

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505

19 FEB 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. John Warner
 Chief, International Intelligence Division
 Office of Intelligence
 Drug Enforcement Administration

ATTENTION: Mr. Robert Goe

SUBJECT : Cuban Exiles Involved with DEA

REFERENCES : A. SEC-IGI-76-0048(1), 06 February 1976
 B. SEC-IGI-76-0062(1), 20 Februa. 1976
 C. SEC-IGI-76-0065(1), 25 February 1976

THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN APPROVED FOR RELEASE BY DEA ON APR 94

as sanitized

1. This Agency was requested by DEA to check the backgrounds of five Cuban exiles who have come to the attention of DEA either as potential informants or as liaison contacts. According to preliminary checks conducted by DEA, there were indications that these individuals had past records of "political and revolutionary intrigue." DEA, concerned that it may be the target of a provocation operation by another government, requested this Agency's assessment of the situation. This memorandum contains the results of a check of our Headquarters records on these individuals, followed by a summary of our findings and conclusions. The order of this response is keyed to Reference B.

2. Mario Eloy JIMENEZ-Rojas [redacted] JIMENEZ was of interest to this Agency in 1960 but according to our records he

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was at no time used operationally. Our files contain no additional information on JIMENEZ since 1960 except for a 1969 FBI report dealing with his involvement in a plan to assassinate Fidel Castro. (DEA already has a copy of this report.) Although information obtained from a Report of Investigation (ROI) by Alfredo Duncan (DEA/Caracas) dated 01 December 1975 indicates that JIMENEZ is a U.S. citizen, resides in Caracas and has contacts with various GOV officials, we have no information in our Headquarters files to substantiate this information. In November 1975 the Caracas Regional Office (CRO) requested traces from our field representative on JIMENEZ, who was reportedly in contact with the CRO. The following traces were forwarded to our representative in Caracas on 03 December 1975 for passage to DEA: "Following data on Mario Eloy JIMENEZ Rojo taken from his own undated handwritten bio summary which apparently submitted to the anti-Castro Frente Revolucionario Democratico (FRD) in Miami about 1960. and from an FRD Personnel Form.

be registered in the ISR as a DEA source. (He was formally registered [redacted])

3. Orlando GARCIA Vasquez. DPOB: 16 June 1927, Havana, Cuba. GARCIA (at one time a naturalized U.S. citizen/18 May 1945 in South Carolina) became a Venezuelan citizen ca 1962. GARCIA has a long history as a political thug since pre-Batista days in Cuba. He was a member of the Union Insurreccional Revolucionaria (UIR) in Cuba along with Fidel Castro and other persons who were involved in political assassinations. He claims to have served with the U.S. 82nd Airborne Division from 1945-47 and to have returned to Cuba thereafter to attend the University of Havana on the GI Bill. About mid-52 Subject left Cuba for Miami because of a scandal in Cuba over a crime allegedly committed by GARCIA. In 1953 he became a bodyguard for Costa Rican President FIGUERES, who introduced him to Romulo BETANCOURT, who was then in exile in Costa Rica. It is believed that GARCIA's fast rise in the Venezuelan government is based on his earlier service to Accion Democratica (AD) exiles in Costa Rica, where he reportedly eliminated several gunmen sent to kill BETANCOURT. When BETANCOURT became president of Venezuela (1959-64), GARCIA was appointed a division chief in the Directorate General of Police (DIGEPOL), now the Directorate for the Services of Intelligence and Prevention (DISIP). GARCIA left Venezuela for Miami in 1964 for health reasons (ulcers) and during this stay in Miami worked at the Venezuelan Consulate. He returned to Venezuela in 1966 and reportedly held positions within the Venezuelan Ministry of Interior (exact positions not known). In August 1969 GARCIA was assigned as First Secretary to the Venezuelan Embassy in Georgetown, Guyana. He returned to Venezuela sometime during 1970 or 1971 and was assigned as Special Assessor (Advisor), Ministry of Foreign Relations, where he was mainly concerned with Venezuelan national border incidents and violations. According to information dated July 1974, GARCIA was appointed to head a special foreign intelligence service within the Ministry of Interior:

In November 1973 our representative in Caracas was queried by DEA Caracas concerning a report which was prepared on 06 September 1973 in Miami by S.A./ Michael D. Brom, which accused GARCIA of being involved in narcotics trafficking

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[redacted] DEA Caracas was advised that [redacted]

[redacted] Although it is known that GARCIA has associated with known traffickers, no hard facts concerning his direct involvement in narcotics have been uncovered. GARCIA has been described over the years as a political thug, a murderer, a con-man, a pathological liar, and a "bright, aggressive rogue who is ruthless when necessary." GARCIA has apparently always sided with the men in power and seems to have gained the confidence of many leaders in the countries around the Caribbean. A DEA ROI, dated 10 October 1974, written by S.A. Brom at Miami reported that GARCIA was in the United States and was in contact with Ricardo MORALES (see paragraph 4). GARCIA made several trips to the U.S. on behalf of the GOV during 1974-75. Your Agency is referred to the FBI for information concerning GARCIA's activities in the U.S.

[redacted]

5. Justo LARAZO Alfonso. A check of our records turned up one Justo Alfonso (no DPOB), a Cuban-exile, who was active in anti-Castro organizations in the late 1960's. Your Agency is referred to the FBI for information on this individual.

6. Manuel De ARMAS. DPOB: 06 November 1947, Havana, Cuba; naturalized U.S. citizen living in Miami. On 17 October 1975 one Manuel De ARMAS contacted our overt Domestic Contact Division (DCD) office in Miami offering his services as a double agent. Following are excerpts from two DCD Reports dated 20 October 1975 and 19 January 1976 based on debriefings of De ARMAS: While in Cuba De ARMAS claimed to have been the neighbor of Raul BETANCOURT, the brother of the former Venezuelan President Romulo BETANCOURT, and his two daughters, Antonieta and Mariela, who was De ARMAS' girl friend. De ARMAS' mother decided in 1962 that Subject should leave Cuba, which he did. In 1975, De ARMAS found out that his two young cousins had been placed in an orphanage in Cuba. He made contact with Mariela BETANCOURT, telling her that he was fed up with the U.S. system of government in order to gain her attention on the matter of taking his cousins out of Cuba. Mariela asked him if he would be willing to work for the Cuban Government and he replied he would if it would help the youngsters. Mariela then told De ARMAS to go to Caracas and meet with her sister Antonieta. De ARMAS went to Caracas on 02 October 1975 and met with Antonieta, but no proposals were made on the possibility of his working for the Cuban Government. On 17 October 1975 De ARMAS again called Mariela and was told that he should return to Venezuela to hold more talks with Antonieta and "other people." After talking with Mariela on 17 October 1975, De ARMAS called our DCD/Miami Office because as a U.S. citizen he claimed that he did not want to get involved with the Cuban Government unless he had this Agency's approval. De ARMAS graciously offered his services as a double agent. He called DCD/Miami on 20 October 1975

and again on 07 January 1976 to resubmit his offer and insisted on a response. He was told that his offer would be forwarded through the appropriate channels. (Note: Our records show that there was no CIA interest in De ARMAS, past or present.) On 13 January 1976 our representative in Miami was told that the FBI Miami office had been in contact with Subject and wished to verify De ARMAS' claim that he was in contact with our DCD Miami office. The FBI also asked whether this Agency had any objection for further FBI contact with Subject on the "same basis they had previously." (Note: The type or length of FBI contact with De ARMAS is not known. Your office is referred to the FBI for additional information.)

