

Case Number:

80-SF-607

Serial(s):

181, 185-189, 191-199

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : FILE (80-285.)

DATE: 1/21/63

FROM : SAC PRICE

SUBJECT: PEACE OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION OF THE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA
42ND ANNUAL CONFERENCE
5/26, 29/63.

I called Assistant Director C.A. EVANS at 1:00 P.M. today and told him that the Committee was interested in exploring the possibility of having the Attorney General come out to speak to the annual convention on the morning of Wednesday, 5/29/63, and I was exploring the situation.

Assistant Director EVANS said he would check and call me back.

FLP:ekk
(1)

ADDENDUM: 1/24/63

On 1/23/63 Assistant Director EVANS told me that he spoke to GUTHMAN, who recalls that the Attorney General owes a visit to University of San Francisco and Stanford, which he had to cancel out because of the Mississippi situation. GUTHMAN thinks it might be good for the Attorney General to come at the above time and take care of all the commitments and EVANS and GUTHMAN are going to speak to the Attorney General and he will let me know.

FLP:hko

ADDENDUM: 1/25/63

I spoke to SAC SIMON, advised him of the situation, and told him to alert BOB SEARS, President of the Peace Officers' Ass'n., which SIMON said he would do.

On this date, 1/29/63, I talked to MERRILL GAFFNEY at Sacramento, apprised him of the situation, and told him a letter should be sent extending the invitation, and GAFFNEY said he agreed but thought it should be written in connection with the Executive Committee meeting at Fresno, 2/7 & 8/63, at which time the Executive Committee could consider it and the President could sign it. I agreed.

80-607-151


SEARCHED	INDEXED
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JAN 21 1963	
SAN FRANCISCO	

SAC [Signature]
ASAC [Signature]

ADDENDUM:

While at Fresno on February 7 and 8, 1963, I conferred with President ROBERT SEARS and Executive Secretary MERRILL GAFFNEY concerning this matter.

At the Executive Conference meeting on February 7, 1963, it was unanimously agreed to invite the Attorney General to speak at the annual Conference. Mr. GAFFNEY drafted a letter and it is being made available to Mr. SEARS for his signature; it will be made available to the Attorney General for his consideration.



February 11, 1963

Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Attorney General Kennedy:

The Peace Officers' Association of the State of California, which represents 35,000 peace officers, through unanimous vote of its Executive Committee, wishes to extend to you a cordial invitation to appear as its keynote speaker at its Forty-third Annual Conference, scheduled in San Francisco May 26-29, 1963.

The opening session is Monday, May 27, 1963, in Del Webb's Towne House Hotel, San Francisco. We would like to suggest that you appear as our featured speaker at 11:00 A. M. on this day. However, if another time during our three-day session would be more convenient to you we would be very happy to arrange the program to suit your convenience.

Your appearance at our Conference not only would be of tremendous interest to our membership, but also would be of considerable interest to the press, radio and television services, and proper arrangements will be made to assure that your remarks receive appropriate coverage. We anticipate an attendance of approximately 700 California law enforcement leaders at our opening session.

The Peace Officers' Association of the State of California is one of the largest organizations in the nation composed of full-time law enforcement officers who work together on a daily basis on the local, county, state and federal levels. Our hosts at our Forty-third Annual Conference will be Chief of Police Thomas J. Cahill of San Francisco, Sixth Vice President of the International Association of Chiefs of Police and a member of our Executive Committee, and Sheriff Matthew Carberry, this year President of the California State Sheriffs' Association.

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Amerson
ASAC *70*

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Recognizing the strong leadership you have given to law enforcement throughout the nation, we would be highly honored to have you accept this invitation. We know your appearance at the Conference would provide a great stimulus to continuing efforts to further the Association's objectives, which are: "To advance the science and art of police administration and crime prevention; to secure complete cooperation and coordination in all law enforcement matters; to encourage the enlistment, equipment and training of qualified persons in police work; to achieve the adherence of all peace officers to high professional standards of conduct; to provide adequate tenure of office for those engaged in the investigation and detection of crime; and generally to improve the administration of justice to the end that full protection may be secured to all law-abiding citizens of California."

Sincerely,

R. S. Seares
President

RSS/nb

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : FILE (80-607)

DATE: 2/11/63

FROM : SAC PRICE *JP*

SUBJECT: ATTORNEY GENERAL ROBERT KENNEDY

At 4:13 PM SAC SIMON, LA, called and said that the Attorney General, with Assistant Director EVANS, ED GUTHMAN and JOHN REILLY of the Department, will be in Los Angeles Tuesday, 2/12/63, at 4:45 P.M.

They are going to have a conference in the U. S. A's office at 1:00 P.M. the following day (Wednesday) and expect to visit the Los Angeles FBI at 3:30 the same day.

