferred from PAISLEY to ERIC S. GALT, 2608 Highland Avenue, Birmingham, Alabama, on August 30, 1967.
WILLIAM D. PAISLEY, Birmingham, furnished the following.

On August 29, 1967, a man later identified as ERIC GALT came to the PAISLEY residence in a taxi cab. This man apparently was the same man who had called earlier in the day and talked to PAISLEY's wife about an ad the PAISLEYs had placed in a local newspaper in an effort to sell their 1966 white Mustang. PAISLEY showed the automobile which had a red interior to GALT and offered to let him test-drive the car. GALT refused to drive the car, saying he did not have an Alabama drivers license, but he did have one in Louisiana. PAISLEY then drove GALT around the area, and during this drive picked up PAISLEY's son DAVID. When they returned to the PAISLEY residence, GALT said "I'll take it off your hands." GALT said he did not like the off-white color of the car, but apparently was otherwise satisfied. GALT then suggested that he give PAISLEY some earnest money, and asked if PAISLEY would drive GALT to the downtown area of Birmingham. It was then agreed that they would meet the next day at about 10:00 a.m. at the First National Bank to settle the deal. GALT told PAISLEY that he, GALT, had his bank account at the Birmingham Trust National Bank. GALT asked PAISLEY how he wanted payment for the car, and PAISLEY suggested a cashier's check. GALT said he did not know how to get a cashier's check, and PAISLEY said he would show him how the next day. PAISLEY, accompanied by his son DAVID, then took GALT to First Avenue and North 20th Street, where GALT got out of the car.

The next day PAISLEY received a telephone call from GALT, who said he would meet him at the First National Bank to settle the deal. At about 10:15 a.m., they met in front of the bank, and GALT took $2,000 cash out of his shirt pocket and gave it to PAISLEY. PAISLEY suggested they go inside the bank and count the money, which they did. PAISLEY deposited the money in the bank, and GALT went with PAISLEY's son to a parking lot where he took possession of the car.

On 4/9/68 at Birmingham, Alabama File # BH 44-1740

SAs and ________ 50 Date dictated 4/9/68

By

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NIV 65994 Docld:32989731 Page 90
PAISLEY recalls GALT mentioned that he worked on a barge line between New Orleans and St. Louis, and that he would work 20 days and then be off 10 days. He recalled GALT saying that he was married, and that his wife was now living "over in Rocky Ridge," referring to an area south of Homewood, Alabama.

PAISLEY described GALT as a white male, age about 32, five feet, ten and one-half inches tall, 160 to 165 pounds, dark brown hair, neat-looking, neat dresser, quiet, accent was not from the Alabama area.

Mr. PAISLEY said he did not believe he could identify GALT if he ever saw him again.

PAISLEY produced a bill of sale for this transaction which shows the car was sold to ERIC GALT, 2608 Highland Avenue, Birmingham, Alabama, telephone 323-9487, for $1,995 on August 30, 1967.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 4/12/68

WILLIAM DAVID PAISLEY, JR., Birmingham, on April 9, 1968, furnished the following:

Sometime in late August, 1967, PAISLEY's father had run an ad in the Sunday newspaper in an effort to sell their 1966 white two-door hardtop Mustang with red interior and whitewall tires. They advertised the car as being for sale for $1,995. A couple of days later, a man later identified as ERIC GALT and PAISLEY's father picked up PAISLEY at the home of one of his friends. PAISLEY's father was driving the car and GALT was riding in the front seat. They drove around the area for awhile and then returned to the PAISLEY residence. GALT did not ask any questions, look at the motor or in the trunk of the car. He said, "I'll be glad to take this car off your hands." He then agreed to give PAISLEY's father a down payment if Mr. PAISLEY would take GALT back to downtown Birmingham. They then agreed to meet the next morning at the First National Bank to settle the deal, because PAISLEY's father has his office in that building and PAISLEY at the time was employed in the First National Bank.

Mr. PAISLEY suggested that GALT obtain a cashier's check. PAISLEY and his father then took GALT to First Avenue North and 20th Street, where he got out of the car. That evening, August 29, 1968, PAISLEY tried to call GALT at the telephone number GALT had left with PAISLEY's father. PAISLEY was unable to talk to GALT as he was not at the number called and PAISLEY learned this number was at a rooming house on Highland Avenue. The next day PAISLEY's father received a telephone call from GALT who said he was six blocks away from the First National Bank building and would meet the PAISLEYs in front of the First National Bank at about 10:15 A.M. They met in front of the bank at 10:15 A.M., and GALT produced $2,000 in cash, mostly twenties, with some 100-dollar bills. They stepped inside the bank where the money was counted and GALT was given a bill of sale.

On 4/9.10/68 at Birmingham, Alabama File # BH 44-1740

SAs 4/9.11/68 and Date dictated 4/9.11/68

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PAISLEY then took GALT to the parking lot where the car was parked and showed him how to drive the car. He then gave GALT the keys and GALT drove off.

DAVID PAISLEY recalled that he observed this same car for about six weeks after the sale, parked in front of the rooming house in the 2600 block of Highland Avenue, but that he had not seen this automobile since about the first of October, 1967. He also recalled that on one of these occasions he observed a front bumper tag with a drawing of a Confederate flag thereon.

PAISLEY recalled GALT saying that he worked on a barge on the Mississippi River "out of St. Louis" to New Orleans. He would work a month and then be off for two weeks, and that this was a lonely life. He also said he had saved all his money from his job and would pay cash for the car.

PAISLEY also recalled that GALT was emphatic about not test driving the automobile, and said that his Louisiana license had expired and he had not obtained an Alabama drivers license yet. He also recalled GALT making a statement that he did his banking at the Birmingham Trust National Bank, and "I have my money there."

PAISLEY described GALT as a white male, 5'8"-8½", age 32, tall, 145 pounds, dark brown or black hair with a widow's peak and cut short. This person was not a smoker, was very clean-cut, very shy and quiet. He claimed he was divorced and that his wife was presently living on Rocky Ridge or Dolly Ridge Road "over the mountain," referring to an area south of Homewood, Alabama. PAISLEY recalled this person had an accent which was possibly Western, but was definitely not from the Alabama area. PAISLEY also recalled this person saying he was unemployed at that time.

PAISLEY said he could definitely identify this person if he ever saw him again.
On April 10, 1968, DAVID PAISLEY observed an artist's conception of a person who had purchased a rifle at Aeromarine Supply, Birmingham, on March 29, 1968. PAISLEY said this artist's conception did not resemble ERIC GALT.

PAISLEY said his father had told GALT during the transaction that GALT would have to get insurance for the Mustang as the PAISLEYS would cancel their car insurance by calling State Farm Insurance Company that day (August 30, 1968). PAISLEY recalled that GALT did not ask any questions or say anything further about car insurance.

During his contacts with GALT, PAISLEY said he never detected the odor of alcohol on GALT nor did he observe GALT smoke cigarettes. PAISLEY said the ad for the automobile had been run in the "Birmingham News" on Sunday, August 27, 1967 only.

PAISLEY recalled GALT, after inspecting PAISLEY's Mustang, saying that this was the cleanest one that GALT had seen. He also recalled GALT saying, "I've get my money in the "Trust," and did not refer to the bank as the "BTNB," which is commonly done by natives of Birmingham. In connection with GALT's divorced wife whom GALT claimed was living on Rocky Ridge Road or Dolly Ridge Road, "over the mountain." PAISLEY recalls GALT saying; "Yeah, that's the way it goes."

PAISLEY said the price of $1,995 for the Mustang was $300 too much, but this price was never questioned by GALT and this price did not seem to bother GALT in any way. GALT said he had been saving his money and because he worked on a barge he had no place to spend it.

PAISLEY said he could not recall how GALT was dressed on August 29, 1967, but did believe that on August 30, 1967, GALT was wearing a sport coat, a dress shirt, with no tie, open at the neck.

Prior to GALT's taking possession of the car on August 30, 1967, PAISLEY's father asked GALT how GALT was going to get his driver's license. GALT replied that he had a friend "over at the rooming house," who would take him to the place where he could obtain a driver's license and change the registration on the car.
DAVID FAISLEY recalled that during the month to six weeks after the sale he had observed this car parked on numerous occasions in front of the rooming house in the 2600 block of Highland Avenue. He had noted that this car seemed to be dirty from non-use, rather than from being driven, and that on the last occasion of observing this car which would have been about the first of October, 1967, the car still had the slick bald tires that had been on it when it was sold.

FAISLEY furnished the following detailed description of the automobile:

1966 white Mustang, two-door hardtop, eight cylinder, 289, four individual red plastic floor mats, push button radio, heater, remote control outside mirror, day-night inside mirror, very clean engine, mileage 20,000 miles, equipped with Autolite battery, four whitewall, bald tires. The spare was in good shape but had a wider whitewall than the tires on the wheels. The seats were medium red in color and the carpeting was maroon or dark red. The body condition of the car was excellent and the muffler was painted shiny silver.

FAISLEY said that he had forgotten to advise on April 9, 1968, that on April 5, 1968, sometime between 1:00 P.M. and 1:30 P.M., while driving east on Fifth Avenue North, in front of the U. S. Post Office, FAISLEY observed a 1966 black white Mustang hardtop, which he thought could possibly be the same car he had sold to GALT. He also, at the same time, observed the back of a man getting into this car whose build resembled that of GALT. FAISLEY said he could not be definite that this was the same car and that the individual was GALT, as he only had a fleeting glimpse.
JULIUS ELTON GARNER, 107 - 14th Street, N.E.,
Atlanta, Georgia, was contacted at 10:37 P.M., April 14,
1963, at which time he furnished the following information:

GARNER made available a record book maintained
by him concerning persons who rent rooms at both 107 and 113
14th Street, N.E., rooming houses operated by him on a lease
basis. A review of this record book failed to disclose any
registration in the name GAIT. It should be noted this book
contains only a record of roomers for the period beginning
January 1, 1963.

Upon being questioned concerning individuals renting
at those addresses who might have checked out prior to the
completion of the period for which they had paid, or others who
for any reason might not be recorded in this record book,
GARNER named, among others, an individual named (First Name
Unknown) GAIT. On being questioned concerning GAIT, he said
this individual was first seen by him on the afternoon of
April 5, 1963, between the hours of 5:00 and 6:00 P.M. He
explained that another roomer, RICH C. JONES, who occupies
room #6 at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., had been sitting in front
of this building and was approached by GAIM, who inquired
concerning the availability of a room. GARNER joined the
pair and GAIT indicated to GARNER he was interested in obtaining
a single, quiet room. Having no such room available, GARNER
told GAIM he would put him in Room #5, at 107 - 14th Street,
which room was a double room and that he would be moved to a
single room as soon as one became available. GARNER said he
noted GAIM was driving a black car, probably a Ford, bearing
an out-of-state license plate (state of registration not
recalled), and that the car was possibly a 1962 or 1963 model.

GAIM accepted this arrangement and paid GARNER while
outside the dwelling and he believes he received a $10 bill
and a $1 bill in payment. The cost of the room was $10.50
per week and a $5.50 key deposit. During the conversation,
GAIM indicated he was a welder and originally came from "The
Carolinas." He explained that he had a tag for a different
state on the Ford because he had been working in another state.
AT 44--2386

2.

At this point GARNER indicated that possibly the tag on the Ford was a Tennessee tag, but he was not at all certain of this.

GARNER described GALT as being a white male, 32 -- 35 years of age, 5' 11", 190 pounds, dark brown or black hair worn in a brush cut, blue eyes, medium "outdoor" complexion and having a southern accent. He noted no distinguishing features or characteristics and had no recollection of any ring or other jewelry. His dress was casual, specifically described as a shirt and slacks.

GALT moved into Room #5 at 107 - 14th Street, N.E., where he remained until Sunday, April 7, 1956. On this day GALT was moved to Room #6 at 113 - 14th Street, N.E. On this occasion, GARNER observed that GALT move his possessions and noted that he had no luggage and all of his possessions were either moved in a paper bag or box.

On April 7, 1956, HAROLD G. ANDERSON, an employee of the Albert Pick Hotel, 14th and Spring Streets, N.E., Atlanta, was brought to the rooming house by FRED C. JONES, who is also employed by this hotel. GARNER assigned ANDERSON Room #2 at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., and noted that the individual he believed to be GALT and ANDERSON became friendly.

On April 9, 1956, at approximately 9:00 P.M., GALT and ANDERSON came to GARNER's room at 107 - 14th Street, N.E., at which time GALT advised GARNER that both he and ANDERSON were checking out. He said both men appeared to have been drinking. During the conversation, GALT advised he had received a telephone call from a friend in Michigan and had learned that welders were receiving a higher hourly wage there. For this reason, he had decided to go to Michigan to seek work. ANDERSON, who was a hotel employee, indicated he was going to Michigan with GALT and hoped to obtain employment as a welder's helper. GARNER recalled he refunded approximately $17 to ANDERSON, who had paid two weeks in advance on registering on April 7. GALT did not ask for a refund, although he was paid through April 11, but did receive the return of his $0.50 deposit for the key.
Thereafter, GARBER accompanied GALT and ANDERSON to ANDERSON's room where he secured the room keys from both GALT and ANDERSON. At this time he noted several beer bottles in the room and presumed GALT and ANDERSON had been drinking together. GARBER did not actually observe the departure of GALT and ANDERSON, but noted both were gone on the morning of April 10, 1968, as was the previously-described black Ford auto.