On 04 February 1976 DEA Caracas received a DEA message (# 02406) which requested permission for Miami CI Manuel Leonardo De ARMAS to travel to Caracas for a one kilo heroin buy from a Colombian whom De ARMAS had previously met through a Maria A. BETANCOURT. Permission was given and De ARMAS arrived in Caracas on 11 February 1976. No mention of drugs was made on this trip but according to De ARMAS he was taken to the Cuban Embassy in Caracas on 12 February 1976, where he was allegedly approached to work for the Cuban Government in an intelligence capacity. De ARMAS reported these events to DEA Caracas on 12 February 1976; he was advised to return to the U.S. Our representative in Caracas was briefed on the De ARMAS case by SAIC Duncan on 13 February 1976. [redacted] was very interested in having De ARMAS return to Caracas for use as a possible source on Cuban intelligence activities, [redacted]

[redacted] A background check was conducted on De ARMAS at that time and on 20 February 1976 the FBI representative in Miami reported the following information: "The FBI has been avoiding contact with De ARMAS for the past couple of months since he was assessed as a 'mentally unbalanced fabricator'. De ARMAS gave a press interview in Miami in early February 1976 in which he claimed an affiliation with virtually every U.S. intelligence agency. He said that he had worked for CIA and had attended a CIA training school. The press interview has thus far not been published, presumably because it is too far fetched. De ARMAS

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received a bank loan of \$1,500 in Miami and has defaulted on some \$800 of the amount. The final note on De ARMAS is that he received a general discharge from the U.S. Army with a notation that he had psychological and behavioral problems." The gist of the aforementioned FBI information has been passed to DEA Caracas. All agencies concerned agree that contact with De ARMAS should cease. De ARMAS again contacted S.A. Duncan in Caracas on 26 February 1976 and requested a meeting; he said that the request was not drug related, but concerned the "Cuban matter." S.A. Duncan advised De ARMAS that he was on his own and that DEA would not get involved. As DEA Headquarters is aware, De ARMAS reportedly left for Mexico o/a 26 February 1976. We have no subsequent reporting on his movements.

7. Three of the five aforementioned individuals are known to have had past connections: GARCIA Vazquez and [redacted] were both former members of the UIR in Cuba at one time and [redacted] was in contact with GARCIA in the United States during 1974-75. Although there have been allegations aimed at ~~MORALES~~ and GARCIA over the years accusing them of being Cuban agents and/or of narcotics involvement, these claims have not been substantiated and for the most part are based on circumstantial evidence or guilt by association, which happens frequently among Cubans. [redacted]

[redacted]

we feel, cannot be construed as part of a provocation operation. A check of our records reflected no past intelligence backgrounds for LAZARO Alfonso and De ARMAS. While there is a paucity of background information in our files on Justo LAZARO, in our opinion he is attempting to extort money from the U.S. Government based on a poorly conceived idea of his own. The De ARMAS case appears to have been resolved satisfactorily for all concerned. All Agencies concerned agree he is unstable and contact should be either severed, or if unavoidable, it should be made with extreme caution.

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8. Following a review of all information on the foregoing Subjects available at DEA Headquarters and at this Agency's Headquarters, we are of the opinion that there is no data or other evidence to suggest an outside organization is attempting to manipulate these individuals in an operation aimed at discrediting the U.S. Government and DEA. We believe there may be collusion among the three Subjects located in Caracas, probably to assist one another in nefarious schemes to one degree or another; however, the information on hand does not suggest their motivation would go beyond personal, financial or influence objectives. While one cannot absolutely rule out the possibility, for example, that the Cuban Service has run one or more of the aforementioned Subjects at DEA for the purpose of harrasing the U.S. Government, there is no conclusive information in our files to connect them with Cuban intelligence or a Venezuelan entity whose interests are inimical to the U.S.

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John P. Kennedy

Special Assistant for Coordination of
Foreign Narcotics Information

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*File in 201-0067860
X 201-0285923
X 201-0286570

Index: Justo LAZARO Alfonso, aka Justo Alfonso
Index: Manuel Leonardo De ARMAS

Coordination:

(in draft) 17 March 1976
LA/COG

(in draft) 17 March 1976
LA/NW/V