There is no indication that they will come to Northern California. SAC SIMON just wanted to let me know that they would be in the West.

FLP:ekk
(1)

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
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FEB 14 1963	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

8

80-607-186

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : FILE

DATE: 3/11/63

FROM : SAC PRICE

SUBJECT: JACK ROSENTHAL
Assistant Press Secretary for
Attorney General

Assistant Director EVANS called on 3/11/63 to advise me that JACK ROSENTHAL, the First Assistant to ED GUTHMAN, the Attorney General's Press Secretary, will be in San Francisco on 3/19/63 and 3/20/63. ROSENTHAL will be accompanied by his fiance. After visiting in San Francisco they will proceed to ROSENTHAL's home in Portland and in the future are going to be married. ROSENTHAL is a former Portland newspaperman.

EVANS requested that we arrange two single room accommodations for the 19th and 20th, at a price not to exceed \$12.00 for each room, or a total of \$24.00.

I told EVANS that we would check into the situation and let him know what appeared best under the circumstances.

FLP:hko
(2)

ADDENDUM: 3/22/63

On 3/20/63 ROSENTHAL called me and said he couldn't thank me enough for the wonderful hotel reservations which were impressive to him and his friend. He said he appreciated the other courtesies extended, and I suggested that if we could be of further help he should call upon me. He said he was going to participate in the close-out of Alcatraz and that he was showing his friend the sights and probably would not need any other assistance.

FLP:ekk

*Turned
Rate 7.12 each
for 7000*

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 11 1963	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

De Jean

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : FILE (80-607)

DATE: 1/29/63

FROM : SAC PRICE

SUBJECT: VISIT OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

RE: "INDONESIA-1963"
FEBRUARY 2-3, 1963

I called No. 1 Man, STANLEY, in Assistant Director EVANS' office and told him that I had come into possession of a leaflet indicating that the Honorable ROBERT F. KENNEDY, Attorney General of the United States, was going to appear at the 7:30 p.m. Banquet, Saturday, 2/2/63, at the Claremont Hotel, Berkeley, California, in connection with "INDONESIA-1963" Seminar.

STANLEY said he had no knowledge of this and I told him I contemplated taking no action, but understand that if Assistant Director EVANS has any information or instructions he will get in touch with me.

FLP:hko
(1)

ADDENDUM: 2/1/63

On 1/29/63 Assistant Director EVANS advised that, according to the information they have, the Attorney General will not be in San Francisco on February 2 and 3.

[Handwritten signature]

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JAN 29 1963	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

[Handwritten signature]

80-607-188

"INDONESIA-1963"

Agenda...

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1963

9:30 a.m.

Greeting to the Seminar: DR. EDWARD STRONG, Chancellor, University of California, Berkeley.

Keynote Address: ERIC JOHNSTON of Washington, D.C., President, Motion Picture Association of America; Director, Indonesian-American Society of the United States.

Seminar Panel

Trade and Industrial Development in Indonesia

Chairman: DR. MAURICE DAVISSON, Department of Economics, Berkeley; Chairman, Indonesian Economic Project, University of California.

LADD JOHNSON, New York City, Secretary, American-Indonesian Chamber of Commerce.

PROFESSOR JAMES GOULD, Scripps College; author, "Americans in Sumatra."

DAVID BURGESS, Washington, D.C.; Director, the Indonesia Desk, Agency for International Development (AID); United States Department of State.

12:15 p.m.

LUNCHEON* (at YWCA)

The Foundations for Progress in Indonesia

Chairman: DR. GUY PAUKER, Center for Southeast Asia Studies, University of California.

DR. BRUCE GLASSBURNER, Professor of Economics, University of California (Davis); longtime Indonesia resident.

DR. SUBROTO, Department of Economics, University of Indonesia; Post-Graduate Studies, Stanford University.

2:00 p.m.

Education in Indonesia

Chairman: SYED H. ALHADY, Chairman, Indonesian Department, United States Army Language School, Monterey, California.

Elementary and Secondary Education

DR. R. MURRAY THOMAS, former Supervisor of Indonesia Projects for State University of New York; now Professor of Education, University of California (Santa Barbara).

WINARNO SURACHMAD, Specialist in Elementary Education; Graduate Student, Stanford University.

MAURICE W. BINFORD, Portland, Oregon; Chairman, Northwest Region, American Field Service.

Higher Education

DR. WILLIAM C. DICKINSON, Physicist and Educator; Lawrence Radiation Laboratory, University of California; former ICA Education Staff in Indonesia.

DR. ALEXANDER SPOHR, Chancellor, East-West Center, Honolulu, Hawaii.

ALWI DAHLAN, Vice-President, PERMIAS (Indonesian Students); Graduate in Communications Research, Stanford University.

* "No Host" luncheon \$1.75.

7:30 p.m.