GARBER made available the registration for HAROLD G. ANDERSON. This registration does not reflect an address for ANDERSON, but indicates that his father is [TEL-REDACTED] telephone number [TEL-REDACTED]. GARBER explained that he always attempts to obtain the name and address for a next of kin for his roomers.

GARBER provided the following physical description of HAROLD G. ANDERSON:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>White</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sex</td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height</td>
<td>5' 9&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>155 - 160 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair</td>
<td>Light brown, parted on side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complexion</td>
<td>Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distinguishing Characteristics</td>
<td>None noted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dress</td>
<td>Casual, shirt and slacks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GARBER identified other tenants who resided at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., during the same period that GALT was a roomer there.

GARBER said he was unable to recall GALT's first name, but advised he had observed nail on the hall table of the rooming house at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., which nail was
addressed to GALT. At this point, GARNER accompanied the interviewing Agents to 113 - 14th Street, N.E., where it was observed that there were two letters and a package on the hall table addressed to ERIC S. or E. GALT. The package was postmarked 4/1/68, and the letters were postmarked 4/9 and 4/10/68. GARNER advised his sister, ROBBIE LEDGERMAN, who resides in Atlanta, had visited him on either Friday or Saturday night, April 12 or 13, 1968. At this time his sister had thumbing through the mail on the table at the 113 - 14th Street address and upon noticing the mail addressed to ERIC GALT, she consented to GARNER that this was the same name as the individual who, according to newspaper publicity, was a suspect in the murder of Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. GARNER stated that he did not feel there was any likelihood that the GALT who had stayed at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., was identical with this suspect, stating many people have the same name.

GARNER stated that he had neither seen nor heard of GALT prior to April 5, 1968, and that during GALT's stay at his rooming house he saw nothing to indicate that GALT had any connection with any other tenant at this address prior to his arrival there. GARNER was asked whether he had any explanation for the fact that GALT had mail postmarked 4/1/68 addressed to him at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., and according to GARNER, GALT did not arrive at this location until April 5, 1968. GALT said he was unable to explain this, and had no idea how this could occur.

GARNER was also questioned concerning the possibility that GALT or any other roomers had left material with him in storage or for safekeeping. He assured that this was not so. He did report that Rooms #4 and #5 at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., both of which it was noted were fastened with hasps and padlocks, were storage rooms. He stated they contained only linens and possibly a few items of no value left behind by roomers.
With regard to Room #5 at 107 - 14th Street, N.E., GARNER said that this room had not been occupied by anyone since GALT was transferred from this room on April 7, 1958. He noted, however, that the maid, PERRY LEE ZACHRY or her helper, identity unknown, would have changed the sheets in Room #5 after GALT was moved.

With regard to Room #5 at 113 - 14th Street, N.E., this room remained vacant until April 12, 1953, when it was rented to DAVID O'DOWD, [redacted], Syosset, New York. He described O'DOWD as a very young man who is also employed at [redacted] and who was brought to the rooming house by HARRY C. JONES. He said he does not believe this room was made up prior to its being rented to O'DOWD, but advised he had given O'DOWD clean sheets so that he could change the linens himself.

GARNER said he did not know of any association between GALT and other roomers at either of the rooming houses except the association with HAROLD G. ANDERSON, as previously described.

In explanation for the failure of the name "GALT" to appear on the rooming house records, GARNER said that he can only explain this by saying he received payment for the room while away from the place where he maintains his records and had inadvertently failed to record the name when he returned to his room.

The interview of GARNER concluded at 1:33 AM, April 15, 1958.
During the interview of JOHN ELTON GARDNER, he asked the question, "How are you coming on the King murder?" He was then asked by interviewing Agent if he had heard or read much concerning this and he stated he had read quite a bit in the newspapers and seen a lot on television. GARDNER then indicated that he knew this was why we were asking about GALT.
At 2:30 a.m. JUNE DELTON CARMER telephonically contacted the Atlanta Office of the Federal Bureau of
Investigation at which time he provided the following information:

Since providing the information concerning ERIC CALF during a personal interview by agents, he has rechecked
his records and now believes that the individual whom he knew as CALF actually was registered at the rooming house
under the name of WILLIAM LEE, Castoria, North Carolina. CARMER said his records do not reflect the room
number to which LEE was assigned but noted that the records do show LEE arrived April 5, 1963, and paid through April 12,
1963. Upon renting the room, LEE supplied the name of a person in Warren, Michigan, as the individual to be notified in case of emergency. CARMER said all information provided during the prior interview was
accurate except that he now feels certain that WILLIAM LEE's registration pertains to ERIC CALF.

CARMER was questioned as to how he determined this
man's name to be CALF when the registration was in the name
of LEE. CARMER was unable to satisfactorily explain this
except to say that he feels that he concluded that LEE was
CALF when CARMER's sister called his attention to the mail
at the rooming house which was directed to ERIC CALF.

On 4/15/63 at Atlanta, Georgia File# Atlanta 44-2366

by S. Date dictated 4/16/63

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it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
In response to a telephonic request received at 9:31 a.m. from JUHIE DELACH GARNER, he was interviewed in front of his restaurant located at 1052 Northside Drive, Northwest, Atlanta, Georgia.

GARNER opened the conversation by stating "Lee is not Galt." He then made available the registration records for his rooming house. It was again noted these records do not reflect a registration in the name of GALT. At the same time, GARNER produced an envelope bearing the printed name "Eric S. Galt." GARNER said this name was printed thereon by GALT when GARNER requested his full name. Other handwritten notations thereon were, according to GARNER, prepared by himself.

GARNER stated that subsequent to a prior interview, he had been searching his records and his memory and had now determined that on March 24, 1953, late in the evening, an individual knocked on his apartment door, introduced himself as Mr. GALT, and requested a single room.

He was placed in Room Number 2, 113 14th Street, Northeast, Atlanta, Georgia, on noting that the room was small, was offered an adjoining storage room in which to place his surplus belongings. At this point, GALT remarked he would be able to utilize a desk in the storage room for his television set.

GARNER did not see GALT unload his automobile or bring his possessions into the room. He next saw GALT on March 31, 1953, at which time the rent was due and GALT made the statement, "I say as well pay you for another week." This was between 1:00 and 2:30 p.m.

On April 5, 1953, GARNER entered the room at approximately 11:00 a.m. to change the linens. At this time, he found a note on the bed written on a piece of cardboard, believed by him to be a laundry-shirt backing, which stated in effect "I've had to go to Birmingham. I've left my TV set here and will try to return for it in On 4/15/53 of Atlanta, Georgia File Atlanta 44-2236

SA [REDACTED] and 04 Dolo dictated 4/16/53

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about a week." He does not recall whether the note was printed or written and destroyed it by throwing it in the trash immediately.

GARNER described GALT as a white male, 33 to 35 years of age, approximately six feet tall, slender build, black hair, worn very short with possibly a part on the side.

GARNER had previously noted GALT to be utilizing a light colored, possibly white, automobile and on the morning of April 15, 1953, telephonically contacted Mr. HAROLD WATERS, Room Number 1, 107 14th Street, Northeast, as this automobile was parked near WATERS, at which time he asked WATERS generally if he recalled the make of car and WATERS advised him it was a late model Mustang, possibly 1966 or 1967.

GARNER estimated his total contact with GALT on both occasions did not exceed one-half hour. He stated on both occasions GALT was neatly dressed in a dark suit, white shirt, and tie. He characterized him as looking like a preacher.

The inconsistencies in the information previously furnished by GARNER and the foregoing were thoroughly discussed with him and he could attribute it only to "being confused", in that he had erroneously associated the name GALT with the person, WILLIAM LEE, about whom he had furnished the information.

At this time, GARNER made available a three page memorandum in his handwriting which chronologically sets forth his association with GALT. The envelope previously referred to, furnished by GARNER, on which GALT wrote his name, also contained the notation "Could do several different kinds of work." This note was prepared by GARNER.
GARNER stated he made this notation during his initial contact with GALT, at which time he asked his usual questions of new roomers about their line of work. He said he inadvertently failed to record the information on the envelope in his permanent records. GARNER added that at the time of renting the room, he received a $1.00 key deposit from GALT and the key was left with the note on the bed by GALT.
JEREMIE DELTON GARNER was interviewed in the office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, 275 Peachtree Street, Northeast, Atlanta, Georgia, after voluntarily accompanying several agents from his place of business, 1052 Northside Drive, Northeast, Atlanta, Georgia. At this time, GARNER stated that he was aware of the discrepancies in the information furnished by him but insisted it was due solely to the confusion which existed in his mind in erroneously relating the name "CALT" with his roomer, WILLIAM LEE.

He stated he had no reason for telling the agents that he had no items in his possession which belonged to CALT, when, in fact, he was holding a television set, other than the confusion previously referred to.

In determining the individuals in each of the rooming houses operated by him (117 14th Street, Northeast, Atlanta, Georgia) who may have been in a position to observe CALT, he advised that at the time of renting to CALT, there was no other occupant in this building.

He stated he had closed 113 14th Street on February 11, 1958, after the neighborhood hippies attempted to take it over.

He admitted that he had two double rooms vacant at the time CALT applied for a room and that he had previously rented these for the price of a single room, but CALT insisted on a single room, so he decided to open the other rooming house. He admitted it cost him more to do this than he would receive initially in rent, but that he had been planning to open it, as the other house was filling up.
GALT remained the sole occupant of this building until April 1, 1968, at which time FRED C. JONES was placed in Room Number 1.

GARNER specifically denied that he had previously known GALT, that GALT had been referred to him by anyone, that he had accepted an extra amount of money from GALT for any reason, or that he had any knowledge concerning his present whereabouts.

GARNER stated that he was born and raised in Mississippi, was a member of the Baptist Church, and was "not a Communist." He denied having any knowledge of the John Birch or other right wing organizations, stating he had joined only one organization which name he could not now recall, but described by him as a civic organization.

He reiterated that it had always been his intention to cooperate with the FBI and that he had, in fact, that morning given the address and telephone number of his restaurant to a roofer, Mr. BURGESS, where he could be reached should GALT return for the television set. He stated he did this so he could immediately notify the FBI of GALT's return.
Mr. RALPH MEREDITH CARPENTER, Memphis, Tennessee, telephone ..., advised that he is a salesman at the York Arms Company located at 162 South Main Street, Memphis.

Mr. CARPENTER recalls that yesterday, April 4, 1968, he was in the above mentioned store talking to one of the other salesmen in the store when an individual entered and subsequently bought from him a pair of Bushnell binoculars. This individual entered the store at about 4:00 in the afternoon. Mr. CARPENTER estimates this to be the correct time and, in part, bases his estimate on the fact that there were pickets parading in front of the store at that time. Mr. CARPENTER recalls that as this individual proceeded further into the store he turned to this individual and asked if he could be of assistance. The individual stated that he wished to purchase some binoculars, and Mr. CARPENTER told him that he was about out of binoculars and believed that only ones he had in stock were a pair selling for $200 and another pair selling for ninety-some dollars. The individual stated that he believed these were too high priced for him, and then Mr. CARPENTER recalled that there might be a cheaper pair of binoculars in the window and advised the individual that he would find out. Mr. CARPENTER thereupon went to the display window in the front of the store and determined that there was on display a pair of Bushnell binoculars selling for $39.95. He brought these binoculars back to the customer and explained that they were a Japanese import of better quality. The individual seemed to indicate that he either recognized the name or that he agreed that there were some good Japanese imports. The customer raised the binoculars to his eyes and in some manner, not now recalled by Mr. CARPENTER, indicated that these binoculars were acceptable.

Mr. CARPENTER recalls that the customer asked if instructions were in the box, and Mr. CARPENTER advised him that there were instructions in the box, but not much was needed to be known to operate the binoculars, other than to...
just place them to the eyes and adjust the eye pieces. Mr. CARPENTER recalls that he wrote on the box in which he placed the binoculars the price $39.95 and the amount of tax which was $1.60 and added the two figures for a total of $41.55. He placed the sales slip and the box with the binoculars in it in a gray paper bag which bears the name of York Arms on its side. The binoculars were in a leather or similar type carrying case. The store does not record or maintain serial numbers for these binoculars and it is not known what, if any, serial number was on this particular pair of binoculars.

Mr. CARPENTER stated that the binoculars were Bushnell brand and were 7 by 35 size.

Mr. CARPENTER described the customer as follows:

Race: White
Sex: Male
Age: 26 - 32 years
Height: 5 feet 11 inches
Weight: 160 pounds to 175 pounds
Hair: Black or dark brown, neat, combed straight back and not parted. It was neither very long nor shaggy.
Eyes: Color not recalled; no glasses worn
Complexion: Ruddy
Build: Medium
Scars and marks: None recalled
Regional accent: None noticed
Dress: Dark suit, not known whether or not pants matched coat, but recalls pants did not contrast with coat; color of shoes not known but not in sharp contrast to other clothing; no hat worn; white shirt with noticeably wide space at the collar, neat looking; dark tie with light stripe which covered entire tie, which was tied in a long slender knot which did not fill the space between the collars; tie was noticeably pulled to one side, not in keeping with generally neat appearance of customer; no jewelry remembered.
Facial characteristics: Average fullness; nothing regarding the eyes, nose, ears or other features noticeable. Customer's hands were neat, though nothing outstanding was noticed about them.

Mr. CARPENTER recalls that the individual reached into his right front pants pocket to get the money with which to pay for the binoculars. The money was not in a billfold or a money clip. The customer withdrew two $20 bills from a roll which contained several other bills, at least two of which Mr. CARPENTER believes were $20 bills. The customer also took a $1.00 bill from this roll and then reached into his other front pocket with his left hand and secured two quarters and a nickel, making a total of $41.55 for the payment. After purchasing the binoculars, the customer walked from the store and Mr. CARPENTER told him to "hurry back" or some similar parting statement, and the customer's reply is not recalled, if any was made. Mr. CARPENTER does not know which direction the customer took after leaving the store.

Mr. CARPENTER does not recall ever having seen this individual before in the store or elsewhere, but feels relatively certain that if he sees him again he would be able to recognize him.

The customer, while in the store, did not ask to see any other merchandise such as rifles or guns or ammunition of any kind, and made no inquiry at all concerning any other merchandise.

Mr. CARPENTER stated that when the customer entered the store CARPENTER was near the front of the store talking to Mr. VERNON YORK. Further back in the store he believes CHARLES GIBSON was near the cash register, and Mr. HUGH BADDLEY, a clerk, was also somewhere in the store. He believes also that possibly Mr. CORDRA YORK, JR., may have been in the store, but he does not know whether or not any of these individuals took notice of the customer.
SAC ROBERT G. JENSEN and SA [REDACTED] contacted RALPH M. CARPENTER, an employee of York Arms Company, 162 South Main Street, Memphis. Mr. CARPENTER was informed of the identity of SAC JENSEN and he has previously been interviewed by SA [REDACTED]. He was told we had an additional group of photographs we would like him to view. He was told that no significance should be attached to the sequence or arrangement the photographs might be in when he saw them. These photographs were laid out, one after another, on the second floor away from bystanders and other employees in the York Arms Company.

CARPENTER spent at least twenty minutes reviewing carefully each of the photographs. He expressed some hesitation for a time between a photograph of one [REDACTED] and the photograph of ERIC S. GALT. No names and no identifying data of any kind were furnished to CARPENTER in connection with his study of these photographs. He did state in connection with a photograph of [REDACTED] that he thought this was a local Memphis boy whom he might have seen. He turned this photograph over and did reject the photograph as not being identical to the one to whom he sold the binoculars.

He studied carefully for approximately five minutes the photograph of ERIC S. GALT and made comments concerning the appearance of GALT. He stated the hair was generally similar to the customer but thought it might be just a little bit longer than when the customer had been in the store on April 4. He also said that he recalled the customer he waited on did not have heavy, bushy eyebrows but they were more like the eyebrows in the photograph of GALT. He also stated he had no recollection of seeing GALT's teeth and thought he had a smile when he waited on him. CARPENTER also said he had no independent recollection of GALT's ears appearing as they did in the photograph, but he then said he did not notice them particularly. He did furnish the following statement regarding his identification of the photograph of ERIC S. GALT:

On 4/16/68 at Memphis, Tennessee File # Memphis 44-1987
by SAC ROBERT G. JENSEN and SA [REDACTED] Date dictated 4/16/68

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"April 16, 1968

"On April 16, 1968, I, Ralph M Carpenter was shown a group of 5 photographs by Special Agent in Charge Robert G Jensen and Special Agent [REDACTED]. After careful study of each of these pictures I placed my name on the back of the picture which I feel most resembled the man who bought a set of binoculars from me on April 4, 1968 at York Arms, 162 So. Main St., Memphis, Tennessee. I was not furnished any names or any descriptive data regarding any of the photographs shown. I was also told that no significance should be attached to any sequence or arrangement that the photographs were shown to me. I did turn one photograph over as I thought I recognized this to be a local Memphis boy. I did not however recognize him as the person to whom I sold the binoculars.

"In choosing the photograph I was guided by my best recollection. I remember that the man who bought the binoculars did not have heavy eyebrows and were about medium like the ones in the photograph selected by me. I did not sell any other binoculars on April 4, 1968

"My signature attests that I am in agreement with the information set forth on page one and page two of this statement.

/s/ Ralph M. Carpenter

/s/ Robert G Jensen
SAC, FBI, Memphis
April 16, 1968

/s/ [REDACTED]
Special Agent FBI
April 16, 1968"

It should be noted that the name "ERIC S. GALT" was not furnished to CARPENTER, nor was he in a position to read the name when he signed the back of the photograph. His concluding remarks, which were made at approximately 11:20 a.m., 4/16/68, were to the effect that, "I don't own a suit. I suppose I will have to buy a suit so that I can go to court."
Photographs of JAMES EARL RAY taken 1955, 1960, and 1966, and of the bedsprad recovered at Memphis, April 4, 1968, were shown to Mrs. BESSIE RUTH BREWER, Room No. 2, 422 1/2 South Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee. She said she had looked at the bedsprad on April 4, 1968, when it was displayed to her after being recovered by the Memphis Police. She said the bedsprad did not come from her rooming house and in fact she had never seen one like it before in her life. Mrs. BREWER said none of the men in the photographs shown her were familiar to her. She further advised that she did not believe she would recognize the man using the name JOHN WILLARD if he were to "walk up and say hello to me right now." She said she did not look at the man called WILLARD "squarely in the face" and as a result, does not think she will be able to identify him.
Mr. CHARLIE QUITMAN STEPHENS, Room 6-B, second floor, 422½ S. Main Street, furnished the following information to the Homicide Bureau, Memphis Police Department, and SA: Mr. STEPHENS, who stated he is 46 years of age, and his wife occupy 2 rooms in the north wing of a rooming house, the address of which is 422½ S. Main Street. This rooming house actually covers the second floor of 2 separate buildings, Mr. STEPHENS' room being located in the north building in the southeast corner of the north building.

Sometime in the late afternoon of April 4, 1968, he and his wife were in their room. His wife, who has recently been in the hospital for an extended period of time, was in bed in their combination of living-bedroom. He was in the kitchen, which is east of the living-bedroom. He was repairing a radio on a table located at the north wall of the kitchen. Immediately north of him is a common bathroom which is located at the east end of an east-west hallway in the north building. While he was repairing the radio, he heard what he is certain was a shot, and he is certain that shot came from the bathroom from a point within just a few feet of where he was sitting. He has no way of knowing the time but can only estimate it was sometime between 5:00 and 6:00 PM.

Upon hearing this shot, he walked out of the kitchen through his living-bedroom and opened the door leading onto the hallway and observed a man running west down this hallway and this man was carrying a large bundle of some kind. He would estimate that this bundle or package was at least 3 or 4 feet long and 6 to 8 inches thick. Although he saw the man and the bundle only momentarily, he gained the impression that the bundle was wrapped in something, possibly a newspaper. This man continued running to the end of the hallway turning left (south) and apparently thereafter ran down the stairways onto the street, although he could not actually see the man going down the stairway.
It immediately occurred to Mr. STEPHENS that this was the same man he had seen earlier in the afternoon, possibly around mid-afternoon, standing at the door to room 5-B which is located immediately west of Mr. STEPHENS's living-bedroom. He stated that around mid-afternoon he had seen a man with Mrs. BREWER standing in the hallway at the entrance to room 5-B looking into room 5-B. He saw the man's left side. The man had nothing in his hands at the time. He assumed this was some new guest looking at a room.

Mr. STEPHENS stated that he and his wife remained in their room the rest of the afternoon. He pointed out that he, Mr. STEPHENS, is a disabled veteran who has been treated for tuberculosis, and he spends most of his time in his rooms with his wife who is also ill and who at present is a bed patient.

Sometime after seeing this man with Mrs. BREWER, he heard someone in room 5-B and assumed the man he had seen had rented the room next door. He stated that he recalls on several different occasions hearing footsteps in this room and also leaving from this room past his (Mr. STEPHENS's) room and into the common bathroom at the east end of the hall. He was also very much aware that when the person went from room 5-B to the bathroom, that person remained in the bathroom for a considerable period of time. He pointed out that this is particularly noticeable since this is a common bathroom which must be used by a number of different tenants. He also specifically recalled that only on one occasion did he hear the commode being flushed and he was therefore curious as to why this person was spending so much time in the bathroom.

He stated that on the last occasion that someone went from number 5-B to the bathroom prior to the time he heard the shot, he would estimate that that person remained in the bathroom for at least 20 to 30 minutes. During this period he heard no noises coming from the bathroom. He also specifically recalls that during this same period, Mr. WILLIS ANCHUTZ (phonetic), who occupies room 4-B, immediately west of 5-B where the new tenant apparently was located,
had knocked on Mr. STEPHENS's door and somewhat angrily inquired as to who was staying in the bathroom so long.

It was at the end of this latter period of time that Mr. STEPHENS heard the above described shot which he was certain came from the bathroom. He stated that immediately after the shot was fired he heard some people located across the street, east of the building where he lives, screaming. Due to the excitement of the moment, the fact that people across the street in the vicinity of the Lorraine Motel were screaming, and the fact that his hearing is not the best, he did not hear any additional noises coming from the bathroom. He pointed out that he would expect to hear a "scuffle" coming from the bathroom if the man in the bathroom had fired the shot that killed MARTIN LUTHER KING, but he cannot recall hearing such a "scuffle." He stated that he simply has no way of knowing whether the man came out of the bathroom, went into room 5-B and then ran out of 5-B down the hall toward the front of the building, or whether the man in the bathroom ran directly from the bathroom down the hallway toward the front of the building. He stated he did hesitate a few moments after hearing the shot and hearing the screaming outside before he went to the door and looked down the hall to see the man running carrying something in his hand.

Mr. STEPHENS advised that the only people in the north building of this rooming house at the time of this incident were (1) Mr. STEPHENS, (2) Mr. STEPHENS's wife, who was in bed and who was never in a position to observe anything, (3) Mr. WILLIS ANCHULZ (phonetic), above, in room 4-B, who came out of his room and was seen by Mr. STEPHENS at the same time Mr. STEPHENS saw the man running down the hall, (4) Mrs. JESSIE LITTER, a deaf and dumb lady who resides in room 1-B toward the front (west) of the north wing or north building, and (5) the unknown man who had occupied room 5-B who was running down the hall as previously stated.

Mr. STEPHENS stated that Mr. ANCHULZ made some remark to the unknown man who was running down the hallway and the unknown man apparently made some kind of reply.
Mr. STEPHENS advised that whereas he could hear footsteps in 5-B and could hear footsteps between 5-B and the bathroom, he at no time heard any conversation in 5-B, and he is certain that there was no conversation in 5-B from the time the new tenant checked in until the time he heard the shot. He stated he never heard any noise or footsteps which would indicate to him there was ever more than one person in room 5-B. He pointed out that whereas his hearing is not too good, it is very easy to hear noises in the adjoining rooms of this rooming house and he definitely can hear normal conversation coming from that room. Mr. STEPHENS stated that when he saw the new tenant with Mrs. BREWER standing in front of 5-B, he only saw the left side of the new tenant, and when he saw what he believes to be the same man running down the hallway carrying something, he only saw this person from the rear. He pointed out he never saw him directly in front, but based upon his observations he would describe this person as follows:

Name: Unknown  
Race: White  
Sex: Male  
Age: "in his 30's."  
Height: 5' 10-11"  
Weight: 165 pounds  
Build: Average  
Posture: Man stood erectly  
Hair: Described as sandy, also described as "dark blond" or having the appearance of unwashed sand. Further described hairline as receding on left side (and presumably on both sides) making it appear he would have "peaks" on either side but with full thick hair toward the front center of his head between the peaks. Hair combed straight back. Normal or average haircut.
Dress: Bare headed, wearing dark suit
General Appearance: Clean shaven, neat appearing individual.
CHARLES STEPHENS, Apartment 6B, 422½ South Main Street, Memphis, advised that on the afternoon of April 4, 1968, he was with his wife at the above address. He stated that at about 3:30 p.m., on the above date, he began working on a table model radio of his which was in need of repair. He said he took a radio to the kitchen and placed it on the table which was against the wall that was adjacent to the bathroom which was used by all tenants on his floor. As he was working on his radio he could hear the man in the next apartment to him, Apartment 5B, leave his room several times and go into the bathroom. Mr. STEPHENS stated that he knew it was the man who had just checked in to Apartment 5B that afternoon because he could hear the door of Apartment 5B open and then footsteps would go down the hall to the bathroom, the bathroom door would open and then close.

Mr. STEPHENS said that during these various trips that the individual in Apartment 5B made to the bathroom he failed to flush the toilet or to run any water with the exception of the last time he was in the bathroom. At this time he flushed the toilet. He stated that this individual seemed to be spending an undue length of time in this bathroom. At about 6:00 p.m., on April 4, 1968, Mr. STEPHENS heard a loud noise which he described as sounding like a gunshot come from the bathroom. Upon hearing this noise, Mr. STEPHENS ran from the kitchen where he was repairing his radio to his door that led to the hallway. He stated this is only a distance of about 10 to 12 feet. Upon opening the door he saw a man leave the bathroom carrying a package of about three feet long and wrapped in what appeared to be newspaper. He saw the man run down the hall and then turn left as if he were trying to leave the apartment building. As this was happening WILLIE ANSCHUTZ, who lived in Apartment 4B, came out of his apartment and went to the bathroom. ANSCHUTZ then told STEPHENS to look out of his window. STEPHENS said that he then looked out of his kitchen window which faced the Lorraine Hotel and saw a lot of policemen scurrying about and people running screaming in the vicinity of the hotel.
Mr. STEPHENS stated that the man who was in Apartment 5B had checked in about 3:00 or 3:30 p.m. on April 4, 1968. He stated he was sure of this because he had heard the landlady showing him the apartment at that time. He stated he glanced out of his door and got a fairly good look at the man who he described as being a white male; 5' 10-11"; weighing 165 pounds; slender build; ruddy complexion; sandy hair; had a long, sharp pointed nose; wearing what appeared to be a dark blue or black suit, white shirt and dark tie.