BANQUET† Claremont Hotel, Berkeley, California

Toastmaster: DR. FRANK P. GRAHAM, United Nations, New York; Honorary Chairman, Indonesian-American Society; former United States Senator; former President, University of North Carolina; Chairman, Good Offices Committee, at founding of Republic of Indonesia, 1948.

HIS EXCELLENCY ELLSWORTH BUNKER, former United States Ambassador; former Chairman, American National Red Cross; "Good Offices" mediator of Dutch-Indonesian dispute over Irian Barat, 1961-62.

THE HONORABLE ROBERT F. KENNEDY, Attorney General of the United States.

HIS EXCELLENCY ZAIRIN ZAIN, Ambassador of Indonesia to the United States.

Gamelan Dinner Music and Indonesian Dances by students from the Department of Ethnomusicology, UCLA.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 3

10:00 a.m.

Two Aspects of Indonesian Culture

Chairman: EMIL SALIM, Graduate Student in Economics, University of California.

Religion:

Indonesia—Where All Faiths Live in Harmony

A Panel with Representatives of Protestant, Hindu, Catholic, Muslim, and Evangelical faiths.

The Fine Arts:

Indonesia—Where the Fine Arts Are a Part of Daily Life

DR. MANTLE HOOD, Professor of Ethnomusicology, UCLA; President, Indonesian-American Society of the United States.

MR. DOEDI SOEMAWIDJAJA, Education and Cultural Counsellor, Embassy of Indonesia, Washington.

MRS. WENDY SORENSEN, The Asia Society, New York City.

2:00 p.m.

Agriculture in Indonesia

MRS. DOROTHY JACOBSON, Special Assistant to Secretary of Agriculture Orville Freeman; a member of United States task force which surveyed agriculture in Southeast Asia, 1961, and reported to the President.

Health and Medicine

DR. FRANCIS S. SMYTH, Chairman, Indonesian Medical Education Projects, University of California Medical School, San Francisco.

4:00 p.m.

"Getting to Know You"

People-to-People participation in Indonesian-American relationships.

Chairman: PROFESSOR EUGENE BURDICK, University of California; Author; Director, Indonesian-American Society of the United States.

DR. SYLVAN KAPLAN, National Director, "People-to-People," Kansas City.

FRANKLIN WILLIAMS, Deputy Director, the Peace Corps; former Assistant Attorney General of California.

MRS. HENRY MAYERS, Los Angeles; Founder, "Magazines for Asia."

MARVIN FLAKE, Secretary, Pacific Area Tourist Association.

† "No Host"—\$4.25 per person.

There is no fee for the Seminar. If you will probably participate, please notify the Seminar office at the address below by card, letter or telephone so preparations may be made. Please indicate whether you expect to attend all or particular sessions. Reservations for Saturday luncheon and banquet should be made in advance. Address all correspondence to

Seminar on "Indonesia—1963"

Center for Southeast Asia Studies

2250 Piedmont Avenue, Berkeley 4, California

Telephone: THornwall 5-6000, ext. 3608

Co-Chairmen:

PROFESSOR PAUL WHEATLEY, Chairman, Center for Southeast Asia Studies, University of California.

HON. MONROE SWEETLAND, Executive Vice-President, Indonesian-American Society of the United States.

◇ ◇ ◇

The local Host Committee for the Seminar is

MRS. R. DAROMAN, Indonesian Consulate, San Francisco

MRS. DONNA DICKINSON, Livermore, California

SAYUTI HASIBUAN, University of California, Berkeley

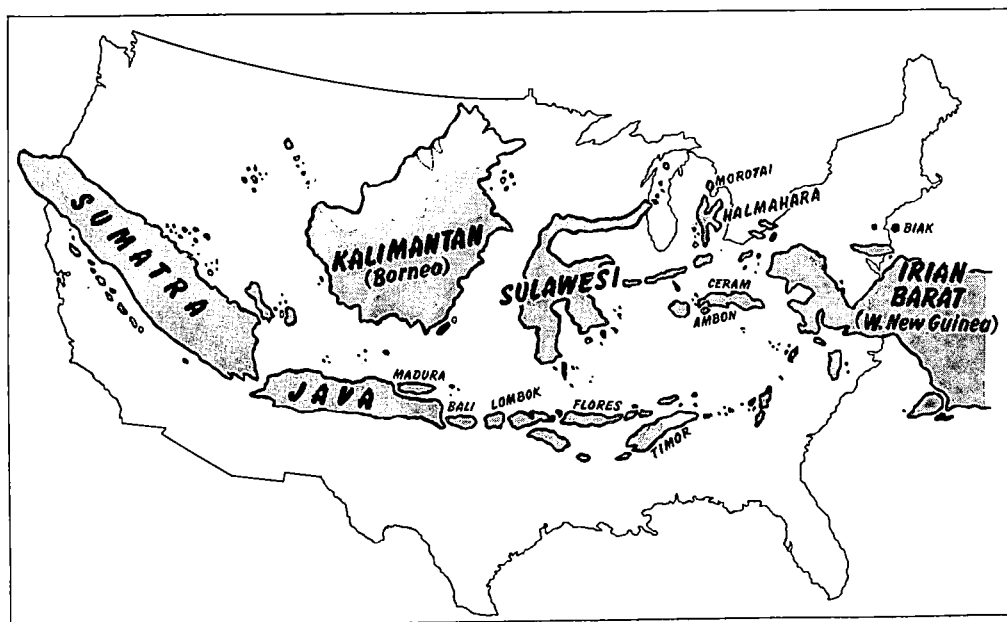
MARVIN L. ROGERS, University of California, Berkeley