Mr. STEPHENS stated that the man who he saw running out of the bathroom closely resembled the man who had checked into Apartment 5B. He said he could only see the man who ran from the bathroom from behind, but his general build, hair coloring and clothes were the same as the individual in Apartment 5B.

Mr. STEPHENS described the individual he saw running out of the bathroom as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Race</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex</td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height</td>
<td>5' 10-11&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Build</td>
<td>Slender</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Complexion</td>
<td>Ruddy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair</td>
<td>Sandy, slightly on dark side</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clothing</td>
<td>Wearing dark suit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mr. STEPHENS added that he had never met the man who checked into Apartment 5B, talked to him, or knew his name.
Mrs. PEGGY BURNS, an employee of a drugstore, advised she is employed as a saleslady at the Oliver Rexall Drugstore in Whitehaven. Mrs. BURNS stated that she recalls selling a Gillette shaving kit, which was in a clear plastic container, to a white man a little before noon on April 3, 1968. She stated that this shaving kit contained a safety razor, shaving lotion, shaving cream, hair tonic, and deodorant, which is all manufactured by the Gillette Company, and was in a clear plastic container, approximately four inches by six inches.

Mrs. BURNS recalled that a white man came into the Oliver Rexall Drugstore shortly before noon, April 3, 1968, and asked her for a razor. She said she pointed out where the razors were located in her store, and directed him to that area of the store. She advised the white man walked down to this area, and picked out the Gillette shaving kit, and brought it back to the cash register, where she was located. Mrs. BURNS said she could not recall any other items which the white man purchased in her store. She could not recall how he paid for this purchase, and did not recall anything he said while he was paying for the item.

Mrs. BURNS stated that she got the impression from the white man's activities that he was a stranger in the area, and she said she does not believe he has ever been in her store before. She said she is sure that she has never seen him prior to the time he approached her, and she furnished the following description for him:

Race: White
Age: 45
Height: 5'7"
Weight: 165 pounds
Hair: Black - could not recall how he combed it or anything further about his hair
Color unknown

Eyes: 

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On 4/4/68 at Memphis, Tennessee File # 44-1987

by SA / Date dictated 4/6/68

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Mrs. Bessie Ruth Brewer, Resident Manager, rooming house located at 422½ South Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee, was interviewed at Central Police Headquarters, Memphis, Tennessee, Police Department, at which time she furnished the following information:

Between 3:00 P.M. and 3:30 P.M. on April 4, 1968, a white male knocked on the door of the second floor of the rooming house and asked Mrs. Brewer if she had a room. She replied yes, and this individual then asked if he could see it. Mrs. Brewer showed him Room No. 8, which is located in the southwest part of the building, and the individual put his head into the doorway and after looking, stated that this would not be satisfactory as he did not need a stove and refrigerator but only wanted a sleeping room. Mrs. Brewer then showed this individual Room 5-B, and he put his head in the doorway of this room and said it would be fine. At this point the individual asked where the bathroom facilities were located, and she pointed to the bathroom located in the northeast portion of the hallway which is located in the same hallway as Room 5-B. She and this individual then returned to her office. The individual stated that his name was John Willard and that he wanted a sleeping room for one week.

Willard then asked her how much the room rent would be for one week, and Mrs. Brewer replied $8.50. Willard then put his hand in his right trouser pocket and withdrew a twenty dollar bill and two quarters and handed the money to her. She gave him change in denominations of one ten dollar bill and two one dollar bills. When Willard arrived at the rooming house, Mrs. Brewer did not notice any luggage in his possession, nor during the brief conversation with Willard did he volunteer any information concerning his home residence, line of business, or mode of transportation. Willard was not required to sign any type of register, and the only written record maintained of the transaction was a receipt for the $8.50, which was made out in the handwriting of Mrs. Brewer.

Mrs. Brewer was unable to state if Willard returned.

On 4/5/68 at Memphis, Tennessee

Date dictated 4/8/68

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to Room 5-B or if he left the building at any time after renting Room 5-B. Mrs. BREWER did not again observe WILLARD after he rented the room.

Mrs. BREWER's husband returned home from work at 5:25 P.M. on April 4, 1968, and at that time Mr. and Mrs. BREWER commenced their dinner. After dinner Mr. BREWER then turned on the television set and was watching the "Rawhide" television program, and Mrs. BREWER did the dinner dishes. Shortly after completing the dinner dishes, Mrs. BREWER also sat down to watch the "Rawhide" television program. Within a matter of a couple of minutes, Mrs. BREWER heard what she thought to be a gun shot coming from the back of her rooming house. Mrs. BREWER believed that this must have been around 6:00 P.M. on April 4, 1968. She advised her husband that she thought it was a gun shot. Her husband took time to put on his slippers and both of them then proceeded to the southeast exit of the building. Upon arriving at this point, Mr. BREWER attempted to go out the back door; however, a law enforcement officer was in the back of the building and instructed both Mr. and Mrs. BREWER to close the door and return to their apartment. Mrs. BREWER did not hear any noise such as someone running through her building after hearing the gun shot, and the only noise she could recall hearing was a lot of hollering and screaming near the back of her building toward the Lorraine Motel.

Mrs. BREWER examined cash that she had on hand and determined that she had three $20.00 bills in her possession. She was unable to specifically pinpoint which $20.00 bill was furnished to her by WILLARD for payment of his room rent. Mrs. BREWER made available the following described twenty dollar Federal Reserve Notes:

(1) Series 1963-A, Serial No. F14002844A
(2) Series 1963-A, Serial No. H16164663A
(3) Series 1963, Serial No. F06445143A

Mrs. BREWER furnished the following description of WILLARD:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race:</th>
<th>White</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sex:</td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age:</td>
<td>Approximately 35 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Height: 5'11" to 6'
Weight: 180 pounds
Build: Medium (carried weight well)
Appearance: Real neat looking, clean shaven.

Mrs. BREWER stated that WILLARD appeared to have a smile or a sneer on his face during their entire conversation; did not appear as though he was the outdoors type; was wearing a dark sport jacket or short jacket, as he did not have to pull the jacket back when he reached his right hand into his pocket for his money; did not notice any rings or watches; paid no attention to his shoes, pants, shirt, or whether he had on a tie, but was quite positive that he did not have a hat; did not give the appearance of needing a haircut, nor was he wearing a mustache or any long sideburns; paid no particular attention to his teeth while he was talking and did not particularly notice about any part of his face, including nose, mouth, ears, chin, or eyebrows.

Mrs. BREWER claims that she did not particularly look at this individual as she did not like the smile or sneer that he had on his face.

Mrs. BREWER did recall that when she pointed out the bathroom facilities to WILLARD, she told him that everyone in the area of his room was usually quiet but that the guy next to him usually drinks a little bit. Mrs. BREWER claimed that WILLARD then stated, "I take a beer once in awhile myself." Mrs. BREWER claimed that she told him that was all right as long as he stayed in his room and kept quiet.

Mrs. BREWER was unable to state whether any of the other roomers at her rooming house had an opportunity to either observe or have any contact with WILLARD, nor was she able to furnish any additional information concerning WILLARD's activities during the brief period that he resided at her rooming house. She claims that she does not believe that she would recognize this individual again from a photograph or if she had an opportunity to see him in person, but qualified this by stating that she probably would be able to recognize him from the smile or sneer that he had on his face if she were able to observe that in the future.
She claimed that WILLARD did not volunteer any information concerning his personal background or volunteer any information concerning his reason for being in Memphis. She claimed that WILLARD's speech was "just like the rest of us around here," and that his vocabulary and accent were not out of place in her rooming house. Mrs. BREWER recalled that when WILLARD first looked in Room 8, he remarked that he only wanted a sleeping room as he wouldn't be in the room in the daytime, just at night.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Mrs. FRANK (BESSIE) BREWER, Room 2, 422½ South Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee, who manages the rooming house at this address and who has been interviewed previously by Agents of the FBI, telephonically contacted the FBI Office on April 10, 1968, at which time she requested to be contacted by an FBI Agent.

Mrs. BREWER was contacted by SA shall and Homicide Bureau, Memphis Police Department, at which time she advised that she was beginning to receive mail from individuals unknown to her. She displayed an envelope postmarked April 7, 1968, at Niagara Falls, New York, bearing the return address, Mrs./ZUCCO, 518 Ferry Avenue, Niagara Falls, New York, in which was located a one-page handwritten letter, which letter referred to newspaper publicity identifying Mrs. BREWER as operating a "flop house," the writer of the letter referring to the fact that Mrs. BREWER should "buy some paint" and ending by stating, "I'll bet you even have cockroaches!"

A second envelope was postmarked April 7, 1968, at Des Moines, Iowa, which contained a printed religious tract and neither the envelope nor the tract identified the sender.

On the occasion of this contact with Mrs. BREWER, she furnished the following information:

She stated she wanted to point out that she has previously forgotten to advise officers of the Police Department and FBI Agents that at the time she rented Room 5-B to a stranger using the name of JOHN WILLARD on April 4, 1968, there was a small, cheap chest of drawers, blond in color, in front of the east window on the south wall of Room 5-B, whereas after the shooting of Dr. KING and when she next saw Room 5-B, that chest of drawers was sitting against the west wall of that room and there was a chair sitting in front of

On 4/10/68 at Memphis, Tennessee File # Memphis 44-1987

by SA _______________ Date dictated 4/12/68

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that window. She stated she was pointing this out since this would indicate that the occupant of the room definitely handled this chest of drawers.

Mrs. BREWER stated that since interviewed previously, she had been trying to think of anything else which might assist in identifying the guest who used the name of JOHN WILLARD. She stated as she has discussed the matter with her husband and thought more about it, the one thing which impressed her most about the appearance of this individual was the fact that when she first cracked open the door to her room after this man knocked, she observed that he was standing at the door with an unusual smile on his face. She went on to state that she would describe the smile as a "sneer" or a "smirk." She stated that she cannot be more specific other than to state that she was impressed by this expression on this man's face, as though he were trying to smile for no reason. She stated that she did not interpret the smile as an effort to be flirtatious.

She also stated that her initial impression of this man was that he did not "fit in" with other tenants in this boarding house. She pointed out that this boarding house is located in a poorer section of town where most of the tenants are older people or others with limited income, a number of whom are alcoholics, and this man was clean and neatly dressed, giving the impression that he could obtain lodging in nicer surroundings.

Mrs. BREWER at this time attempted to recall the words used by this person. As she recalls, when she went to the door and cracked open the door, leaving the chain fastened, the man's first words were, "Do you have a room for rent?" She answered in the affirmative and asked him whether he wanted a room by the week or by the month. He replied, as nearly as she can recall, by stating simply, "By the week." At this point she unfastened the chain which secured the partially opened door and walked directly to Room 8 located in the south wing of this boarding house. She stated that the man followed her to the room and looked inside the room but never actually entered the room, at which time his words,
as nearly as she can recall, were, "Well, I don't need the stove and refrigerator since I won't be doing any cooking. I was thinking more of a sleeping room."

At this point Mrs. BREWER explained that the only vacant "sleeping room" (or room with no stove and refrigerator) which she had in either wing of the rooming house was Room 5-B in the north wing. She therefore immediately walked from Room 8 in the south wing across the enclosed walkway which connects the south wing to the north wing of the rooming house, and thereafter to Room 5-B. Again she walked in front of the man. As soon as she opened the door to Room 5-B, the man immediately stated that he would take that room. She then walked to her room in the south wing of the building, followed by the unknown man, who paid her $8.50, as outlined previously by her, for the rent of Room 5-B for one week in advance.

Mrs. BREWER stated that most of the rooms in this rooming house can be secured only with the use of a padlock, and after showing this individual Room 5-B, she removed the padlock from the door and took the padlock with her to her room. She stated it is necessary that tenants put up a deposit if they secure the padlock, but this tenant did not inquire as to how he could lock the door and did not request the padlock and a key. She also added that she did not explain to him the method of locking the door or that it was necessary that he put up a deposit in order to obtain the padlock.

She stated at this point that she had been somewhat unnerved when she first looked at this man, at which time he had the unusual smile on his face, or appeared to be "sneering" at her, and thereafter she made a point of having as little to do with him as possible, always walking in front of him and avoiding all unnecessary conversation or dealings with him.

Mrs. BREWER was asked whether she now feels that she could identify this man if she sees him again. She stated that she thought she might be able to identify this man if she sees him again. She stated the man used no slang or unusual expressions and she could not associate his accent with any particular area, adding he had no particular accent.
She also stated that she is positive she has never seen this man before. She pointed out that she has only been handling the rental of the rooms at this rooming house since March 12, 1968, however, and she would have no way of knowing whether he stayed at this rooming house prior to that time.

She stated that at the time she became the landlady at this rooming house, Room 5-B was occupied by an elderly man by the name of Commodore STEWART. This man was ill as of March 12, 1968, and she believed that it was on March 12, 1968, that he was taken to a Memphis hospital. A couple of days later, probably on either March 13 or 14, 1968, this man died. The room had not been rented from that time until the time the stranger using the name of JOHN WILLARD rented this room.

She understands that a number of different persons have acted in the capacity of rental agent for this rooming house in recent months, including Mr. WYATT MADDOX, who is now a clerk at the Tri-State Hotel located nearby. Mr. MADDOX never having lived in this rooming house, however, and apparently having acted as rental agent for only a short period of time. Another individual who handled the rental of rooms in this rooming house was H. R. THOMPSON, who never lived in the rooming house. One other rental agent at this rooming house prior to the time Mrs. BREWER assumed these duties was W. V. SAMMONS, who she understands is now at the Madison Hotel in Memphis. She is sure that Mr. SAMMONS was the rental agent in January 1968, based on copies of receipts in her receipt book. She recalled that Mr. SAMMONS stabbed his wife while he was rental agent at this rooming house and the matter received publicity.

Mrs. BREWER advised that most of the occupants of rooms in this rooming house are more or less permanent tenants, although she does occasionally rent a vacant room to transients for only one night.

Mrs. BREWER advised that there are 10 separate apartments or rooms in the south wing of this rooming house and six separate apartments or rooms in the north wing. The six rooms in the north wing are referred to as 1-B, 2-B, etc., whereas the rooms in the south wing have
no letter of the alphabet following the room number. She furnished the following information concerning the status of these rooms as of April 4, 1968, when the man using the name JOHN WILLARD checked into Room 5-B:

SOUTH WING:

(Rooms are numbered in a counter-clockwise order, starting with Room No. 1 in the southwest corner of this wing of the rooming house.)

Room 1 - Vacant

Room 2 - Occupied by Mr. and Mrs. BREWER and referred to as the "office."

Room 3 - Occupied by Mr. BERTIE L. REEVES, an elderly man who is retired and who appears to be reasonably responsible. She stated that Mr. REEVES came out of his room about the same time as Mr. and Mrs. BREWER after all heard what they believed to be a shot about 6:00 p.m., April 4, 1968.

Room 4 - Occupied by HOWARD VANCE, an older man, but who as of April 4, 1968, was known by Mrs. BREWER to have been drunk for two days. Mrs. BREWER stated she knew that VANCE was in his room as of 6:00 p.m., April 4, 1968, but she also knew that he had been on a two-day drunk and that he did not come out of his room.

Room 5 - Occupied by T. L. MESSER, a man 75 to 80 years of age, who has been ill recently, whose hearing is very defective, and who was in his room as of the time of the shooting. Mrs. BREWER added, however, that due to Mr. MESSER's age and his physical and mental condition, Mr. MESSER still does not understand what actually occurred and continues to ask what all the excitement was about when police officers and FBI Agents questioned occupants of the building.
Room 6 - Vacant. Man by the name of SAMUEL WILSON, who she understands had been a tenant for several months, vacated this room on April 3, 1968.

Room 7 - Occupied by FRANK M. MARLEY, an elderly man who was also drunk and in his room as of the time of the shooting. She stated that MARLEY did not come out of his room around the time of the shooting.

Room 8 - Vacant. (This is the room which Mrs. BREWER first showed to the man using the name JOHN WILLARD.)

Room 9 - Occupied by HAROLD CARTER, a man 55 to 60 years of age, who she does not believe he was home at the time of the shooting.

Room 10 - Occupied by LEONARD EATON, age 60 to 65, who she understands to be a long-time resident at this rooming house, who reportedly formerly worked on a river boat. She stated it is her impression that he was in his room asleep at the time of the shooting and that he too had been drinking.

NORTH WING:

(Rooms on north wing are numbered 1-B through 6-B, reading from west to east. Those doors having numbers have numerals only on them, but all of the tenants understand that the designation of "B" refers to the rooms in the north wing.)

Room 1-B - (located west of a north-south hallway which connects to an enclosed walkway connecting the two wings of the rooming house) Occupied by Mrs. JESSIE L. LEDBETTER, a widow who she understands has resided at this address for some 8 to 10 years. Mrs. LEDBETTER is a deaf mute.
Room 2-B - Vacant.

Room 3-B - Vacant.

Room 4-B - Occupied by WILLIS ANCHUTZ, employed at Duvall Transfer Company. Mrs. BREWER later learned that Mr. ANCHUTZ reportedly saw the man running down the hall following the shooting and had some conversation with him.

Room 5-B - Room occupied by the man using name JOHN WILLARD and which room had not been rented since former tenant, COMMODORE STEWART, died about March 13 or 14, 1968.

Room 6-B - Occupied by Mr. and Mrs. CHARLIE STEPHENS. Mr. STEPHENS is an unemployed tuberculosis patient and his wife is presently confined to her bed.
At approximately two forty-five PM, interview was begun with James Earl Ray by SAC Memphis at Tennessee State Prison. Interview concluded at approximately three thirty-five PM. Ray on entering room said, "You're the guy who testified. I don't want to talk to you or anybody from the FBI." Ray was asked to sit down and was told it was possible he had things we could talk about. Ray said, "I'm not going to talk about case as I've been misquoted enough." He was unable to point out any specifics where FBI had ever misquoted him. He was also told FBI had not interviewed him so it was not possible for us to misquote him. Ray indicated he better go back to cell as SAC was only trying to trick him into talking about case. He was then reminded of his guilty plea in Oregon and was asked if he intended to change it. He said no.

Ray then criticized his attorney for having only one attorney to investigate case. SAC reminded him that he had hired investigator, to.
WHICH SAYS RELIEF. HE'S NOT FONDS EITHER, AND HE ONLY BEGAN TO INVESTIGATE A YEAR BEFORE THE TRIAL. FAY STATED, "I WASN'T ANY \nATTORNEY. I HAD TO GET MY ATTORNEY FOR PAY, IN RETURN FOR STORY \nCONTRACTS. THEY WOULD NOT FUND ANY CONTRACTS, BUT DID STATE HE \nhAD TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN CONTRACTS OUT." RAY SAID HE \nHADN'T RECEIVED ANY MONEY ON ANY OF THESE CONTRACTS YET. HE ALSO SAID \nHE HAD CONTRACTED WITH PERCY FOREMAN REGARDING POSSIBLE STORY, \nALSO SAID THAT OF HIS CONTRACT WITH FOREMAN WAS THAT RAY WOULD \nNOT ENTER INTO FOREMAN IN COURT. WHEN ASKED IF THAT IS WHY HE \nsAIID TO RAY IN COURT WHEN HE TOLD TO MAKE COMMENT, RAY SAID HE \nWOULDN'T TALK ABOUT IT ANY MORE.

HE THEN BECAME CRITICAL OF FOREMAN, SAYING HE WOULDN'T \nINVESTIGATE HIT CASE NO MORE. SAID THAT FOREMAN COME TO HIM \nWITH A NEGATIVE MANNER, SAYING "YOU'RE BEST DEFENCE IS TO PLEAD \nNOT GUILTY OR YOU'LL GET THE DEATH SENTENCE." RAY INDICATED DIS- \nsATISFACTION WITH HIS PAST ATTORNEYS. HE SAID HE WAS TRYING TO \nGET AN ATTORNEY IN GEORGIA NOW. HE REFUSED TO IDENTIFY THIS \nATTORNEY. RAY HAD A PREVIOUS DISCUSSION WITH WARREN LANE \nrussell AT PRISON. HE MENTIONED THAT RAY HAD TOLD HIM HE
PAGE THREE

WAS MAKING EFFORTS TO GET J.I. STOKER, AN ATTORNEY IN GEORGIA,
TO REPRESENT HIM. J.I. STOKER, WELL KNOWN FIGURE IN VARIOUS WHITE
HATE GROUPS IN GEORGIA.

SAY ALSO SAID HE DIDN'T WANT TO TALK ANY MORE ABOUT
ANYTHING, IC HE FELT HIS ATTORNEY WOULD BE ABLE TO REOPEN HIS
CASE. HE ALSO SAID HE HAD LETTER PREPARED TO SEND TO SENATOR
EASTLAND AND THEN IN ABOUT TWO OR THREE MONTHS HIS CASE WOULD BE
CLEARED UP. HE INDICATED HE MIGHT THEN BE WILLING TO SIT DOWN
AND DISCUSS THE CASE FULLY.

ADDITIONAL SMALL TALK OCCURRED AND SAY BROUGHT UP FBI TV
SERIES. WE DISCUSSED WHY FBI ALWAYS HAD TO LET THE CRIMINALS
DRAW FIRST BEFORE THEY WERE SHOT. HE WAS TOLD THIS IS ONLY
CONSISTENT WITH THE FACTS, AS OUR WEAPONS ARE USED ONLY IN SELF
DEFENSE. HE EXPRESSSED SOME DUBT. HE THEN ASKED IF FBI
THOUGHT HE WAS STUPID ENOUGH TO LEAVE HIS FINGERPRINTS IN THE
AREA WHERE A PUBLIC FIGURE WAS KILLED. HE WAS ASKED IF HE WAS
TRYING TO TELL US THAT SOMEONE PLANTED HIS PRINTS, AND IF SO
HIS STORY WOULD GETTING TIGHT AND HIS STORY WOULD LEAVE. HE THEN RAISED
SOME QUESTIONS ABOUT NOT EVER HAVING BEEN IDENTIFIED IN A
BUS PAS STATION.
LINEUP AND WAS NOT TOLD THAT ANYONE COULD IDENTIFY HIM. HE THEN INDICATED HE MIGHT READ IN A CANADIAN PAPER THAT ONE CHARLIE STEPHENS COULD POSSIBLY IDENTIFY HIM AS HE THOUGHT CHARLIE STEPHENS HAD A GOOD LOOK AT HIM IN ROOMING HOUSE. HE DID NOT WANT TO DISCUSS THIS FURTHER.

HE THEN FURTHER CLAIMED THAT NO ONE HAD IDENTIFIED HIM WITH A PHOTOGRAPH UNTIL WE MADE SOME PHOTOGRAPHS AVAILABLE ON THE WEST COAST. THE SECURITY OF THIS STATEMENT WAS POINTED OUT TO HIM AS HE SAID THE STATE HAD SEVERAL WITNESSES WHO COULD IDENTIFY HIM.

HE WAS ASKED IF HE DIDN'T WANT TO TALK ABOUT SOMETHING ELSE, SUCH AS HIS TRIP FROM LOS ANGELES TO NEW ORLEANS. HE SAID NO, THAT WE HAD MADE A MISTAKE GETTING MIXED UP WITH STEIN. HE SAID STEIN WAS ONLY A "THIEF." HE COULD NOT TALK FURTHER ABOUT STEIN.

OTHER MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS COVERED WITH SAY INDICATED HE SAID HE NEVER RECEIVED A PROPERTY RECEIPT FROM BUTLER OF SCOTLAND YARD, WHEN QUESTIONED. HE SAID THIS RECEIPT MIGHT BE OF VALUE IF SOME OTHER CASE. HE REFUSED TO QUANTIFY THIS.

SAY WOULD NOT FURTHER DISCUSS CONSISTENCY OR ANY ASPECTS AT IT. HE STATED HE CONSIDERED THE CASE UNRESOLVED FOR HIS
HE ALSO DID NOT WANT TO TALK TO THE FBI AGENTS WHO WANTED TO MEET HIM. HE SAID HE DID NOT WANT TO TALK TO THEM AT THIS TIME.

At this time, Ray said that he would meet a pair of agents of the FBI. Ray said he did not want to talk to them because all they wanted was to talk to him. Ray at conclusion of interview said he did not want to talk to any other agents at this time. He was told there were two other agents with the FBI. He did meet these two agents just for a moment at the end of his interview. His parting comment was: "Take a good look at you may be looking for me again."

Ray told him that he would contact him again tomorrow morning and perhaps they could again engage in small talk. Ray said: "I will not talk with you again."

Arrangements will be made to seek second interview in a.m. with Ray.

END PAGE FIVE
PAUL'S QUESTION ABOUT TAKING A GOOD LOOK WAS SPECIFICALLY
POINTED OUT TO THE OFFICERS OF ENTRY IN THE MAXIMUM SECURITY
SECTION AND IT WAS SUBSEQUENTLY POINTED OUT TO WARDEN RUSSELL.

IN ADDITION, IN DISCUSSION WITH WARDEN RUSSELL, SAC REQUESTED
THAT WARS OF THE CONVICTED STATE PENITENTIARY SHOULD BE HELD
CONFIDENTIAL. WARDEN INDICATED HE WOULD DO SO BUT, OF COURSE,
STORY WOULD STILL BE TOLD IN THE PRISON YARD. - P.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 4/11/68

At approximately 10:30 a.m. DONALD F. WOOD was contacted at Aeromarine Supply Company, 5701 Airport Highway, Birmingham, and advised that he is the son of ROBERT E. WOOD, SR., who is the owner of the Aeromarine Supply Company. WOOD was discreetly questioned concerning the sale of a Remington caliber 30.06 rifle, serial number 461476, which Aeromarine had purchased from Wimberley-Thomas in August, 1966. DONALD F. WOOD immediately stated that he had heard the accounts of the assassination of MARTIN LUTHER KING the previous day on the radio and had immediately recalled selling a rifle, as was described in the newspaper as the murder weapon, to an individual about a week before the murder. WOOD immediately searched for and found a sales invoice in his records and indicated that on Saturday, March 30, 1968, he had sold this gun to an individual using the name HARVEY LUMLEY.