"Indonesia—1963"

During 1961 and 1962 Americans began to "re-discover" the Republic of Indonesia. Next to the United States in population among the world's nations, rated third in the world's natural resources, this sleeping giant is stirring.

Events have set the stage for expanding association between Indonesia and the United States. Two U. S. government reports at the close of 1961—the report of the survey team headed by Secretary of Agriculture Orville Freeman and the Humphrey Economic Survey of Southeast Asia—stimulated the attention of official Washington. The widely publicized visit of Attorney-General and Mrs. Robert F. Kennedy early in 1962 dramatized the importance and challenge of the new Republic. Later in 1962 the good offices of the United States, through former Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker, served to bring settlement of the long-festering Dutch-Indonesian dispute over West Irian which had threatened to flare into hot war. More recently in 1962 the Indonesian government has extended its first invitation to units of the U. S. Peace Corps to serve in Indonesia.

But most Americans remain unaware and uninformed concerning Indonesia, even in areas fronting the Pacific where associations are more numerous. Because many questions are being asked and inquiries received about life in Indonesia, its economic opportunities, its tourist attractions, its government and its culture, the Indonesian-American Society of the United States and the Center for Southeast Asia Studies of the University of California are jointly sponsoring a two-day seminar on "Indonesia—1963" to be held at the YWCA, University of California, Berkeley, on Saturday and Sunday, February 2 and 3, 1963.



"INDONESIA—1963"

A seminar to be held February 2 and 3, 1963, sponsored jointly by the Center for Southeast Asia Studies of the University of California and the Indonesian-American Society of the United States, Inc.

Seminar sessions (excepting the Banquet) will be held in the new lounge of the University YWCA at 2600 Bancroft Way, Berkeley, California.

Discussion will be conducted at all Seminar sessions excepting the Banquet. The papers and proceedings will be compiled for possible publication.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Bob Kennedy Hit Over Yacht Outing

WASHINGTON (AP)—Sen. John J. Williams, R-Del., told the Senate Monday that Atty. Gen. Robert F. Kennedy used the Coast Guard as a "nursemaid" when he went yachting on Chesapeake Bay last October.

In comment, the Justice Department said the senator had given a "distorted version of the incident" and that the attorney general's "only request of the Coast Guard was that they be able to locate him in the event of an emergency."

That was only two weeks after the riot at Oxford, Miss., and a few days before the Cuban crisis, the statement said.

Williams put in the Congressional Record a letter from Adm. E. J. Roland, Coast Guard commandant, saying that the service had

been asked "in case of an emergency to provide communications with the yacht Honya" which would be sailing with Kennedy aboard.

BOAT WAITS

The Coast Guard gave this service, Williams said, at the expense of forcing a disabled small boat, identified as the Helen R., to wait for some time to be towed into port.

Williams denounced what he called a "new policy of the Kennedy administration under which the attorney general of the United States has commandeered the U.S. Coast Guard to act as his special nursemaid when sailing his sloop on Chesapeake Bay.

"It was highly improper for the attorney general, even though he is the brother of the President of the United States, to allow the Coast Guard to disregard another boat which was in distress just to trail him around as a special nursemaid," Williams said.

'EVEN WORSE'

"This administration has said much about businessmen who charge off on their expense accounts the operations of their yachts. But in my opinion it is even worse for an official of the United States Government to charge to the American taxpayers the expense of having a Coast Guard cutter operating exclusively just to trail his own yacht around Chesapeake Bay.

"He is demanding this special attention even to the extent of having the Coast Guard ignore calls from other boats in distress," Williams said.

He said a constituent cruising in Chesapeake Bay last Oct. 14 appealed to the Coast Guard for assistance when his motor stalled.

"The Coast Guard cutter soon arrived alongside the boat in distress and discussed its problem but told them that he was unable to render any assistance due to the fact that he was under special orders to trail the yacht 205 sailing sloop of the attorney general of

the United States about the bay just in case his boat developed some trouble," Williams said.

'HOURS LATER'

"The result was that the man and his party were left with a stalled motor to await assistance from some other source, which hours later came from a private company which towed them to port."

The Justice Department made this statement:

"The attorney general and Mrs. Kennedy borrowed a sailboat of Deputy Atty. Gen. Nicholas Katzenbach for a weekend trip on Chesapeake Bay. The attorney general had never sailed on Chesapeake Bay before, and the boat's auxiliary engine had been having trouble. The attorney general took the normal precautions that any boatowner would do and advised the Coast Guard of his proposed course. He also asked that they be able to contact him in case of emergency. The attorney general had no knowledge that any other boat was in difficulty.

"All this information was made available to Sen. Williams sometime ago, and it seems strange that he would now put out this distorted version of the incident.

"The attorney general's only request of the Coast Guard was that they be able to locate him in the event of an emergency. This was only two weeks after the riot at Oxford, and a few days before the Cuban crisis."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

18 Oakland Tribune

Oakland, Calif.

Date: 3-12-63
Edition: Red Streak
Author:
Editor: Wm. F. Knowland
Title:

Character:
or
Classification: San
Submitting Office: Francisco

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 21 1963	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

80-607-189

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)



KATHLEEN AND JOE KENNEDY
A warning overheard

Big Voter Has His Eye on You

London

The Sunday Express said yesterday that Attorney General Robert Kennedy's 12-year-old daughter, Kathleen, recently told her younger brother his behavior was costing votes.

The Express quoted David Prior-Palmer, 22-year-old son of a Conservative member of Parliament, as saying he spotted the Attorney General's children in a store at Aspen, Colo.

He said Kathleen implored her 10-year-old

brother, Joey, to "remember his age, manners and Boston accent" because of the large number of persons in the store.

But Joey remained obstreperous and uncooperative, the paper said, and in a final effort to halt the scene, Kathleen invoked the ultimate deterrent.

"Joe, do be quiet! You are losing votes like this." Prior-Palmer quoted Kathleen as saying.

United Press

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1 S.F. Chronicle

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 3-25-63
Edition: Final Home
Author:
Editor: Chas. deYoung
Title: Thieriot

Character:
or
Classification: San
Submitting Office: Francisco

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
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MAR 25 1963	
FBI - FRANCISCO	

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80-607-190

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

A True Kennedy

You're Never Too Young to Keep Your Eye on Votes

LONDON, March 24.— (UPI)—The Sunday Express said Sunday Attorney General Robert Kennedy's 12 year old daughter Kathleen recently told her younger brother his behavior was costing votes.

The Express quoted David Prior-Palmer, 22 year old son of a Conservative member of Parliament, as saying he spotted the Attorney General's children in a local store at Aspen, Colo.

He said Kathleen implored her 10 year old brother, Joey, to "remember his age, manners and Boston accent" because of the large number of persons in the store.

But Joey remained obstreperous and unco-operative, the paper said, and in a final effort to halt the scene, Miss Kennedy invoked the ultimate deterrent:

"Joe, do be quiet! You are losing votes like this," Prior-Palmer quoted Kathleen as saying.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1 S.F.Examiner

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 3-25-63
Edition: Final
Author:
Editor: Edmund J. Dooley
Title:

Character:
or
Classification: San
Submitting Office: San Francisco

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED <i>sk</i>	FILED <i>sk</i>
MAR 25 1963	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

80-607-191

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Kennedy to Keep Post This Year Will Assist In Campaign

By RUTH MONTGOMERY

Hearst Headline Service
Special to The Examiner

WASHINGTON—Bobby Kennedy disclosed yesterday that he is considering "leaving government service for a year" after this fall's election to teach political science.

He also made plain that under no circumstances would he run against his brother-in-law, R. Sargent Shriver, for the Democratic vice presidential nomination in an "open" convention next August.

The late President's brother did not, however, foreclose the possibility that he will seek the vice presidential nomination, or accept if President Johnson offers it to him.

New lines echoed his sharply chiseled face when we talked and the Attorney General seemed deeply sobered by the tragedy which the close-knit Kennedy family shares with the world.

MAY TRAVEL

Inasmuch as his younger brother, Edward M. Kennedy, is a Senator from Massachusetts, I asked him if he was thinking of the governorship in '66. He replied that his "present plans" are to stay on a Attorney General

through the fall campaign, and that he has made no other definite plans, including the vice presidency.

"I could run in Massachusetts," he said thoughtfully. "And there's another thing, I could do: I'm also thinking of leaving government for a time—say a year—to teach, and do some traveling with my children. It would be a different kind of life."

Possibly he will join the faculty of Harvard, his alma mater.

His voice trailed off, and a bleak look clouded his eyes. Asked if he would prefer a business or government career, he responded quickly: "Oh, public service! I'm not interested in business or practicing law. But teaching is different. I'm interested in youth."

Queried about his current relations with President Johnson, which were not always smooth in past years, he said softly: "Pleasant. He's been very kind and understanding."