After obtaining both copies of this sales invoice, Mr. WOOD was requested to accompany the interviewing Agent to the Birmingham Office of the FBI, which he agreed to do. Mr. WOOD was transported to the Birmingham Office of the FBI, where he furnished the following signed statement:

"Birmingham, Alabama
April 5, 1968

"I, DONALD F. WOOD, hereby make this statement to Special Agent: [redacted] who has identified himself to me as a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I reside at [redacted], Birmingham, Alabama and subscribe to telephone number [redacted]. I am employed by my father, ROBERT E. WOOD, SR. at the Aeromarine Supply Company, 5701 Airport Highway, Birmingham, Ala., as a salesman."

On 4/5/68 at Birmingham, Alabama File # BH 44-1740
by SA [redacted] Date dictated 4/11/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
"On Friday, March 29, 1968, sometime in the early afternoon I had just returned from lunch when I observed Mr. U. L. BAKER, also a salesman, completing the sale of a rifle to an individual unknown to me. Mr. BAKER had just sold this man a Remington, Model 700, Caliber .243 Winchester with a 2x-7x Redfield Scope mounted thereon. Mr. BAKER had made this sale and had also mounted and bore sighted the scope on our machine. This individual also bought one box of 20 rounds of .243 Norma ammunition. He paid cash for this sale. When I first observed this man he was dressed in a dark business suit with a white shirt and tie, as well as I remember. He was approximately 5'8" tall, 150 to 160 pounds and had dark hair. He had a medium complexion and appeared to be a meek individual. This individual had given his name as HARVEY LOWEYER and stated that he resided at 1907 South 11th Street, Birmingham, Alabama. He also advised that he was 36 years of age.

"This information was not given to me personally by this individual, but I determined it from the bill of sale that was prepared by Mr. BAKER.

"Following the sale this individual left the store carrying the gun in a cardboard box utilized by the Browning Manufacturing Company. This box was used because with the scope mounted the rifle would not fit in the normal Remington box. He also took the empty Remington manufacturer's carton with him when he left.

"It was, as best I recall, either later that afternoon or early the following Saturday morning when this individual called on the telephone and stated that he had had a conversation with his brother and decided that the gun he had purchased was not the gun he wanted and he requested whether he could exchange it for a Remington, Model 760, 30.06 caliber. I advised him that we could make this exchange but that it would cost him an additional $5.00."
"At approximately 9:00 AM on Saturday, March 30, this same individual returned to the store with the gun he had previously purchased. When he returned the gun he had the gun still in the Browning box. I told him that I would change the scope from the caliber .243 rifle to the Model 760, but that it would take me until approximately 3:00 o'clock in the afternoon and I instructed him to return at 3:00 o'clock and to bring the original Remington box for the caliber .243 weapon with him when he came as I would need a box to store the gun in. I gave him the Model 760 gun and I believe that I left it in the Browning carton. I did not receive the $5.00 because in exchanging the scope I had to use a Weaver base and rings instead of the Redfield base and rings and this made up the cost difference. I also exchanged the box of .243 caliber ammunition for a box of 30.06 ammunition which I believe was Peters Core Lokt, 150 grain, 20 rounds per box. He left the store carrying the gun in the cardboard box.

"During the course of our dealings on Saturday I asked this individual why he didn't want the caliber .243 gun and I told him that it was a big enough gun to bring down any deer in Alabama. He stated in an offhand manner that he wanted the 30.06 caliber gun because he was going to use it to hunt in Wisconsin.

"At the present time this is all that I can remember concerning the transaction with this individual.

"4/5/68

"I have read this signed statement and accept where I have initialed one correction. I find it to consist of this and two other pages and it is true and correct.

"/s/ DONALD F. WOOD

"/s/ [Redacted], Special Agent,
FBI, 4/5/68.

"/s/ [Redacted], Special Agent,
FBI, Birmingham, 4/5/68."
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**Subtotal:** 234.52

**TAX:** 16.07

**Total:** 250.59

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If a check is given in part or full payment for this invoice, title shall remain with seller until check has cleared bank in which drawn, at the option of the seller.

Merchandise cannot be returned for credit, refund or exchange after 10 days from sale date. Purchase invoice must accompany all returns.
DONALD F. WOOD, residence Birmingham, the son of the owner of Aeromarine Supply Company, Airport Highway, was asked if he could identify a customer who purchased a gun case for a Varmint model rifle on March 29, 1968. WOOD, after checking his invoices, noted that there was such a sale made on March 29, 1968, but the invoice was made out to "Cash." WOOD recalled, however, that this customer is a regular customer who is a white male, about 25 years old, five feet, ten inches, 170 pounds, long, black hair, whose first name is JOHN. WOOD further recalled that he had sold a Browning pistol to this man about two and one-half years ago. WOOD then checked his records and identified this man as JOHN WEBSTER DeSHAZO, Mountain Brook, Alabama, who purchased a Browning Standard Weight Pistol on December 11, 1965.

Later on April 7, 1968, DON WOOD made available the following weapons which had been identified by JOHN WEBSTER DeSHAZO as having been handled by the person who purchased a rifle and scope sight at the Aeromarine Supply Company on March 29, 1968:

One Browning Safari grade, caliber .243, bolt-action rifle, Serial No. 3700Z5, Stock No. 946A.

One Remington Model 700, heavy barrel, Varmint .243 Winchester, Serial No. 266009, Stock No. 753A.

One Remington Model 788, caliber .30-30, bolt-action rifle, Serial No. 020726, Stock No. 756A.

Mr. WOOD was furnished a receipt for the above weapons.
Immediately following the receipt of a package at approximately 12:30 a.m., April 8, 1968, containing three weapons from Special Agent [redacted]. Special Agent hand-carried them aboard a Delta Airlines flight, changing to an Eastern Airlines flight in Atlanta, Georgia, and ultimately accompanied them to Mr. GEORGE BONEBRAKE of the FBI Identification Division at approximately 8:00 a.m. on April 8, 1968.

These items, from the time they were delivered to SA [redacted], did not leave his possession until delivered to Mr. BONEBRAKE.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 4/11/68

At approximately 1:00 p.m. on April 5, 1968, Mr. ROBERT E. WOOD, SR., and DONALD F. WOOD accompanied the interviewing Agents to the Aeromarine Supply Company, 5701 Airport Highway, Birmingham, where DONALD F. WOOD made available a Remington Model 700, caliber .243, rifle, which was believed by them to have been handled by the unknown individual who had purchased the Remington Model 760 rifle on March 30, 1968. DONALD F. WOOD also furnished nine boxes of caliber .243 ammunition from their inventory stating that one box of this ammunition was believed to have been handled by the individual who purchased the gun. DONALD F. WOOD also furnished a set of Redfield bases and rings which had been the original bases and rings furnished by the manufacturer of the Redfield scope.

Mr. WOOD was furnished a signed receipt for the above items.

Immediately following the receipt of these items, SA [redacted] hand carried them aboard a United Airlines flight, changing to a Delta flight in Atlanta, Georgia, and ultimately accompanied them to Mr. GEORGE BONEBRAKE of the FBI Identification Division at approximately 8:00 p.m. same date. These items, from the time they were delivered to SA [redacted], did not leave his possession until delivered to Mr. BONEBRAKE.

On 4/5/68 at Birmingham, Alabama File # BH 44-1740

SAs [redacted] and [redacted] Date dictated 4/11/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
U. L. BAKER advised he is an employee of the Aeromarine Supply Company, Airport Highway, Birmingham. In connection with the sale of a gun case for a Varmint model rifle, BAKER said he recalled making such a sale, but could not recall the date nor the name of the customer. He said he could not state that this gun case was sold on the same date that he had sold a rifle and scope sight which was March 29, 1968. He said the man who bought the gun case was a frequent customer, and described him as a white male 27 - 28 years old, 5'9", 180 lbs., heavyset, with blond, thinning hair. BAKER identified the other salesman, who would have been behind the counter on March 29, 1968, as the manager of the store, J. HOYT STEPHENS.

In connection with the accent or speech of the person who purchased the rifle and scope sight, BAKER said he believed it was from "this" (Alabama) general area. BAKER said that the man who purchased the rifle had left the store on March 29, 1968, and came back later in the afternoon and picked up the rifle. He was asked if it was possible that the man stayed in the store during this time, and BAKER said he was not sure.
REVOLVER FOUND IN POSSESSION OF
JAMES EARL RAY WHEN ARRESTED
JUNE 8, 1968, IN LONDON, ENGLAND

When JAMES EARL RAY was apprehended by members
of New Scotland Yard on June 8, 1968, in London, England,
he had in his possession a .38 caliber "Liberty Chief"
revolver manufactured by Miroku Firearms Manufacturing
Company, a Japanese concern. This revolver has serial
number 715.

The National Police Agency of Japan was requested
to determine to whom this revolver was shipped by the
manufacturer, and the following letter was forthcoming
from that agency:
On June 10, 1968, Mr. MILA SVOBODA, owner, Liberty Arms Company and Solingen Cutlery Company, Post Office Box 306, Montrose, California, advised that Liberty revolver #715 had been sold to R. TATUM, New and Used Guns, 118 Edwards Drive, Mableton, Georgia, on October 3, 1966, under Invoice No. 13909.

On June 11, 1968, Mr. ROBERT TATUM, 118 Edwards Street, Mableton, Georgia, advised S.A. that the Liberty Chief revolver having serial number 715 had been sold by him on December 3, 1966, for $50.00 to WALTER E. SPAIN, Birmingham, Alabama.
Received:

Re: Information about a pistol
"Liberty-Chief" No. 715

Dear Sir;

In reply to your telephone request made this morning concerning the captioned matter, we wish to inform you as follows:

1. Destination of this weapon's shipment:
   This pistol in question was shipped from the manufacturing company given below on August 3, 1966, and was cleared by our Customs' inspection on August 19, 1966 and was loaded on the "Havana-Haru" at "Suma-Port" in Hyogo Prefecture for shipment to:
   Name of a company: LIBERTY ARMS CORPORATION.
   Address: P.O. BOX 306, MONROE, CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

2. Items for your reference:
   The name of this weapon's manufacturing company is "KABUSHIKI KASHIA, MIRCAU SEISAKUSHO" (translated in English: MIRCAU MANUFACTURING COMPANY LTD.).
   Address: 180, IMU-CHO, KOCHI-CITY, KOCHI PREFECTURE, JAPAN.
   Name of the President: ITO Chiyoki.

   Trusting the above information is of some assistance to you.

Yours sincerely,

for MCB, JAPAN:

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Criminal Research & Statistics Section
Criminal Investigation Bureau
WALTER E. SPAIN, North, Birmingham, Alabama, furnished the following:

Sometime in December, 1966, SPAIN went to Atlanta, Georgia, with his father, WALTER LEON SPAIN, so his father could attempt to obtain employment. While in Atlanta, WALTER E. SPAIN saw an advertisement in a newspaper for a .38 caliber Liberty snub-nose revolver, which was being sold by a gun dealer in a small town outside Atlanta, believed to be Mapleton, Georgia. SPAIN, accompanied by his father, went to this gun dealer and bought the gun and SPAIN returned it to his residence in Birmingham, Alabama.

In the Spring of 1967, SPAIN gave the gun to his father in partial payment of a debt he owed to his father. SPAIN was later told by his father that he had sold the gun after placing a want ad for it in a Birmingham newspaper. SPAIN was not present when his father sold the gun and therefore did not see the purchaser.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date June 20, 1968

WALTER LEON SPAIN, Birmingham, Alabama, furnished the following:

In the Spring of 1967, SPAIN's son, WALTER E. SPAIN, gave Mr. SPAIN a .38 caliber Liberty snub-nose revolver, which his son had purchased in late 1966 or early 1967 from a gun dealer near Atlanta, Georgia. His son owed Mr. SPAIN some money and the gun was a partial payment of this debt.

In the Fall of 1967, after having been hospitalized in August, 1967, at Huntsville, Alabama, for an illness and being in need of money to pay bills, Mr. SPAIN sold many personal items by means of placing want ads for these items in the "Birmingham News." Among the items sold was the .38 caliber Liberty snub-nose revolver. Mr. SPAIN recalled he placed an ad for this gun in a Sunday paper, and that same Sunday he received a call from a man who asked about the gun, the price, and the directions to get to SPAIN's residence. The caller said he was in the western section of Birmingham. About an hour after this call, and while SPAIN's wife and daughter were at church, a man came to the front door and said he had called about the gun. He looked at the gun, stated he had been looking for a gun of the same type, and when told again that the price was $65.00, he gave SPAIN two twenty dollar bills, two ten dollar bills, and a five dollar bill, after saying he would take it. SPAIN did not give the man a receipt for the money, nor did he record his name or see any identification of the man, and he did not obtain any information as to his name. The man left carrying the gun in his hand. SPAIN furnished neither ammunition nor any papers for the gun.

When the man first arrived, SPAIN observed he had parked his car, described by SPAIN only as a late model, white or light-colored, on the street in front of SPAIN's house, a distance of about 150 feet. SPAIN did not pay any further attention to the car. SPAIN did recall the buyer saying he lived in the western section of Birmingham, but he did not mention any specific address or employment.

On 6/11/68 at Birmingham, Alabama

BH 44-1740

File # ME 44-1987

by SA

and 53

Date dictated 6/14/68

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BH 44-1740

The buyer said he wanted the gun to keep around his house. Mr. SPAIN described the buyer as a white male, about forty to forty-five years of age, 5'8" or 5'9" tall, 170 to 175 pounds, dark hair slightly graying at the temples, with a local (Alabama) accent. The man was wearing a sport shirt and slacks, colors unrecalled, and he did not have glasses.

Mr. SPAIN was shown five different photographs of JAMES EARL RAY, and he chose one which had been taken in California during January or February, 1968, as "resembling the man" who bought the revolver; however, Mr. SPAIN would not make a definite identification of the photograph of RAY as the buyer.

Mr. SPAIN recalled he was contacted by FBI Agents on April 7, 1968, and shown an artist's conception of an individual the FBI was attempting to locate. At that time, he advised Agents the drawing reminded him of someone he may have seen previously, but was unable to furnish any other identifying information. After viewing the photographs of JAMES EARL RAY and being questioned about the sale of the revolver, SPAIN said he was now able to connect the sale of the revolver with the drawing in that the person depicted in the drawing reminded SPAIN of the person to whom he had sold the revolver.
All Sunday issues of "The Birmingham News!" for the months of September and October, 1967, were reviewed at "The Birmingham News." From this review, it was determined that only one want ad for a .38 caliber revolver was placed by WALTER LEON SPAIN, that being in the October 1, 1968, issue.
V. IDENTIFICATION RECORD AND DESCRIPTION
The following is subject's identification record as furnished by the FBI Identification Division on April 23, 1968, under FBI # 405 942 G:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONTRIBU TION OF NAME AND T HINGPRINTS</th>
<th>ARRESTED OR RECEIVED</th>
<th>CHARGE</th>
<th>DISPOSITION</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Army</td>
<td>Ray #16 163 129</td>
<td>2/19/46</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff's Office Los Angeles, Calif.</td>
<td>Ray #B-119908</td>
<td>10/11/49</td>
<td>suspicion of burglary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MP Los Angeles Calif.</td>
<td>Ray #139648</td>
<td>10/11/49</td>
<td>suspicion 459 Penal (burglary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Su Cedar Rapids, Iowa</td>
<td>Ray #5937</td>
<td>4/18/50</td>
<td>vagrancy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PD Alton, Ill.</td>
<td>Ray #7514</td>
<td>7/23/51</td>
<td>no operator's license - no City License</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PD Chicago II 11</td>
<td>Ray #D90696</td>
<td>5/6/52</td>
<td>robbery (Gun)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cook County Jail Chicago Ill.</td>
<td>Ray #131165</td>
<td>5/9/52</td>
<td>robbery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary, Joliet, Ill.</td>
<td>Ray #32419</td>
<td>6/13/52</td>
<td>robbery</td>
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Grand Jury $3000

8 months County Jail suspended; 2 years probation served; first 90 days County Jail; 146 12/30/49 CR129438

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<th>CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS</th>
<th>NAME AND NUMBER</th>
<th>ARRESTED OR RECEIVED</th>
<th>CHARGE</th>
<th>DISPOSITION</th>
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<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary</td>
<td>James E. Ray #19121</td>
<td>7/7/52 1952 in transfer from Joliet</td>
<td>robbery</td>
<td>1 to 2 years 3/12/54 discharged</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pontiac, Ill.</td>
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<tr>
<td>SO Edwardsville, Ill.</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #2640</td>
<td>8/30/54</td>
<td>burglary &amp; larceny</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missouri</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO Hannibal</td>
<td>James E. Ray #40714</td>
<td>3/23/55</td>
<td>investigation of breaking &amp; entering Post Office</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Missouri</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Macon, Mo.</td>
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<tr>
<td>U.S. Kansas</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #12018</td>
<td>3/28/55</td>
<td>forgery</td>
<td>sentenced to 15 months custody</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City, Mo.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. Postal Money Order</td>
<td>Attorney General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SO Kansas</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #29637</td>
<td>3/28/55</td>
<td>forgery - Government</td>
<td>3/7/55, 3 years and 9 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City, Mo.</td>
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<tr>
<td>U.S. Penitentiary</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #72498-I</td>
<td>7/7/55</td>
<td>Post Office Laws Forge Money Orders</td>
<td>3 years and 9 months 5/20/58, conditional release 3/31/59, maximum 4/5/58, conditional release on charge of Post Office forgery, Post Office Money Orders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leavenworth, Kan</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>PD St.</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #81071</td>
<td>10/10/59</td>
<td>suspicion of robbery</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Louis, Mo.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS</td>
<td>NAME AND NUMBER</td>
<td>ARRESTED OR RECEIVED</td>
<td>CHARGE</td>
<td>DISPOSITION</td>
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<tr>
<td>St Louis No.</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #81071</td>
<td>10/16/59</td>
<td>suspicion of robbery, stealing &amp; fugitive other authorities</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary Jefferson City, Mo.</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #00416</td>
<td>3/17/60</td>
<td>&quot;IC&quot; 20 years (20, operating 7, 5, concurrent)</td>
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<tr>
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93
The following is a description of the subject, obtained from sources not out elsewhere in this report:

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<tr>
<th>Name:</th>
<th>JAMES EARL RAY, aka</th>
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<tr>
<td>Sex:</td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Race:</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Birth:</td>
<td>March 10, 1928</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Place of Birth:</td>
<td>Alton, Illinois</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height:</td>
<td>5'10&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight:</td>
<td>163 - 174 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair:</td>
<td>Brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes:</td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Security No.:</td>
<td>334-22-6876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Army Serial Number:</td>
<td>16 163 129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FBI Number:</td>
<td>405 942 G</td>
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</table>
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<th>DISPOSITION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Army</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #16 163 129</td>
<td>February 19, 1946</td>
<td>suspicion of burglary</td>
<td>8 months Court Jail suspended 2 years probation served; First 90 days Court Jail; 146 December 30, 1949 Csl2943</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff's Office Los Angeles, California</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #B-119908</td>
<td>October 11, 1949</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department Los Angeles, California</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #139648</td>
<td>October 11, 1949</td>
<td>suspicion</td>
<td>459 Penal Code (burglary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff's Office Cedar Rapids, Iowa</td>
<td>James E. Ray #5937</td>
<td>April 18, 1950</td>
<td>vagrancy</td>
<td>released to later</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department Morton, Illinois</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #7514</td>
<td>July 23, 1951</td>
<td>no operator's license - no State License - no City License</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department Chicagio, Illinois</td>
<td>James Ray #D90696</td>
<td>May 6, 1952</td>
<td>robbery (Gun)</td>
<td>Grand Jury $3000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cook County Jail Chicagio, Illinois</td>
<td>James Ray #131165</td>
<td>May 9, 1952</td>
<td>robbery</td>
<td>June 13, 1955 sentenced to penitentiary 1 to 2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary Joliet, Illinois</td>
<td>James E. Ray #32419</td>
<td>June 13, 1952</td>
<td>robbery</td>
<td>1 to 2 year March 12, 1956 discharged</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary Tucumac, Illinois</td>
<td>James E. Ray #19121</td>
<td>July 7, 1952</td>
<td>robbery</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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</table>

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John Edgar Hoover
Director
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff's Office Edwardsville, Illinois</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #2640</td>
<td>August 30, 1954</td>
<td>burglary and larceny</td>
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<tr>
<td>Police Department Hannibal, Missouri</td>
<td>James E. Ray #40714</td>
<td>March 23, 1955</td>
<td>investigation of breaking and entering Post Office</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Highway Patrol Macon, Missouri</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #B-3376</td>
<td>March 23, 1955</td>
<td>cashing stolen postal money orders</td>
<td>released to Postal Inspect Kansas City, Missouri March 24, 1955</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States Marshal Kansas City, Missouri</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #12018</td>
<td>March 28, 1955</td>
<td>forgery United States Postal Money Order</td>
<td>sentenced to 15 months custody of Attorney Gene: July 7, 1955 3 years and 6 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sheriff's Office Kansas City, Missouri</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #29637</td>
<td>March 28, 1955</td>
<td>Forgy - Government</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police Department Saint Louis, Missouri</td>
<td>James Earl Ray #81071</td>
<td>October 10, 1959</td>
<td>suspicion of robbery</td>
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<th>CHARGE</th>
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<tr>
<td>Police Department</td>
<td>James Earl Ray</td>
<td>October 16, 1959</td>
<td>suspicion of robbery stealing and fugitive other authorities</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saint Louis, Missouri</td>
<td>#81071</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary</td>
<td>James Earl Ray</td>
<td>March 17, 1960</td>
<td>&quot;TC&quot; operating motor vehicle without permission of owner robbery first</td>
<td>20 years (2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jefferson City, Missouri</td>
<td>#00416</td>
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<td>&quot;b/a DDW&quot; (2 charges)</td>
<td>7, 5, concurrent)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Hospital</td>
<td>James Earl Ray</td>
<td>September 8, 1966</td>
<td>Patient</td>
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<tr>
<td>Number 1</td>
<td>#37045 C-5</td>
<td></td>
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<td>April 23, 19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fulton, Missouri</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>escaped</td>
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<tr>
<td>SO Memphis Tenn</td>
<td>James Earl Ray</td>
<td>7-19-68</td>
<td>murder 1st deg</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>#39728</td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WANTED: James Darl Ray for escape 4-23-67 (oper h/v w/o perm of owner; robb 1st deg b/m of a D &amp; D/M) (will extradite) Notify Warden SPen Jefferson City Mo inf rec 5-10-67 NO LONGER WANTED per inf rec 7-19-69</td>
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<tr>
<td>CC: Warden</td>
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<tr>
<td>S Pen</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jefferson City Mo</td>
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<th>DISPOSITION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State Police</td>
<td>Jack Larry</td>
<td>December 30, 1949</td>
<td>second degree burglary</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ligonier, Indiana</td>
<td>Rays #2-16412</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>State Reformatory</td>
<td>John L. Rayns</td>
<td>January 24, 1950</td>
<td>second degree burglary 2-5 years</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pendleton, Indiana</td>
<td>#35297</td>
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<tr>
<td>Police Department</td>
<td>Johnny Larry</td>
<td>December 3, 1952</td>
<td>sleeper released</td>
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<tr>
<td>Holtville, California</td>
<td>Ray #1341</td>
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<tr>
<td>Police Department</td>
<td>Johnny Ray</td>
<td>April 7, 1953</td>
<td>larceny of automobile Continued to Circuit Court June 1, 1953 1 year to 20 years minimum 5 years to 10 years Illinois Penitentiary, Hunard Branch</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Quincy, Illinois</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>State Penitentiary</td>
<td>John Ray #23401</td>
<td>June 2, 1953</td>
<td>larceny motor vehicle 5-10 years discharged February 1, 1960</td>
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<td>Kenard, Illinois</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Highway Police Patrol</td>
<td>John Larry Ray</td>
<td>November 8, 1961</td>
<td>investigation of burglary November 9, 1961</td>
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<td>Kirkwood, Missouri</td>
<td>Ray #C-10670</td>
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<td>and larceny</td>
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<tr>
<td>Police Department</td>
<td>John Larry Ray</td>
<td>March 9, 1962</td>
<td>investigation released</td>
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<td>Highland, Illinois</td>
<td>#415</td>
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<tr>
<td>Police Department</td>
<td>John Larry Ray</td>
<td>November 25, 1967</td>
<td>common assault &quot;Multi&quot; City</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saint Louis, Missouri</td>
<td>#112763-7</td>
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<td>USP St Louis Mo</td>
<td>John Larry Ray</td>
<td>8-2-68</td>
<td>inquiry SCSO</td>
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<td></td>
<td>#39794</td>
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<td>USP Leavenworth Kans</td>
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<td>6-3-71</td>
<td>Bank Robbery</td>
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<td>#86798-132</td>
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<td>John Larry Ray</td>
<td>7-11-73</td>
<td>bank rob</td>
<td>18 yrs</td>
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<td></td>
<td>#86793-132</td>
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*Note: Indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads as possibly identical with subject of this record.*
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<th>DISPOSITION</th>
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<td>3-22-51</td>
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<td>pend</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shof Sheridan Ill</td>
<td>Jerry William Ryan #814</td>
<td>9-20-51</td>
<td>riot</td>
<td>1 year to 10 yrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>SP Menard Ill</td>
<td>Jerry Ryan</td>
<td>2-26-54</td>
<td>larc</td>
<td>2-10 yrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P Pontiac Ill</td>
<td>Jerry Ryan</td>
<td>4-8-54</td>
<td>larc</td>
<td>2-5 yrs</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>trans fr Menard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P Menard Ill</td>
<td>Jerry Ryan</td>
<td>12-30-54</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>2-5 yrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hwy Patacon</td>
<td>Jerry William Ryan #B-4829</td>
<td>2-24-56</td>
<td>Armed Robb (1st sent to 5 yrs degree)</td>
<td>to SP 7-19-56</td>
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<td>7-21-56</td>
<td>armed robb, brk 5 yrs, 2 yrs on 5 yrs</td>
<td>per 8-1-53</td>
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<tr>
<td>Menard Ill</td>
<td>Jerry Ryan</td>
<td>8-1-58</td>
<td>2Y-[Jurgensy]</td>
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<tr>
<td>Highland Ill</td>
<td>Jerry William Ray #416</td>
<td>3-9-62</td>
<td>inv &amp; operating</td>
<td>$100 F $5 C</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>on 1st lic plate</td>
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<tr>
<td>St Louis Mo</td>
<td>Jerry William Ray #92720</td>
<td>8-20-63</td>
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<tr>
<td>P Memphis Tenn</td>
<td>Jerry William Ray #105533</td>
<td>7-9-68</td>
<td>BK</td>
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<td>W Memphis Tenn</td>
<td>Jerry William Ray #39762</td>
<td>7-25-68</td>
<td>inquiry</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Dear Senator Estes:

And in the body government when your committee is

investigating this the thing one would like to

upon your end the committee that I think congress in any

such design. However on the time we are going to attempt

to get the guilty plus set aside I know that the able

against the doc are guilty against one, but a

falsi due the second consideration in the guilty plus

it must be possible I presently did not what Dea

Thay but I believe are guilty separately for his child

I will briefly attempt to explain why I entered this group

Brian. At this time the very serious appeal to the Senate

were from the Salem House no need a word again as

from this second I do not think plus plus thing thing but

the one in court I had kept some it habit doing it for

time since the Salem House on the one day would to

check whether that joined Mr. Pearson had an idea a

tricky thing that joined Mr. Pearson had an idea a

new contact with him and Mr. Huey going Mr. Green

got the money from any of Mr. Huey's campaign committee

(2) add sign to the contact with Mr. Huey and Mr. Huey)

likely option this Mr. Pearson came to suit me and he'll

a picture for me to look at. This picture was about original

Mr. Pearson said Mr. Huey did give the picture

and let me Huey had got the picture from someone

in the federal government. The picture contained

some folded by two or a pencil on the penciled

as the source to the picture as an 'ante camera' or a

Mr. Huey pictures and from

3-14-64
The paragraph is not legible, but it seems to be discussing a legal or factual scenario involving a claim of innocence. The writer expresses confusion and frustration with the legal system and the way the case was handled. The writer also mentions the impact of being wrongfully accused and the emotional toll it has taken on them. The writing is fragmented and contains many corrections and alterations, which makes it difficult to understand the full context of the document. However, it appears to be a personal account of a legal experience.
Dear Senator Eastland;

I read in the local newspaper where your committee is considering investigating the Dr. King case. I would like to inform you and the committee that I would cooperate in any such hearing. However, at the time I am going to attempt to get the guilty plea set aside, I know that the odds against having this done are greatly against me. But I think due to the unusual circumstances in the guilty plea it might be possible. I personally did not shoot Dr. King but I believe I am partly responsible for his death. I will briefly attempt to explain why I entered the guilty plea. At the time Mr. Perry Foreman agreed to take over the defense from Mr. Arthur Hanes we had a verbal agreement that their would be no guilty plea, as I wanted to try the case in court. I had every reason to believe during the first two months Mr. Foreman was on the case their would be a trial, during that period Mr. Foreman had me sign a new contract with him and Mr. Huie giving Mr. Foreman all the money from any of Mr. Huie's money making ventures. (I had sign another contract with Mr. Huie and Mr. Hanes) Shortly after this Mr. Foreman came to visit me and he had a picture for me to look at. This picture was about 8 x 10 in. Mr. Foreman said Mr. Huie had given him the picture and that Mr. Huie had got the picture from someone in the federal government. The picture contain 2 or 3 men followed by two or 3 policemen. Mr. Foreman described one of the men in the picture as an 'anti communist' cuban refugee who was arrested at the time president Kennedy was shot. "The arrest took place in Dallas I was told" I was asked if I would identify the man if he was brought to Memphis. I said no, although he did look similar to the person I was involved with. After I wouldn't identify this man, about all I was told was that I would go to the electric chair if I went to trial. I was even told my family wanted me to plead guilty, but I found out this was not so. But I did not plead guilty for the above reasons. I did so because I did not want to go to trial with a lawyer who thought he was going to lose. I believe if you think you will lose you probably will. On the day before I plead guilty I signed another contract with Mr. Foreman. In this one I agreed to give him $165,000, he agreed to give my brother $500.00 in the event I wanted to hire another lawyer to reopen the case. Mr. Foreman wrote into the contract that if I embarasses him (disagreed) in the court room he could withdraw, the old contract would go into effect and I would be without funds to hire another
attorney. Getting back to Mr. Hule for a minute, while Mr. Hanes was my attorney Mr. Hule asked me through him about public figures and various organizations. I got the impression that he thought their was a conspiracy but he wanted to name the conspirators. And I sometime felt that my attorneys were working for him instead of for me. In closing I would like to say if I can't get the case reopen, their should be an invegestion, as I have signed over $200,000 to attorneys and not 1/20 of the witnesses have been interview. No one went to Los Angeles or New Orleans where I think much of the evidence lies. Mr. Foreman said in open court that he didn't trust investigators, and the one Mr. Hanes hired never left Memphis. I would also like to say that despite what the papers and book writer's quote me as saying, I have no intention of discussing this case with anyone 'verbaly' until it is closed. If I have anything to say I will say it in court or to lawyers, or in letter form like this letter.

Sincerely, James E. Ray.

COPY:mls
Dear Senator Eastland;

I read in the local newspaper where your committee is considering investigating the Dr. King case. I would like to inform you and the committee that I would cooperate in any such hearing. However, at the time I am going to attempt to get the guilty plea at odds, I knew that the odds against having this done are greatly against me. But I think due to the unusual circumstances in the guilty plea it might be possible. I personally did not shoot Dr. King but I believe I am partly responsible for his death. I will briefly attempt to explain why I entered the guilty plea. At the time Mr. Perry Foreman agreed to take over the defense from Mr. Arthur Hayes we had a verbal agreement that their would be no guilty plea, as I wanted to try the case in court. I had every reason to believe during the first two months Mr. Foreman was on the case their would be a trial, during that period Mr. Foreman had me sign a new contract with him and Mr. Rule giving Mr. Foreman all the money from any of Mr. Rule’s money making ventures. I had sign another contract with Mr. Rule and Mr. Hayes) Shortly after this Mr. Foreman came to visit me and he had a picture for me to look at. This picture was about 8 x 10 in. Mr. Foreman said Mr. Rule had given him the picture and that Mr. Rule had got the picture from someone in the federal government. The picture contain 2 or 3 men followed by two or 3 policemen. Mr. Foreman described on of the men in the picture as an ‘anti communist’ cuban refugee who was arrested at the time president Kennedy was shot. "The arrest took place in Dallas I was told" I was asked if I would identify the man if he was brought to Memphis. I said no, although he did look similar to the person I was involved with. After I wouldn’t identify this man, about all I was told was that I would go to the electric chair if I went to trial. I was even told my family wanted me to plead guilty, but I found out this was not so. But I did not plead guilty for the above reasons. I did so because I did not want to go to trial with a lawyer who thought he was going to lose. I believe if you think you will lose you probably will. On the day before I plead guilty I signed another contract with Mr. Foreman. In this case I agreed to give him $169,000; he agreed to give my brother $500.00 in the event I wanted to hire another lawyer to reopen the case. Mr. Foreman wrote into the contract that if I embarrass him (disagreed) in the court room he could withdraw, the old contract would go into effect and I would be without funds to hire another

ENCLOSURE
attorney. Getting back to Mr. Rule for a minute, while Mr. Hanus was my attorney Mr. Rule asked me through him about public figures and various organizations. I got the impression that he thought there was a conspiracy but he wanted to name the conspirators. And I sometimes felt that my attorneys were working for him instead of for me. In closing I would like to say if I can't get the case reopened, there should be an investigation, as I have signed over $200,000 to attorneys and not 1/30 of the witnesses have been interviewed. No one went to Los Angeles or New Orleans where I think much of the evidence lies. Mr. Perman said in open court that he didn't trust investigators, and the one Mr. Hanus hired never left Memphis. I would also like to say that despite what the papers and book writers quote me as saying, I have no intention of discussing this case with anyone 'verbaly' until it is closed. If I have anything to say I will say it in court or to lawyers, or in letter form like this letter.

Sincerely, James E. Ray.
To: Senator [Name 1], [State 1]
Chairman, Senate Judiciary Committee
Washington, D.C.
Dear Sir,

I wrote to inform Mr. Lawrence and Mrs. Scott

I wrote to inform Mr. Lawrence and Mrs. Scott in the hopes of hearing from them in the future.

Yours truly,

[Signature]

J. A. Blackwell, Clerk

Filed 1-1-69

[Signature]

NW 65994 Docid:32989731 Page 174
I'll just write a short letter to let you know weight is alright, am still going weight and sleeping 8½ hrs a day. Greg is coming down slowly but angrily. To love him won't until I see you again, since I want to give him these years also if you have one of them black rooms s(at)ting i want him to be one of them. I will close for now.

Sincerely,

James R. Ray
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**234.52**

**TAX**

**24.02**
RE: JAMES EARL RAY, FBI #405942G

Latent fingerprint previously reported on the Remington model 760 rifle, serial #461476, Q2; the latent fingerprint on the telescopic sight, serial #A17350, on the rifle, Q2; latent fingerprint on the binoculars, Q14; the latent fingerprint on the newspaper, Q19; the latent fingerprint on the after shave lotion bottle, part of Q24; and the latent fingerprint on the Schlitz beer can, Q53, have all been identified with the fingerprints of James Earl Ray.
# PIEDMONT LAUNDRY

Jackson 5-8393  
Atlanta, Georgia  
Date: April 7, 1968

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<td>Blouses</td>
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<td>Suits</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Coats</td>
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<td>Sweaters</td>
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RETURN: 755

Armed and Dangerous

$125
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<td>Undershirts</td>
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<td>Pajamas</td>
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<tr>
<td>Union Suits</td>
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<td>Sox Pk.</td>
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<td>Handkerchiefs</td>
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<td>Polo Shirts</td>
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<td>Shorts</td>
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<td>Pants</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jackets</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall Comb</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bath Robes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bath Towels</td>
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<td>Wash</td>
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<td>Hand Towels</td>
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<td>Sheets</td>
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<td>Pillow Cases</td>
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**Total Starch:**

127
NAME: GALT, ERIC S.

OLD ADDRESS: 5533 HOLLYWOOD, BLVD.
HOLLYWOOD, C.A., 90028

NEW ADDRESS: GENERAL DELIVERY, MAIN POST OFFICE
ALANTA, GEORGIA.

SIGN HERE: X. ERIC S. GALT

COMPLETE OTHER SIDE
FLAMINGO MOTEL

Selma, Alabama

Date July 22, 68 Room No. 3 $8.00
Name BRIAN D. YELTS 8.32

Street 2608- Highland Ave. City BIRMINGHAM
Make of Car MARLIN State ALABAMA
License No. 188493

From Hanes' File original in

counts possession
### Piedmont Laundry

**Jackson 5-8393**  
**Atlanta, Georgia**  
**Date:** April 1, 1968

#### Name

Joe Smith

#### Address

123 Main St.

#### Source

Sample

#### Mark

J D J

#### Description | Price  
---|---
3-Pc. Suit |  
2-Pc. Suit |  
Coats | 0.50  
Trousers | 0.50  
Overcoats |  
Shirts |  
Ties, Silk W/ Law 9/10 wt | 0.25  
Jackets | 1.55  
Dresses |  
Belts |  
Skirts |  
Blouses |  
Suits |  
Coats |  
Sweaters |  
Blankets |  

**RETURN:**  

**3/755**

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*Armed and Dangerous*
### PIEDMONT LAUNDRY

**Name:** Eric Gart

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- **8 1/2 HRS:**
- **REG:** M T W T S
- **NO STARCH**
- **LT. STARCH**
- **HVG. STARCH**
- **ON HANGERS**
- **19-30**
- **FLUFF DRY**

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<tr>
<td>Union Suits</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sox Fr.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handkerchiefs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Polo Shirts</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jackets</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall Comb.</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bath Robes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Bath Towels</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sheet Sets</td>
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**TOTAL:**

- **127**
- **505**

**STARCH**
NAME: GALT, ERIC S.
Print or Type—Last Name First

OLD ADDRESS: 5533-HOLLYWOOD BLVD.
Post Office, State, and ZIP Code
HOLLYWOOD, Calif. 90028

NEW ADDRESS: GENERAL DELIVERY MAIN POST OFFICE
Post Office, State, and ZIP Code
ALANTA, GEORGIA

SIGN HERE: (If signed as agent, include DJF) DO NOT print or type

Effective Date: 4-25-68
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<td>NEW ADDRESS</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADDRESS</td>
<td>HOLLYWOOD, CALIF. 90028</td>
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<td>ADDRESS</td>
<td>ADANTA, GEORGIA</td>
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<tr>
<td>SIGN HERE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Complete other side.
LBJ Going To Hawaii Today
To Consult On Peace Moves,
Set Stage For Red Meeting

US Wary Of Bid To Talk
Of Peace On Enemy Terms

Tornado Strikes
Near Millington;
At Least 30 Hurt

Fire Erotes Bold Ledger
REGISTRATION CARD

NOTICE TO GUESTS: This property is privately owned and management reserves right to refuse service to anyone, and will not be responsible for accidents or injury to guests or for loss of money, jewelry or valuables of any kind.

RENTAL PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

NAME: Eric J. Salt
STREET: 2608 Highland Ave
CITY: Birmingham
STATE: Alabama

REPRESENTING

ROOM 34
CAR LICENSE 33893
YEAR 74
MAKE OF CAR MIRAGE

AMERICAN INN BROKERS, 555-555-555
222 W. Orange St., Tucker, GA, 30085

[Handwritten notes on the back]
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ARIVIE</th>
<th>DEPART</th>
<th>DATE</th>
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**Notes:**
- **Date:** 6/30/34
- **Amount:** 624

**Total:** 624

**Balance:** 624