The Attorney General said it would be impossible for him to campaign as vigorously for LBJ this fall as he did earlier for JFK, but "I will do whatever I am asked," he said quietly.

Asked if he is interested in running for president in 1968 or 1972, he avoided a direct answer by saying: "Lyndon will be elected in 1964 and running again in 1968."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1 S.F. Examiner

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 2-4-64

Edition: Final

Author: Ruth Montgomery

Editor: Edmund J. Dooley

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: San Francisco

SAC - L

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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FEB 4 - 1964	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Teamster Plot to Kill Bobby Reported

NEW YORK — (UPI) — A top Teamsters Union official planned to assassinate Atty. Gen. Robert F. Kennedy by tossing a plastic bomb into his convertible auto, a national magazine reported yesterday.

The Justice Department first learned of the murder plot in September, 1962, Look Magazine said in a copyrighted article by Clark Mollenhoff of the magazine's Washington bureau.

According to the article, Edward Grady Partin, a Baton Rouge, La., teamsters official, was visiting International Teamsters headquarters at Washington when he was called into a teamster office.

Partin swore he was asked to help obtain plastic explosives to be used in the assassination of the attorney general.

"Something has to be done about that little S.O.B., Bobby Kennedy," a top teamster official was quoted as saying. "He'll be an easy target, always driving around Washington in that convertible



ROBERT F. KENNEDY
"He'll be an easy target"

with that big black dog. All we need is some plastic explosives tossed in with him, and that will finish him off."

Partin said he was told the teamster official also was considering using the plastic explosives to blow up the Kennedy home at McLean, Va.

The Louisiana union official

was in trouble with the federal government in 1962 for loose use of teamster funds.

He said that he assumed he was approached to help in the assassination plot because of the indictment and because some teamster officials knew he was a gun fancier with a private gun collection and might have access to sources for explosives.

Partin said the idea of assassinating the Attorney General was "too much for him" and he felt a bomb at the Kennedy home would endanger the Kennedy children. He had small children of his own.

At first, federal officials found his story too incredible to believe. But the story stood up under intensive questioning—and a lie detector test.

Basic security measures for Kennedy and his family were tightened. He was not allowed to drive the convertible any more.

Partin was a secret government witness against teamsters union boss James R. Hoffa in his recent jury tampering trial at Nashville, in which he and three other teamster officials were convicted.

The convictions are being appealed.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

2 S.F. Examiner

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 5-5-64
Edition: Final (Late)
Author:
Editor: Edmund J. Dooley
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: SF
☐ Being Investigated

SAC 1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 5 - 1964	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Teamster Official Talks**Plot to Kill Bob Kennedy****New York**

A top Teamster Union official planned to assassinate Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy by tossing a plastic bomb into his automobile, Look magazine reported yesterday.

The Justice Department first learned of the murder plot in September, 1962, according to an article by Clark Mollenhoff of the magazine's Washington bureau.

The article said Edward Grady Partin, a Baton Rouge, La., Teamster official, was visiting Teamster headquarters in Washington when he was called into an office and told by an unidentified Teamster official:

"Something has to be done about that little SOB, Bobby Kennedy. He'll be an easy target, always driving around Washington in that convertible with that big

black dog. All we need is some plastic explosives tossed in with him, and that will finish him off."

Partin, Look said, was asked to get the plastic explosives.

Partin said he was told the Teamster official also was considering using the plastic explosives to blow up the Kennedy home at McLean, Va.

The Louisiana union official was in trouble with the Federal Government in 1962 for loose use of Teamster funds.

Partin said the idea of assassinating the Attorney General was "too much for him." He said he felt a bomb at the Kennedy home would endanger the Kennedy children.

At first, Federal officials found his story too incredible to believe. But the story stood up under intensive question-

ing—and a lie detector test. Basic security measures for Kennedy and his family were tightened. He was not allowed to drive the convertible any more.

Partin was a secret Government witness against Teamsters union boss James R. Hoffa in his recent jury tampering trial at Nashville, Tenn. in which he and three other Teamster officials were convicted and sentenced to prison.

United Press

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page 17

San Francisco, Chronicle

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 5-5-64
Edition: Final Home
Author:
Editor: Chas. deYoung
Title: Thieriot

Character:
or
Classification: San
Submitting Office: Francisco
☐ Being Investigated

Sac

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 8 1964	
FBI—SAN FRANCISCO	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Old Foes Aid Kennedy on Bail Reform

Washington

A formidable and unusual alliance attacked the bail system yesterday as one that empties the taxpayers' pockets to fill the jails with the poor.

The allies included Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy and several Senators who often oppose him. "I appreciate all of us being on the same side of this matter," he told them.

Among the Senators were two southern Democrats, Sam J. Ervin Jr. (N.C.) and Orrin D. Johnston (S.C.); a northern Republican, Kenneth B. Keating (N.Y.), and a midwest Goldwater Republican, Roman L. Hruska (Neb.).

Pitting himself against this composite goliath was George L. Will of Miami, Fla., executive director of the American Society of Professional Bail Bondsmen.

FUGITIVES

In the three bills backed by the alliance, Will saw a threat that the country would lose the "very foundation of justice," which he defined as "the bail bond system," and be transformed "into a nation of fugitives."

Kennedy and Will testified at a hearing held by the Senate Constitutional Rights Subcommittee, of which Ervin is chairman.

Although the purpose of bail is merely to guarantee an appearance in court, and not to punish, harass or imprison, Kennedy testified, "bail has become a vehicle for systematic injustice."

He said it keeps thousands in jail for weeks and even

months "because they cannot afford to pay for their freedom."

In many cases the problem was not the face amount of the bail, but the \$50 or \$75 premium for a bond. Nor is being able to pay the premium always enough. The accused "must pass muster with the bondsman," Kennedy said. He added:

"What is the justice in a system which, when the stakes are jail or freedom, can leave the decision up to a private businessman?"

Kennedy said that in 1963 the Government paid out \$2 million to maintain prisoners in local jails while they awaited Federal trial.

U. S. COURTS

The three bills apply only to the Federal courts.

The first provides for release of many good-risk defendants — the great majority — on their own recognition.

The second affects defendants unable to make bail before sentence was imposed. They would receive credit for the days spent in confinement.

The third would permit persons admitted to bail to make a cash deposit with the court if they cannot provide security to a bondsman. The deposit would be 10 per cent of the bail.

Times-Post Service

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

25 S.F. Chronicle

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 8-5-64
Edition: Final Home
Author:
Editor: Chas. deYoung
Title: Thieriot

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: SF
☐ Being Investigated

8-5-64

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
AUG 5 - 1964	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

HERB CAEN

MEMO TO Atty. Gen. Robert F. Kennedy: You might be interested to know that "Let Freedom Ring"—a right-wing telephone recording gimmick in the E. Bay (LA 4-0140)—is currently presenting excerpts from a book called "The Strange Death of Marilyn Monroe," which attempts to imply that you had a close connection with her and her tragic fate.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

27 S.F. Chronicle

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 8-7-64
Edition: Final Home
Author: Herb Caen
Editor: Chas. deYoung
Title: Thieriot

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

☐ Being Investigated

SEARCHED <i>Sh</i>	INDEXED <i>Sh</i>
SERIALIZED <i>Sh</i>	FILED <i>Sh</i>
AUG 7 - 1964	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

CC TO BUREAU BY RS 877 864

80-607-196

8/7/64

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: CRIME RECORDS

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

RE : ATTORNEY GENERAL ROBERT F. KENNEDY

*80-607 * (10/61)*

Enclosed is a clipping of an item appearing in the 8/7/64 issue of the "San Francisco Chronicle", a daily newspaper of general circulation.

"MEMO TO Atty. Gen. Robert F. Kennedy:
You might be interested to know that 'Let Freedom Ring'--a right-wing telephone recording gimmick in the E. Bay (LA 4-0140)--is currently presenting excerpts from a book called 'The Strange Death of Marilyn Monroe,' which attempts to imply that you had a close connection with her and her tragic fate."

Persons dialing LA 4-0140, the telephone number set out in the clipping, heard a tape recording stating that two years ago the American public was shocked by the death of movie star MARILYN MONROE and states that a recently-published book by one FRANK A. CAPPELL (ph) entitled, "The Strange Death of Marilyn Monroe" revealed a secret romance between Attorney General ROBERT F. KENNEDY and MARILYN MONROE. The author of the book was reportedly a former law enforcement officer and he stated that the autopsy performed on MARILYN MONROE found no barbiturates in her stomach, although a considerable amount was in her bloodstream.

3 - Bureau (RM)
1 - San Francisco
PFO/cmp
(8)

Da *9* *1* *Ad* *Clifford* *RB*

Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____

The book is also reported to indicate that MARILYN MONROE was attempting to influence ROBERT KENNEDY into obtaining a divorce, but when KENNEDY refused, MONROE allegedly threatened to expose their illicit affair.

The recording then states that this is the reason why President JOHNSON removed ROBERT KENNEDY as one of those being considered as candidate for Vice President and also attributes this as the reason why ROBERT KENNEDY stated he would spend a year in Europe following the November, 1964 elections. The recording then asks the question, "Did ROBERT KENNEDY take drastic action" when MARILYN MONROE pressured him into obtaining a divorce.

The subscriber to the above number is F.A. HUNTLEY, 972 Grizzley Peak Blvd., Berkeley, California. No record identifiable San Francisco indices.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Secret Hq. for Bobby K

By Marvin Sleeper
Hearst Headline Service

ATLANTIC CITY—Stephen Smith—brother-in-law of Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy—set up a secret command post in the headquarters of the New York delegation in the Ritz Carlton Hotel Sunday.

It will plan strategy and tactics for the Senate nomination and election of Kennedy.

Kennedy is expected to announce his candidacy Tuesday at a press conference with Mayor Robert Wagner in New York City.

SMITH, husband of Jean Kennedy, youngest of the Kennedy girls, and mastermind of the attorney general's blueprint for the nomination, met with New York State County Chairman William McKeon, Tammany Hall leader Edward N. Costikyan and Justin Feldman, chairman of the New York County Democratic Law Committee.

The subject of the hush-hush meetings:

To get the thinking of the top New York politicians attending the convention on the best methods to be adopted for the smooth nomination of the Attorney General and then a smashing victory in the November election against GOP incumbent Kenneth Keating.

AS ONE member prior to the meeting put it:

"Only friends of Mr. Kennedy were invited."

Rep. Otis Pike of Suffolk County will spearhead the opposition to the Kennedy nomination at the September Democratic state convention.

Pike is to nominate Rep. Samuel Stratton, only other active contender for the nomination.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

3 S.F. News Call
Bulletin
San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 8/24/64
Edition: Home
Author: Marvin Sleeper
Editor: Thomas Eastham
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: SF
☐ Being Investigated

Sac [Signature]

SEARCHED <i>[initials]</i>	INDEXED <i>[initials]</i>
SERIALIZED <i>[initials]</i>	FILED <i>[initials]</i>
AUG 25 1964	
FBI—SAN FRANCISCO	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

HENRY J. TAYLOR

Bobby Knew Right Time To Flee Massachusetts

The Massachusetts Democratic primary upset reveals more than seems nationally realized. Why did the egg hit the fan in Kennedyland?

Two years ago Gov. Endicott Peabody won his nomination by a 5-to-1 majority. It was an all-out push by the Kennedy clan teamed with the Peabody clan. A solid phalanx of relatives hit the campaign trail—Madison Avenue image-makers worked the magic lanterns overtime while, behind this silken touch, the Kennedy-Peabody infighting against opponents was at the level of the Mau Maus. Lt. Gov. Francis X. Bellotti figured nowhere then.



TAYLOR

Yet now—what's this? Bellotti has defeated Peabody.

This is the nomination Bobby Kennedy could have had. But he knew his election to the governorship would stick him with a political headache no image-making could possibly retrieve.

If Kennedy wished to stay in public life, and certainly in pinning down a base for the Presidency, the best place for him to go was any place outside Massachusetts.

Scandals, revelations, convictions for corruption, crime commission findings and wholesale indictments now sprout throughout the domain of the former U. S. Attorney General.

What 'Excellence'?

Massachusetts House Speaker John F. Thompson has been indicted on 70 counts of bribery and conspiracy. The Governor's counselor, Ernest C. Stasiun, stands convicted of bribery. Council member Joseph R. Crimmins awaits trial for the same offense. And so it goes in Massachusetts while Bobby Kennedy makes his pitch for the Sen-

ate from New York to "preserve excellence in government."

Family involvements in politics may also backfire. Governor Peabody's mother Mrs. Mary Parkham Peabody, kindled national notice earlier this year when she traveled to St. Augustine, Fla., on a civil rights expedition and was arrested in due course. This was the famous moment when President Johnson telegraphed Mrs. Peabody that a jail sentence could be a badge of honor.

Backlash or no backlash, I find a settled conviction here that all this certainly did not help Governor Peabody.

Moreover, in the only other statewide race much of the same protest vote apparently accounts for the surprising strength of Boston School Committeewoman Louise Day Hicks against interim State Treasurer Robert Q. Crane.

Backlash in Boston

Crane won the Democratic nomination for a full term, but Mrs. Hicks won Boston by 20,000 votes to the amazement of the polls and forecasters. Her appeal? She opposed Negro demands for ending the de facto segregation in Boston schools.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

22 S.F. News Call
Bulletin

San Francisco,
Calif.

Date: 9-18-64
Edition: Home
Author: Henry J. Taylor
Editor: Thomas Eastham
Title:

Character:
or
Classification: SF
Submitting Office:
☐ Being Investigated



The polls gave Gov. Peabody big leads outside Boston. Predictions ticked off 38 major centers that would be Peabody all the way. They were wrong from start to finish.

Peabody carried only his own home town of Cambridge and six others—Holyoke, Marlboro, Melrose, New Bedford and Pittsfield.

Able observer S. J. Miocciche of the Boston Globe states: "Bellotti attracted to his corner all those with a beef against the Kennedys or on the outs with the Peabody Administration." The stunning result only proves again that the silent protest vote can be as dangerous as a basket of sleeping co-bras.